

**THE INTERNATIONAL COUNCIL FOR HARMONISATION OF TECHNICAL
REQUIREMENTS FOR PHARMACEUTICALS FOR HUMAN USE (ICH)**

ICH M8 Expert Working Group

**ICH Electronic Common Technical Document (eCTD) v4.0
Implementation Guide v1.2**

November 10, 2016

DOCUMENT CHANGE HISTORY

Version	Date	Comments
1.0	10 December 2015	Initial Step 4 document.
1.1	20 January 2016	Minor editorial corrections after Step 4 approval and sign-off.
1.2	10 November 2016	Revisions based on M8 Review and the following change requests: 00070, 00080, 00090, 00110, 00120, 00150, 00170, 00180, 00220, 00230, 00270, 00300, 00330, 00440, 00450, and 00460. Revised references related to “document groups” to now reference “context groups” (see Common Abbreviations and Terms).

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NOTICE TO READERS

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INSTRUCTIONS TO READER

This is a technical document that provides instructions on how to implement the Electronic Common Technical Document (eCTD) v4.0 specification. The content is provided in a consistent manner within the document. In addition, the reader may be prompted by visual cues about the context or referenced information being presented in the document.

Document Content

In the document there are several notations that are used to provide clarity to the subject matter. The first is the use of Extensible Markup Language (XML) components (i.e., elements and attributes) versus the concept that it represents. The document text will follow the notations described below:

- XML components
 - The document's narrative text is bold, italicised text in camel case, e.g., *contextOfUse*
 - The XML samples are as noted below in the XML Snippets section.
- Concepts without attribution to the standard and/or message
 - A defined concept, e.g., Context of Use is noted in plain text with first letter capitalised.

The following table provides visual cues that are used in the document.

Table 1: Legend of Symbols used in Document

Icon	Description
	Technical descriptions
	Items to be careful to follow
	Additional Instructions
	References to other documents

Common Abbreviations and Terms

The following table defines some common terms in this document and specific to eCTD v4.0.

Abbreviation/Term	Definition
CEN	European Committee for Standardization
Class	Class is used in this document to qualify a base level element from the HL7 standard.
Context Group	Defines the context of a group of documents with the same Context of Use code and Keyword code combination. Previously known as "Document Group" in eCTD v4.0 Implementation Guide version 1.1.
Context of Use code and Keyword code combination	The combination includes both the code and code system for the Context of Use and Keyword in order to define the specific context group under which the documents are grouped.
Datatype	Datatype is used in this document to qualify elements and attributes that come from a datatype in the HL7 standard.
Document	Document is used in this document to identify a content file representing a document required or provided to be submitted. In the eCTD v4.0 message a document will be represented by a document element referencing the file location and providing a title. The document element will be presented in its context of use. Since a document can be used multiple times, a <i>documentReference</i> element allows a document to be specified for the <i>contextOfUse</i> . Each time the document is used in the same submission unit, that document may have a different <i>contextOfUse</i> . The relationship is provided via the <i>documentReference</i> element. Accordingly, each Context of Use must reference a document.
eCTD	Electronic Common Technical Document
ESTRI	Electronic Standards for the Transfer of Regulatory Information Content may be found at: http://estri.ich.org/
EWG	Expert Working Group
HL7	Health Level 7 – International Health Data Standards Development Organisation

Abbreviation/Term	Definition
ICH	The International Council for Harmonisation of Technical Requirements for Pharmaceuticals for Human Use
ISO	International Organization for Standardization
IWG	Implementation Working Group
OID	Object Identifiers
Payload	The payload schema is the eCTD v4.0 base and it contains all of the elements in eCTD v4.0, including items from the Common Product Model and Common Message Element schema. It is organised with the following three elements in the structure: <i>submissionUnit</i> , <i>submission</i> and <i>application</i> .
RPS	Regulated Product Submission – HL7 standard
SDO	Standards Development Organisation
STF	Study Tagging File
TMM	Transition Mapping Message
URI	Uniform Resource Identifier
UUID	Universally Unique Identifiers
XML	Extensible Markup Language

XML Snippets

The following table indicates the color coding used in the XML snippets and any meaning that should be inferred in the samples.

Table 2: Legend for XML Snippets

Text Color	Description <i>Sample</i>
Teal	Schema components <code><?xml version "1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?></code>
Blue	XML notations <code><= ""></code>
Brown	XML element <code>id</code> <code>code</code>
Red	XML attribute <code>root</code> <code>extension</code>
Black	Value of the attribute or element <code>2.16.840.1.113883</code>

The following rules were used in the development of the XML samples:

- The notation of `<!--....notes....-->` was used to describe conditions that should be met for an element
- The notation ... [Description] ... was used to indicate when there were additional elements not represented in the XML, but may be present in the actual XML message.



Note: XML editors may display these XML components differently, please use the legend above for XML presented in this document.

Location in XML

Each of the elements in this document includes a section named, "Location in XML". The notation included uses the following convention:

Table 3: Location in XML Notation

Notation	Description	Instruction for use
>	Single arrow	The element follows the previous without indentation in the XML.
>>	Double arrow	The element follows the previous with an indentation in the XML.

For example, the following location shows both notations and is followed by the XML sample.

- *controlActProcess>> subject>> submissionUnit>>component>>priorityNumber> contextOfUse*

Element's location in XML

```
<controlActProcess classCode="ACTN" moodCode="EVN">
  <subject typeCode="SUBJ">
    <submissionUnit>
      <id root="e6f34476-8288-43f2-a2ea-5860d19fcf32"/>
      <code code="regional_sub_unit_1" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.989.x.x.x"/>
      <title value="Original Application- Indication: pain"/>
      <statusCode code="active"/>
    <component>
      <priorityNumber value="1000"/>
      <contextOfUse>
```



Refer to [XML Color Legend](#) for color usage.

Note: The priority number is represented in the path as it is a required element. In some cases optional elements will not appear in this notation. The schema will enforce any element sequencing requirements, but not optional elements. For ICH specific required elements, refer to Section 8.2 of this document.

XML Elements Tables

A table has been provided for each element in the XML message. When elements have multiple element parts or attributes, they are provided in one table. When there are no attributes or values for an element, the cell is grayed out to indicate that an attribute value is not required in the XML message.

Table 4: Sample XML Element Table

Table Name: <element>.<element 2>

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
Conformance				
Business Rules				
Excluded Elements and/or Attributes				

Table Name: Each table is named for the elements it is representing in the XML – i.e., <element>.<element 2>. For example, the **application** element has an element for the identifier, it would be represented as: **application.id**

Element: Identifies the XML element

Attribute: Identifies the XML attribute

Cardinality: Provides information on how many times the element/attribute can be repeated in the XML message. The values in this table define the cardinality to be applied in eCTD v4.0 implementation, which sometimes restrict the cardinality defined in the schema.

Value(s) Allowed/Examples: Identifies the values allowed using simple data types and any associated examples. References to controlled vocabulary will also be provided

Description/Instructions: Provides a description of the element or attribute

Conformance: Identifies the validation requirements (e.g., XML Elements or attributes) and/or conditions that need to be met by the element

Business Rules: Identifies any business rules that are harmonised for ICH and references to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides when the business rules are not harmonised.

Excluded Elements and/or Attributes: Identifies datatype elements and/or attributes that are part of the HL7 Regulated Product Submission standard and not included in the eCTD v4.0 Implementation. This information is not provided for the transition mapping message.

1. PURPOSE

This document serves as the implementation guide and a technical specification for the Electronic Common Technical Document (eCTD) v4.0 Modules 2 through 5 using the HL7 Version 3 Regulated Product Submission (RPS) Release 2 Normative.



Note to Implementers: This implementation guide will need to be used in conjunction with the Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide, as the eCTD v4.0 message will be incomplete without all of the contents.

2. SCOPE

This document only includes the specification information for eCTD v4.0 Modules 2 – 5 submission contents which are shared across all regions. The eCTD v4.0 Regional/Module 1 content, including the Regional Administrative and Product Information, is not included in this implementation guide.

This standard defines the message for exchanging regulatory submission information electronically between Regulatory Authorities and the Pharmaceutical Industry. The XML message provides the ability to describe the contents of the regulatory exchange and all information needed to process the exchange between these two parties.

For applicants transitioning from eCTD v3.2.2, there are specific transition message instructions outlined in Section 10 in this document.

2.1 Business Case

Regulated Industry and Regulatory Authorities exchange information to address a variety of regulatory processes. The scope of The International Council for Harmonisation of Technical Requirements for Pharmaceuticals for Human Use (ICH) activities covers the human pharmaceutical product marketing approval processes. Currently, the marketing application is provided in paper format (i.e., using the CTD) or electronic (i.e., eCTD). Frequently, when new information is provided, it directly relates to information previously submitted. During the regulatory review process as information is submitted, usually in increments, it is difficult to efficiently process and review new information in light of pre-existing information.

The goal of upgrading to eCTD v4.0 is to facilitate the processing and review of electronic regulatory submissions. The following items are discussed in detail in other sections of this document, but are outlined below as they are the key business drivers for the next major version of eCTD:

- **Document Reuse** – the ability to submit a document once to a Regulatory Authority and refer to the document by its unique identifier in future submissions if the document is validly retained by the Regulatory Authority¹.
- **Document and Metadata life cycle** – the ability to manage the versions of documents and/or metadata.
- **Management of Context Groups** – the ability to group documents together based on nature of their use (e.g., components of clinical study reports)

¹ Refer to applicable Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides for specifics on document retention of regulatory submissions.

3. BACKGROUND

3.1 General Background and eCTD History

The specification for the eCTD, developed by the ICH M2 Expert Working Group (EWG), is based upon content defined within the CTD issued by the ICH M4 EWG. The structure and level of detail specified in the CTD was used to define the eCTD structure and content, but the CTD did not describe documents that can be submitted as amendments or variations to the initial application. The eCTD was defined as an interface for Regulated Industry to Regulatory Authority transfer of regulatory information while at the same time taking into consideration the facilitation of the creation, review, life cycle management and archiving of the electronic submission.

In addition, the M2 EWG developed the Study Tagging File (STF) Specification. The STF was developed to identify all of the files associated with a study to provide a mechanism to organise the content within a particular study for Modules 4 and 5. When submitting a v3.2.2 message, the STF is required in the United States, is required in Canada if node extensions are not used, is not required in Europe, and is not allowed in Japan.

The implementation of the eCTD was done regionally and is described in the next section. Overall the eCTD has been very successful and has facilitated the ability to submit global submissions, but since the implementation of eCTD v3.2.2 there have been a number of change requests and M2 developed the next major version requirements in 2009. To address the enhancements to the eCTD specification, the M8 EWG was formed in November 2010 to specifically focus on the development and implementation of eCTD v4.0.

M8 worked on eCTD v4.0 through the HL7 process to ensure that the RPS message meets ICH requirements. Refer to Section 3.5 for more information on HL7. The RPS model meets both the ICH harmonised (Modules 2 – 5) requirements and the ICH regional requirements. RPS Release 2 passed in September 2014 as a HL7 version 3 Normative Standard.

3.2 Implementation Experience in ICH Regions and Observer Countries

This section provides an overview of previous implementation experience of the eCTD v3.2.2. This history is provided by each ICH Region.

3.2.1 Canada

In 2004, Health Canada began accepting regulatory activities filed in eCTD format as established by the ICH to address the increasing complexity and size of transactions and dossiers. Since 2009, the number of Regulatory Activities in eCTD Format has increased from 9.6% to 70%, and the number of boxes of Regulatory Activities received by Health Canada in paper format has decreased by approximately 85%.

While Health Canada strongly recommends sponsors to use the eCTD to file electronic regulatory activities eligible to use this format, Health Canada is in the process of establishing next steps in order to mandate the use of the eCTD format for filing regulatory activities electronically in Canada.

3.2.2 European Union

In the early 1990's work was initiated in Europe to develop specification-based electronic submission, the definitions developed at that time still exist today at national level. The first submission in the DAMOS format (Drug Application Methodology with Optical Storage) was made in 1992 to the German Competent Authority, The Federal Institute for Drugs and Medical Devices (Bundesinstitut für

Arzneimittel und Medizinprodukte, BfArM). An alternative format, called Market Authorization by Network Submission and Evaluation (MANSEV) and based on HyperText Markup Language, was developed in France, but was never implemented. These European formats and the work to harmonise at a European level were superseded by the ICH eCTD specification.

The ICH eCTD specification was adopted in Europe in 2002 (ICH Step 5). The number of submissions in this format has slowly increased over time. In 2007, due to the low level of adoption by Regulated Industry and Regulatory Authorities, a variant format was introduced that follows the CTD structure but does not support life cycle management. This was named the non-eCTD electronic submission format (NeeS) and was considered as a stepping stone towards full eCTD implementation.

A further step to full implementation of electronic submissions was achieved in 2005 when the EU Heads of Medicines Agencies (HMA) agreed to an EU wide initiative for all EU Regulatory Authorities to be ready to accept eCTD submissions by 2010, without mandating electronic signature. The European Medicines Agency (EMA) started to accept electronic-only submissions with eCTD as the recommended format with no additional requirements for paper copies from 1st July 2008. It became mandatory to submit in eCTD format for the human Centralised Procedure on 1st of January 2010. eCTD format for new applications in the decentralised procedure became mandatory on 1 July 2015. Submission of new applications in mutual recognition procedure is mandatory from 1 January 2017.

The agreed strategy will aim for establishing secure, consistent and efficient electronic submission processes for medicinal products for human and veterinary use across the European Medicines Regulatory Network (ERMN or "the Network"), which eCTD v4.0 needs to support in a broader sense.

3.2.3 Japan

Pharmaceuticals and Medical Devices Agency (PMDA) began accepting reference eCTD in 2004 and official eCTD in 2005. The number of eCTD submissions in Japan had slowly increased for several years, but the official eCTD submissions drastically increased after 2009 when eCTD v3.2.2 was implemented. As of December 2015, the majority of new drug applications in Japan are submitted as eCTD.

3.2.4 Switzerland

Swissmedic introduced eCTD v3.2.2 as exclusive electronic-only format in January 2010. The number of eCTDs submitted per year since then increased slowly and has reached approx. 15% by mid of 2015 based on all marketing authorisation applications including variations. Almost 100% of all new drug applications in Switzerland are submitted in eCTD format. Switzerland has no legal basis to mandate electronic submissions or even eCTD which is considered a main reason for the low use of eCTD. However, eCTD is the preferred format for all regulatory submissions to Swissmedic.

3.2.5 United States

Acceptance of eCTD v3.0 submissions began at the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA) in 2003 when the guideline/specification reached ICH Step 4 and was adopted as an ICH harmonised tripartite guideline. On September 1, 2003, FDA began accepting pilot eCTD submissions for evaluation. This acceptance was indicated on August 27, 2003 by the publishing of Memo 27 in the Electronic Submissions Public Docket number FDA-1992-S-0039 and the concurrent publishing of technical specifications for eCTD submissions to FDA.

On September 13, 2007, FDA published Memo 33 which announced its readiness to accept eCTD format submission for both marketed and research regulatory applications. The memo also withdrew

previous guidance that allowed for electronic submission in non-eCTD format. As of January 1, 2008, eCTD v3.2.2 has been the preferred format for electronic regulatory submissions to FDA.

On May 5, 2015, FDA published "Providing Regulatory Submissions in Electronic Format – Certain Human Pharmaceutical Product Applications and Related Submissions Using the eCTD Specifications" guidance. This guidance will require that marketing applications be submitted in the eCTD format starting in May 2017.

3.3 The Framework for the ICH eCTD v4.0

Since ICH's inception in 1990, the ICH process has gradually evolved. Beside the development of Tripartite ICH Guidelines on Safety, Quality and Efficacy topics, work was also undertaken on a number of important multidisciplinary topics, like MedDRA (Medical Dictionary for Regulatory Activities; ICH topic M1) or the CTD (Common Technical Document, ICH topic M4). Starting in the new millennium, the need to expand communication and dissemination of information on ICH Guidelines with non-ICH regions became a key focus, accompanied by the need to facilitate the implementation of ICH Guidelines in ICH's own regions.

In the last 10 to 15 years, more and more attention was given to the maintenance of already existing Guidelines as science and technology continued to evolve. The need to leverage with other organisations was also acknowledged, particularly for the development of electronic standards. ICH recognised the benefits afforded by collaboration with international Standards Development Organisations, from the perspective of a larger pool of technical expertise and the promising opportunity to progress ICH standards as global standards. This would also allow for extending the benefits of harmonisation beyond the ICH regions by increasing participation of non-ICH regions in guideline development.

The most desirable long-term objective is to have one globally used electronic message standard to exchange information on regulated products based on internationally approved and interoperable standards.

