

Airline Passenger Satisfaction

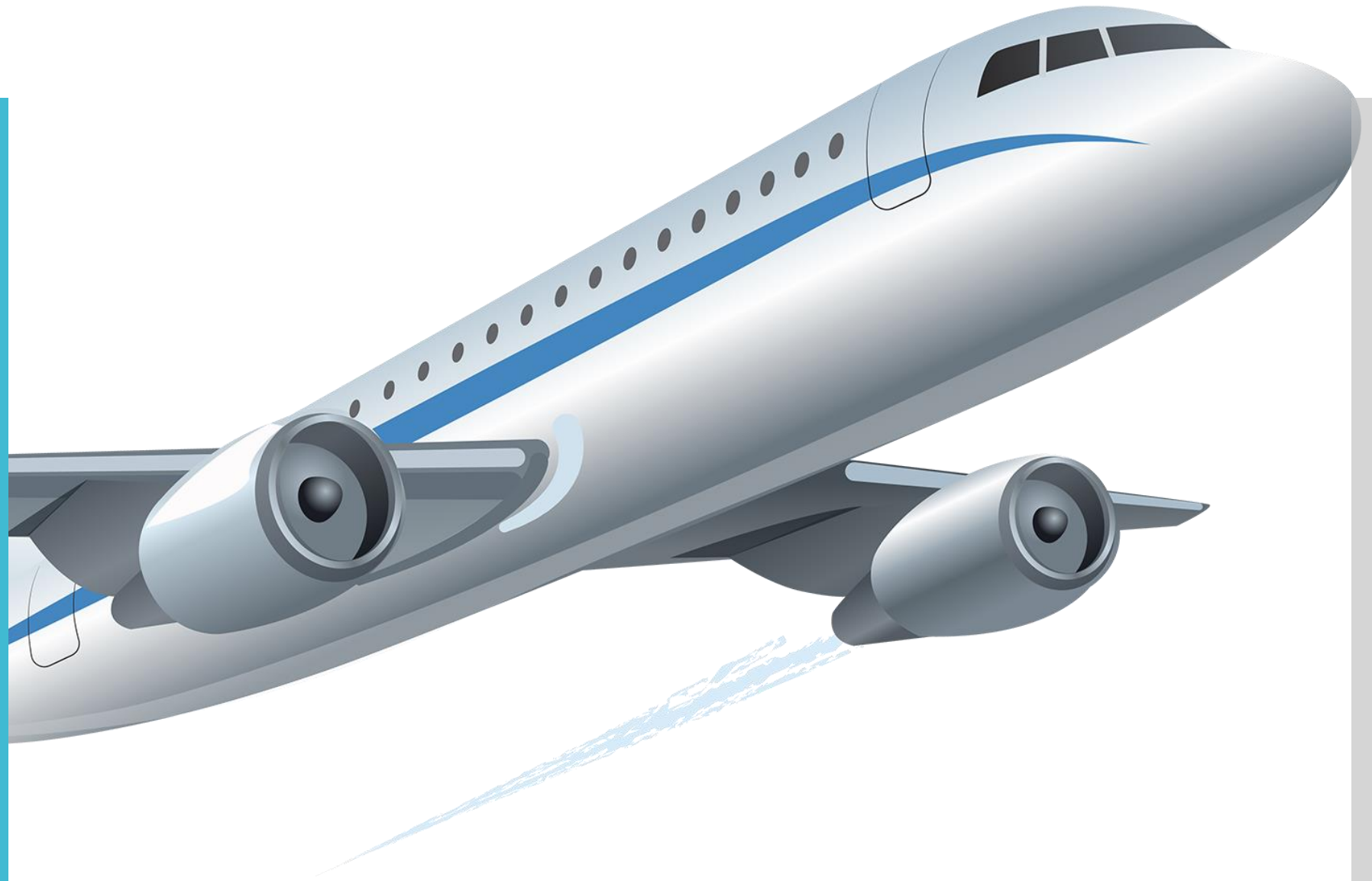
Group 3

Naina Grover, Ronald Morris, Sarah Saltzman, Scott Slutsky, Mischa Subhan



Business Understanding

Analyze what factors
contribute to customer
satisfaction



Team



Naina Grover



Sarah Saltzman



Scott Slutsky



Mischa Subhan



Ronald Morris

Data Instance and Variables

Customer loyalty

Gender

Customer type

Age

Type of travel

Class

Flight distance

Flight wifi service

Departure/Arrival time convenience



Customer
Satisfaction



Data science solutions address business problems.

Review

Male	LoyalCustomer	BusinessTravel	Satisfied	EcoClass
1	1	0	0	0
1	0	1	0	0
0	1	1	1	0
0	1	1	0	0
1	1	1	1	0

