

# Table of Contents

Introduction

Hello World

IO Actions

Do Notation

IO Values

Return

Some Useful IO Actions

Program Organization

Summary

# IO

Benson Joeris  
benson@bjoeris.com  
<http://bjoeris.com>



**pluralsight**   
hardcore developer training

# Overview

- Compile executable program
- IO Actions
- Combine IO Actions
- IO Values
- Useful IO Functions

# Table of Contents

Introduction

**Hello World**

IO Actions

Do Notation

IO Values

Return

Some Useful IO Actions

Program Organization

Summary

# Hello World

```
main = putStrLn "Hello World"
```

1. Save as ``HelloWorld.hs"
2. Open up a terminal in that folder
3. Type ``ghc HelloWorld.hs"
4. Run HelloWorld executable

# Hello World

```
main = putStrLn "Hello World"
```

- Haskell functions are pure
  - Cannot modify any external state
  - Value cannot depend on external state
  - Cannot write to the console

# Table of Contents

Introduction

Hello World

**IO Actions**

Do Notation

IO Values

Return

Some Useful IO Actions

Program Organization

Summary

# IO Actions

```
main = putStrLn "Hello World"
```

```
putStrLn :: String -> IO ()
```

- ()

```
data Unit = Unit
```



# IO Actions

```
main = putStrLn "Hello World"
```

```
putStrLn :: String -> IO ()
```

- IO

```
data IO a
```

```
data Maybe a
```

# IO Actions

```
main = putStrLn "Hello World"
```

```
putStrLn :: String -> IO ()
```

# IO Actions

```
main :: IO ()  
main = putStrLn "Hello World"
```

```
putStrLn :: String -> IO ()
```

- `main` - IO action executed by the program

# IO Actions

```
main :: IO ()  
main = putStrLn "Hello World" -- printed  
  
main2 :: IO ()  
main2 = putStrLn "Hello World 2" -- not printed
```

# Table of Contents

Introduction

Hello World

IO Actions

**Do Notation**

IO Values

Return

Some Useful IO Actions

Program Organization

Summary

# do-Blocks

```
main :: IO ()  
main = do  
    putStrLn "Hello"  
    putStrLn "World"
```

## Output:

```
Hello  
World
```

# do-Blocks

```
main :: IO ()  
main = do  
    putStrLn "Hello"  
    putStrLn "World"  
x = 3 -- no longer part of do-block
```

## Output:

```
Hello  
World
```

# do-Blocks

```
helloWorld :: IO ()  
helloWorld = putStrLn "Hello World"  
  
main :: IO ()  
main = do  
    helloWorld  
    helloWorld  
    helloWorld
```

## Output:

```
Hello World  
Hello World  
Hello World
```



## do-Blocks

```
introduce :: String -> String -> IO ()
introduce name1 name2 = do
    putStrLn (name1 ++ ", this is " ++ name2)
    putStrLn (name2 ++ ", this is " ++ name1)

main :: IO ()
main = do
    introduce "Alice" "Bob"
    introduce "Alice" "Sally"
```

### Output:

```
Alice, this is Bob
Bob, this is Alice
Alice, this is Sally
Sally, this is Alice
```

# Table of Contents

Introduction

Hello World

IO Actions

Do Notation

**IO Values**

Return

Some Useful IO Actions

Program Organization

Summary

# IO Values

```
main :: IO ()  
main = do  
    line <- getLine  
    putStrLn ("You said: " ++ line)
```

## Input:

```
blah blah blah
```

## Output:

```
You said: blah blah blah
```

# IO Values

```
main :: IO ()  
main = do  
    line <- getLine  
    putStrLn ("You said: " ++ line)
```

## Input:

```
blah blah blah  
oh look, another line
```

## Output:

```
You said: blah blah blah
```

# IO Values

```
main :: IO ()  
main = do  
    line <- getLine  
    putStrLn ("You said: " ++ line)
```

```
getLine :: IO String
```

- `<-` *ONLY* inside `do`-block
- Bound variable can only be used later in the same `do`-block

# IO Values

```
greet :: IO ()
greet = do
    putStrLn "Who are you?"
    who <- getLine
    putStrLn ("Hello " ++ who)
```

```
greetForever :: IO ()
greetForever = do
    greet
    greetForever
```

```
main :: IO ()
main = greetForever
```

# IO Values

~~extractValue :: IO a -> a~~

# Table of Contents

Introduction

Hello World

IO Actions

Do Notation

IO Values

**Return**

Some Useful IO Actions

Program Organization

Summary



# return Function

```
dummyGetLine :: IO String
dummyGetLine =
    return "I'm not really doing anything"

main :: IO ()
main = do
    line <- dummyGetLine
    putStrLn line
```

```
return :: a -> IO a
```