In 2006 a basic process description for the involvement of and collaboration with other Standard Development Organisations (SDOs), initially International Organization for Standardization (ISO), HL7 and European Committee for Standardization (CEN), was drafted based on the "List of Critical Conditions for the SDO Message Standard Development Process". During the same meeting, the ICH Steering Committee (SC) approved to progress the E2B (R) and M5 messages development with the SDO consortium to evaluate the SDO process.

At the ICH meeting in October 2007 in Yokohama, a decision was made to move to the next major version of eCTD specification in collaboration with SDOs instead of making slight revisions to the eCTD specification to a next minor version 3.3.3. During the ICH meeting in June 2008 in Portland, the Steering Committee endorsed that ICH would approach HL7 to discuss options to progress the eCTD Next Major Version through the Joint Initiative, a collaboration of ISO, CEN and HL7. To evaluate the acceptability of the resulting standard, ICH collected and collated requirements from each region into a draft ICH requirements document.

An ICH Expert Working Group (EWG) and Implementation Working Group (IWG) was established to focus on the next major version of eCTD during the meeting in Fukuoka in November 2010, and the new ICH EWG/IWG M8 met for the first time as a group in June 2011 in Cincinnati.

M8 presented the concept to develop the eCTD Version 4.0 until Step 2 of the ICH process while also working through the HL7 standards development process to enhance the existing RPS Release 1 Standard. At this time point, the enhanced HL7 RPS Standard would be submitted into an ISO fast track process with the result to become an international adopted ISO Standard. In parallel ICH M8 would continue the ICH process with the development of concepts, specifications, guidance and a set of tests to support the implementation of the expected ISO standard. This was planned as Step 3 and 4 activities of the ICH process to be in alignment with the publication of the ISO standard based on the HL7 Version 3 RPS Release 2 Normative Standard, and the ICH eCTD v4.0 Implementation Guide.

In 2015 ICH M8 published the Step 2 ICH eCTD v4.0 Implementation Guide for public consultation and the updates to this document are a result of those public comments. In September 2015 HL7 published the RPS Release 2 Normative Standard. Due to changes in the HL7 and ISO processes RPS Release 2 is not currently an ISO standard. The decision to publish this Step 4 implementation guide will allow regions to move forward with implementation and the acceptance of eCTD v4.0 submissions with the understanding that some regions will not be able to mandate eCTD v4.0 until there is an approved ISO RPS standard.

3.4 Advantages of eCTD v4.0

The advantages of moving to eCTD v4.0 is to address the new requirements and/or improvements that were needed based on the implementation and usage of eCTD v3.2.2. In addition to the business drivers, the use of an international information exchange standard is needed in the regulatory environment to ensure that mandates can be issued and standardisation enabled for increased consistency across the Regulatory Authorities with respect to the exchange of regulatory information. The key business advantages for upgrading to eCTD v4.0 are noted below:

Harmonised submission unit: In eCTD v4.0, the harmonised and regional content is consolidated into one exchange message – i.e., all content from Module 1 through Module 5 is contained in one exchange message. The exchange message has one schema that will be used to implement the exchange of information via one submission unit – i.e., an XML file. In addition, since the schema is shared, it will not need to be submitted with each submission unit.

Document reuse: Once a document has been submitted, eCTD v4.0 will allow for this document to be reused in the same context in a different submission unit, submission or application, reused in a different context in the same submission unit or application, or reused in a different context in a different submission unit or application. This is accomplished by assigning each document with a unique ID that can be referenced anywhere in the Regulatory Authority's environment.

Context of Use life cycle: The Context of Use concept allows for advanced life cycle management operations. A Context of Use may be replaced by one or more Context of Use elements and vice versa (i.e., many to one) through the context of use life cycle.

eCTD v4.0 supports the existing "new", "replace", and "delete" eCTD v3.2.2 life cycle operators; however the support for the "append" operation has been removed from the eCTD v4.0 specification. If a submission has transitioned from v3.2.2 to v4.0, the sender will be able to life cycle any appended content along with its associated leaf when using the replace function in v4.0. See Section 8.2.7 Related Context of Use for additional information.

eCTD v4.0 also introduces the ability to apply changes to keyword definition display name values (e.g., drug substance/product names, manufacturers, dosage forms, indication, excipient, group title, etc.) without resubmitting the physical files or the Contexts of Use element.

Function of context groups:

In eCTD v4.0, documents are referenced by a Context of Use, which specifies where they are to be inserted into the CTD/eCTD table of contents when presenting a reviewable structure.

One use of context groups includes the replacement for STFs in Modules 4 and 5 to organise multiple files relating to a single clinical study as noted in the eCTD specification (v3.2.2). The STF was developed to address the inability of the XML backbone to provide all the metadata necessary to properly represent studies and to organise clinical study report documentation. In eCTD v4.0, the Context of Use code and Keyword code combination functions to create a group of documents in a specific context.

For additional information about the technical implementation, refer to Section 8.2.15.

3.5 Change Control

The eCTD v4.0 specification is based on the HL7 Version 3 RPS Release 2 Standard, which was developed in the external SDO, HL7, and with various stakeholders. Changes to the eCTD v4.0 schema² and resulting Implementation Guide will remain the responsibility of the ICH M8 EWG & IWG and will follow the established eCTD change control process. Changes that require modifications to the standard will follow established SDO's change control processes³.

In accordance with the ICH M8 eCTD EWG & IWG Roles and Responsibilities⁴, ICH M8 EWG must:

- i. Ensure fidelity of ICH-Global and ICH-Regional requirements are maintained through SDO process
- ii. Evaluate new requirements brought into SDO process from outside of ICH and review for utility in ICH regions and that they do not contradict ICH requirements

Change requests originating outside of the ICH M8 EWG should be brought to the attention of the ICH M8 Rapporteur upon their creation so they may be presented to the full ICH M8 EWG to be evaluated, and given a disposition.

ICH regions are encouraged to create regional processes for the creation of change requests, creation of supporting documentation, and the submission of change request packages to the ICH M8 Rapporteur when there is a need to harmonise change across the regions. These processes may be documented in Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides and/or other regional change control documents.

Factors that could affect the eCTD v4.0 schema and/or Implementation Guide include, but are not limited to:

² The schema used for the eCTD v4.0 implementation is maintained by HL7.

³ This version of the Implementation Guide references the existing HL7 Version 3 RPS R2 Normative Standard and its change control processes.

⁴ M8_eCTD_Concept_Paper.pdf available on the ICH website

- Change in the content of the CTD, either through the amendment of information, at the same level of detail, or by provision of more detailed definition of content and structure
- Updating standards by SDOs that are already in use within the eCTD
- Identification of new standards that provide additional value for the creation and/or usage of the eCTD
- Identification of new functional requirements
- Experience of use of the eCTD by all parties

Examples of changes that would affect only eCTD v4.0 are:

- Changes to Controlled Vocabularies maintained by ICH

Examples of changes that would be needed to address evolving ICH requirements and that may affect the HL7 standards or vocabularies (including the Modeling and Methodology, Infrastructure and Messaging, Vocabulary and the RPS Working Groups) are:

- Changes to the Reference Information Model
- Changes to the RPS Refined Message Information Models and/or referenced CMETs
- Changes to Controlled Vocabularies maintained by HL7
- Changes to Data Types used by RPS (Note: that this would also require changes to the ISO 21090 Data Type Standard, which is completed in conjunction with the HL7 processes)

Full details of the ICH change control management process are described in an external document titled, *Change Control Process for the eCTD*⁵. Refer to the Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide for additional information about changes to the regional implementation information.

4. COMPONENTS OF THE ECTD v4.0

This section will provide a brief overview of the essential components of the eCTD v4.0 specification. The essential components include:

- Object Identifiers (OIDs) and Universally Unique Identifiers (UUIDs) (summarised in Section 4.5)
- Data Types (summarised in Section 4.6)
- Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides (summarised in Section 4.7)
- Files and Folders (detailed information provided in Section 5 and Section 11)
- Controlled Vocabulary (detailed information provided in Section 6)
- ICH eCTD v4.0 XML Schema (detailed information provided in Section 7)
- eCTD v4.0 XML message (detailed information provided in Section 8)
- Forward Compatibility (detailed information in Section 10 and Section 13)
- eCTD v4.0 Validation Rules (detailed information in Section 12)

Note: Reference the Electronic Standards for the Transfer of Regulatory Information (ESTRI) Website for complete list of documents in the ICH eCTD v4.0 Implementation Package.

Each of these components is detailed in the subsequent sections to include specific information about the component's role in the implementation of the specification. In order to compose a complete eCTD v4.0 compliant message, the contents of this implementation guide will need to be complemented by several

⁵ All ICH eCTD change control documentation can be found on the ich.org or estri.org websites.

other documents. The focus of this document is to outline the essential components of the eCTD v4.0 and specifically the information required to compose Modules 2 – 5 of the CTD in the message.

4.1 Files and Folders

The files (i.e., documents referenced in the XML message) will be sent in addition to the XML message. Each file will be organised in a folder structure as outlined for the eCTD v4.0. Each *document.text* element within the eCTD v4.0 XML message will be given a specific directory location i.e., the folders that will be used to organise the physical files if the document is being sent for the first time. For detailed information on this topic, refer to Section 5 below.

4.2 Controlled Vocabularies

Controlled vocabularies are one of the essential components of the eCTD v4.0, which enable interoperability – i.e., clear, unambiguous communications between systems sending and receiving XML messages. For the XML elements that have coded values, a controlled vocabulary will be required to indicate the value of the concept. Each code has a code system. The code system may be managed by ICH, Region or the Applicant. The specific assignment of code system values can be found in the detailed description of OIDs and controlled vocabularies.

Controlled vocabularies are defined external to the message; a code is used as the identifier to convert the code value into the meaningful terms that will be used in any system that implements the viewing of the information sent in the XML message. The controlled vocabularies are detailed in Section 6 and examples are given for the applicable XML components.

For Controlled Vocabularies that will be maintained by ICH, the Expert Working Groups M8 and M2 will work on establishing governance of the eCTD v4.0 controlled vocabulary⁶. All other controlled vocabularies will be maintained by each Regulatory Authority or designated External organisation.



Refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide for additional information about the maintenance of Regional Controlled Vocabulary identified in Section 6.2 below.

⁶ Refer to the ESTRI website for additional information

4.3 ICH eCTD v4.0 XML Schema

This section will outline the required schema files for the ICH eCTD v4.0 Message. The schemas are organised by category and sub-categories in the table below. The schemas below are provided on the ESTRI website.

Major Category		Schema Files	
1	Core Schemas: A common schema set for all HL7 Version 3 messages	datatypes-rX-cs.xsd hl7-r2_datatypes.xsd infrastructureRoot-r2.xsd NarrativeBlock.xsd voc-r2.xsd	
2	RPS Schema: A schema set for the eCTD v4.0 – RPS compliant message	Interactions: PORP_IN000001UV.xsd	Control Act: MCAI_MT700201UV02.xsd
Referenced Schema Files			
3	Common Message Elements Schema: The CMETs referenced by the Common Product model or RPS Schemas	COCT_MT030203UV07.xsd COCT_MT040203UV09.xsd COCT_MT070000UV01.xsd COCT_MT090100UV01.xsd COCT_MT090108UV.xsd COCT_MT090300UV01.xsd COCT_MT090303UV01.xsd	COCT_MT150000UV02.xsd COCT_MT150003UV03.xsd COCT_MT150007UV.xsd COCT_MT710000UV07.xsd COCT_MT960000UV05.xsd

4.4 The eCTD v4.0 XML Message

The eCTD v4.0 message is based on the ICH eCTD v4.0 schema and has only been constrained where noted in this Implementation Guide or the Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides. There is one XML message created for a Submission Unit.

4.5 OIDs and UUIDs

There are two types of unique identifiers, OIDs and UUIDs. The subsections below provide additional information on how they are used by ICH eCTD v4.0.

4.5.1 Object Identifiers

An OID is a sequence of numbers that uniquely identify an object and represent a hierarchically-assigned namespace. OIDs are formally defined using the International Telecommunications Union ASN.1 standard⁷. OIDs are represented as follows:

- String of digits separated by periods: 2.16.840.1.113883
- list of named branches: {joint-iso-itu-t(2) country(16) us(840) organisation(1) hl7(113883)}

The current OIDs for the ICH domain include:

- ich-estri – 2.16.840.1.113883.3.989
- ich-estri-msg-stds – 2.16.840.1.113883.3.989.2
- ich-estri-msg-stds-m8-ectd – 2.16.840.1.113883.3.989.2.2
- ich-estri-msg-stds-m8-ectd-code-lists – 2.16.840.1.113883.3.989.2.2.1
- ich-estri-msg-stds-m8-ectd-code-list-valueset-version – 2.16.840.1.113883.3.989.2.2.1.x.y

In ICH eCTD v4.0, the version OIDs will be used to provide the code system value for each element defined by ICH that requires a code. Each required element with a code will indicate when an OID should be provided. Code systems managed by regions or external organisations will have a registered OID. Note: The sender may determine whether or not to register OIDs for the sender-defined codes (Refer to Section 6.5 for additional information).



Note: The "x" value indicates the code system and "y" indicates the code system version.

4.5.2 Universally Unique Identifiers

A UUID is hexadecimal text in the form of 8-4-4-4-12 characters, i.e., text value includes 32 characters and 4 hyphens.⁸ UUIDs are formally defined by ISO/IEC 11578:1996 and ITU-T Rec X.667 | ISO/IEC 9834-8:2005. UUIDs are represented as follows:

- String of digits separated by hyphens: 25635f23-a3a4-4ce0-9994-99c5f074960f

In ICH eCTD v4.0, UUIDs will be used for any identifier root attribute value. Each required element with an identifier (e.g., *id* element) will indicate when a UUID should be provided.

4.6 Data Types

Data Types are another essential component of the eCTD v4.0 specification. In order to provide all of the information required in the XML message, the data types are represented as elements and attributes. The data type for the elements and attributes are as follows:

- Text – allows for any UTF-8 characters (includes Japanese characters).
- Alpha – allowing only alpha characters (e.g., A-Z) to be used
- Alpha Numeric – allowing alpha (A-Z) and numeric (0-9) to be used in a string. XML should follow W3C standards for alpha numeric values.

⁷ International Telecommunication Union, x680: Information technology – Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1): Specification of basic notation

⁸ International Telecommunication Union, x667: Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – Procedures for the operation of OSI Registration Authorities: Generation and registration of Universally Unique Identifiers (UUIDs) and their use as ASN.1 object identifier components

- Numeric – only allows numeric characters (e.g., 0 through 9.E+-) to be used in a string for integers and real numbers.
- Boolean: allows a true or false value to be provided.
- nullFlavors: these are used when required values need to be left blank. Null flavors are based on HL7 Messaging standard, and constraints are mentioned for each XML element. Currently, null flavors are not used in eCTD v4.0.



Note: The data types for HL7 RPS are specified by ISO 21090: Health informatics -- Harmonized data types for information interchange, however the usage in the eCTD v4.0 Implementation guide refer to the corresponding XML elements or attributes, and the values follow the simple data types as explained above.

4.7 Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides

The Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides play a key role in providing the administrative information. The administrative information in the message is mainly found in Module 1 and, as such, is the main subject of the Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides.



Note to Implementers: The information in this ICH eCTD v4.0 Implementation Guide is necessary, but not sufficient for creating the complete XML message for transmission. The Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides are required to send a complete XML message.

The Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides are available through the ICH ESTRI website.

4.7.1 Region-Specific Elements

The elements and business rules that are Region/Country specific will be covered by each of the Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides, as applicable:

- *application*
 - *subject.reviewProcedure*
 - *reference.applicationReference*
 - *holder.applicant* (Only used for the Transition mapping message, refer to Section 10.4.15)
 - *informationRecipient.territorialAuthority*
- *submission*
 - *subject2.review*
 - *subject1.manufacturedProduct*
 - *holder.applicant*
 - *author.territorialAuthority*
 - *subject2.productCategory*
 - *subject3.regulatoryStatus*
 - *subject3.mode*
 - *subject4.regulatoryReviewTime*
 - *subject5.submissionGroup*
- *componentOf2.categoryEvent*
 - *component.categoryEvent*



Refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides for additional information about Region/Country the included elements and for specific conformance and business rules for the relevant elements.

4.7.2 ICH Excluded Elements

The following class elements are excluded from ICH eCTD v4.0, and the Applicant or Regulatory Authorities should follow the implementation notes for handling these elements in the XML message.