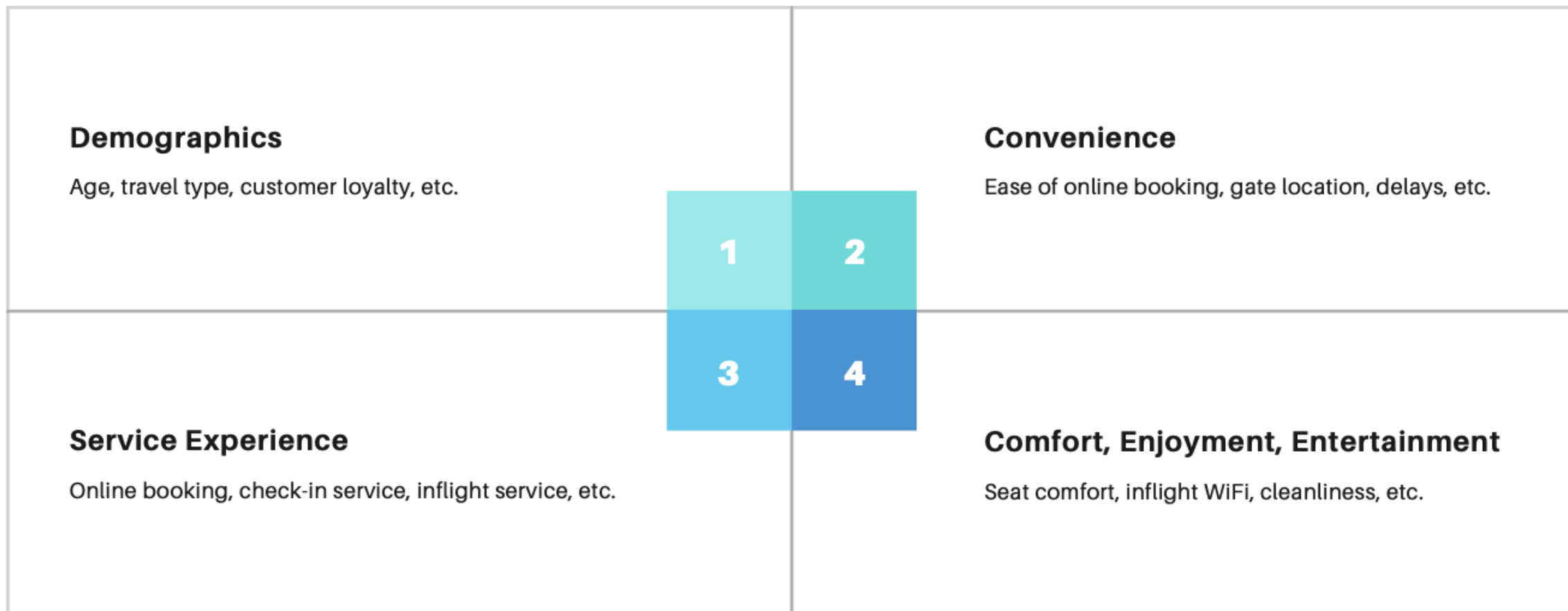
Inflight.entertainment	On.board.service	Leg.room.service	Baggage.handling	Checkin.service	Inflight.service	Cleanliness	Departure.Delay.in.Minutes	Arrival.Delay.in.Minutes
5	4	3	4	4	5	5	25	18
1	1	5	3	1	4	1	1	6
5	4	3	4	4	4	5	0	0
2	2	5	3	1	4	2	11	9
3	3	4	4	3	3	3	0	0

Age	Flight.Distance	Inflight.wifi.service	Departure.Arrival.time.convenient	Ease.of.Online.booking	Gate.location	Food.and.drink	Online.boarding	Seat.comfort
row names	460	3	4	3	1	5	3	5
2	25	235	3	2	3	1	3	1
3	26	1142	2	2	2	5	5	5
4	25	562	2	5	5	2	2	2
5	61	214	3	3	3	4	5	5

ABOUT THE DATA

Airline Passenger Satisfaction (Source: Kaggle)

n = 119,204 observations



49%

Male (48-52 years old)



60%

Business Class (48-52 years old)



76%

Business Travel (48-52 years old)



95%

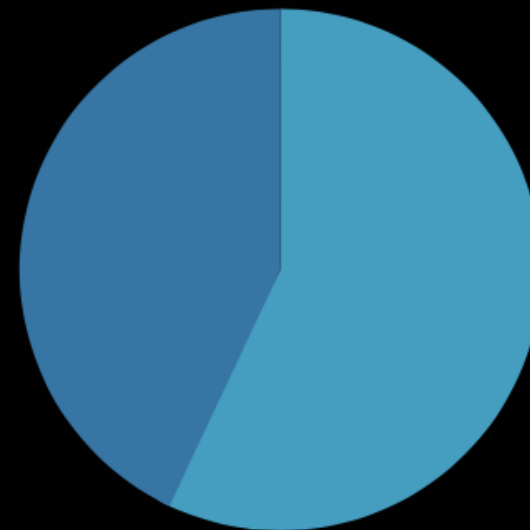
Loyal (48-52 years old)



