# Red Wine Quality

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#### 12/6/2021

#### **Datasets**

This data set consist of 1,599 rows and 12 columns. The description of the columns are given below.

- fixed acidity: most acids involved with wine or fixed or nonvolatile.
- volatile acidity: the amount of acetic acid in wine, which at too high of levels can lead to an unpleasant, vinegar taste.
- citric acid: found in small quantities, citric acid can add 'freshness' and flavor to wines.
- residual sugar : the amount of sugar remaining after fermentation stops.
- chlorides: the amount of salt in the wine.
- free sulfur dioxide : the free form of SO2 exists in equilibrium between molecular SO2 (as a dissolved gas) and bisulfite ion.
- total sulfur dioxide: amount of free and bound forms of S02.
- density : the density of water is close to that of water depending on the percent alcohol and sugar content.
- pH: describes how acidic or basic a wine is on a scale from 0 (very acidic) to 14 (very basic).
- sulphates: a wine additive which can contribute to sulfur dioxide gas (S02) levels.
- alcohol: the percent alcohol content of the wine
- quality (score between 0 and 10)

This is a data set from kaggle in a title of "Red Wine Quality".

#### **Basic Stats**

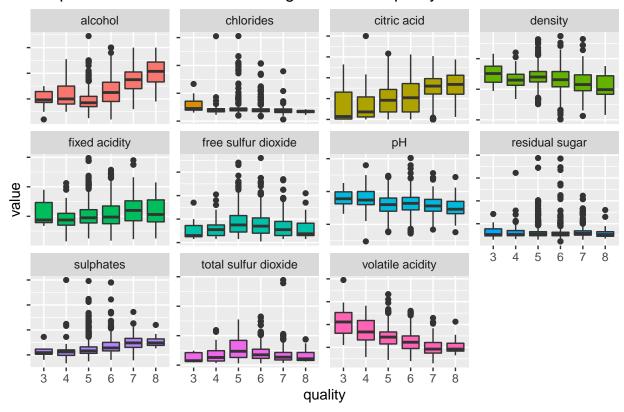
```
df %>%
    summary()
```

```
fixed acidity
                    volatile acidity citric acid
                                                      residual sugar
   Min.
           : 4.60
                    Min.
                           :0.1200
                                      Min.
                                             :0.000
                                                      Min.
                                                             : 0.900
   1st Qu.: 7.10
                                                      1st Qu.: 1.900
##
                    1st Qu.:0.3900
                                      1st Qu.:0.090
   Median : 7.90
                    Median :0.5200
##
                                      Median :0.260
                                                      Median : 2.200
##
   Mean
         : 8.32
                           :0.5278
                                             :0.271
                                                            : 2.539
                    Mean
                                      Mean
                                                      Mean
##
   3rd Qu.: 9.20
                    3rd Qu.:0.6400
                                      3rd Qu.:0.420
                                                      3rd Qu.: 2.600
##
   Max.
          :15.90
                    Max.
                           :1.5800
                                      Max.
                                             :1.000
                                                      Max.
                                                             :15.500
##
      chlorides
                      free sulfur dioxide total sulfur dioxide
                                                                    density
##
   Min.
           :0.01200
                      Min. : 1.00
                                           Min.
                                                  : 6.00
                                                                Min.
                                                                        :0.9901
##
   1st Qu.:0.07000
                      1st Qu.: 7.00
                                           1st Qu.: 22.00
                                                                1st Qu.:0.9956
##
   Median :0.07900
                      Median :14.00
                                           Median : 38.00
                                                                Median :0.9968
   Mean
                                                 : 46.47
##
           :0.08747
                      Mean :15.87
                                           Mean
                                                                Mean
                                                                        :0.9967
   3rd Qu.:0.09000
                      3rd Qu.:21.00
                                           3rd Qu.: 62.00
                                                                 3rd Qu.:0.9978
   Max.
                      Max. :72.00
                                                  :289.00
                                                                        :1.0037
##
           :0.61100
                                           Max.
                                                                Max.
##
                      sulphates
                                         alcohol
          рΗ
                                                         quality
##
           :2.740
                    Min.
                           :0.3300
                                             : 8.40
                                                      Min.
                                                              :3.000
   Min.
                                      Min.
   1st Qu.:3.210
                    1st Qu.:0.5500
                                      1st Qu.: 9.50
                                                      1st Qu.:5.000
##
   Median :3.310
                    Median :0.6200
                                      Median :10.20
                                                      Median :6.000
   Mean :3.311
                           :0.6581
                                             :10.42
##
                    Mean
                                      Mean
                                                      Mean
                                                             :5.636
   3rd Qu.:3.400
                    3rd Qu.:0.7300
                                      3rd Qu.:11.10
                                                      3rd Qu.:6.000
##
   Max.
           :4.010
                    Max.
                           :2.0000
                                      Max.
                                            :14.90
                                                      Max.
                                                             :8.000
```