Elements in the Message Header:

- *id*
- *creationTime*
- *interactionId*
- *processingCode*
- *processingModeCode*
- *acceptAckCode*
- *sender.device.id*



Note to Implementers: *these elements should be included in the message and represented with self-closing tags, but should not include any values for the associated elements and attributes. Refer to Table 6 for the XML elements required by the schema. If these elements and associated elements and attributes are included in the XML message, they will be ignored by the receiver.*

Elements in the Payload Message:

- *document*
 - *referencedBy.Keyword*
- *submission*
 - *subject1.regulatoryStatus*



Note to Implementers: *If these elements and associated elements and attributes are included in the XML message, they will be ignored by the receiver.*

4.7.3 Excluded Business Processes

This document will not address any regional business processes. The regional business processes may include, but are not limited to the following:

- **Two-way Communication** – includes information on Regulatory Authority communication with the Applicant.
- **Dossier Management/Submission Life Cycle** – includes rules for Submission Unit, Submission and Applications.
- **Submission Units with Multiple Submission components** (e.g., Grouped Submissions and Group Variations) – includes rules for sending submission units that will reference more than one submission component.



Refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides for additional information about Region/Country specific excluded business processes.

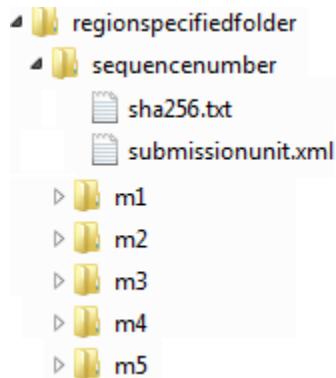
5. SUBMISSION CONTENTS, FOLDER AND FILE STRUCTURE

The folder and file structure specified for the document contents being transmitted along with the XML message should follow various specifications and rules as presented below in this section.

5.1 Submission Unit Contents

When submitting the contents of a Submission Unit, the following structure should be used:

Figure 1: Submission Unit Folder Structure



The *Region Specified Folder* will be determined by Region/Country and additional information can be found in the Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides.

The *Sequence Number Folder* should be the same for all regions and named with the "*sequencenumber*" of the submission unit i.e., the actual value of the sequence number e.g., 999 (Refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides for additional information when there is more than one submission in the submission unit). The following contents should be included in the Second Level Folder:

- An ICH eCTD v4.0 XML Message for an individual Submission Unit, named "submissionunit.xml" is required. **Note:** the sender should not send the schema files – i.e., the util folder is no longer required, the XML should reference the interaction schema being used, refer to Section 8.1.
- A checksum of the XML eCTD instance (submissionunit.xml) should also be included in a text file and named "sha256.txt". The text file must be included in the sequence folder – i.e., in the same directory as the XML eCTD instance.
- Folders for Modules 1 – 5 and the content to be included in that submission unit. The following rules may apply to the contents:
 - Folder structure for m1 folder should follow each Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide
 - Folder structure for m2 – m5 folders should follow the structure provided in this document. Refer to Sections 5.4 and 11.⁹

⁹ Refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides for any exceptions to this rule.

- All files included in these folders should be accounted for in the XML message¹⁰
- Files previously sent do not need to be sent again¹¹



Note to Implementers – the submissionunit.xml file replaces all of the previous v3.2.2 message files (i.e., index, regional and stf XML files).



Note to Implementers - the submission package should only contain folders when content is provided for the CTD module. The submission package should not contain empty folders.

5.2 Naming Conventions

The naming convention for folders was modified for the eCTD v4.0 implementation. Refer to Section 11 for the complete folder naming conventions for Modules 2 – 5.

Additional guidance for naming convention that is not specified in the sub-sections includes:

- Folder and file names should be written in lower case only.
- All file names should be unique within the folder. When files have specific naming requirements, additional folders may need to be added¹².
- All files should have one and only one file extension.
- The file extension should be used to indicate the format of the file.
- The First Level Folder should follow details of the respective Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide.

5.2.1 Allowable Characters

All implementations shall follow the IETF rules for Uniform Resource Locators (URLs) (except for period and asterisk) for file or folder name. All alphanumeric characters are acceptable, and special characters should be limited to those in the table below.

Table 5: Allowable Special Characters

Special Character	Description
\$	Dollar sign, Peso sign
-	Hyphen, Dash
_	Underscore, understrike, low line, low dash
+	Plus sign
!	Exclamation mark
'	Apostrophe, Single quotation mark
(Left parentheses, Left bracket (UK)
)	Right parentheses, Right bracket (UK)

¹⁰ Refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides for any exceptions to this rule.

¹¹ *Ibid.*

¹² *Ibid.*



Consult the IETF documentation on Uniform Resource Identifier (URI): Generic Syntax RFC 3986.

Consult Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide for a full list of allowable characters, including additional instructions for allowable characters of study data files.

5.2.2 Length

The restrictions on file or folder name lengths should follow the specifications below:

- Maximum document (i.e., file) name length: 64 (including file name extension)
- Maximum folder name length: 64
- Maximum path length including first level folder: 180
 - *Note: this allows the folder structure to exist under a logical drive with high level folder that is applicable to the sender's environment. If the path exceeds the 180 character limit or the regionally-defined limit, then folder and file names created by the applicant should be abbreviated.*
- File name extension = 3 or 4 characters

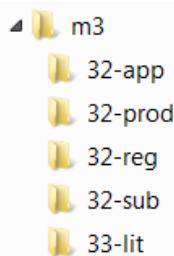
5.3 Pathname Conventions and Best Practices

The pathname convention should reference the relative folder path using the forward slash (/) character to separate the folders. For example, the following pathname indicates the location of the file relative to the submissionunit.xml file e.g., "m2/23-qos/introduction.pdf".

5.4 Folder Hierarchy

Following the naming and pathname conventions above, the actual physical structure of the folder hierarchy should follow the guidance in Section 11 and Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide. An example for Module 3 is depicted in the following figure.

Figure 2: Sample Folder Hierarchy of Module 3



Refer to Section 11 for the complete folder hierarchy for Modules 2 – 5.



Note: There should be no more than seven (7) levels of folders (i.e., nesting greater than 6 levels is not acceptable) within the Region Specified Folder.

This allows a cushion before exceeding the limit of 8, as specified by ISO9660. This allows the additional folders that may be needed in the sender or receiver's file directory.

5.5 File Formats

In the eCTD v4.0 message, file formats are not specified. Consult Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides for additional information about what file formats will be accepted for any submission content, including study data.



Note: Refer to the Specification for Submission Formats for eCTD for additional information about ICH file specifications.

5.6 Checksums

The eCTD v4.0 XML message will contain checksums for all **document.text.integrityCheck** elements. The SHA-256 integrity check algorithm should be applied to obtain a checksum for all files referenced in a **document** element within a given submission unit.

The purpose of the checksum is as follows:

- The integrity of each file can be verified by comparing the checksum submitted in the XML message and a computed checksum by the receiving system.
- The checksum can be used to verify that the file has not been altered in the historical archive of the Regulatory Authority.

5.7 Compressed Archive

A compressed archive is any collection of files that have been added to an archive and the archive has been compressed to minimise the file size of the archive file (e.g., zip files and tar.gz files). There should not be any compressed archives submitted for content in Modules 2 to 5.

6. CONTROLLED VOCABULARIES

As described in Section 4.2, there is extensive use of controlled vocabularies in the execution of an eCTD v4.0 message. The information in the following sub-sections will outline the controlled vocabulary used in developing an eCTD v4.0 message. There are several different authoritative sources for the controlled vocabulary, and as such they are categorised below by the organisation that controls the content. The ICH eCTD v4.0-specific terminology – i.e., the controlled vocabulary determined by ICH are listed in Section 6.1.



Note to Implementers: The controlled vocabularies are provided both as genericode and spreadsheet files. The code lists controlled by ICH and Regions are available in the respective implementation packages.

The controlled vocabularies maintained by ICH and/or Regions will be under version control. The OID assigned to each code list will indicate its version number. When submitting vocabulary, the valid versions must be provided. Refer to the Section 3.5 for additional information regarding change control.

6.1 Controlled Vocabularies specified by ICH

The controlled vocabularies specified by ICH M8 for eCTD v4.0 are provided below with a brief description of the terminology and location for obtaining detailed information. All ICH controlled vocabularies are provided in the genericode and spreadsheet files found in the ICH eCTD v4.0 Implementation Package.

- eCTD v4.0 – Context of Use Codes: Specifies the code set for the Context of Use values that will represent the headings found in the CTD structure (specifically Module 2 – 5).



Consult Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide to complete the list of allowable Context of Use vocabulary.

- eCTD v4.0 – Keyword Codes: Specifies the keyword types that have a controlled vocabulary (e.g., species, route of administration, duration and type of control, etc.).



Consult Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide to complete the list of allowable Keyword Definition vocabulary.

- eCTD v4.0 – Keyword Definition Codes: Specifies the keyword codes for the types of keywords that are defined by **keywordDefinition** (e.g., manufacturer, dosage form, substance, indication, document type, group title, etc.). Note: For the sender-defined value attributes of the keyword definitions – refer to Section 6.5. For keyword definition types, refer to the Controlled Vocabulary spreadsheet in the Implementation package.



Consult Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide to complete the list of allowable types of Keyword Definition vocabulary.

- eCTD v4.0 – Media Types: Specifies the file format of specific documents. This additional information may be used by receiving implementations to enable special handling of the content.



Consult Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide to complete the list of allowable Media Types vocabulary.

6.2 Controlled Vocabularies specified Regionally

The controlled vocabularies specified by each Region for eCTD v4.0 are provided below. The **codeSystem** attribute provides the OID for each of the codes sets that will be defined in Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides.

- eCTD v4.0 – Application Codes



Consult Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide for a full list of allowable Application vocabulary.

- eCTD v4.0 – Application Reference Reason Codes



Consult Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide for a full list of allowable Application Reference Reason vocabulary.

- eCTD v4.0 – Category Event Codes



Consult Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide for a full list of allowable Category Event vocabulary.

- eCTD v4.0 – Contact Party Codes



Consult Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide for a full list of allowable Contact Party vocabulary.

- eCTD v4.0 – Context of Use Codes: Specifies the code set to represent the headings found in the CTD structure that are specified by regional authorities (specifically Module 1).



Consult Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide for a full list of allowable Context of Use vocabulary.

- eCTD v4.0 – Keyword Codes: Specifies the keyword types that have a controlled vocabulary, which may be additionally specified by regional authorities.



Consult Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide for a full list of allowable Keyword vocabulary.

- eCTD v4.0 – Keyword Definition Codes: Specifies the keyword codes for the types of keywords that are specified by regional authorities.



Consult Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide for a full list of allowable Keyword Definition vocabulary.

- eCTD 4.0 – Ingredient Role Codes



Consult Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide for a full list of allowable Ingredient Role Code vocabulary.

- eCTD v4.0 – Manufactured Product Codes



Consult Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide for a full list of allowable Manufactured Product vocabulary.

- eCTD v4.0 – Media Types



Consult Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide for a full list of allowable Media Types vocabulary.

- eCTD v4.0 – Mode Codes



Consult Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide for a full list of allowable Mode vocabulary.

- eCTD v4.0 – Place Codes



Consult Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide for a full list of allowable Place vocabulary.

- eCTD v4.0 – Product Category Codes



Consult Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide for a full list of allowable Product Category vocabulary.

- eCTD v4.0 – Regulatory Status Codes



Consult Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide for a full list of allowable Regulatory Status vocabulary.

- eCTD v4.0 – Regulatory Review Time codes



Consult Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide for a full list of allowable Regulatory Review Time vocabulary.

- eCTD v4.0 – Review Procedure Codes



Consult Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide for a full list of allowable Review Procedure vocabulary.

- eCTD v4.0 – Submission Codes



Consult Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide for a full list of allowable Submission vocabulary. Also refer to Section 10.4.12.1.2 for the Transition Mapping message vocabulary.

- eCTD v4.0 – Submission Unit Codes



Consult Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide for a full list of allowable Submission Unit vocabulary. Also refer to Section 10.4.4.2.2 for the Transition Mapping message vocabulary.

- eCTD v4.0 – Substance Codes



Consult Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide for a full list of allowable Substance vocabulary.

- eCTD 4.0 – Territorial Authority Role Codes



Consult Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide for a full list of allowable Territorial Authority Role Code vocabulary.

- eCTD 4.0 – Territorial Codes



Consult Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide for a full list of allowable Territorial Code vocabulary.

6.3 Controlled Vocabulary specified by HL7

The controlled vocabularies specified by HL7 are provided below with a brief description of the terminology and location for obtaining detailed information.

- **HL7 Document Type Codes:** This vocabulary is provided in the HL7 Version 3 Standard for the *typeCode* attribute on certain elements within the XML message. These codes are only required for *typeCode* attributes that are not fixed in the XML Schema. The *codeSystem* OID is not required in the XML message for any *typeCode* attribute. Note: These are fixed values and

are provided in Section 8.2 of this document for each element that requires the *typeCode* to be specified.

- **HL7 Status Codes:** This vocabulary is provided in the HL7 Version 3 Standard for the *statusCode* element part on various elements within the XML message. These are values that should be used in the XML message for *statusCode.code*. The *codeSystem* OID is not required for the status codes. Note: Status codes can only use the values provided by HL7 and specified by ICH.¹³
- **HL7 Update Mode Codes:** This vocabulary is provided in the HL7 Version 3 Standard for the *updateMode* attribute on certain elements within the XML message. These codes are required for the *updateMode* attributes. The schema has not been constrained and the allowable values are provided in this document for each element that requires the *updateMode*.



Note to Implementers: The controlled vocabulary required by the HL7 RPS Standard enables system to system communications and is not always the ideal way to display concepts in a system graphical user interface (GUI). Be cautious not to apply the technical codes in the GUI, instead use the business friendly terms that are specified by Regulatory Authorities in the Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides.

6.4 Controlled Vocabulary specified by External Organisations

The controlled vocabulary specified by other organisations (i.e., not managed by ICH, Region or HL7) are provided below noting the responsible organisation, a brief description of the terminology and location for obtaining detailed information.

- **International Organization for Standardization (ISO) - Two-Letter Language Code:** This is a two letter code that is specified for the language as specified in the ISO 639.1 Standard. This vocabulary is used to define the *text@language* attribute.
- **ISO Country Code – Two-letter Country Code:** This is the Country code that is specified in the ISO 3166-1 Standard.

6.5 Sender-defined Vocabulary

Vocabulary that has been sender-defined, specifically *keywordDefinitions.value.item.code*, the message will require a *code* and *codeSystem* values. The applicant may use their own assignment of these values. In addition, the applicant may but does not need to follow the OID assignments noted in Section 4.5.1. If the OID assignments are used, either type of OID may be used as they are technically compatible. Receivers will use these values in the context of one application. Therefore there should not be any collisions or issues with using the values for *keyword* codes within the application.



Note to Implementers: There may be business scenarios that require the management of sender-defined vocabulary across applications (e.g., grouped submissions). It is recommended that keyword definitions be managed across applications to optimise their future use in each relevant Application as Context of Use keywords. Refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides for additional information.

¹³ The allowable value set varies by element in the HL7 Version 3 RPS R2 Standard. For specifics of the ICH eCTD v4.0 Implementation, consult the genericode and spreadsheet files.

7. ICH eCTD v4.0 XML SCHEMA

7.1 Core Schema

The core schemas are the foundation for the ICH eCTD v4.0 XML schema. These schemas will not be referenced directly, but indirectly by each other and in the referenced ICH eCTD v4.0 schemas.

7.1.1 InfrastructureRoot-r2

This schema defines the properties that are valid for all elements in all other schemas.

Note: The elements in this schema are not directly referenced in this implementation guide.

7.1.2 iso-21090hl7-r2_datatypes

This schema provides the ISO-21090 datatypes, which are used to define the elements and attributes. This file defines the composition of the ISO-21090 datatypes within the schema and is included in the infrastructure root schema.

Note: The elements in this schema are not directly referenced in this implementation guide.

7.1.3 Voc-r2

This schema provides the vocabulary items that are part of the standard. This includes all vocabulary fixed or constrained within the eCTD v4.0 XML schema.

Note: The elements in this schema are not directly referenced in this implementation guide.

7.2 eCTD v 4.0 Schema

The eCTD v4.0 schema is composed of schemas that are categorised as Interaction or Message Type. The relevant eCTD v4.0 schemas are presented in this section.

7.2.1 eCTD v 4.0 Interaction Schema

The interaction schema includes three components necessary for a complete XML message, an interaction schema, transmission wrapper schema and a control act schema.

7.2.1.1 Submission Unit Sent (*PORP_IN000001UV.xsd*)

This schema is to be used for all eCTD v4.0 interactions for sending submission units from the sender to the receiver. This schema indicates the message type – i.e., primary payload schema and required transmission wrappers.

7.2.1.2 Transmission Wrapper (*MCCI_MT0001000UV01.xsd*)

This schema provides the transmission wrapper, which is required for all eCTD v4.0 messages. This provides information about the sender and receiver to enable acknowledgements of the individual message.