PASSENGER SATISFACTION

Pie chart featuring passenger satisfaction distribution for all age groups

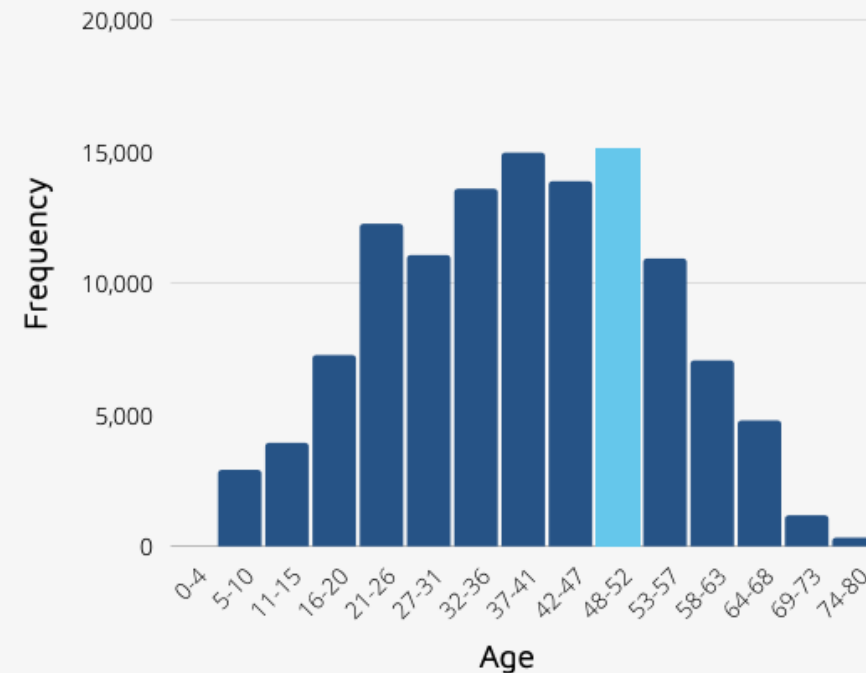
Unsatisfied
43%



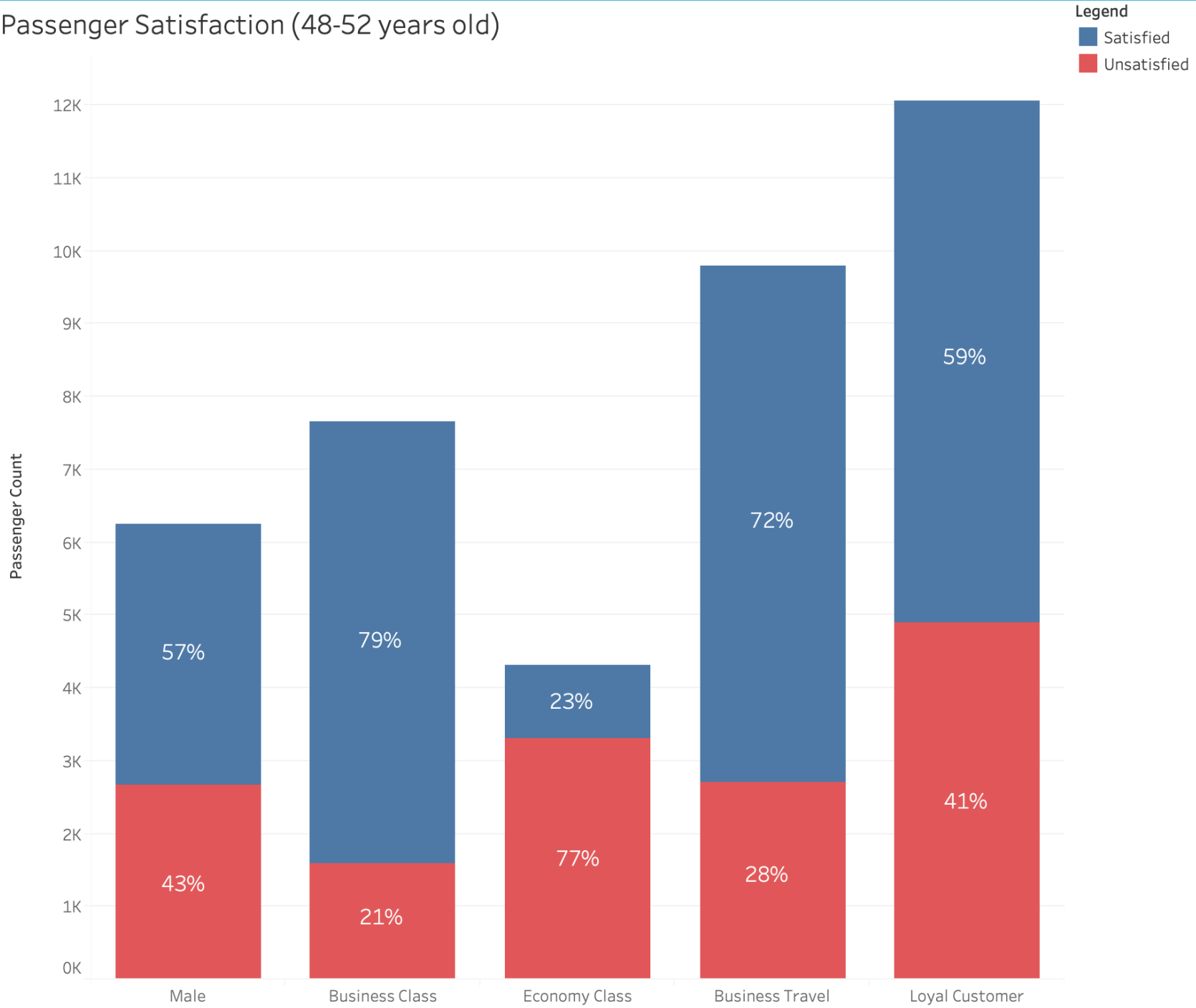
Satisfied
57%

PASSENGER AGE DISTRIBUTION

Histogram featuring passenger age distribution



Passenger Satisfaction (48-52 years old)



Passenger Satisfaction by Demographic



Modeling

Models Considered

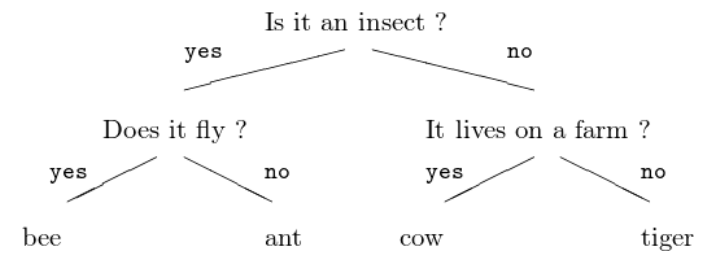
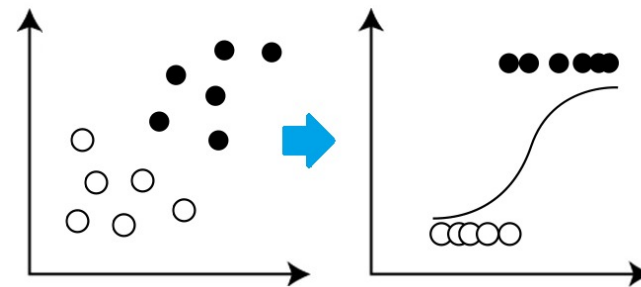
Logistic
Regression

