

CPSC 304

Cover Page for Project Part 1

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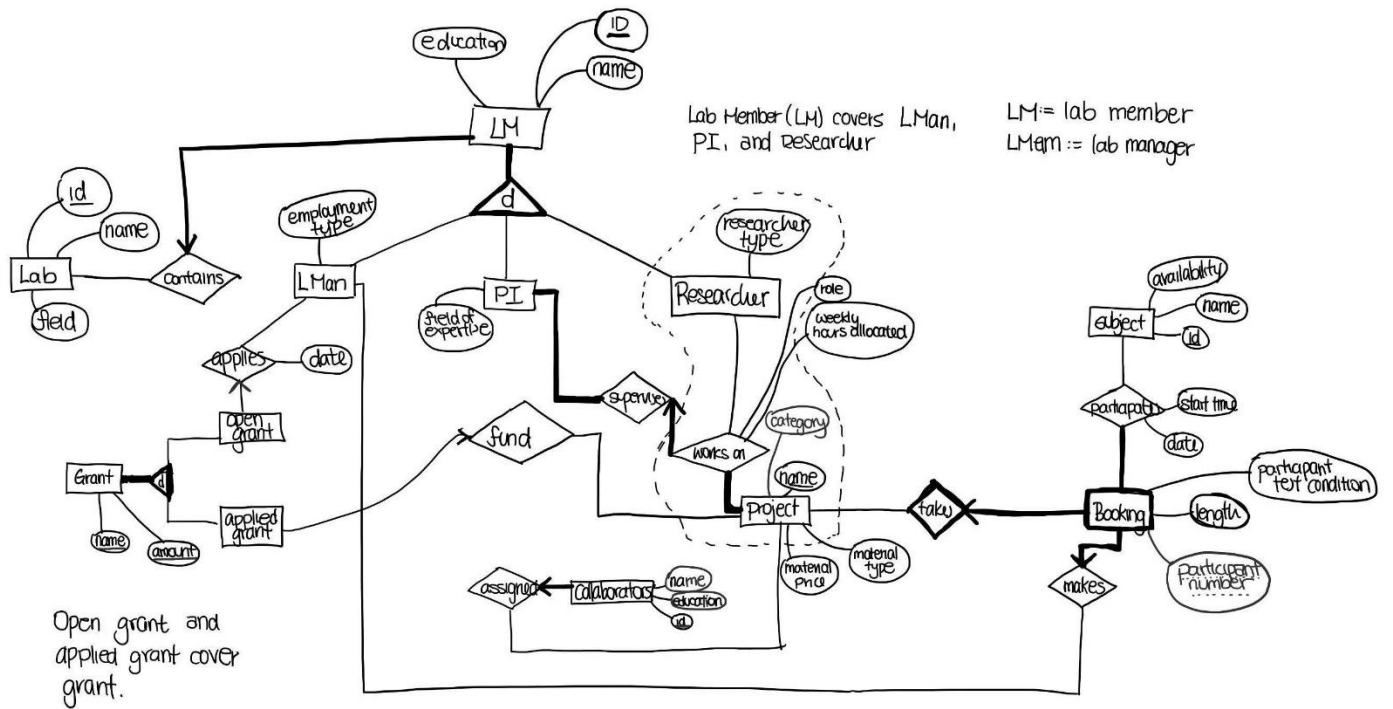
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By typing our names and student numbers in the above table, we certify that the work in the attached assignment was performed solely by those whose names and student IDs are included above.

In addition, we indicate that we are fully aware of the rules and consequences of plagiarism, as set forth by the Department of Computer Science and the University of British Columbia

E/R Diagram



Database Schema Description

Lab (id: string, name: string, field: string)

Primary key: id

Candidate key: id

Foreign key: none

Functional dependencies: id -> name, field

Contains_LabMember (id: string, **labId**: string, name: string, education: string)

Primary key: id

Candidate key: id

Foreign key: labId references Lab (id)

Constraints: labId is not null

Functional dependencies: id -> labId, name, education

LabManager (id: string, empolymentType: string)

Primary key: id

Candidate key: id

Foreign key: id references LabMember (id)

Constraints: none

Functional dependencies: id -> empolymentType

PI (id: string, fieldOfExpertise: string)