## return Function

```
promptInfo :: IO (String,String)
promptInfo = do
    putStrLn "What is your name?"
    name <- getLine
    putStrLn "What is your favorite color?"
    color <- getLine
    return (name,color)

main :: IO ()
main = do
    (name,color) <- promptInfo
    putStrLn ("Hello " ++ name)
    putStrLn ("I like " ++ color ++ " too!")
```

## return Function

```
promptInfo :: IO (String,String)
promptInfo = do
  putStrLn "What is your name?"
  name <- getLine
  putStrLn "What is your favorite color?"
  color <- getLine
  (name,color)

main :: IO ()
main = do
  (name,color) <- promptInfo
  putStrLn ("Hello " ++ name)
  putStrLn ("I like " ++ color ++ " too!")
```

## return Function

```
promptInfo :: IO (String,String)
promptInfo = do
    putStrLn "What is your name?"
    name <- getLine
    putStrLn "What is your favorite color?"
    color <- getLine
    return (name,color)

main :: IO ()
main = do
    (name,color) <- promptInfo
    putStrLn ("Hello " ++ name)
    putStrLn ("I like " ++ color ++ " too!")
```

# return Function

```
main :: IO ()  
main = do  
    line1 <- getLine  
    line2 <- getLine  
    putStrLn (line1 ++ line2)
```

# return Function

```
main :: IO ()
main = do
  line1 <- getLine
  line2 <- getLine
  lines <- line1 ++ line2
  putStrLn lines
```

# return Function

```
main :: IO ()  
main = do  
    line1 <- getLine  
    line2 <- getLine  
    lines <- return (line1 ++ line2)  
    putStrLn lines
```

# return Function

```
main :: IO ()  
main = do  
    line1 <- getLine  
    line2 <- getLine  
    let lines = line1 ++ line2  
    putStrLn lines
```



# return Function

```
main :: IO ()  
main = do  
    return 0  
    putStrLn "haha, still running"  
    return "halt!"  
    putStrLn "you can't stop me!"
```

```
return :: a -> IO a
```

## Output:

```
haha, still running  
you can't stop me!
```

# Table of Contents

Introduction

Hello World

IO Actions

Do Notation

IO Values

Return

**Some Useful IO Actions**

Program Organization

Summary

## Some Useful IO Actions

```
putStrLn :: String -> IO ()
```

- Print a string to the console, and append a new line

```
getLine :: IO String
```

- Reads a line from the console

```
print :: (Show a) => a -> IO ()
```

- Print string representation of a value -

## Some Useful IO Actions

```
readFile :: FilePath -> IO String
```

- Read an entire file as a (lazy) string

```
writeFile :: FilePath -> String -> IO ()
```

- Write a string to a file

```
appendFile :: FilePath -> String -> IO ()
```

- Appends a string to a file

```
type FilePath = String
```

## Some Useful IO Actions

```
interact :: (String -> String) -> IO ()
```

```
reverseLines :: String -> String  
reverseLines input =  
    unlines (map reverse (lines input))
```

```
main :: IO ()  
main = interact reverseLines
```

# Table of Contents

Introduction

Hello World

IO Actions

Do Notation

IO Values

Return

Some Useful IO Actions

**Program Organization**

Summary

# Program Organization

- Do as little in IO as possible

# Program Organization

$A \mapsto B$

$B \mapsto C$

$C \mapsto D$

$\vdots$

$Z \mapsto A$

```
encrypt :: Char -> Char
encrypt c
  | 'A' <= c && c < 'Z' =
    toEnum (fromEnum 'A' + 1)
  | c == 'Z' = 'A'
  | otherwise = c
```



# Program Organization

```
encrypt :: Char -> Char  
encrypt = ...
```

```
handleChar :: IO ()  
handleChar = do  
    c <- getChar  
    let u = encrypt c  
    putChar c
```

```
inputLoop :: IO ()  
inputLoop = do  
    handleChar  
    inputLoop
```

```
main :: IO ()  
main = inputLoop
```

# Program Organization

```
encrypt :: Char -> Char  
encrypt = ...  
  
main :: IO ()  
main = interact (map encrypt)
```

# Table of Contents

Introduction

Hello World

IO Actions

Do Notation

IO Values

Return

Some Useful IO Actions

Program Organization

**Summary**

# Summary

- Compiling
- IO Actions
- IO Values
- *return*
- *do*-Blocks
- Some Useful IO Actions
- Program Organization