SVM

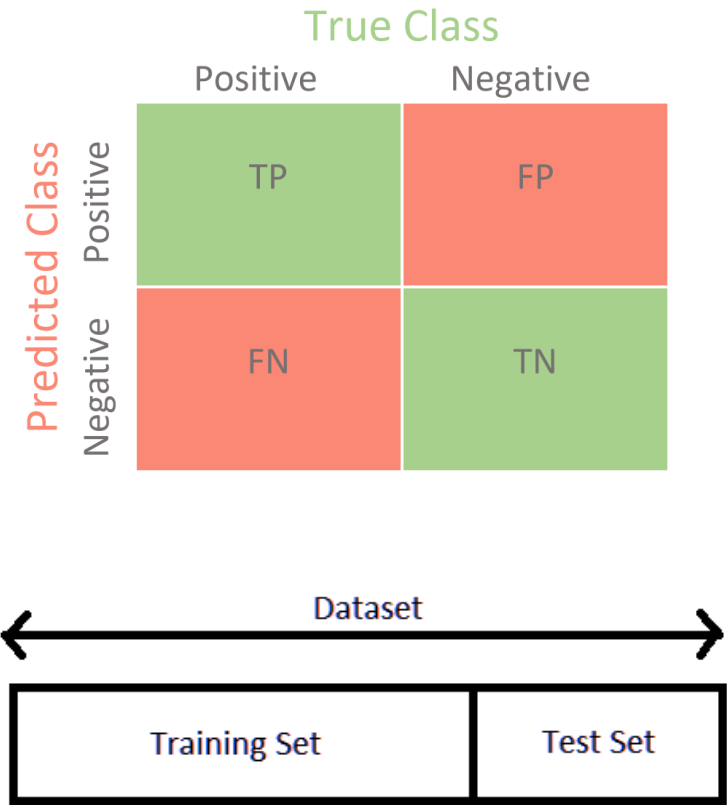
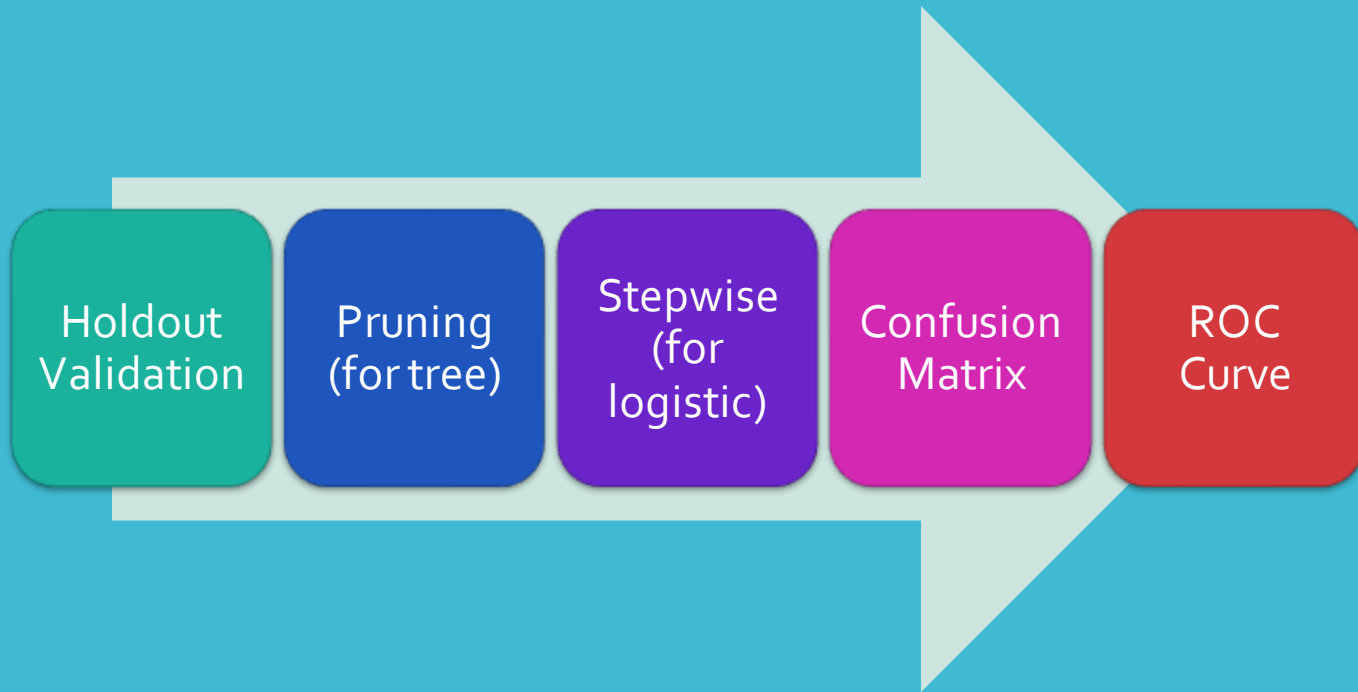
Classification
Trees