Primary key: id

Candidate key: id

Foreign key: id references LabMember (id)

Constraints: none

Functional dependencies: id -> fieldOfExpertise

Researcher (id: string, researcherType: string)

Primary key: id

Candidate key: id

Foreign key: id references LabMember (id)

Constraints: none

Functional dependencies: id -> researcherType

Project (name: string, category: string, materialType: string, materialPrice: float)

Primary key: name

Candidate key: name

Foreign key: none

Constraints: none

Functional dependencies: name -> category, materialType
 materialType -> materialPrice (non-obvious)

We impose that each project in the lab uses a unique material, so the type of material (materialType) used can be determined by the projectName - materialType is something like “imaging”, “DNA”, “video”, “survey”.

The price of the materials is then uniquely determined by the type of materials. Every materialType has a different price.

Applies_OpenGrant (name: string, amount: float, **lmid**: string, date: date)

Primary key: name, amount

Candidate key: name, amount

Foreign key: lmid references LabManager (id)

Constraints: none

Functional dependencies: name, amount -> date

date, name -> lmid (non-obvious)

Given the date applied to the grant and the name of the grant, we can uniquely identify the lab manager who applied to the grant, as we impose/assume that a grant with a given name can only be applied to once on a given day. For example, a LabManager can apply to one NSERC grant a day - even though there are two grants: NSERC 20k and NSERC 40k. The LabManager can only apply to one of these each day. They can apply to NSERC 20k and AllerGen 40k, however, on the same day because they have different names. Therefore, date and name determine lmid, which is the primary key for LabManager.

Fund_AppliedGrant (name: string, amount: float, **projectName**: string)

Primary key: name, amount

Candidate key: name, amount

Foreign key: projectName references Project (name)

Constraints: none

Functional dependencies: name, amount -> projectName

Supervises_WorksOn (**projectName**: string, **rid**: string, **piid**: string, role: string, weeklyHoursAllocated: integer)

Primary key: projectName, rid

Candidate key: projectName, rid

Foreign key: projectName references Project (name)

rid references Researcher (id)

piid references PI (id)

Constraints: piid is not null

Functional dependencies: projectName, rid -> piid, role

role -> weeklyHoursAllocated

Researchers may work on various projects at once. As such, they need to allocate a certain number of hours per week to work on each of their project - this hourly allocation is determined by the role the researcher is taking on for that project. A researcher with role "lead" will allocate more hours to that project than a researcher with the role "assistant".

Assigned_Collaborators (id: string, **projectName**: string, name: string, education: string)

Primary key: id

Candidate key: id

Foreign key: projectName references Project (name)

Constraint: projectName is not null

Functional dependencies: id -> name, education

name, education -> projectName (non-obvious)

We impose that there are no two collaborators with the same name and level of education, and that each collaborator can only work on one project. Therefore, having a name and level of education uniquely identifies the project name.

Subjects (id: string, name: string, availability: boolean)

Primary key: id

Candidate key: id

Foreign key: none

Constraints: none

Functional dependencies: id -> name, availability

Takes_Booking (projectName: string, participantNumber: integer, length: integer, participantTestCondition: string)

Primary key: projectName, participantNumber

Candidate key: projectName, participantNumber

Foreign key: projectName references Project (name)

Constraints: projectName is not null

Functional dependencies: projectName, participantNumber -> length, participantTestCondition

Each project has their own enumeration of participants, and participants can participate in many projects with different participantNumbers - for example, a subject with SID 10A can participate in Project A with participantNumber 4, because they were the 4th participant in that project, while also participating in Project B with participant number 2, because they were the 2nd participant in that project. Therefore, the participantNumber is unique within a project, but different subjects could have the same participantNumber in different projects. Therefore, both the participantNumber and projectName are needed to identify the weak entity Booking.

Length refers to how much time the booking is for. Since we can uniquely identify a participant using projectName and participantNumber, we can use these two pieces of information to determine how long the participant is booked for this particular project.

Finally, participants need to be randomly assigned the test condition they will participate in. We assume each project determines the conditions according to participantNumber before any participants are booked, so a participantNumber will always yield the condition that the participant in that booking will get.