Note: Only the required elements in this schema are mentioned in this implementation guide. Refer to Section 8.1 for required elements.

7.2.1.3 Control Act Wrapper (*MCAI_MT700201UV01.xsd*)

This schema provides the Trigger Event Control Act for the message being sent.

7.2.2 eCTD v4.0 Payload Schema

7.2.2.1 Payload - Message Type (*PORP_MT00001UV01.xsd*)

This schema is the eCTD v4.0 base and it contains all of the elements in eCTD v4.0. This schema references many other schemas noted in the section above, including items from the Common Product Model and Common Message Element schema. The referenced schema is not described in this document, nor will they be accessed directly by implementers.

8. ECTD v4.0 XML MESSAGE

The eCTD v4.0 XML message is composed of more concepts than defined in this section of the implementation guide; this section highlights only the components that are required for Modules 2 – 5 of the CTD.

8.1 Message Header

The message header information provides a set of elements that are needed to specify the sender and receiver as well as the version of the ICH and Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides used to generate the message.

8.1.1 Sample XML

The following XML shows the required elements/attributes to validate the message against the schema.

Table 6: Message Header XML Structure

XML Structure
<pre><PORP_IN00001UV ITSType="XML_1.0" xmlns="urn:hl7-org:v3" xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance" xsi:schemaLocation="urn:hl7- org:v3 PORP_IN00001UV.xsd"> <id/> <creationTime/> <interactionId/> <processingCode/> <processingModeCode/> <acceptAckCode/> <receiver> <device classCode="DEV" determinerCode="INSTANCE"> <id> <item root="" identifierName=""> </id> </device> </receiver> <sender> <device classCode="DEV" determinerCode="INSTANCE"> <id> </device> </sender></pre> <p>These elements should be represented with self-closing tags as shown here.</p> <p><i>receiver.device.id</i> (<i>Section 8.1.2</i>)</p> <p><i>sender.device.id</i> (<i>Section 8.1.2</i>)</p>

8.1.2 Required Elements

The schema requires a minimum set of information, including the following:

- *ITSType* must provide the value of "XML_1.0"

- *xmlns* must have the value "urn:hl7-org:v3"
- *xmlns:xsi* must have the value "http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
- *xsi:schemaLocation* must reference the current interaction schema file i.e., *xsi:schemaLocation="urn:hl7-org:v3 PORP_IN000001UV.xsd"*
- *receiver@typeCode* has a fixed value of "RCV" and it does not need to be included in the message.
- *receiver.device@classCode* must have a value of "DEV"
- *receiver.device@determinerCode* must have a value of "INSTANCE"
- Include two *id.item* elements with the following information:
 - *receiver.device.id.item@root* should indicate the OID of the ICH eCTD v4.0 Implementation Guide or the Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide used to create the message.
 - *receiver.device.id.item@identifierName* should indicate the version name of the ICH eCTD v4.0 Implementation Guide or the Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide used to create the message. This value can be used to indicate the version number of the IG, but will not be used by the Regulatory Authority.
- *sender@typeCode* has a fixed value of "SND" and it does not need to be included in the message
- *sender.device@classCode* must have a value of "DEV"
- *sender.device@determinerCode* must have a value of "INSTANCE"

8.1.2.1 XML Sample

The following XML sample shows the content of the message header *id* element. The *receiver.device.id* element contains the IG versioning information:

```

<id>
<creationTime/>
<interactionId/>
<processingCode/>
<processingModeCode/>
<acceptAckCode/>
<receiver typeCode="RCV">
  <device classCode="DEV" determinerCode="INSTANCE">
    <id>
      <item root="2.16.840.1.113883.3.989.2.2.1.11.1" identifierName="ICH eCTD v4.0 IG
v1.2"/>
      <item root="OID for Regional IG" identifierName="Regional/Module1 IG Version
Number"/>
    </id>
  </device>
</receiver>
<sender typeCode="SND">
  <device classCode="DEV" determinerCode="INSTANCE">
    <id/>
  </device>
</sender>

```

8.2 Payload Message

The following eCTD v4.0 XML message components are based on the HL7 Version 3 RPS Release 2 Normative. The information for each element is provided in discrete sections, i.e., they are not nested in the same structure of the XML Schema.

8.2.1 Required Elements

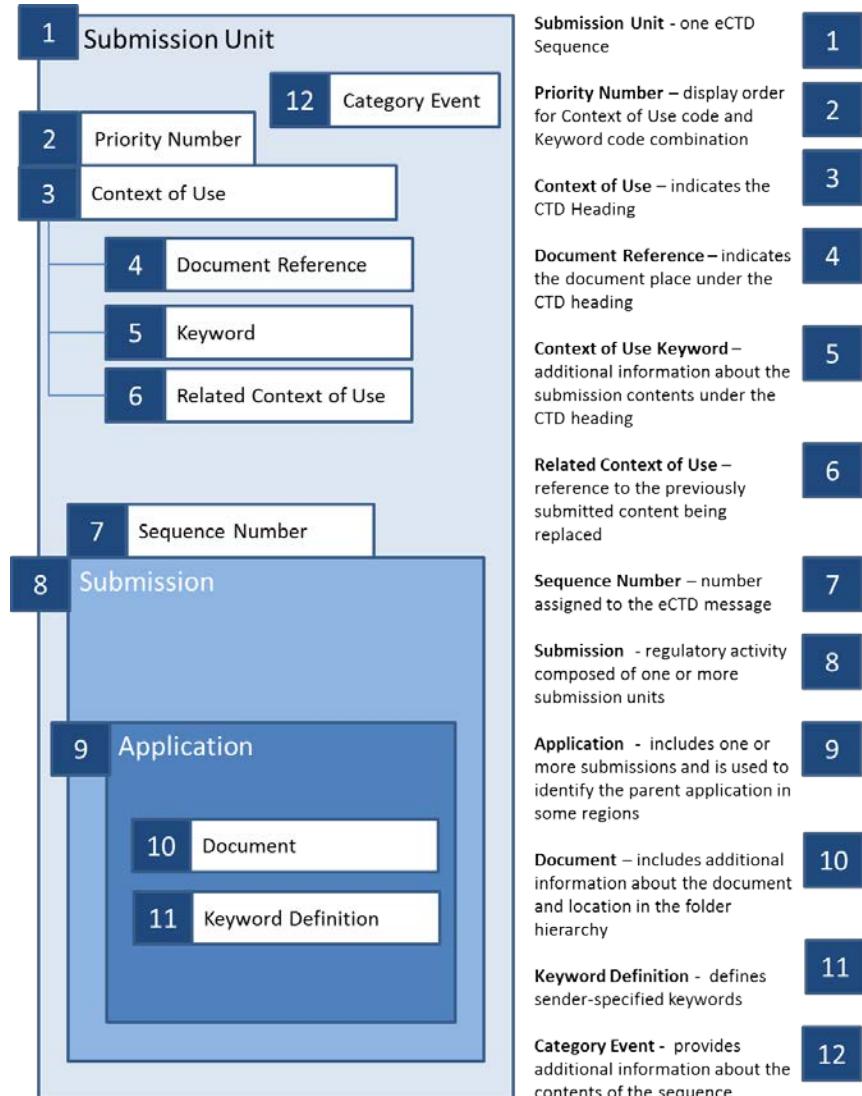
The following attributes are required to start the payload of the XML message:

- *controlActProcess@classcode* must have a value of "ACTN"
- *controlActProcess@moodCode* must have a value of "EVN"
- *controlActProcess.subject@typecode* must have a value of "SUBJ"

8.2.2 Concepts represented in the Message

The following figure depicts the elements in the message and the relationships between them. Each of the elements represented in the figure are represented in the payload of the message.

Figure 3: Conceptual Model of Elements



8.2.3 XML Message Structure

The following table provides a breakdown of the eCTD v4.0 XML structure (i.e., the payload message) with all elements in the XML Schema. The table is organised with the following elements in the structure: *controlActProcess*, *submissionUnit*, *submission* and *application*.

The elements are annotated with balloon text boxes that provide references to either this document (highlighted in blue and referenced by Section number) or Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides (not highlighted and noted as Regional) to identify the authoritative source of information for the element.

Table 7: v4.0 XML Message Structure

XML Structure
The eCTD v4.0 begins at the controlActProcess of the payload XML message. The required elements are noted above (Section 8.2.1), and precedes the submissionUnit element.
<pre><controlActProcess classCode="ACTN" moodCode="EVN"> <subject typeCode="SUBJ"></pre>
The submissionUnit element contains the following Context of Use elements and their attributes:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • component.contextOfUse <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ primaryInformationRecipient.TerritorialAuthority ○ replacementOf.relatedContextOfUse ○ derivedFrom.documentReference ○ subjectOf.submissionReference ○ referencedBy.keyword
<p>Note: All of these elements are not included in this implementation guide. Refer to the Regional/Module1 Implementation Guides for additional information.</p> <pre> <submissionUnit> <id/> <code/> <title/> <statusCode/> <component> <priorityNumber value="" /> <contextOfUse> <id/> <code/> <statusCode/> </contextOfUse> <primaryInformationRecipient> <territorialAuthority> <governingAuthority> <id/> <name/> </governingAuthority> </territorialAuthority> </primaryInformationRecipient> <replacementOf typeCode="RPLC"> <relatedContextOfUse> <id/> </relatedContextOfUse> </replacementOf> <derivedFrom> <documentReference> <id/> </documentReference> </derivedFrom> <subjectOf> <submissionReference> <id><item/></id> </submissionReference> </subjectOf> </component> </submissionUnit> </pre> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> submissionUnit (Section 8.2.4) Refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides priorityNumber (Section 8.2.5) contextOfUse (Section 8.2.6) primaryInformationRecipient.territorialAuthority Refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides replacementOf.relatedContextOfUse (Section 8.2.7) derivedFrom.documentReference (Section 8.2.8) submissionReference Refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides

```

<referencedBy typeCode="REFR">
  <keyword>
    <code/>
  </keyword>
</referencedBy>
</contextOfUse>
</component>

```

This section of the XML relates to specifying the ***submission*** element. The following elements may follow the Submission:

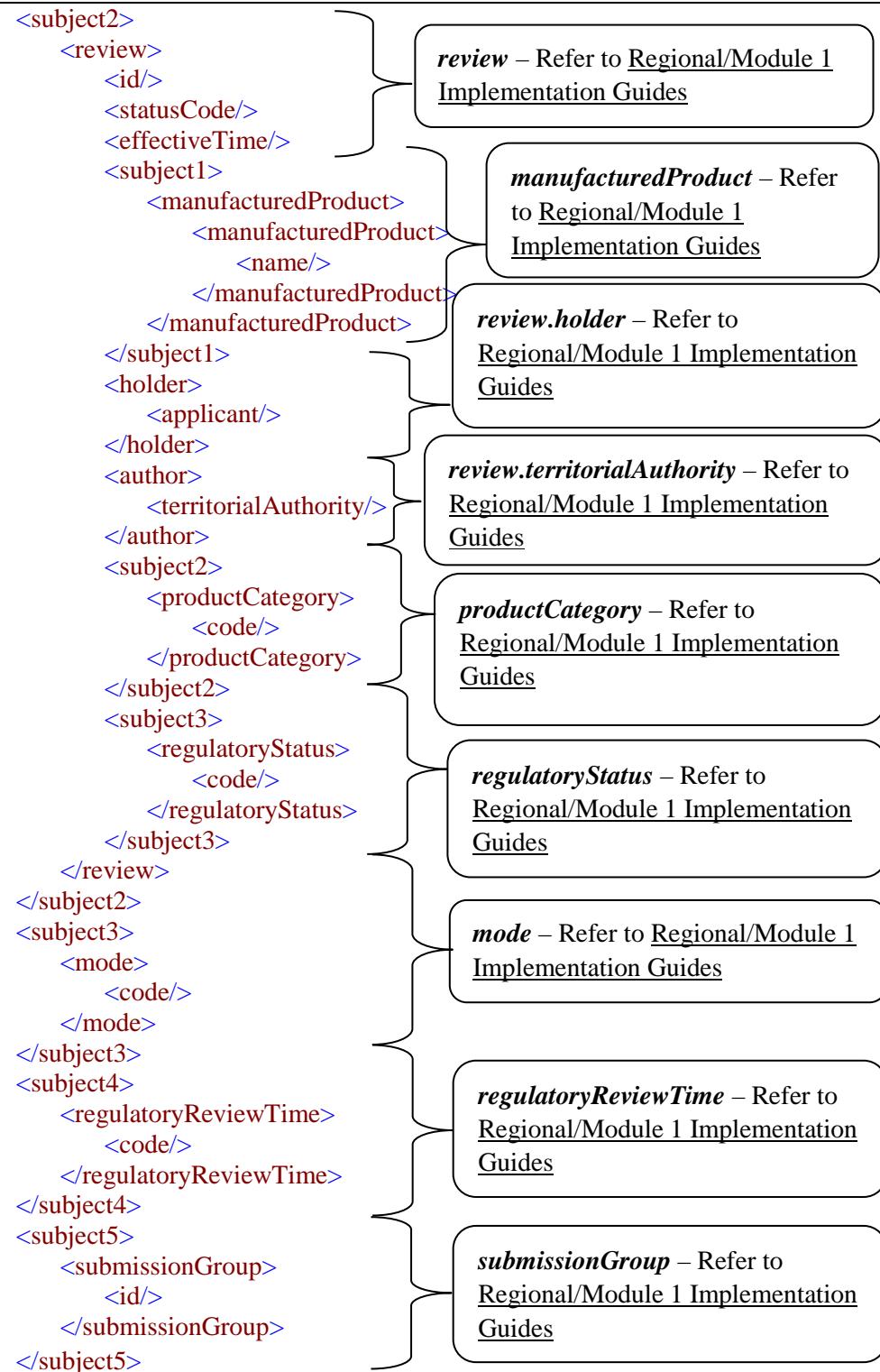
- ***sequenceNumber*** (included as an element of the relationship between ***submissionUnit*** and ***submission*** elements)
- ***callBackContact.contactParty***
- ***subject1.regulatoryStatus***
- ***subject2.review***
 - ***subject1.manufacturedProduct***
 - ***holder.applicant***
 - ***author.territorialAuthority***
 - ***subject2.productCategory***
 - ***subject3.regulatoryStatus***
- ***subject3.mode***
- ***subject4.regulatoryReviewTime***
- ***subject5.submissionGroup***

Note: All of these elements are not included in this implementation guide. Refer to the Regional/Module1 Implementation Guides for additional information.

```

<componentOf1>
  <sequenceNumber/>
  <submission>
    <id/>
    <code/>
    <callBackContact>
      <contactParty>
        <id/>
        <code/>
        <statusCode/>
        <contactPerson>
          <name/>
          <asAgent>
            <representedOrganization>
              <id/>
              <name/>
            </representedOrganization>
          </asAgent>
        </contactPerson>
      </contactParty>
    </callBackContact>
    <subject1>
      <regulatoryStatus>
        <code/>
      </regulatoryStatus>
    </subject1>
  </submission>

```



XML Structure

This section of the XML relates to the **application** element. The application section contains the following elements and their attributes:

holder.applicant

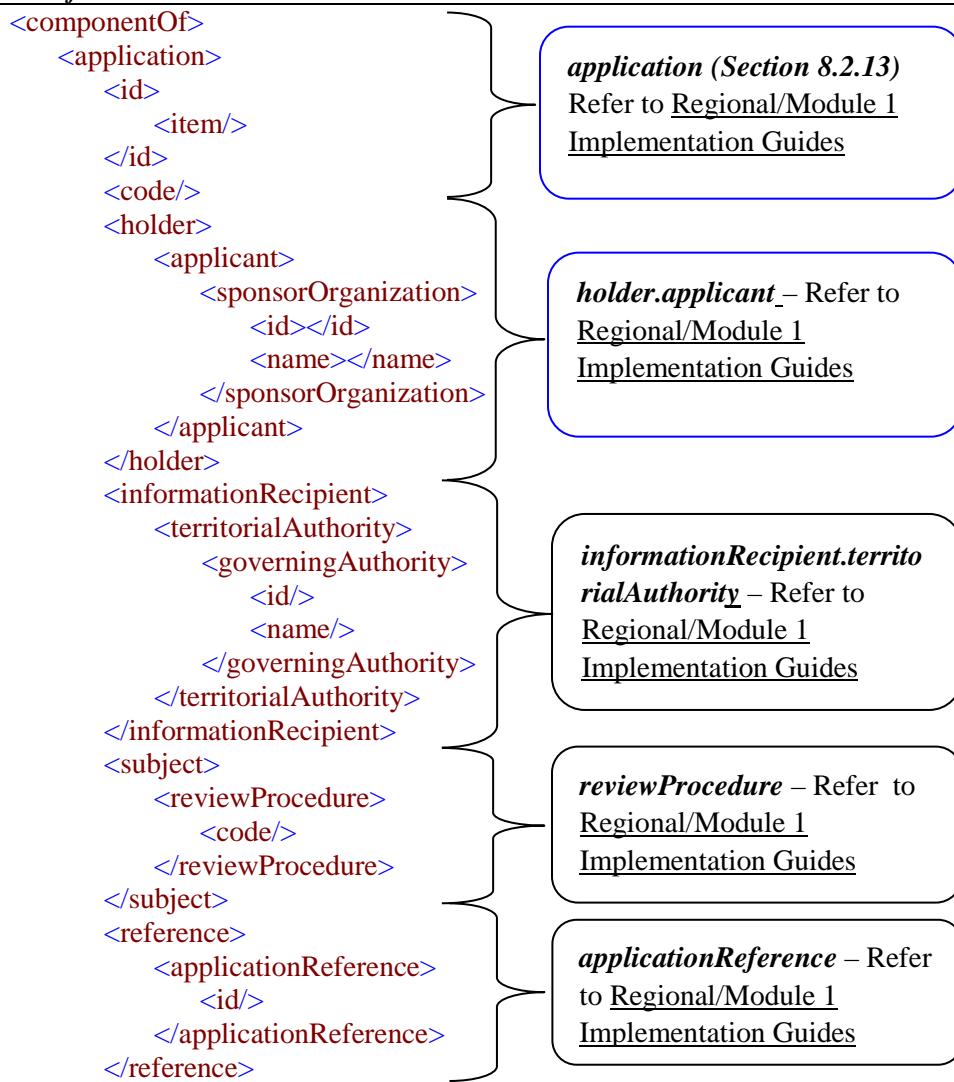
informationRecipient.territorialAuthority