Random
Forest

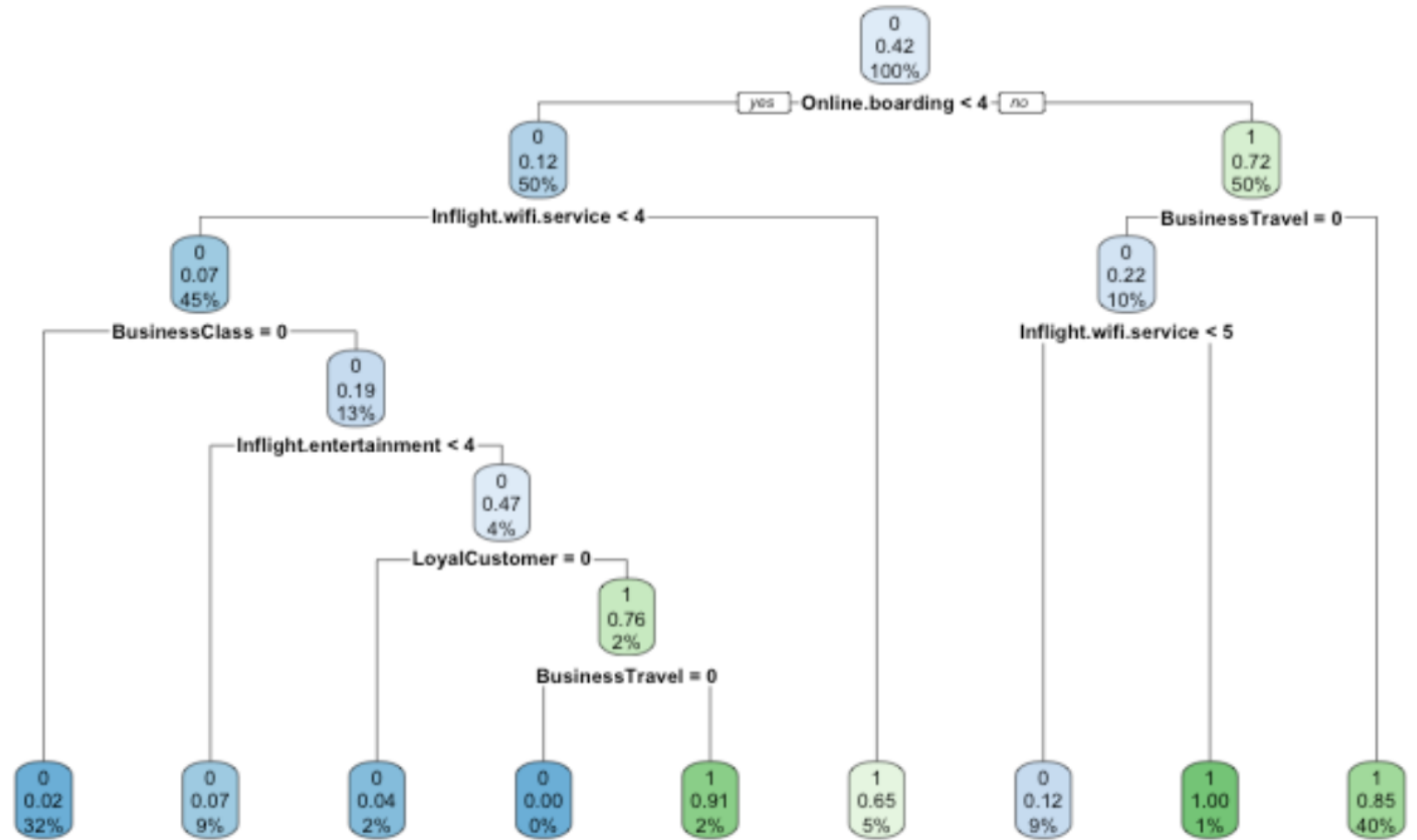
LOGISTIC REGRESSION



Modeling



Classification Tree



Logistic Regression

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	z value	Pr(> z)	
(Intercept)	-1.663e+01	1.325e-01	-125.522	< 2e-16	***
Flight.Distance	3.245e-05	1.332e-05	2.436	0.014867	*
Inflight.wifi.service	7.915e-01	1.433e-02	55.223	< 2e-16	***
Departure.Arrival.time.convenient	-2.826e-01	1.073e-02	-26.332	< 2e-16	***
Ease.of.Online.booking	3.692e-01	1.493e-02	24.729	< 2e-16	***
Gate.location	-2.673e-01	1.256e-02	-21.278	< 2e-16	***
Food.and.drink	-4.567e-02	1.261e-02	-3.622	0.000292	***
Online.boarding	9.212e-01	1.348e-02	68.345	< 2e-16	***
Seat.comfort	1.939e-02	1.348e-02	1.438	0.150400	
Inflight.entertainment	1.003e-01	1.722e-02	5.824	5.73e-09	***
On.board.service	3.481e-01	1.234e-02	28.202	< 2e-16	***
Leg.room.service	3.119e-01	1.060e-02	29.417	< 2e-16	***
Baggage.handling	1.599e-01	1.380e-02	11.591	< 2e-16	***
Checkin.service	3.471e-01	1.021e-02	33.992	< 2e-16	***
Inflight.service	1.625e-01	1.441e-02	11.281	< 2e-16	***
Cleanliness	2.451e-01	1.405e-02	17.450	< 2e-16	***
Departure.Delay.in.Minutes	-3.833e-03	3.045e-04	-12.586	< 2e-16	***
Male	2.947e-02	2.342e-02	1.258	0.208251	
LoyalCustomer	2.790e+00	3.804e-02	73.349	< 2e-16	***
BusinessTravel	3.387e+00	3.987e-02	84.952	< 2e-16	***
EcoClass	2.446e-01	4.912e-02	4.980	6.37e-07	***
BusinessClass	1.109e+00	5.088e-02	21.787	< 2e-16	***