#### Boxplot for the variables according to the wine quality

```
df %>%
    pivot_longer(-quality) %>%
    mutate(quality = as.factor(quality)) %>%
    ggplot(aes(quality, value, fill = name)) +
    geom_boxplot(show.legend = F) +
    facet_wrap(~name, scales = "free_y") +
    scale_y_continuous(labels = NULL) +
    labs(title = "Boxplot for the variables according to the wine quality")
```

# Boxplot for the variables according to the wine quality



We can see from this plot that mean level of some variables like alcohol, citric acid, pH, sulphates and volatile acidity.

#### Correlation among the variables

corrplot::corrplot(cor(df))

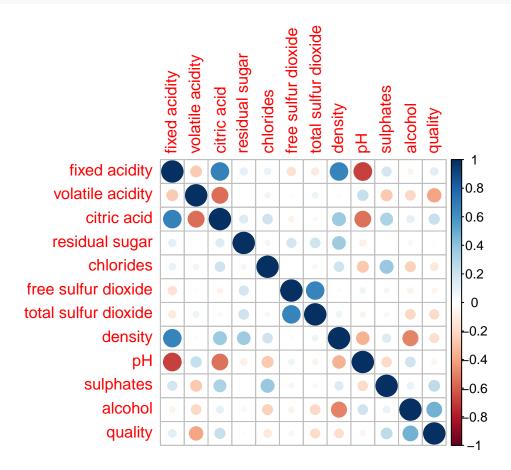


Table for shoing the important variable as a output of linear regression with highest magnitude

```
cor(select(df, -quality)) %>%
  as.data.frame() %>%
  rownames_to_column() %>%
  pivot_longer(-rowname) %>%
  filter(value != 1) %>%
  arrange(-abs(value)) %>%
  group_by(name) %>%
  summarise(mean_corr = mean(abs(value))) %>%
  arrange(-mean_corr) %>%
  pander::pander()
```

name	mean_corr	
fixed acidity	0.2999	
citric acid	0.2998	
рН	0.2691	
density	0.2691	
alcohol	0.1708	
volatile acidity	0.1679	
sulphates	0.1667	
total sulfur dioxide	0.153	
$\operatorname{chlorides}$	0.1525	
free sulfur dioxide	0.1299	
residual sugar	0.1194	

Since fixed acidity has the higher mean absolute correlation so we going to eliminate this and fit a linear regression model to see find out the most important sets of variables.

# Important variables

```
(df %>%
    select(-`fixed acidity`) %>%
    lm(formula = quality ~ .) %>%
    summary())$coefficients %>%
    as.data.frame() %>%
    rownames_to_column() %>%
    filter(`Pr(>|t|)` < .05) %>%
    arrange(-abs(Estimate)) %>%
    pander::pander()
```

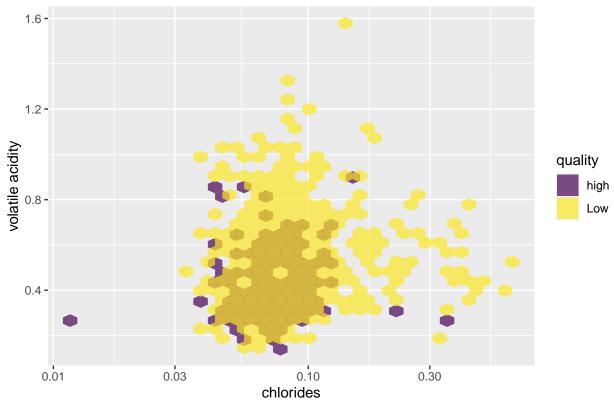
rowname	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	$\Pr(> t )$
chlorides	-1.968	0.4077	-4.828	1.51e-06
volatile acidity	-1.078	0.1209	-8.911	1.353e-18
sulphates	0.8996	0.113	7.961	3.232e-15
$\mathrm{pH}$	-0.5462	0.1333	-4.099	4.358e-05
alcohol	0.2901	0.02223	13.05	4.917e-37
free sulfur dioxide	0.004592	0.002158	2.128	0.03352
total sulfur dioxide	-0.003427	0.0007089	-4.835	1.463 e-06

So according to this, variable chlorides and volatile acidity are the important variabes. So we will plot those two variables according to the quatity of wine.