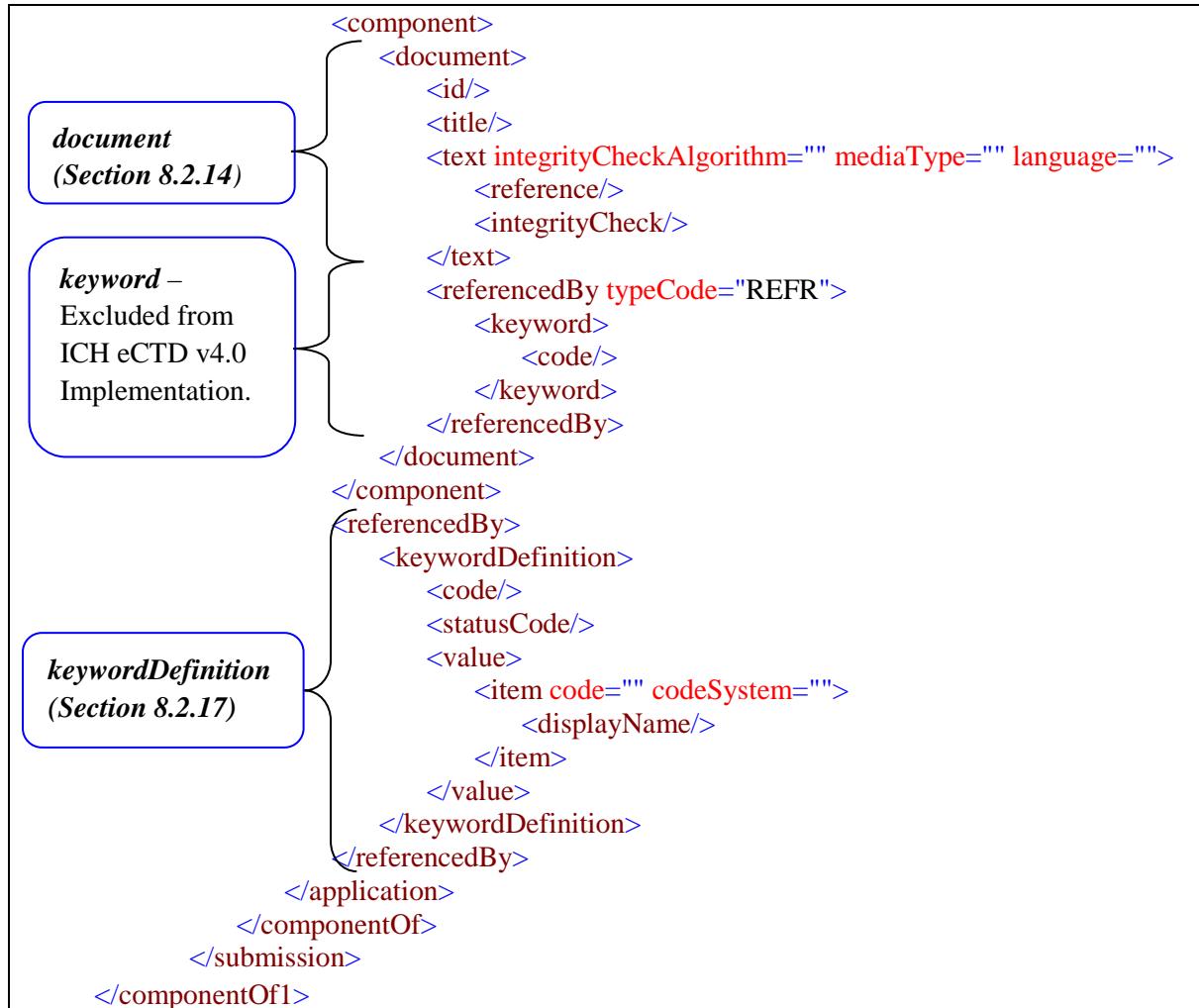
subject.reviewProcedure

reference.applicationReference

component.document

referencedBy.keywordDefinition





These are the closing element tags for the key elements in the eCTD v4.0 message. The submission unit's category Event is found after the closing tag for the submission, the **componentOf2.categoryEvent** (and sub category with **component.categoryEvent**).

```

<componentOf2>
  <categoryEvent>
    <code/>
  <component>
    <categoryEvent>
      <code/>
    </categoryEvent>
  </component>
  </categoryEvent>
</componentOf2>
</submissionUnit>
<subject>
</controlActProcess>
</PORG_IN000001UV>

```

subject.categoryEvent – Refer to [Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides](#)

All information in this section is organised in order that the eCTD v4.0 XML components appear within the schema.

8.2.4 Submission Unit

The Submission Unit is a collection of documents provided to the Regulatory Authority at one time. The **submissionUnit** element indicates the information about an individual eCTD v4.0 XML message – i.e., only one submission unit can be sent at a time.



*Note: The **submissionUnit** element is applicable to all Modules. For region-specific requirements, refer to the Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide.*

8.2.4.1 Location in XML

The **submissionUnit** element in the XML message is in the following location:

- *controlActProcess >> subject >> submissionUnit*

Refer to Table 7: v4.0 XML Message Structure for more information.

8.2.4.2 XML Elements

The following tables provide a complete set of XML elements and attributes required for the **submissionUnit** element, and any special instructions.



*The **classCode** and **moodCode** are not required in the eCTD v4.0 XML message. The **classCode** is fixed to "ACT" and **moodCode** is fixed to "EVN". If the XML message contains any other values for these attributes it will be invalid against the schema.*

Conditions that apply to the **submissionUnit** element:

- Only one **SubmissionUnit** element can exist for a message.

8.2.4.2.1 **submissionUnit.id**

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>id</i>		[1..1]		This is the container element that uniquely identifies the submission unit sent in the message.
	<i>root</i>	[1..1]	Valid UUID	The root attribute of the <i>id</i> element provides a global unique identifier of the submissionUnit .
<i>Conformance</i>	The <i>id@root</i> is a required attribute.			
<i>Business Rules</i>	The <i>id@root</i> should be unique for every submissionUnit .			

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>Excluded Elements and/or Attributes</i>			The following datatype attributes may not be required by eCTD v4.0: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>id@extension</i> • <i>id@identifierName</i> • <i>id@scope</i> • <i>id@reliability</i> • <i>id@displayable</i> • <i>id@validTimeLow</i> • <i>id@validTimeHigh</i> • <i>id@controlInformationRoot</i> • <i>id@controlInformationExtension</i> • <i>id@nullFlavor</i> • <i>id@flavorId</i> • <i>id@updateMode</i> 	

8.2.4.2.2 ***submissionUnit.code***

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>code</i>		[1..1]		This is the container element for a code that will define the contents of a submission unit.
	<i>code</i>	[1..1]	Text <i>e.g., regional_su b_unit_type _I</i> Refer to Regional/ Module 1 Implementat ion Guides	This is the <i>code</i> attribute, which is a value that indicates the type of content in the <i>submissionUnit</i> based on regional controlled vocabulary (e.g., original).
	<i>codeSystem</i>	[1..1]	Valid OID	The <i>codeSystem</i> attribute provides a unique identifier that indicates the controlled vocabulary system. <i>This should be the OID registered for the code system.</i>
<i>Conformance</i>	The <i>code</i> and <i>codeSystem</i> attributes are required.			
<i>Business Rules</i>	For <i>submissionUnit</i> codes consult the Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides.			

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>Excluded Elements and/or Attributes</i>		The following datatype elements and attributes may not be required by eCTD v4.0:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>code.displayName</i> • <i>code.originalText</i> • <i>code.translation</i> • <i>code.source</i> • <i>code@codeSystemName</i> • <i>code@codeSystemVersion</i> • <i>code@valueSet</i> • <i>code@valueSetVersion</i> • <i>code@codingRationale</i> • <i>code@validTimeLow</i> • <i>code@validTimeHigh</i> • <i>code@controlInformationRoot</i> • <i>code@controlInformationExtension</i> • <i>code@nullFlavor</i> • <i>code@flavorId</i> • <i>code@updateMode</i> 	

8.2.4.2.3 *submissionUnit.title*

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>title</i>		[0..1]		This is the container element for a sender-specified value that describes the contents of a submission unit.
	<i>value</i>	[0..1]	Text Sender-specified description <i>e.g.,</i> <i>Presubmission</i>	This is the <i>value</i> attribute of the <i>title</i> element, which provides a string value for the submission unit description.
<i>Conformance</i>	The <i>title</i> is an optional element.			
<i>Business Rules</i>	The <i>title</i> is a sender-specified value that describes the purpose of the submission unit. This value is not specifically requested by Regulatory Authorities. Refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide for additional information.			

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>Excluded Elements and/or Attributes</i>		The following datatype elements and attributes may not be required by eCTD v4.0:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>title.data</i> • <i>title.xml</i> • <i>title.reference</i> • <i>title.integrityCheck</i> • <i>title.thumbnail</i> • <i>title.description</i> • <i>title.translation</i> • <i>title@mediaType</i> • <i>title@charset</i> • <i>title@language</i> • <i>title@compression</i> • <i>title@integrityCheckAlgorithm</i> • <i>title@validTimeLow</i> • <i>title@validTimeHigh</i> • <i>title@controlInformationRoot</i> • <i>title@controlInformationExtension</i> • <i>title@nullFlavor</i> • <i>title@flavorId</i> • <i>title@updateMode</i> 	

8.2.4.2.4 *submissionUnit.statusCode*

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>statusCode</i>		[0..1]		This is the container element that indicates the status of the submission unit.
	<i>code</i>	[1..1]	Alpha <i>e.g., active, suspended</i> Refer to Regional/M odule 1 Implementat ion Guides	This is the <i>code</i> attribute of the <i>statusCode</i> element, which indicates the status of the submission unit.
<i>Conformance</i>	If the <i>statusCode</i> element is provided, the <i>code</i> attribute is required.			

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
Business Rules				The status codes sent in the message may only be active or suspended. Refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide for additional information and list of allowable values.
Excluded Elements and/or Attributes			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>statusCode.part</i> • <i>statusCode@validTimeLow</i> • <i>statusCode@validTimeHigh</i> • <i>statusCode@controlInformationRoot</i> • <i>statusCode@controlInformationExtension</i> • <i>statusCode@nullFlavor</i> • <i>statusCode@flavorId</i> • <i>statusCode@updateMode</i> 	The following datatype elements and attributes may not be required by eCTD v4.0:

8.2.4.3 Terminology



All ICH controlled vocabularies are provided in the genericode and spreadsheet files.¹⁴

8.2.4.4 Excluded Elements

No class elements are excluded for the *submissionUnit* element. Refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides for more information.

8.2.5 Priority Number for Context of Use

The priority number defines the order of elements in a Context Group. The *priorityNumber* element is always required to be provided. In cases where more than one Context of Use has the same *contextOfUse.code@code* and *keyword.code@code* combination, the *priorityNumber* will be used to display the elements.

8.2.5.1 Location in XML

The *priorityNumber* element in the XML message is in the following location:

- *controlActProcess >> subject >> submissionUnit >> component >> priorityNumber*

Refer to Table 7: v4.0 XML Message Structure for more information.

8.2.5.2 XML Elements

The following table provides a complete set of XML elements and attributes required for the *component.priorityNumber* element, and any special instructions.



The typeCode is not required in the eCTD v4.0 XML message. The typeCode is fixed to "COMP". If the XML message contains any other value for this attribute it will be invalid against the schema.

¹⁴ Final Implementation Terminology is provided on the ESTRI website.

Conditions that apply to the ***priorityNumber*** element:

- If there are multiple instances of Context of Use elements with the same ***contextOfUse.code*** value the priority number will allow ordering of those elements within and across submission units in an application.
- If Keywords are also provided with the Context of Use, the priority number should be for the ordering of the Context of Use code and Keyword code combination.

8.2.5.2.1 ***priorityNumber***

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>priorityNumber</i>		[1..1]		This is the container element for the priority number and its value.
	<i>value</i>	[1..1]	Numeric <i>e.g.,</i> 1000,2000, 3000	The <i>value</i> attribute of the <i>priorityNumber</i> provides a whole number to be used for ordering the Context of Use element.
	<i>updateMode</i>	[0..1]	Alpha <i>e.g., R for Replace</i>	The <i>updateMode</i> attribute provides the coded value to indicate if the <i>priorityNumber</i> has been changed for the Context of Use.
<i>Conformance</i>	The <i>priorityNumber@value</i> attribute is required.			

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>Business Rules</i>				<p>The priority number is required for each <i>contextOfUse</i> element.</p> <p>The value shall be a positive integer up to 6 digits (i.e., 1 – 999999) for the <i>contextOfUse</i> element with the same Context of Use code and Keyword code combination.</p> <p>It is recommended to start with "1000" and intervals of 1000 (e.g., "2000", "3000", etc.) for the initial submission of a Context of Use sharing the same Context of Use code and Keyword code combination. This allows increments of one, tens and hundreds to be used when reordering and/or inserting Context of Use.</p> <p>If priority numbers are no longer relevant (i.e., associated with replaced or suspended Context of Use elements), the sender may reassign the priority number to a new Context of Use code and Keyword code combination or when updating an existing Context of Use element. The priority number should not be duplicated within the same Context of Use code and Keyword code combinations. Refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides for additional business rules for priority number conflicts.</p> <p>The priority number will be used to order the Context of Use elements within the same Context of Use code and Keyword code combinations when displayed.</p> <p>If the order of the contents needs to be changed, the <i>updateMode</i> attribute should be used to indicate if the <i>priorityNumber</i> has been updated for the purposes of reordering an existing Context of Use (i.e., <i>updateMode</i>="R") along with a new Context of Use. The <i>updateMode</i> should not be used unless the order of an existing Context of Use is being changed – i.e., avoid using update mode if the Context of Use is not being reordered with a new priority number value.</p> <p>Additional information is provided in Section 8.2.10.</p>

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>Excluded Elements and/or Attributes</i>				<p>The following datatype elements and attributes may not be required by eCTD v4.0:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>priorityNumber@controlInformationExtension</i> • <i>priorityNumber@controlInformationRoot</i> • <i>priorityNumber@flavorId</i> • <i>priorityNumber@nullFlavor</i> • <i>priorityNumber@uncertaintyType</i> • <i>priorityNumber@validTimeHigh</i> • <i>priorityNumber@validTimeLow</i> • <i>priorityNumber.expression</i> • <i>priorityNumber.originalText</i> • <i>priorityNumber.uncertainty</i> • <i>priorityNumber.uncertainRange</i>

8.2.5.3 Terminology



There are no controlled vocabularies for this element.

8.2.5.4 Excluded Elements

No class elements are excluded for the **priorityNumber** element.

8.2.6 Context of Use

The Context of Use defines the relationship between the table of contents heading (i.e., **contextOfUse.code**) and the referenced document to be associated with that heading. The Context of Use is relevant to the sequence that it was submitted, which may include one or more **submissions** referenced in the **submissionUnit**.

The Context of Use code and reference to a document (i.e., **documentReference**) will be used to connect the content of the submission unit to one or more uses in a table of contents.