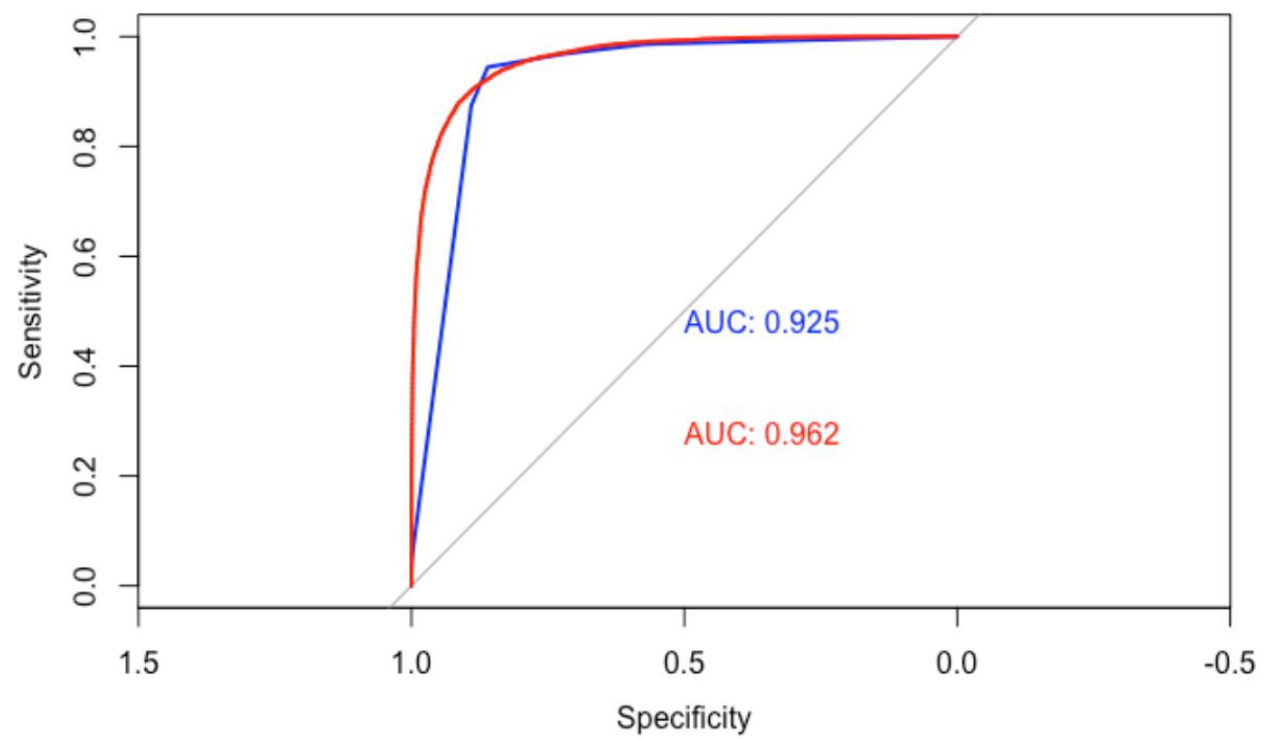
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

(Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)