#### Seperating the high and low class points (important variables)

```
df %>%
    select(chlorides, `volatile acidity`, quality) %>%
    mutate(quality = if_else(quality <= 6,"Low", "high")) %>%
    ggplot(aes(chlorides, `volatile acidity`, fill = quality)) +
    geom_hex(alpha = .7) +
    scale_fill_viridis_d() +
    scale_x_log10() +
    labs(title = "Wine quality according to the top important variables")
```

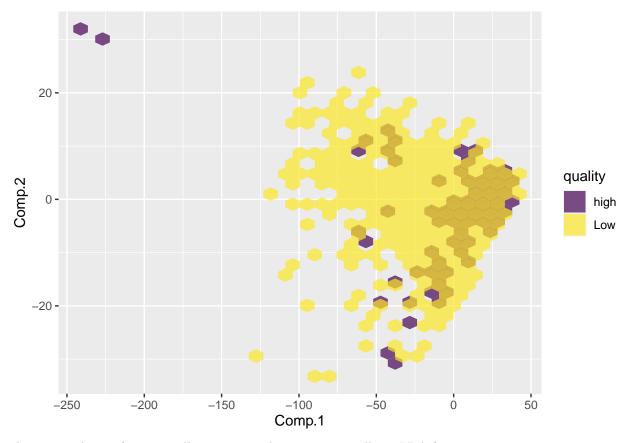
# Wine quality according to the top important variables



We can see that this plot is not performing great to seperate the points. we will perform pca for this.

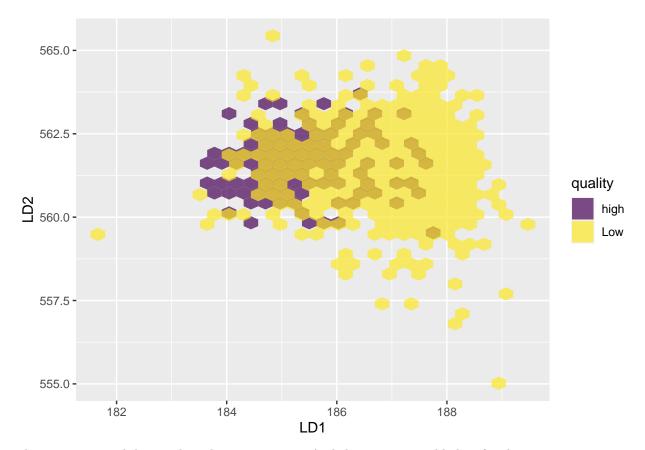
# Separating the high and low class points (PCA)

```
(df %>%
    select(-quality) %>%
    princomp())$score %>%
    as.data.frame() %>%
    select(Comp.1, Comp.2) %>%
    bind_cols(quality = df$quality) %>%
    mutate(quality = if_else(quality <= 6,"Low", "high")) %>%
    ggplot(aes(Comp.1, Comp.2, fill = quality)) +
    geom_hex(alpha = .7) +
    scale_fill_viridis_d()
```



This is not also performing well to seperate the points. we will use LDA for it

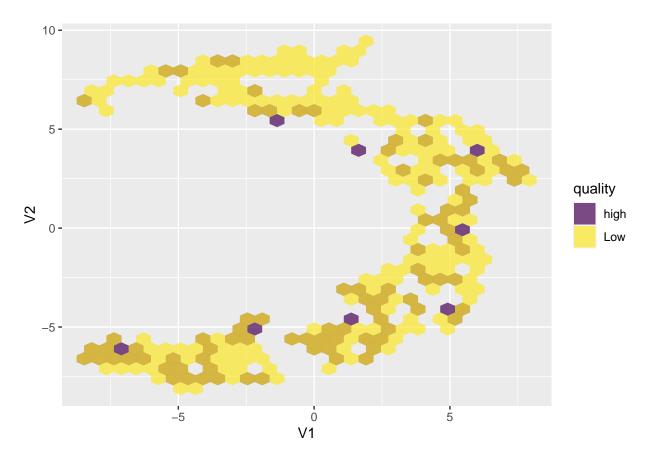
# Seperating the high and low class points (LDA)



The output is much better than the previous two. And there is a seperable line for that.

# Seperating the high and low class points (LDA)

```
umap::umap(select(df, - quality))$layout %>%
   as.data.frame() %>%
   bind_cols(quality = if_else(df$quality <= 6,"Low", "high")) %>%
   ggplot(aes(V1, V2, fill = quality)) +
   geom_hex(alpha = .7) +
   scale_fill_viridis_d()
```



No the performance of Umap is not better than the LDA.