Participates (sid: string, projectName: string, participantNumber: integer, startTime: integer, date: date)

Primary key: sid, projectName, participantNumber

Candidate key: sid, projectName, participantNumber

Foreign key: sid references Subject (id)

projectName, participantNumber reference takes_Booking (projectName, participantNumber)

Constraints: none

Functional dependencies: participantNumber, projectName, sid-> startTime, date

Makes_Booking (projectName: string, participantNumber: integer, lmid: string)

Primary key: projectName, participantNumber

Candidate key: projectName, participantNumber

Foreign key: projectName, participantNumber reference takes_Booking (projectName, participantNumber)

lmid references LabManager (id)

Constraints: lmid is not null

Functional dependencies: projectName, participantNumber -> lmid

Normalized Relations

Lab (id: string, name: string, field: string)

Primary key: id

Foreign key: none

Contains_LabMember (id: string, **labId**: string, name: string, education: string)

Primary key: id

Foreign key: labId references Lab (id)

LabManager (**id**: string, empolymentType: string)

Primary key: id

Foreign key: id references LabMember (id)

PI (**id**: string, fieldOfExpertise: string)

Primary key: id

Foreign key: id references LabMember (id)

Researcher (**id**: string, researcherType: string)

Primary key: id

Foreign key: id references LabMember (id)

Project_MaterialType (name: string, category: string, materialType: string)

Primary key: name

Foreign key: none

MaterialType_MaterialPrice (materialType: string, materialPrice: float)

Primary key: materialType

Foreign key: none

Applies_OpenGrant_Date (name: string, amount: float, date: date)

Primary key: name, amount

Foreign key: none

Date_Name_Lmid (name: string, date: date, **lmid**: string)

Primary key: name, date

Foreign key: lmid references LabManager (id)

Fund_AppliedGrant (name: string, amount: float, **projectName**: string)

Primary key: name, amount

Foreign key: ProjectName references Project (name)

Supervises_WorksOn (**projectName**: string, **rid**: string, **piid**: string, role: string)

Primary key: projectName, rid

Foreign key: projectName references Project (name)

rid references Researcher (id)

piid references PI (id)

Role_WeeklyHoursAllocated (role: string, weeklyHoursAllocated: integer)

Primary key: role

Foreign key: none

Assigned_Collaborators_Id (id: string, name: string, education: string)

Primary key: id

Foreign key: none

Name_Education_ProjectName (name: string, education: string, **projectName**: string)

Primary key: name, education

Foreign key: projectName references Project (name)

Subjects (id: string, name: string, availability: boolean)

Primary key: id

Foreign key: none

Takes_Booking (**projectName**: string, participantNumber: integer, length: integer, participantTestCondition: string)

Primary key: projectName, participantNumber

Foreign key: projectName references Project (name)

Participates (sid: string, **projectName**: string, **participantNumber**: integer, startTime: integer, date: date)

Primary key: sid, projectName, participantNumber

Foreign key: sid references Subject (id)

projectName, participantNumber reference takes_Booking (projectName, participantNumber)

Makes_Booking (**projectName**: string, **participantNumber**: integer, **lmid**: string)

Primary key: projectName, participantNumber

Foreign key: projectName, participantNumber reference takes_Booking (projectName, participantNumber)

lmid references LabManager (id)