		actual	
predicted		0	1
	0	13636	694
	1	540	9852

		actual	
predicted		0	1
	0	12196	586
	1	1980	9960

Confusion Matrices



ROC Curve

Business Case



Deployment

Review the online boarding process on the company's website for improvement

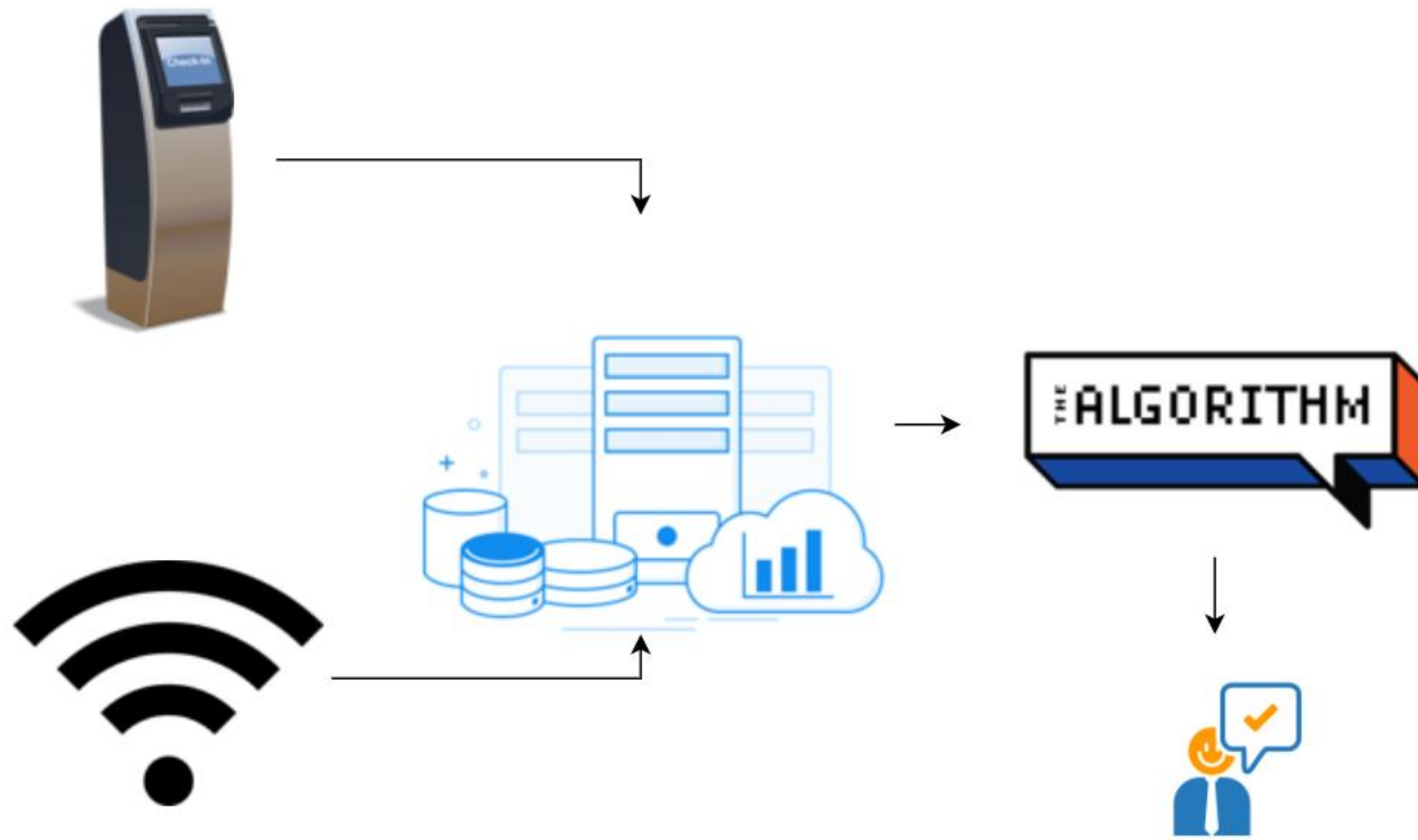
Reach out to either R&D or seat supplier to increase seat comfort

Increase inflight movie library

Decide between increasing WiFi capabilities and reducing the price

Increasing value of business class



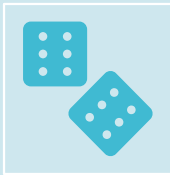


Deployment
cont.

Ethics and Risks



Ethics: The airline would need to be careful not to increase its value so much that it creates a class divide to the point that economy class satisfaction drops.



Risk: The process of collecting and analyzing the data should have a human component to it to make sure everything is working as planned.



Risk: Customer satisfaction is a never-ending struggle as customers will always find something for improvement. Therefore, the airline needs to set a goal at which point the company will be happy with customer satisfaction.

References

Equiskill. (2018, July 5). Understanding Logistic Regression [Graph].
<https://www.equiskill.com/understanding-logistic-regression/>

Klein, TJ. (2020, June). *Airline Passenger Satisfaction* (Version 1) [Data set]. Kaggle.
<https://www.kaggle.com/teejmahal20/airline-passenger-satisfaction/activity>

(n.d.). [Diagram of Confusion Matrix]. https://miro.medium.com/max/2102/1*fxiTNlgOyvAombPJx5KGeA.png

(n.d.). [Diagram of Training and Testing Data]. <https://data-flair.training/blogs/wp-content/uploads/sites/2/2018/08/1-16.png>

University of Illinois at Chicago. (n.d.). Fig Animal Tree [Graph]. <http://homepages.math.uic.edu/~jan/mcs275/mcs275notes/images/figanimaltree.png>

Thank You!

Group 3

Naina Grover, Ronald Morris, Sarah Saltzman, Scott Slutsky, Mischa Subhan

Appendix

Descriptive Statistics of Relevant Variables

	Age	Flight Distance	Inflight Wifi Service	Flight Time Convenience	Ease of Online Booking
Minimum	7	31	1	1	1
1st Quartile	28	440	2	2	2
Median	40	867	3	3	3
Mean	39.86	1224	2.818	3.207	2.879
3rd Quartile	51	1775	4	4	4
Maximum	85	4983	5	5	5

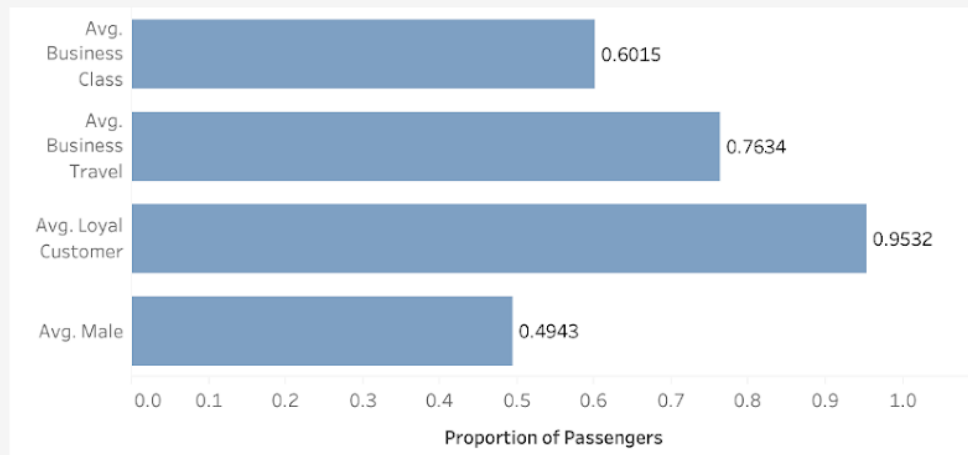
	Gate Location	Food and Drink	Online Boarding	Seat Comfort	Inflight Entertainment
Minimum	1	1	1	1	1
1st Quartile	2	2	2	2	2
Median	3	3	4	4	4
Mean	2.987	3.214	3.331	3.457	3.381
3rd Quartile	4	4	4	5	4
Maximum	5	5	5	5	5

