

**Sardar Vallabhbhai National Institute of Technology, Surat**  
**Department of Artificial Intelligence**  
**Data Structure (AI102)**  
**B.Tech I - II Semester**

**Assignment-1**

**Q1:** An array is a bitonic array if all integers from index 0 to index i are sorted in ascending order, and all subsequent integers from index i+1 to n-1 are sorted in descending order. Given a bitonic array of n distinct integers, write a C/C++ program to find the maximum integer in the array in  $O(\log(n))$  time.

**Example:**

**Input:** n = 6 , A[] = {1 2 4 8 7 6}

**Output:** 8

```
1  #include<stdio.h>
2  int main()
3  {
4      int n,i;
5      printf("value of n\n");
6      scanf("%d",&n);
7      int A[n];
8      printf("enter bitonic array elements\n");
9      for(i=0;i<n;i++)
10     scanf("%d",&A[i]);
11     int mid;
12     i=0;
13     while(i<=n)
14     {
15         mid=i+n-1;
16         if(A[mid]>A[mid-1]&&A[mid]>A[mid+1])
17             break;
18         else if(A[mid]<A[mid-1]&&A[mid]>A[mid+1])
19             n=mid;
20         else if(A[mid]>A[mid-1]&&A[mid]<A[mid+1])
21             i=mid+1;
22     }
23     printf("%d hello",A[mid]);
24 }
```

**Q2:** Let  $A[n]$  be an array of  $n$  distinct integers. If  $i < j$  and  $A[i] > A[j]$ , then the pair  $(i, j)$  is called an inversion of  $A$ . Write a C/C++ program that determines the number of inversions in any permutation on  $n$  elements.

**Example:**  $A = \{4, 1, 3, 2\}$  output is 4

```
1  #include<stdio.h>
2  int main()
3  {
4      int n,i,j;
5      printf("value of n\n");
6      scanf("%d",&n);
7      int A[n];
8      printf("enter array elements\n");
9      for(i=0;i<n;i++)
10     scanf("%d",&A[i]);
11     int count=0;
12     for(i=0;i<n;i++)
13     {
14         for(j=0;j<n;j++)
15         {
16             if((i<j)&&(A[i]>A[j]))
17                 count++;
18         }
19     }
20     printf("\n%d",count);
21 }
22 }
```

**Q3:** Write a C program to manage the details of students using an array of structures.

The program should:

1. Accept the number of students (n) from the user.
2. For each student, input the following details:
  - Roll number (integer)
  - Name (string)
  - Marks (floating-point value)
3. Store the details of all students in an array of structures.
4. Display the details of all students in a formatted way.

```
1  #include <stdio.h>
2  #include <string.h>
3  struct Student_details {
4      int roll_no;
5      char name[50];
6      float marks;
7  };
8
9  int main()
10 {
11     int n,i;
12     printf("no of students\n");
13     scanf("%d",&n);
14     struct Student_details student[n];
15     for(i=0;i<n;i++)
16     {
17         printf("enter student roll no\n");
18         scanf("%d",&student[i].roll_no);
19         printf("\nenter student name\n");
20         scanf("%s",student[i].name);
21         printf("\nenter student marks\n");
22         scanf("%f",&student[i].marks);
23     }
24     for(i=0;i<n;i++)
25     {
26         printf(" student roll no\n");
27         printf("%d",student[i].roll_no);
28         printf("\nstudent name\n");
29         printf("%s",student[i].name);
30         printf("\nstudent marks\n");
31         printf("%f",student[i].marks);
32     }
33 }
```