*The **contextOfUse** element will be repeated as necessary for a submission unit – i.e., there may be many **contextOfUse** elements in an XML message.*



*For each **contextOfUse** element a **priorityNumber** element should always be specified to indicate the order in which the Context of Use should be displayed. The **priorityNumber** will be used to order the **contextOfUse** elements that are submitted with the same **contextOfUse.code@code** and **keyword.code@code** combination.*

8.2.6.1 Location in XML

The **contextOfUse** element in the XML message is in the following location:

- *controlActProcess>>subject>>submissionUnit>>component>>priorityNumber>>contextOfUse*

Refer to Table 7: v4.0 XML Message Structure for more information.

8.2.6.2 XML Elements

The following tables provide a complete set of XML elements and attributes required for the *contextOfUse* element, and any special instructions.



The classCode and moodCode are not required in the eCTD v4.0 XML message. The classCode is fixed to "DOC" and moodCode is fixed to "EVN". If the XML message contains any other values for these attributes it will be invalid against the schema.

Conditions that apply to the *contextOfUse* element:

- One to many *contextOfUse* elements can be sent in a *submissionUnit*.

8.2.6.2.1 contextOfUse.id

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed	Description Instructions
<i>id</i>		[1..1]		This is the container element that organises the <i>contextOfUse</i> identifier.
	<i>root</i>	[1..1]	Valid UUID	The <i>root</i> attribute of the <i>id</i> element provides a global unique identifier of the <i>contextOfUse</i> .
<i>Conformance</i>	The <i>id@root</i> is a required attribute.			
<i>Business Rules</i>	The <i>id@root</i> should be unique for every <i>contextOfUse</i> submitted.			
<i>Excluded Elements and/or Attributes</i>	The following datatype attributes may not be required by eCTD v4.0: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>id@extension</i>• <i>id.item@identifierName</i>• <i>id.item@scope</i>• <i>id.item@reliability</i>• <i>id.item@displayable</i>• <i>id@validTimeLow</i>• <i>id@validTimeHigh</i>• <i>id@controlInformationRoot</i>• <i>id@controlInformationExtension</i>• <i>id@nullFlavor</i>• <i>id@flavorId</i>• <i>id@updateMode</i>			

8.2.6.2.2 ***contextOfUse.code***

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>code</i>		[0..1]		This is the container element for the type of content referenced under the <i>contextOfUse</i> .
	<i>code</i>	[1..1]	Text <i>e.g., ich_3.2.p.2.3</i>	The <i>code</i> attribute provides a coded value that indicates the heading and is defined by ICH or Regulatory Authorities.
	<i>codeSystem</i>	[1..1]	Valid OID	The <i>codeSystem</i> attribute provides a unique identifier that indicates the controlled vocabulary system. <i>This should be the OID registered for the code system.</i>
<i>Conformance</i>	If the <i>code</i> element is provided, the <i>code</i> and <i>codeSystem</i> attributes must be provided.			
<i>Business Rules</i>	<p>The <i>code</i> element is required when sending the Context of Use.</p> <p>The <i>code</i> element is not required if the <i>contextOfUse.statusCode</i> is inactivated (i.e., status code equals suspended) or when the associated <i>priorityNumber</i> is being updated.</p>			
<i>Excluded Elements and/or Attributes</i>	<p>The following datatype elements and attributes may not be required by eCTD v4.0:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>code.displayName</i> • <i>code.originalText</i> • <i>code.translation</i> • <i>code.source</i> • <i>code@codeSystemName</i> • <i>code@codeSystemVersion</i> • <i>code@valueSet</i> • <i>code@valueSetVersion</i> • <i>code@codingRationale</i> • <i>code@validTimeLow</i> • <i>code@validTimeHigh</i> • <i>code@controlInformationRoot</i> • <i>code@controlInformationExtension</i> • <i>code@nullFlavor</i> • <i>code@flavorId</i> • <i>code@updateMode</i> 			

8.2.6.2.3 ***contextOfUse.statusCode***

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>statusCode</i>		[1..1]		This is the container element that has a controlled terminology code that indicates the status of the Context of Use.
	<i>code</i>	[1..1]	Alpha <i>e.g., active, suspended</i>	The <i>code</i> attribute provides a specified value that indicates whether the Context of Use is still relevant or if it has been removed.
<i>Conformance</i>	The <i>statusCode</i> element is always required when a Context of Use is specified.			
<i>Business Rules</i>	<p>The <i>statusCode@code</i> must always be sent in the message.</p> <p>Note: The status codes include an "obsolete" code that should not be sent in the XML message. The system will change the status of a Context of Use once it has been replaced.</p>			
<i>Excluded Elements and/or Attributes</i>	<p>The following datatype elements and attributes may not be required by eCTD v4.0:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>statusCode.part</i> • <i>statusCode@validTimeLow</i> • <i>statusCode@validTimeHigh</i> • <i>statusCode@controlInformationRoot</i> • <i>statusCode@controlInformationExtension</i> • <i>statusCode@nullFlavor</i> • <i>statusCode@flavorId</i> • <i>statusCode@updateMode</i> 			

8.2.6.3 ***Terminology***



All ICH controlled vocabularies are provided in the genericode and spreadsheet files.¹⁵



Codes may be further constrained by Regulatory Authorities, consult the appropriate Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide.

8.2.6.4 ***Excluded Elements***

No class elements are excluded for the ***contextOfUse*** element.

8.2.7 ***Related Context of Use (Context of Use Life Cycle)***

The ***relatedContextOfUse*** element allows the sender to relate a ***contextOfUse*** element to one or more ***relatedContextOfUse*** elements. The ***replacementOf*** relationship is used for tracking the life cycle of context of use elements.

¹⁵ Final Implementation Terminology is provided on the ESTRI website.

8.2.7.1 Location in XML

The *relatedContextOfUse* element in the XML message is in the following location:

- *controlActProcess>> subject>> submissionUnit>>component>>priorityNumber> contextOfUse>> replacementOf>> relatedContextOfUse*

Refer to Table 7: v4.0 XML Message Structure for more information.

8.2.7.2 XML Elements

The following table provides a complete set of XML elements and attributes required for the *relatedContextOfUse* element, and any special instructions.



The classCode and moodCode are not required in the eCTD v4.0 XML message. The classCode is fixed to "DOC" and moodCode is fixed to "EVN". If the XML message contains any other values for these attributes it will be invalid against the schema.

Conditions that apply to the *relatedContextOfUse* element:

- One or more *relatedContextOfUse* elements may be provided in the XML as being replaced by the new *contextOfUse*.

8.2.7.2.1 *relatedContextOfUse.id*

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>id</i>		[1..1]		This is the container element for a related <i>contextOfUse</i> as referenced by an identifier.
	<i>root</i>	[1..1]	Valid UUID	This is the <i>root</i> attribute of the <i>id</i> element that provides the global unique identifier for the <i>relatedContextOfUse</i> element being replaced.
<i>Conformance</i>	The <i>id@root</i> is a required attribute			
<i>Business Rules</i>	One <i>contextOfUse</i> element can include one or more <i>relatedContextOfUse</i> elements.			

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>Excluded Elements and/or Attributes</i>	<p>The following datatype attributes may not be required by eCTD v4.0:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>id@extension</i> • <i>id@identifierName</i> • <i>id@scope</i> • <i>id@reliability</i> • <i>id@displayable</i> • <i>id@validTimeLow</i> • <i>id@validTimeHigh</i> • <i>id@controlInformationRoot</i> • <i>id@controlInformationExtension</i> • <i>id@nullFlavor</i> • <i>id@flavorId</i> • <i>id@updateMode</i> 			

8.2.7.3 Terminology



All ICH controlled vocabularies are provided in the genericode and spreadsheet files.¹⁶

8.2.7.4 Excluded Elements

No class elements are excluded for the *relatedContextOfUse* element.

8.2.8 Document Reference

Since a document can be used multiple times, a *documentReference* element allows a document to be specified for the *contextOfUse*. Each time the document is used in the same submission unit, that document may have a different *contextOfUse*. Accordingly, each new Context of Use (i.e., with active status code) must reference a document.

8.2.8.1 Location in XML

The *documentReference* element in the XML message is in the following location:

- *controlActProcess>> subject>> submissionUnit>>component>>priorityNumber>> contextOfUse>> derivedFrom>> documentReference*

There may be one or more *replacementOf* elements prior to the *derivedFrom* element.

Refer to Table 7: v4.0 XML Message Structure for more information.

8.2.8.2 XML Elements

The following table provides a complete set of XML elements and attributes required for the *documentReference* element, and any special instructions.

¹⁶ Final Implementation Terminology is provided on the ESTRI website.



The **classCode** and **moodCode** are not required in the eCTD v4.0 XML message. The **classCode** is fixed to "DOC" and **moodCode** is fixed to "EVN". If the XML message contains any other values for these elements it will be invalid against the schema.

Conditions that apply to the **documentReference** element:

- Zero to one **documentReference** elements can be sent for each **contextOfUse**. Note: The document reference is not necessary when suspending a Context of Use element.
- For a **contextOfUse.statusCode@code** = active – the **documentReference** element is required.
- For a **contextOfUse.statusCode@code** = suspended – the **documentReference** element should not be provided.

8.2.8.2.1 **documentReference.id**

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>id</i>		[1..1]		This is the container element for a reference to a Document.
	<i>root</i>	[1..1]	Valid UUID	The <i>root</i> attribute or the <i>id</i> element provides a global unique identifier of the document element being referenced.
<i>Conformance</i>	The <i>id@root</i> attribute is required if the documentReference element is provided.			
<i>Business Rules</i>	The <i>id@root</i> is a reference to a document sent in the submission unit or a previously submitted submission unit. Refer to applicable Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide for specifics on document retention of regulatory submissions.			
<i>Excluded Elements and/or Attributes</i>	The following datatype attributes may not be required by eCTD v4.0: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>id@extension</i>• <i>id@identifierName</i>• <i>id@scope</i>• <i>id@reliability</i>• <i>id@displayable</i>• <i>id@validTimeLow</i>• <i>id@validTimeHigh</i>• <i>id@controlInformationRoot</i>• <i>id@controlInformationExtension</i>• <i>id@nullFlavor</i>• <i>id@flavorId</i>• <i>id@updateMode</i>			

8.2.9 Context of Use Keyword

The **keyword** element is used for the purposes of transmitting additional information about a **contextOfUse**. The **keyword** is either defined by an external controlled vocabulary or it may be defined within the message as **keywordDefinition**.

8.2.9.1 Location in XML

The **keyword** element in the XML message is in the following location for Context of Use:

- *controlActProcess>> subject>> submissionUnit>>component>>priorityNumber>> contextOfUse>> referencedBy>> keyword*

There may be a **primaryInformationRecipient**, **replacementOf**, **derivedFrom**, or **subjectOf** element prior to the **referencedBy** element.

Refer to Table 7: v4.0 XML Message Structure for more information.

8.2.9.2 XML Elements

The following table provides a complete set of XML elements and attributes required for the **keyword** element, and any special instructions.



*The **classCode** and **moodCode** are not required in the eCTD v4.0 XML message. The **classCode** is fixed to "ACT" and **moodCode** is fixed to "EVN". If the XML message contains any other values for these attributes it will be invalid against the schema.*



*The **typeCode** is required in the eCTD v4.0 XML message. The **typeCode** should be to "REFR". If the XML message contains any other value for this attribute it will be invalid against the schema.*

Conditions that apply to the **keyword** element:

- Zero to many **keyword** elements can be sent for each **contextOfUse** element.
- Consult Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides for specific types of Keywords that should be used with **contextOfUse** elements.

8.2.9.2.1 **keyword.code**

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
code		[1..1]		This is the container element that identifies the keyword.

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
	code	[1..1]	Text <i>e.g., ich_route_1, MANU001 or MFR_001 for Manufacture Site</i>	This is the code attribute that identifies the code value for the keyword.
	codeSystem	[1..1]	Text <i>e.g., OID value or Sender-defined text</i>	The codeSystem attribute provides a unique identifier that indicates the controlled vocabulary system.
<i>Conformance</i>	<p>The code and codeSystem attributes are required.</p> <p>A keyword can only have one code.</p>			
<i>Business Rules</i>	<p>A keyword coming from a controlled vocabulary must provide an OID for the codeSystem value. A keyword that was sender-defined must provide an OID or text value assigned by the sender.</p> <p>The display name for the code needs to be retrieved from the corresponding code system.</p>			
<i>Excluded Elements and/or Attributes</i>	<p>The following datatype elements and attributes may not be required by eCTD v4.0:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • code.displayName • code.originalText • code.translation • code.source • code@codeSystemName • code@codeSystemVersion • code@valueSet • code@valueSetVersion • code@codingRationale • code@validTimeLow • code@validTimeHigh • code@controlInformationRoot • code@controlInformationExtension • code@nullFlavor • code@flavorId • code@updateMode 			

8.2.9.3 Terminology



All ICH controlled vocabularies are provided in the genericode and spreadsheet files.¹⁷

8.2.9.4 Excluded Elements

No class elements are excluded for the **keyword** element.

8.2.10 XML SAMPLES: Context of Use

8.2.10.1 Context of Use Elements / Context of Use Keywords

The following is an example of the XML for the Context of Use. The **contextOfUse** enters as a **component** of the **submissionUnit** element. Each component is required to include one **priorityNumber** element.

```
<component>
  <priorityNumber value="1000"/>
  <contextOfUse>
    <id root="1f080afd-f5d4-4cec-8d09-2bf0ea6bec66"/>
    <code code="ich_3.2.s.2.3" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.989.2.2.1.1.1"/>
    <statusCode code="active"/>
    ...
    [Additional information may appear after the addition of the contextOfUse – primaryInformationRecipient]
    ...
    <replacementOf typeCode="RPLC">
      <relatedContextOfUse>
        <id root="25fdfdcb-a2a2-4f2b-a2aa-9ccb4c096acb"/>
      </relatedContextOfUse>
    </replacementOf >
    <derivedFrom>
      <documentReference>
        <id root="8dc27e78-41ef-4b8d-960d-2626b743f194"/>
      </documentReference>
    </derivedFrom>
    ...
    [Additional information may appear after the addition of the subjectOf.submissionReference. Refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide for this element.]
    ...
    <referencedBy typeCode="REFR">
      <keyword>
        <code code="MANU001" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883"/>
      </keyword>
    </referencedBy>
    <referencedBy typeCode="REFR">
```

¹⁷ Final Implementation Terminology is provided on the ESTRI website.

```

<keyword>
  <code code="SUB001" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883"/>
</keyword>
</referencedBy>
</contextOfUse>
</component>

```



All Context of Use keywords are shown for illustration purposes only. Refer to the controlled vocabulary and ICH M4 Organisation of the Common Technical Document for the Registration of Pharmaceuticals for Human Use files for the allowable combinations.



Refer to [XML Color Legend](#) for color usage.

The **contextOfUse** element can be ordered by using the priority number to show the order in which the Context of Use elements should be displayed when they have the same **contextOfUse.code@code** and **keyword.code@code** combination. The XML Sample below depicts an example of how both priority number and keywords are used in relation to the Context of Use.

```

<component>
  <priorityNumber value="1000"/>
  <contextOfUse>
    <id root="27c069e1-8fec-4b07-907e-cf691543cf66"/>
    <code code="ich_3.2.s.2.3" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.989.2.2.1.1.1"/>
    <statusCode code="active"/>
    <derivedFrom>
      <!--Document titled "Controls for Material YYY"-->
      <documentReference>
        <id root="26a7e20a-b7b6-4729-adcf-75fb90097d68"/>
      </documentReference>
    </derivedFrom>
    <referencedBy typeCode="REFR">
      <keyword>
        <code code="MANU001" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883"/>
      </keyword>
    </referencedBy>
    <referencedBy typeCode="REFR">
      <keyword>
        <code code="SUB001" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883"/>
      </keyword>
    </referencedBy>
  </contextOfUse>
</component>
<component>
  <priorityNumber value="2000"/>
  <contextOfUse>
    <id root="749e6f91-797b-4aeb-89c6-7cf7b9402c15"/>

```

```

<code code="ich_3.2.s.2.3" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.989.2.2.1.1.1"/>
<statusCode code="active"/>
<derivedFrom>
<!--Document titled "Analytical Method #234"-->
<documentReference>
    <id root="57e00a6f-5425-4c0e-98ad-ca4b2e0befea"/>
</documentReference>
</derivedFrom>
<referencedBy typeCode="REFR">
    <keyword>
        <code code="MANU001" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3"/>
    </keyword>
</referencedBy>
<referencedBy typeCode="REFR">
    <keyword>
        <code code="SUB001" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3"/>
    </keyword>
</referencedBy>
</contextOfUse>
</component>

```



All Context of Use keywords are shown for illustration purposes only. Refer to the controlled vocabulary and ICH M4 Organisation of the Common Technical Document for the Registration of Pharmaceuticals for Human Use files for the allowable combinations.