	On Board Service	Leg Room Service	Baggage Handling	Check-in Service	Inflight Service
Minimum	1	1	1	1	1
1st Quartile	2	2	3	2	3
Median	4	4	4	3	4
Mean	3.386	3.381	3.637	3.295	3.647
3rd Quartile	4	4	5	4	5
Maximum	5	5	5	5	5

	Cleanliness	Departure Delay (minutes)	Arrival Delay (minutes)	Male	Loyal Customer
Minimum	1	0	0	0	0
1st Quartile	2	0	0	0	1
Median	3	0	0	0	1
Mean	3.294	14.84	15.28	0.4932	0.8391
3rd Quartile	4	13	13	1	1
Maximum	5	1592	1584	1	1

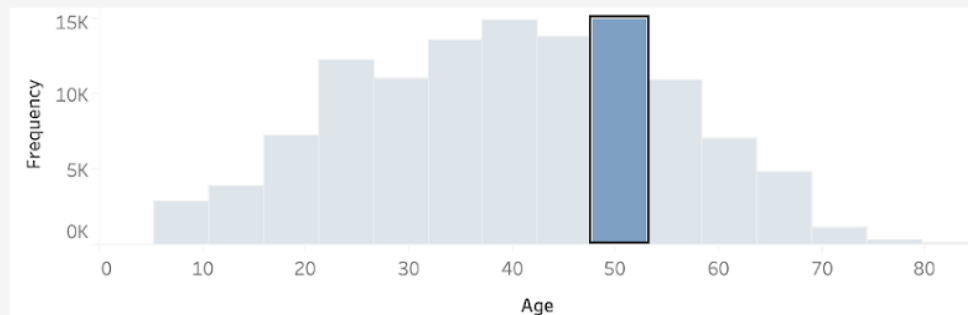
	Business Travel	Satisfied	Economy Class	Business Class
Minimum	0	0	0	0
1st Quartile	0	0	0	0
Median	1	0	0	0
Mean	0.6916	0.4268	0.4401	0.4865
3rd Quartile	1	1	1	1
Maximum	1	1	1	1

Demographics of Passengers



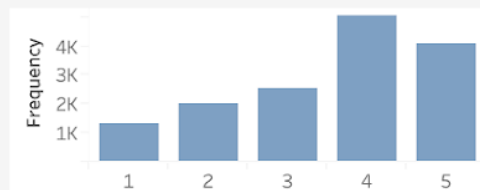
This figure presents the proportions of passengers who flew on business class, were on business travel, were loyal customers, and were male. These variables are composed solely of binary values, so computing the average of these values will give us the proportion of passengers who fit the descriptions in this figure.

Age Distribution of Passengers



This figure presents the age distribution of passengers, which ranged from 7 to 85 years old.

Onboard Service Ratings



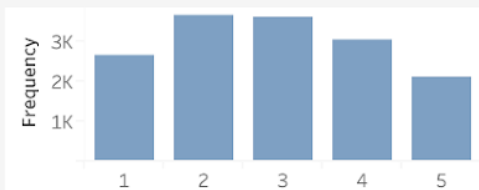
This figure presents the frequency of each onboard service rating. Ratings are discrete values that range from 1 (poor) to 5 (excellent).

Online Boarding Ratings



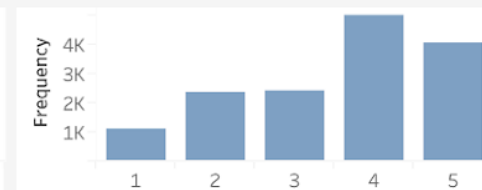
This figure presents the frequency of each online boarding rating. Ratings are discrete values that range from 1 (poor) to 5 (excellent).

Inflight WiFi Service Ratings



This figure presents the frequency of each inflight WiFi service rating. Ratings are discrete values that range from 1 (poor) to 5 (excellent).

Legroom Service Ratings



This figure presents the frequency of each legroom service rating. Ratings are discrete values that range from 1 (poor) to 5 (excellent).

Cleanliness Ratings



This figure presents the frequency of each cleanliness rating. Ratings are discrete values that range from 1 (poor) to 5 (excellent).

Inflight Entertainment Ratings



This figure presents the frequency of each inflight entertainment rating. Ratings are discrete values that range from 1 (poor) to 5 (excellent).

Check-in Service Ratings



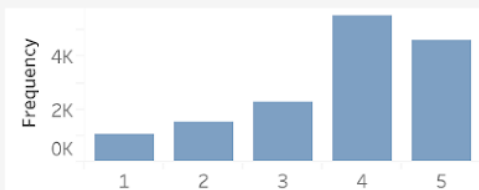
This figure presents the frequency of each check-in service rating. Ratings are discrete values that range from 1 (poor) to 5 (excellent).

Food and Drink Ratings



This figure presents the frequency of each food and drink rating. Ratings are discrete values that range from 1 (poor) to 5 (excellent).

Seat Comfort Ratings



This figure presents the frequency of each seat comfort rating. Ratings are discrete values that range from 1 (poor) to 5 (excellent).

Inflight Service Ratings



This figure presents the frequency of each inflight service rating. Ratings are discrete values that range from 1 (poor) to 5 (excellent).