SQL DDL- Create Tables

```
CREATE TABLE Lab
(id CHAR(4) PRIMARY KEY,
name CHAR(20),
Field CHAR(4));
```

```
CREATE TABLE Contains_LabMember
(id CHAR(4) PRIMARY KEY,
labId CHAR(4) NOT NULL,
name CHAR(20),
Education CHAR(4),
FOREIGN KEY (labId) REFERENCES Lab(id)
ON DELETE NO ACTION
ON UPDATE CASCADE);
```

```
CREATE TABLE LabManager
(id CHAR(4) PRIMARY KEY,
employmentType CHAR(20),
FOREIGN KEY (id) REFERENCES Contains_LabMember(id)
ON DELETE NO ACTION
ON UPDATE CASCADE);
```

```
CREATE TABLE PI
(id CHAR(4) PRIMARY KEY,
fieldOfExpertise CHAR(20),
FOREIGN KEY (id) REFERENCES Contains_LabMember(id)
ON DELETE NO ACTION
ON UPDATE CASCADE);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Researcher
(id CHAR(4) PRIMARY KEY,
researcherType CHAR(20),
FOREIGN KEY (id) REFERENCES Contains_LabMember(id)
ON DELETE NO ACTION
ON UPDATE CASCADE);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Project_MaterialType
(name CHAR(20) PRIMARY KEY,
category CHAR(20),
materialType CHAR(20));
```

```
CREATE TABLE MaterialType_MaterialPrice
(materialType CHAR(20) PRIMARY KEY,
materialPrice FLOAT);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Applies_OpenGrant_Date
(name CHAR(20),
amount FLOAT,
date DATE,
CHECK (amount > 0),
PRIMARY KEY (name, amount));
```



```

CREATE TABLE Date_Name_Lmid
    (name CHAR(20),
    date DATE,
    lmid CHAR(4),
    PRIMARY KEY (name, date),
    FOREIGN KEY (lmid) REFERENCES LabManager(id)
        ON DELETE NO ACTION
        ON UPDATE CASCADE);

CREATE TABLE Fund_AppliedGrant
    (name CHAR(20),
    amount FLOAT,
    projectName CHAR(20),
    CHECK (amount > 0),
    PRIMARY KEY (name, amount),
    FOREIGN KEY (projectName) REFERENCES Project(name)
        ON DELETE NO ACTION
        ON UPDATE CASCADE);

CREATE TABLE Supervises_WorksOn
    (projectName CHAR(20),
    rid CHAR(4),
    piid CHAR(4) NOT NULL,
    role CHAR(20),
    PRIMARY KEY (projectName, rid),
    FOREIGN KEY (projectName) REFERENCES Project(name)
        ON DELETE NO ACTION
        ON UPDATE CASCADE,
    FOREIGN KEY (rid) REFERENCES Researcher(id)
        ON DELETE NO ACTION
        ON UPDATE CASCADE,
    FOREIGN KEY (piid) REFERENCES PI(id)
        ON DELETE NO ACTION
        ON UPDATE CASCADE);

CREATE TABLE Role_WeeklyHoursAllocated
    (role CHAR(20) PRIMARY KEY,
    weeklyHoursAllocated INTEGER);

CREATE TABLE Assigned_Collaborators_Id
    (id CHAR(4) PRIMARY KEY,
    name CHAR(20),
    education CHAR(4));

CREATE TABLE Name_Education_ProjectName
    (name CHAR(20),
    education CHAR(4),
    projectName CHAR(20) NOT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY (name, education),
    FOREIGN KEY (projectName) REFERENCES Project(name)
        ON DELETE NO ACTION
        ON UPDATE CASCADE);

```

```
CREATE TABLE Subject(  
    id CHAR(4) PRIMARY KEY,  
    name CHAR(20),  
    availability BOOLEAN);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Takes_Booking(  
    projectName CHAR(20) NOT NULL,  
    participantNumber INTEGER,  
    length INTEGER,  
    participantTestCondition CHAR(10),  
    PRIMARY KEY (projectName, participantNumber),  
    FOREIGN KEY (projectName) REFERENCES Project(name)  
        ON DELETE NO ACTION  
        ON UPDATE CASCADE);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Participates  
    (sid CHAR(4),  
    projectName CHAR(20),  
    participantNumber INTEGER,  
    date DATE,  
    PRIMARY KEY (sid, projectName, participantNumber),  
    FOREIGN KEY (sid) REFERENCES Subject(id)  
        ON DELETE NO ACTION  
        ON UPDATE CASCADE,  
    FOREIGN KEY (projectName, participantNumber) REFERENCES Takes_Booking(projectName,  
    participantNumber)  
        ON DELETE NO ACTION  
        ON UPDATE CASCADE);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Makes_Booking(  
    projectName CHAR(20),  
    participantNumber INTEGER,  
    lmid CHAR(4) NOT NULL,  
    PRIMARY KEY (projectName, participantNumber),  
    FOREIGN KEY (projectName, participantNumber) REFERENCES Takes_Booking(projectName,  
    participantNumber)  
        ON DELETE NO ACTION  
        ON UPDATE CASCADE,  
    FOREIGN KEY (lmid) REFERENCES LabManager(id)  
        ON DELETE NO ACTION  
        ON UPDATE CASCADE);
```