

# Assignment 4

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$$\begin{aligned} T1. \quad f(x,y) &= f_{X|Y}(x|y) \cdot f_Y(y) \\ &= \begin{cases} 15x^2y & 0 < x < y \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P(X > 0.5) &= 1 - P(X \leq 0.5) \\ &= 1 - \int_0^{0.5} \int_1^\infty f(x,y) dy dx \\ &= 1 - \int_0^{0.5} \left[ \frac{15}{2} x^2 y^2 \right]_1^\infty dx \\ &= 1 - \int_0^{0.5} \left( \frac{15}{2} x^2 - \frac{15}{2} x^4 \right) dx \\ &= 1 - \left[ \frac{5}{2} x^3 - \frac{3}{2} x^5 \right]_0^{0.5} \\ &= 1 - \left( \frac{5}{6} - \frac{3}{64} \right) = \frac{47}{64} \\ P(X > 0.5) &= \frac{47}{64} \end{aligned}$$

$$T2. \quad \sum_i \sum_j p_{ij} = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow a + \frac{1}{9} + c + \frac{1}{9} + b + \frac{1}{3} = 1$$

$$a + b + c = \frac{4}{9}$$

for  $X$  and  $Y$  are independent

$$f(x,y) = f_X(x) \cdot f_Y(y)$$

$$\frac{1}{9} = (a + \frac{1}{9} + b + \frac{1}{3})(a + \frac{1}{9})$$

$$\frac{1}{9} = (a + \frac{1}{9} + c)(\frac{1}{9} + b) \Rightarrow (a + \frac{1}{9})3 = c + \frac{1}{3}$$

$$3a = c$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = (\frac{1}{9} + b)(c + \frac{1}{3})$$

$$\Rightarrow (a + \frac{1}{9})(\frac{4}{9} + b) = \frac{1}{9}$$

$$(4a + \frac{4}{9})(\frac{1}{9} + b) = \frac{1}{9}$$

$$\Rightarrow ab = \frac{1}{81}$$

$$\begin{cases} a = \frac{1}{18} \\ b = \frac{2}{9} \\ c = \frac{1}{6} \end{cases}$$

T3.

$$\text{Cov}(U, V) = \text{Cov}(2X+Y, 2X-Y)$$

$$= \text{Cov}(2X, 2X-Y) + \text{Cov}(Y, 2X-Y)$$

$$= \text{Cov}(2X, 2X) + \text{Cov}(2X, -Y) + \text{Cov}(Y, 2X) + \text{Cov}(Y, -Y)$$

$$= 4(E(X^2) - E(X)E(X)) - (E(Y^2) - E(Y)E(Y)) + \cancel{\text{Cov}(2X, Y)} - \cancel{\text{Cov}(2X, Y)}$$

$$= 4\text{Var}(X) - \text{Var}(Y) = 4\lambda - \lambda = 3\lambda$$

$$\text{Var}(U) = \text{Var}(2X) + \text{Var}(Y) = 4\lambda + \lambda = 5\lambda$$

$$\text{Var}(V) = \text{Var}(2X) + \text{Var}(Y) = 5\lambda$$

$$P_{UV} = \frac{\text{Cov}(U, V)}{\sqrt{\text{Var}(U)\text{Var}(V)}} = \frac{3\lambda}{5\lambda} = \frac{3}{5}$$

$$T4. Y = n - X$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Cov}(X, Y) &= \text{Cov}(X, n-X) = \text{Cov}(X, n) - \text{Cov}(X, X) \\ &= -\text{Var}(X) \\ &= -np(1-p) = -\frac{1}{4}n\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Var}(X) = \text{Var}(Y) = -\frac{1}{4}n$$

$$P_{XY} = \frac{\text{Cov}(X, Y)}{\sqrt{\text{Var}(X)\text{Var}(Y)}} = \frac{-\frac{1}{4}n}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{4}n}} = -1$$

$$T5. f_X(x) = \int_{-x}^x 1 dy = 2x$$

$$E(X) = \int_0^1 x f_X(x) dx = \left[ \frac{1}{3} x^3 \right]_0^1 = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$f_Y(y) = \int_{|y|}^1 1 dx = 1 - |y|$$