Refer to [XML Color Legend](#) for color usage.

8.2.10.2 Managing Context of Use Elements

The life cycle management of a *contextOfUse* is covered in this section. Once a *contextOfUse* is submitted with its id it starts the life cycle for that *contextOfUse*. The following rules have been harmonised:

- When replacing a Context of Use, the two instances must have the same Context of Use code and Keyword code combination (i.e., this will allow the submission content to appear in exactly the same table of contents location when it is replaced).
- The replacement of Context of Use will make the previous *contextOfUse* element obsolete (i.e., the *relatedContextOfUse* element(s)).

The following are reasons for changes to the *contextOfUse*:

- **Replacing the Context of Use:** To provide a new *contextOfUse*, with a different document or previously referenced document in the *documentReference* element.
- **Removal (Suspend) of Context of Use:** If the Context of Use needs to be removed at any time during the life cycle of the submission, a submission unit may indicate the removal of the Context of Use by changing the *statusCode* element.

- **New Keyword(s):** A Context of Use that needs changes to the keywords (i.e., change in Context of Use code and Keyword code combination) would use the suspension of a Context of Use and submission of a new Context of Use. If the sender is only changing the keyword definition's display name, the code value will remain the same and is not considered a new keyword.

8.2.10.2.1 ***Inserting New Context of Use Elements***

If a ***submissionUnit*** includes components with the same ***contextOfUse*** code and ***keyword*** code, a priority must be set on the ***component*** to specify the relative display position of the ***contextOfUse*** relative to the other ***contextOfUse*** elements.

```

<component>
  <priorityNumber value="1000"/>
  <contextOfUse>
    <id root="fd28ce84-651a-437f-b7f0-5171ad21057d"/>
    <code code="ich_3.3" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.989.2.2.1.1.1"/>
    <statusCode code="active"/>
    <derivedFrom>
      <!-- Literature Reference Document #1-->
      <documentReference>
        <id root="0ac0295e-766f-4567-9d63-40b8180de0c0"/>
      </documentReference>
    </derivedFrom>
  </contextOfUse>
</component>
<component>
  <priorityNumber value="2000"/>
  <contextOfUse>
    <id root="d27a4269-eebc-449f-9f33-645907f964984"/>
    <code code="ich_3.3" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.989.2.2.1.1.1"/>
    <statusCode code="active"/>
    <derivedFrom>
      <!--Literature Reference Document #2-->
      <documentReference>
        <id root="839235d5-1409-46c6-a144-e4fc3988e313"/>
      </documentReference>
    </derivedFrom>
  </contextOfUse>
</component>

```

In subsequent submission units of a submission (i.e., regulatory activity) or application, it may be necessary to add a Context of Use with the same ***contextOfUse.code*** as a previous sequence.

The following example adds a new Context of Use with the same ***contextOfUse.code@code*** and ***keyword.code@code*** combination as in the previous examples. As content is added over time to the same heading, the priority number will indicate the placement among the existing content. This Context of Use will appear between the two previously provided Context of Use elements.

Inserting Context of Use

```
<component>
  <priorityNumber value="1500"/>
  <contextOfUse>
    <id root="d5528cfc-15f8-479e-ab59-562c0aa3a5d8"/>
    <code code="ich_3.3" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.989.2.2.1.1.1"/>
    <statusCode code="active"/>
    <derivedFrom>
      <!--Literature Reference Document #3-->
      <documentReference>
        <id root="1982f2bf-bd82-45c6-83d7-8838598c971f"/>
      </documentReference>
    </derivedFrom>
  </contextOfUse>
</component>
```



Refer to [XML Color Legend](#) for color usage.

8.2.10.2.2 Reordering Context of Use

There will be times when the *contextOfUse* elements may be sent in the incorrect order for display or the sender wants to change the order.

Reordering may also need to occur when a new Context of Use needs to be inserted between existing Context of Use. When the *contextOfUse* elements need to be reordered, the following basic rules should be followed:

- If a new component is added during the reordering, that *contextOfUse* element does not use the *contextOfUse.priorityNumber@updateMode* attribute.
- If a component needs to be reordered, the *contextOfUse.priorityNumber@updateMode* is used to indicate the only change to the Context of Use is to the placement of the content.

The following example is the basic reordering of the previous context of use that was sent in the incorrect order. Note that any reordering of the Context of Use does not include the *contextOfUse.code*, *documentReference.id* and *keyword.code* elements. The content will be placed in the corrected order (e.g., previously submitted as priority number 5000). Note: It is recommended that the applicant does not send a submission unit just to reorder *contextOfUse* elements.

```
<component>
  <priorityNumber value="900" updateMode="R"/>
  <contextOfUse>
    <id root="d5528cfc-15f8-479e-ab59-562c0aa3a5d8"/>
    <statusCode code="active"/>
  </contextOfUse>
</component>
```

The example below shows the reordering of the content after those with lower priority numbers in the listing of content with the same Context of Use with Keywords (e.g., previously submitted in m3.2.s.2.3 with a keyword for manufacturer and substance).

```
<component>
  <priorityNumber value="1500" updateMode="R"/>
  <contextOfUse>
    <id root="1f080afdf5d4-4cec-8d09-2bf0ea6bec66"/>
    <statusCode code="active"/>
  </contextOfUse>
</component>
```



Refer to [XML Color Legend](#) for color usage.

8.2.10.2.3 **Removing / Suspending Context of Use Elements**

In subsequent submission units, it may be necessary to remove an existing Context of Use (i.e., it is not being replaced by another Context of Use). In this case, the Context of Use will no longer be displayed as active.

Removing a Context of Use

```
<component>
  <priorityNumber value="900"/>
  <contextOfUse>
    <id root="d5528fcf-15f8-479e-ab59-562c0aa3a5d8"/>
    <statusCode code="suspended"/>
  </contextOfUse>
</component>
```



For Applications that have transitioned from v3.2.2 to v4.0, content may be suspended if it is no longer relevant, or needs to be placed under the new v4.0 Context of Use code and Keyword code combination. See Section 8.2.15.4 for additional details.



Refer to [XML Color Legend](#) for color usage.

8.2.10.2.4 **Replacing (Versioning) Context of Use Elements**

In subsequent submission units of a submission (i.e., regulatory activity), it may be necessary to replace a *contextOfUse* element within a new *contextOfUse* element. There are two reasons for submitting a replacement:

1. The submission contents (i.e., the document being referenced) have changed
2. The previous suspended submission content needs to be resubmitted.*

*If the content needs to be resubmitted, only a new Context of Use will be sent in the message, the document id should be referenced and the physical file does not need to be resubmitted.

The new ***contextOfUse*** element will have a new unique identifier and all of the corresponding attributes. In addition, a ***relatedContextOfUse*** element is used to identify the Context of Use being replaced. This is a simple relationship and does not include anything but a reference of the unique identifier of the ***relatedContextOfUse***. The ***relatedContextOfUse*** will be marked as "obsolete" by the system (Refer to Section 8.2.7 for additional information). Note: An obsolete Context of Use cannot be replaced after its initial replacement (i.e., a Context of Use marked obsolete should not be referenced in a ***relatedContextofUse*** element). The ***priorityNumber*** of the element should be used to place content in the correct order based on the desired placement among previously submitted submission content. The priority numbers may be reassigned or new (whether the number is before or after existing values).

```
<component>
  <priorityNumber value="1000"/>
  <contextOfUse>
    <id root="b205bb7c-a222-4557-a954-0363dc122ca8"/>
    <code code="ich_2.7.1" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.989.2.2.1.1.1"/>
    <statusCode code="active"/>
    <replacementOf typeCode="RPLC">
      <relatedContextOfUse>
        <id root="78b2f721-25f0-474d-914b-5efb026cc7f7"/>
      </relatedContextOfUse>
    </replacementOf>
    <derivedFrom>
      <!--Document-->
      <documentReference>
        <id root="6ee97feb-8cd1-4991-8c38-002f16102fca"/>
      </documentReference>
    </derivedFrom>
  </contextOfUse>
</component>
```

Note: The example above is reassigning the priority number used in the previous context of use – i.e., as referenced by the ***relatedContextOfUse*** element.



For Applications that have transitioned from v3.2.2 to v4.0, content may only be replaced if it exists under the same Context of Use code and Keyword code combination. Refer to Section 8.2.15.4 for additional details.



Refer to [XML Color Legend](#) for color usage.

8.2.11 Sequence Number

The ***sequenceNumber@value*** is typically, but not always an increasing numeric value used to maintain a sequential and chronological order within the submission or across submissions; and it is unique within an Application. The applicant's sequence number practices will remain the same in v4.0.



Implementation Note: Refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide for sequence numbers issued as part of two-way communication. They will have an independent series of values that will only be differentiated by the party sending the message (i.e., the values are not consecutive between the two parties).

8.2.11.1 Location in XML

The **sequenceNumber** element in the XML message is in the following location:

- **controlActProcess >> subject >> submissionUnit >> componentOf1 >> sequenceNumber**

There may be **subject** and **component** elements (specifically in that order) prior to the **componentOf** element.

Refer to Table 7: v4.0 XML Message Structure for more information.

8.2.11.2 XML Elements

The following table provides a complete set of XML elements and attributes required for the **componentOf1.sequenceNumber** element, and any special instructions.



The typeCode is not required in the eCTD v4.0 XML message. The typeCode is fixed to "COMP". If the XML message contains any other value for this attribute it will be invalid against the schema.

8.2.11.2.1 sequenceNumber

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed Examples	Description Instructions
sequenceNumber		[1..1]		This is the container element for the sequence number and its value.
	value	[1..1]	Numeric <i>e.g., 1, 2, 3.</i>	The value attribute of the sequenceNumber element provides a whole number to be used to order Submission Unit's within a submission element.
Conformance	sequenceNumber@value attribute is required.			
Business Rules	The sequenceNumber is a positive integer. The values should begin with "1" and increment by whole numbers. The value should not be greater than "999999".			

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>Excluded Elements and/or Attributes</i>		The following datatype elements and attributes may not be required by eCTD v4.0:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>sequenceNumber@controlInformationExtension</i> • <i>sequenceNumber@controlInformationRoot</i> • <i>sequenceNumber@flavorId</i> • <i>sequenceNumber@nullFlavor</i> • <i>sequenceNumber@uncertaintyType</i> • <i>sequenceNumber@validTimeHigh</i> • <i>sequenceNumber@validTimeLow</i> • <i>sequenceNumber.expression</i> • <i>sequenceNumber.originalText</i> • <i>sequenceNumber.uncertainty</i> • <i>sequenceNumber.uncertainRange</i> 	

8.2.11.3 Terminology



There are no controlled vocabularies for this element.

8.2.11.4 Excluded Elements

No class elements are excluded for the *sequenceNumber* element.

8.2.12 XML SAMPLES: Submission Unit

The following is an example of the submission unit element and the specific attributes possible for all submission units.

```
<subject typeCode="SUBJ">
  <submissionUnit>
    <id root="0d84467e-f20b-42ad-a69a-63e61a4f7ea7"/>
    <code code="regional_sub_unit_type_1" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.989.x.x.x"/>
    <title value="Original Submission for pain medication - acetyl salicylic acid tablets"/>
    <statusCode code="active"/>....
```

*[Additional information may appear after the **statusCode** (if one exists), otherwise it will come after the **title** or **code** elements. For example, depending on the type of submission unit the additional elements may be available to select from the submission unit– **component** or **componentOf1** elements]*

```
...
<componentOf1>
  <sequenceNumber value="1"/>
  <submission>
```

*[Additional information appears for the **submission** element. Specific contents are defined in Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide]*

...

```

<componentOf>
...
[Additional information appears for the application element. Specific contents are defined in
Section 8.2.11 and Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide]
...
</componentOf>
</submission>
</componentOf1>
<componentOf2>
...
[Additional information appears for the categoryEvent element. Specific contents are defined in
Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide]
...
</componentOf2>
</submissionUnit>
</subject>

```



Refer to [XML Color Legend](#) for color usage.



Note that the **codeSystem** OIDs provided in the sample above are placeholders for Regional Controlled Vocabulary OIDs.



Refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides for additional information on sequence numbers, specifically when a submission unit contains more than one submission.

8.2.13 Application

The **application** element is presented in this section of the Implementation Guide as it is the connection point for the **document** and **keywordDefinition** elements in the XML message. The concept of **application** element differs among regions.



Note: Application is primarily a Module 1 concept that will also be described in the Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide.

8.2.13.1 Location in XML

The **application** element in the XML message is in the following location for documents:

- **controlActProcess>> subject>> submissionUnit>>componentOf1>>submission>> componentOf>>application**

Refer to Table 7: v4.0 XML Message Structure for more information.

8.2.13.2 XML Elements

The following is an example of the XML for the application information. The application enters as a **componentOf** element following the **submission** element and its attributes.

...

[This XML section will repeat for each **application** element. A **submission** element is a **componentOf** an **application** element]

```
...
<componentOf>
  <application>
    <id>
      <item root="f23c558f-cd58-41bc-bf6f-c6d230d3d665" extension="NDA987654"/>
      ...
      <!--Additional item elements can be added here-->
      ...
    </id>
    <code code="us_application_type_1" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.989.5.1.2.2.1.1"/>
      ...
      [Additional information may appear after the addition of the application.code, for example any of the following elements related to application – component, referencedBy, informationRecipient, reference, subject, or holder]
      ...
  </application>
</componentOf>
```



Refer to [XML Color Legend](#) for color usage.

The following tables provide a complete set of XML elements and attributes required for the **application** element, and any special instructions.



The **classCode** and **moodCode** are not required in the eCTD v4.0 XML message. The **classCode** is fixed to "ACT" and **moodCode** is fixed to "EVN". If the XML message contains any other values for these attributes it will be invalid against the schema.

8.2.13.2.1 **application.id**

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
id		[1..1]		This is the container element of the following elements and attributes by which it uniquely identifies the application.
id.item		[1..*]		This is the container element of the following attributes by which it uniquely identifies the application, because an application can be given multiple identifiers across territories, one id.item element should be used for each unique application identifier.

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
	<i>root</i>	[1..1]	Valid OID or UUID	The <i>root</i> attribute of the <i>id.item</i> element provides a global unique identifier for the <i>application</i> element.
	<i>extension</i>	[0..1]	Text <i>e.g., NDA123456 (Sample U.S. NDA value)</i>	The <i>extension</i> attribute of the <i>id.item</i> element provides a location to specify a region-specific application tracking number.
<i>Conformance</i>	The <i>id.item@root</i> attribute is required for the <i>application</i> element.			
<i>Business Rules</i>	Refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide for assignment of application number and appropriate <i>id.item@root</i> value as an OID or UUID.			
<i>Excluded Elements and/or Attributes</i>	<p>The following datatype attributes may not be required by eCTD v4.0:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>id.item@identifierName</i> • <i>id.item@scope</i> • <i>id.item@reliability</i> • <i>id.item@displayable</i> • <i>id@validTimeLow</i> • <i>id@validTimeHigh</i> • <i>id@controlInformationRoot</i> • <i>id@controlInformationExtension</i> • <i>id@nullFlavor</i> • <i>id@flavorId</i> • <i>id@updateMode</i> 			

8.2.13.2.2 ***application.code***

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>code</i>		[1..1]		This is the container element that organises the coded value for the application.

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
	<i>code</i>	[1..1]	Text <i>e.g., us_application_type_1</i> Refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides	The <i>code</i> attribute is a unique value that indicates the type of content in the application based on regional controlled vocabulary (e.g., NDA, MAA, Art-8-3, Art-10-1, etc.).
	<i>codeSystem</i>	[1..1]	Valid OID	The <i>codeSystem</i> attribute is a unique identifier that indicates the controlled vocabulary system. <i>This should be the OID registered for the code system.</i>
<i>Conformance</i>	There must be one and only one <i>code@code</i> attribute specified for an application.			
<i>Business Rules</i>	Refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide for additional information.			
<i>Excluded Elements and/or Attributes</i>	<p>The following datatype elements and attributes may not be required by eCTD v4.0:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>code.displayName</i> • <i>code.originalText</i> • <i>code.translation</i> • <i>code.source</i> • <i>code@codeSystemName</i> • <i>code@codeSystemVersion</i> • <i>code@valueSet</i> • <i>code@valueSetVersion</i> • <i>code@codingRationale</i> • <i>code@validTimeLow</i> • <i>code@validTimeHigh</i> • <i>code@controlInformationRoot</i> • <i>code@controlInformationExtension</i> • <i>code@nullFlavor</i> • <i>code@flavorId</i> • <i>code@updateMode</i> 			

8.2.13.3 Terminology



All ICH controlled vocabularies are provided in the genericode and spreadsheet files.¹⁸



Refer to the appropriate Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide for region-specific information for application type codes.

