



Homework 2

SUBJECT: RE: Welcome to your second week at Borromean!

TO: Kelly Davenport (CTO)

FROM: Jonas Zhonghan Xie (Database Team)

Hi Kelly,

Thank you for your email! I am more than delighted to be part of Borromean. I attached my answers and the data dictionaries for the tables to this email.

Part 1

1. Every investor will pay about \$2,112,857 for the share of the company.

```
mysql> SELECT (30000000-15210000)/7;
+-----+
| (30000000-15210000)/7 |
+-----+
|          2112857.1429 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.06 sec)
```

Part 2

1. There are 24 accounts in the `account` dataset.

```
mysql> SELECT account_id FROM account;
+-----+
| account_id |
+-----+
|          10 |
|          11 |
|          12 |
|          14 |
|          15 |
|          21 |
|          22 |
|          23 |
|           1 |
|           2 |
|           3 |
|           4 |
|           5 |
|          17 |
|          27 |
|           7 |
|           8 |
|          29 |
|          13 |
|          18 |
|          19 |
|          24 |
|          25 |
|          28 |
+-----+
24 rows in set (0.10 sec)
```

2. The primary key of the `account` table is `account_id`. The description of `account` is shown below:

```
[mysql> DESC account;
```

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
account_id	int unsigned	NO	PRI	NULL	auto_increment
product_cd	varchar(10)	NO	MUL	NULL	
cust_id	int unsigned	NO	MUL	NULL	
open_date	date	NO		NULL	
close_date	date	YES		NULL	
last_activity_date	date	YES		NULL	
status	enum('ACTIVE','CLOSED','FROZEN')	YES		NULL	
open_branch_id	smallint unsigned	YES	MUL	NULL	
open_emp_id	smallint unsigned	YES	MUL	NULL	
avail_balance	float(10,2)	YES		NULL	
pending_balance	float(10,2)	YES		NULL	

```
11 rows in set (0.07 sec)
```

3. As you can see from the description of the `account` table above, the status of the accounts can be ACTIVE, CLOSED or FROZEN. But in the `account` table, the accounts are all ACTIVE.

```
[mysql> SELECT DISTINCT status FROM account;
```

```
+-----+
| status |
+-----+
| ACTIVE |
+-----+
```

```
1 row in set (0.05 sec)
```

Part 3

1. The employee who has the ID `1` has opened the most accounts. The employee has opened 8 accounts.

```
[mysql> SELECT open_emp_id FROM account ORDER BY open_emp_id;
```

open_emp_id
1
1
1
1
1
1
1
1
1
10
10
10
10
10
10
10
10
13
13
13
16
16
16
16
16
16

```
24 rows in set (0.07 sec)
```

2. The top-performing employee who has the ID 1 started working the company on June 22, 2001.

```
[mysql> SELECT emp_id, start_date FROM employee ORDER BY emp_id;
```

emp_id	start_date
1	2001-06-22
2	2002-09-12
3	2000-02-09
4	2002-04-24
5	2003-11-14
6	2004-03-17
7	2004-09-15
8	2002-12-02
9	2002-05-03
10	2002-07-27
11	2000-10-23
12	2003-01-08
13	2000-05-11
14	2002-08-09
15	2003-04-01
16	2001-03-15
17	2002-06-29
18	2002-12-12

```
18 rows in set (0.06 sec)
```

Part 4

1. The recent transaction date and the accounts are shown below:

```
[mysql> SELECT txn_date, account_id FROM transaction ORDER BY txn_date DESC;
```

txn_date	account_id
2004-12-28 00:00:00	15
2004-10-28 00:00:00	22
2004-09-30 00:00:00	12
2004-06-30 00:00:00	23
2004-06-30 00:00:00	3
2004-01-27 00:00:00	13
2004-01-12 00:00:00	17
2003-09-12 00:00:00	10
2003-07-30 00:00:00	28
2003-07-30 00:00:00	21
2002-12-15 00:00:00	8
2002-11-23 00:00:00	7
2002-09-30 00:00:00	24
2002-08-24 00:00:00	14
2001-05-23 00:00:00	18
2001-05-23 00:00:00	19
2001-03-12 00:00:00	5
2001-03-12 00:00:00	4
2000-01-15 00:00:00	11
2000-01-15 00:00:00	2
2000-01-15 00:00:00	1

21 rows in set (0.10 sec)

- The primary key of the `transaction` table is `txn_id`. The description of `transaction` is shown below:

```
[mysql> DESC transaction;
```

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
txn_id	int unsigned	NO	PRI	NULL	auto_increment
txn_date	datetime	NO		NULL	
account_id	int unsigned	NO	MUL	NULL	
txn_type_cd	enum('DBT','CDT')	YES		NULL	
amount	double(10,2)	NO		NULL	
teller_emp_id	smallint unsigned	YES	MUL	NULL	
execution_branch_id	smallint unsigned	YES	MUL	NULL	
funds_avail_date	datetime	YES		NULL	

8 rows in set (0.06 sec)

Part 5

- About the branches, there are 3 branches are located in Massachusetts.

```
[mysql> SELECT branch_id, state FROM branch ORDER BY state DESC;
```

branch_id	state
4	NH
1	MA
2	MA
3	MA

```
4 rows in set (0.13 sec)
```

2. The name, address and the ZIP code of the branches are listed below. I also attached the query time as a field below.

```
[mysql> SELECT name, address, zip, NOW() FROM branch;
```

name	address	zip	NOW()
Headquarters	3882 Main St.	02451	2025-02-01 19:19:50
Woburn Branch	422 Maple St.	01801	2025-02-01 19:19:50
Quincy Branch	125 Presidential Way	02169	2025-02-01 19:19:50
So. NH Branch	378 Maynard Ln.	03079	2025-02-01 19:19:50

```
4 rows in set (0.05 sec)
```

I also created the data dictionaries for the tables mentioned above: `account` , `employee` , `transaction` , and `branch` . You can find the data dictionary in each sheet in the Excel file which is attached to this email. Please let me know if you have any questions or additional data request for the next steps.

For Raj's question, it took me about half to an hour to complete the task and create the data dictionaries. I haven't heard from him about his farm business yet. But it really sounds interesting to run a farm!

Thank you again!

Best,
Jonas