$$\begin{aligned}E(Y) &= \int_{-1}^1 y f_Y(y) dy = \int_0^1 (y - y^2) dy + \int_{-1}^0 (y + y^2) dy \\ &= \left( \frac{1}{2} y^2 - \frac{1}{3} y^3 \right]_0^1 + \left( \frac{1}{2} y^2 + \frac{1}{3} y^3 \right]_{-1}^0 \\ &= \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} = 0\end{aligned}$$

$$E(XY) = \iint xy f(x, y) dx dy$$

$$\text{Cov}(X, Y) = E(XY) - E(X)E(Y) = E(XY)$$

$$\begin{aligned}&= \int_{-1}^1 \int_{|y|}^1 xy f(x, y) dx dy \\ &= \int_{-1}^1 y \left( \frac{1}{2} x^2 \right]_{|y|}^1 dy = \int_{-1}^1 y \left( \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} y^2 \right) dy \\ &\quad = \left( \frac{1}{4} y^2 - \frac{1}{8} y^4 \right]_{-1}^1 \\ &\quad = 0\end{aligned}$$

(2)  $N_0$ ,

$$f_X(x) = \int_{-x}^x f(x, y) dy = y \Big|_{-x}^x = 2x \quad 0 < x < 1$$

$$f_Y(y) = \int_{|y|}^1 f(x, y) dx = x \Big|_{|y|}^1 = 1 - |y| \quad |y| < 1$$

$$f_X(x) \cdot f_Y(y) = 2x - 2x|y|$$

$$f(x,y) = 1 \text{ when } |y| < x, 0 < x < 1$$

$f_X(x) \cdot f_Y(y) = f(x,y)$  not always holds

Tb.  $f_X(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & 0 \leq x \leq 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$      $f_Y(y) = \begin{cases} 1 & 0 \leq y \leq 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

$$f_T(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t-y, y) dy$$

X and Y are independent, then

$$f_T(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_X(t-y) f_Y(y) dy$$

when  $0 \leq t \leq 1$      $f_T(t) = \int_0^t 1 \cdot 1 dy = t$

when  $1 \leq t \leq 2$      $f_T(t) = \int_{t-1}^1 1 \cdot 1 dy = 2-t$

$$\Rightarrow f_T(t) = \begin{cases} t & 0 \leq t \leq 1 \\ 2-t & 1 \leq t \leq 2 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

T7.  $X_1 \sim N(45, 10)$     $X_2 \sim N(50, 12)$     $X_3 \sim N(75, 14)$

$X_1, X_2, X_3$  are independent

$$\Rightarrow \text{let } T = X_1 + X_2 + X_3$$

$$T \sim N(45+50+75, 10+12+14)$$

$$T \sim N(170, 36)$$

$$\begin{aligned} P(T \leq 180) &= P\left(\frac{T-170}{\sqrt{36}} \leq \frac{180-170}{\sqrt{36}}\right) \\ &= \Phi(1.67) = 0.9525 \end{aligned}$$

T8. let  $X_i$  be the  $i$ th bulb's lifespan

$$X_i \sim \text{Exp}\left(\frac{1}{25}\right)$$

$$\text{let } T = X_1 + X_2 + \dots + X_{40}$$

$$E(T) = 25 \times 40 = 1000 \quad \text{Var}(T) = 25^2 \times 40 = 10^3 \times 25$$

for Central Limit Theorem

$$T \xrightarrow{\text{approx}} N(1000, 2500)$$

$$\begin{aligned} P(T \geq 900) &= P\left(\frac{T - 1000}{25\sqrt{40}} > \frac{900 - 1000}{25\sqrt{40}}\right) \\ &= 1 - \Phi(-0.63) = 0.7357 \end{aligned}$$

T9. let  $X$  be the number of occupied room

$$X \sim B(0.8, 500)$$

$$np = 0.8 \times 500 = 400 \geq 5 \quad n(1-p) = 0.2 \times 500 = 100 \geq 5$$

use normal distribution to approximate

$$E(X) = np = 400 \quad \text{Var}(X) = np(1-p) = 80$$

$$X \xrightarrow{\text{approx}} N(400, 80)$$

$$P(X \leq x) = 0.99$$

$$P\left(\frac{X - 400}{\sqrt{80}} \leq \frac{x + 0.5 - 400}{\sqrt{80}}\right) = 0.99$$

$$\frac{x + 0.5 - 400}{\sqrt{80}} = 2.33 \quad x = 421.3 \approx 421$$

$$\Rightarrow 421 \times 2 = 842 \text{ kW}$$