8.2.13.4 Excluded Elements

No class elements are excluded for the **application** element. Refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides for more information.

8.2.14 Document

The **document** element is used for the purposes of transmitting the information about each document related to an application. Documents (e.g., PDF files) are prepared by the Applicant for review by the Regulatory Authority. A document may change over time. One document can be associated with multiple **contextOfUse** elements, and may be used in multiple submission units.

The initial transmission of a document and its complete set of document elements/attributes are considered the creation of a document. Once the document has been identified to the receiving system, it can be referenced by its identifier in future uses of the document.

8.2.14.1 Location in XML

The **document** element in the XML message is in the following location for documents:

- **controlActProcess>> subject>> submissionUnit>>componentOf1>>submission>> componentOf>>application>> component >> document**

There may be **holder**, **subject**, or **reference** element prior to the **component** element.

Refer to Table 7: v4.0 XML Message Structure for more information.

8.2.14.2 XML Elements

The following tables provide a complete set of XML elements and attributes required for the **document** element, and any special instructions.



The **classCode** and **moodCode** are not required in the eCTD v4.0 XML message. The **classCode** is fixed to "DOC" and **moodCode** is fixed to "EVN". If the XML message contains any other values for these attributes it will be invalid against the schema.

Conditions that apply to the **document** element:

- One or more **document** elements may follow the **application** element

¹⁸ Final Implementation Terminology is provided on the ESTRI website.

8.2.14.2.1 ***document.id***

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>id</i>		[1..1]		This is the container element for the document identifier.
	<i>root</i>	[1..1]	Valid UUID	This <i>root</i> attribute of the <i>id</i> element is a global unique identifier of the <i>document</i> .
<i>Conformance</i>	The <i>id@root</i> is a required attribute.			
<i>Business Rules</i>	<p>The <i>id@root</i> should be unique for every <i>document</i> element, i.e., there should not be two documents submitted with the same <i>id@root</i> value.</p> <p>Note: If the applicant is managing documents across regions, the document identifier may be used across regions, but the document element and physical file must be submitted to each region or agency. Refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides for additional information.</p>			
<i>Excluded Elements and/or Attributes</i>	<p>The following datatype attributes may not be required by eCTD v4.0:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>id@extension</i> • <i>id@identifierName</i> • <i>id@scope</i> • <i>id@reliability</i> • <i>id@displayable</i> • <i>id@validTimeLow</i> • <i>id@validTimeHigh</i> • <i>id@controlInformationRoot</i> • <i>id@controlInformationExtension</i> • <i>id@nullFlavor</i> • <i>id@flavorId</i> • <i>id@updateMode</i> 			

8.2.14.2.2 ***document.title***

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>title</i>		[1..1]		This is the container for the <i>title</i> element of a document.
	<i>value</i>	[1..1]	Text Sender-specified title e.g., General Information	<p>This is the <i>value</i> attribute of the <i>title</i> element provides the title for the document.</p> <p><i>This is a sender-specified value for each document.</i></p>

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
	<i>updateMode</i>	[0..1]	Alpha <i>e.g., R for Replace</i>	The <i>updateMode</i> attribute that is used if updating the <i>document.title</i> element.
<i>Conformance</i>	The <i>title@value</i> attribute is required for all documents.			
<i>Business Rules</i>	<p>The <i>title</i> element should be used to indicate a human-readable value when displaying the document file.</p> <p>When sending a change in the <i>title</i> element, the <i>title@updateMode</i> attribute should be provided with only a value of "R". The <i>updateMode</i> should not be used unless an existing Document title is being changed – i.e., avoid using <i>updateMode</i> if the title value is the same.</p> <p>Refer to Section 8.2.16.2 for information about updating <i>document.title</i>.</p>			
<i>Excluded Elements and/or Attributes</i>	<p>The following datatype elements and attributes may not be required by eCTD v4.0:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>title.translation</i> • <i>title@validTimeLow</i> • <i>title@validTimeHigh</i> • <i>title@controlInformationRoot</i> • <i>title@controlInformationExtension</i> • <i>title@nullFlavor</i> • <i>title@flavorId</i> • <i>title@language</i> 			

8.2.14.2.3 *document.text*

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>text</i>		[0..1]		This is the container element that provides additional information about the document.
	<i>integrityCheckAlgorithm</i>	[0..1]	Alpha Numeric <i>e.g., SHA256</i>	This is the type of <i>integrityCheckAlgorithm</i> that was used for the checksum values provided in <i>integrityCheck</i> element.

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
	<i>language</i>	[0..1]	Alpha Refer to ISO 639.1 for two-letter language codes and Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides	This is the <i>language</i> attribute to indicate the language for the document.
	<i>mediaType</i>	[0..1]	Text <i>e.g., send, sdtm or adam</i>	This is the <i>mediaType</i> attribute that specifies the usage of the file where it is regionally requested.
	<i>updateMode</i>	[0..1]	Alpha <i>e.g., R for Replace</i>	The <i>updateMode</i> attribute provides the coded value to indicate if the <i>text</i> element's attributes need to be updated.
<i>text.reference</i>		[0..1]		This is the container element within the <i>text</i> element for a document.
	<i>value</i>	[1..1]	Text File path of the document <i>e.g., m3/32-body-data/32s-drug-sub/32s1-gen-info.pdf</i>	This is the <i>value</i> attribute of the <i>text</i> element that provides the location of the document with the relative path and filename of the document.
<i>text.integrityCheck</i>		[0..1]	Alpha Numeric <i>e.g., 618102bf07 065bcc1250 594201fe44 8515f0fa61</i>	This is the integrity check element, which has the checksum value.

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>text.description</i>		[0..1]		This is the description element which allows the sender to describe the document in their system.
	value	[1..1]	Text <i>e.g., 26145c7a- 3dc7-404d- 91c1- 6e0e5c71f8f 6 (UUID) or A1234567 (sender- specified value)</i>	This is the value attribute which allows the applicant to provide a sender-specified value for the document in their system. Note: this value will not be used by the receiver.
Conformance	Documents require the following elements/attributes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The text element <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ The text@IntegrityCheckAlgorithm attribute ○ The reference@value attribute ○ The text.integrityCheck element 			
Business Rules	<p>The text element should be used when sending a document.</p> <p>The text@language and text@mediaType attributes are optional. Refer to Section 8.2.16.2.2 for information about updating the document.text element. Refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides for additional information and complete list of allowable values.</p> <p>For file reuse, the text element must indicate the same reference@value, text@IntegrityCheckAlgorithm and text.integrityCheck values of the previously submitted document element. The reference@value should be the relative path to the document. If reuse is in the same submission unit the relative path would be in its respective module folder. If reuse is across submission units the relative path will need to indicate the sequence number and possibly the application number. Refer to Section 8.2.16.3 for information about updating the document.reference element.</p> <p>For document title updates, the text.integrityCheckAlgorithm and text.integrityCheck are not required, but for all other document elements, the text.integrityCheckAlgorithm and text.integrityCheck attributes must be provided.</p>			

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>Excluded Elements and/or Attributes</i>		The following datatype elements and attributes may not be required by eCTD v4.0:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>text.xml</i> • <i>text.data</i> • <i>text.thumbnail</i> • <i>text.translation</i> • <i>text@charset</i> • <i>text@compressiontext@translation</i> • <i>text@validTimeLow</i> • <i>text@validTimeHigh</i> • <i>text@controlInformationRoot</i> • <i>text@controlInformationExtension</i> • <i>text@nullFlavor</i> • <i>text@flavorId</i> 	

8.2.14.3 Terminology



All ICH controlled vocabularies are provided in the genericode and spreadsheet files.¹⁹

8.2.14.4 Excluded Elements

No class elements are excluded for the **document** element.

8.2.14.5 XML SAMPLES: Document

The following XML Samples build the **document** element as specified for an Application.

```
<document>
  <id root="973d9293-77b9-4f45-b62e-aae62d7ce814"/>
  <title value="Process and Controls"/>
  <text integrityCheckAlgorithm="SHA256">
    <reference value="m3/32-prod/manuf-process-and-controls.pdf"/>
    <integrityCheck>c0d5623550c997a70b62717d95fc1cada201754d1ed9fbfffa97bfd64c8ea4</integrityCheck>
  </text>
</document>
```



Refer to [XML Color Legend](#) for color usage.

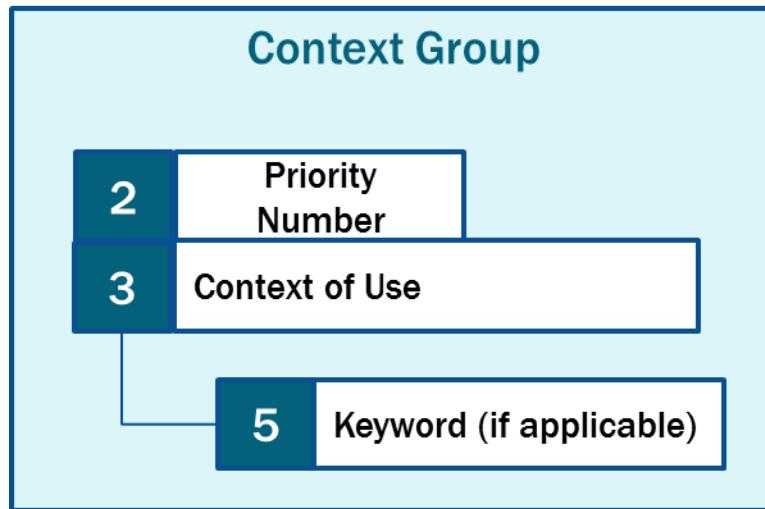
8.2.15 Approaches to Changes in Context Groups

This section describes the management of **ContextOfUse** elements that change over time that are part of a context group as defined as more than one Context of Use with the same Context of Use code and

¹⁹ Final Implementation Terminology is provided on the ESTRI website.

Keyword code(s) (when keywords are present).The following figure depicts how the elements are grouped in the same context.

Figure 4: Context Group Model



The following section provides information about using keywords to group one or more Context of Use elements together as well as changes in content composition – i.e., a group of documents may change from one Context of Use to many Context of Use elements; and many to one.

8.2.15.1 Use of Keywords for Group Title

The sender may use a keyword to add a group title to the Context of Use to further organise content under a table of contents heading. If the sender knows the CTD heading needs to be organised with a group title, the keyword should be used even if there is only one *contextOfUse* element. Only one group title keyword should be applied to the Context of Use.

```
<component>
  <priorityNumber value="1000"/>
  <contextOfUse>
    <id root="1f271446-8d56-4ddc-b730-eaee208c7053"/>
    <code code="ich_3.2.p.7" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.989.2.2.1.1.1"/>
    <statusCode code="active"/>
    <!--Document Referenced is Analytical Procedure 1-->
    <derivedFrom>
      <documentReference>
        <id root="164af1e4-f625-4621-8d69-ca56b8f7dc7b"/>
      </documentReference>
    </derivedFrom>
    <!--C001 is the code for the Container Keyword Definition "PVDC Blister Pack"-->
    <referencedBy typeCode="REFR">
      <keyword>
        <code code="C001" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3"/>
      </keyword>
    </referencedBy>
```

```

<!--GT001 is the code for the Group Title Keyword Definition "Analytical
Procedures"-->
<referencedBy typeCode="REFR">
  <keyword>
    <code code="GT001" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3"/>
  </keyword>
</referencedBy>
</contextOfUse>
</component>
<component>
  <priorityNumber value="2000"/>
  <contextOfUse>
    <id root="4a5c97e1-4448-47e2-90ff-2d6a264167c0"/>
    <code code="ich_3.2.p.7" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.989.2.2.1.1.1"/>
    <statusCode code="active"/>
    <!--Document Referenced is Analytical Procedure 2-->
    <derivedFrom>
      <documentReference>
        <id root="0127b8b6-5510-45c5-93fd-9a3a6e9735aa"/>
      </documentReference>
    </derivedFrom>
    <!--C001 is the code for the Container Keyword Definition "PVDC Blister Pack"-->
  </contextOfUse>
</component>
<!--C001 is the code for the Container Keyword Definition "PVDC Blister Pack"-->
<referencedBy typeCode="REFR">
  <keyword>
    <code code="C001" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3"/>
  </keyword>
</referencedBy>
<!--GT001 is the code for the Group Title Keyword Definition "Analytical
Procedures"-->
<referencedBy typeCode="REFR">
  <keyword>
    <code code="GT001" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3"/>
  </keyword>
</referencedBy>
</contextOfUse>
</component>

```



All Context of Use keywords are shown for illustration purposes only. Refer to the controlled vocabulary and ICH M4 Organisation of the Common Technical Document for the Registration of Pharmaceuticals for Human Use files for the allowable combinations.



Refer to [XML Color Legend](#) for color usage.

8.2.15.2 One File to Many

This scenario describes a change in content composition where one file (i.e., document) is being replaced with content being provided by many documents.

Sequence 1

In the first submission unit, the following Context of Use is provided to show a document reference by a Context of Use.

```
<component>
  <priorityNumber value="1000"/>
  <contextOfUse>
    <id root="1f271446-8d56-4ddc-b730-eaee208c7053"/>
    <code code="ich_3.2.p.7" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.989.2.2.1.1.1"/>
    <statusCode code="active"/>
    <!--Document Referenced is Analytical Procedure 1-->
    <derivedFrom>
      <documentReference>
        <id root="164af1e4-f625-4621-8d69-ca56b8f7dc7b"/>
      </documentReference>
    </derivedFrom>
  </contextOfUse>
</component>
```

Sequence 2

The following sample depicts the replacement of the previous Context of Use with two new Context of Use elements each referencing a document (i.e., the content may be split into two new documents, one document may be revised and one added or both containing new content). The Related Context of Use is a reference back to the identifier of the previous Context of Use, which will reflect one document is replaced by two under the same heading. Note: The priority number is reassigned to the first of the two replacement Context of Use elements. The sender may have assigned a new priority number as well.

```
<component>
  <priorityNumber value="1000"/>
  <contextOfUse>
    <id root="0c0abab8-cbfa-4d2f-9793-2b30ea51b8f5"/>
    <code code="ich_3.2.p.7" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.989.2.2.1.1.1"/>
    <statusCode code="active"/>
    <replacementOf typeCode="RPLC">
      <relatedContextOfUse>
        <id root="1f271446-8d56-4ddc-b730-eaee208c7053"/>
      </relatedContextOfUse>
    </replacementOf>
    <!--Document Referenced is Analytical Procedure 1-->
    <derivedFrom>
      <documentReference>
        <id root="164af1e4-f625-4621-8d69-ca56b8f7dc7b"/>
      </documentReference>
    </derivedFrom>
  </contextOfUse>
</component>
<component>
```

```

<priorityNumber value="2000"/>
<contextOfUse>
  <id root="4a5c97e1-4448-47e2-90ff-2d6a264167c0"/>
  <code code="ich_3.2.p.7" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.989.2.2.1.1.1"/>
  <statusCode code="active"/>
  <replacementOf typeCode="RPLC">
    <relatedContextOfUse>
      <id root="1f271446-8d56-4ddc-b730-eaee208c7053"/>
    </relatedContextOfUse>
  </replacementOf>
  <!--Document Referenced is Analytical Procedure 2-->
  <derivedFrom>
    <documentReference>
      <id root="0127b8b6-5510-45c5-93fd-9a3a6e9735aa"/>
    </documentReference>
  </derivedFrom>
  <!--Document Referenced is Analytical Procedure 1-->
  <contextOfUse>
</component>

```



Refer to [XML Color Legend](#) for color usage.

8.2.15.3 Many Files to One

This scenario describes the situations where content provided across multiple files is being replaced by content provided as a single file. If the initial sequence sent many Context of Use elements (and thus multiple documents), a subsequent sequence that wants to reference one file would do so by merging the content into one physical file.

Sequence 1 – Many Documents Referenced

The following sample depicts two *contextOfUse* elements, each referencing a document.

```

<component>
  <priorityNumber value="1000"/>
  <contextOfUse>
    <id root="0c0abab8-cbfa-4d2f-9793-2b30ea51b8f5"/>
    <code code="ich_3.2.p.7" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.989.2.2.1.1.1"/>
    <statusCode code="active"/>
    <!--Document Referenced is Analytical Procedure 1-->
    <derivedFrom>
      <documentReference>
        <id root="164af1e4-f625-4621-8d69-ca56b8f7dc7b"/>
      </documentReference>
    </derivedFrom>
    <!--Document Referenced is Analytical Procedure 2-->
    <contextOfUse>
  </component>
  <component>
    <priorityNumber value="2000"/>
    <contextOfUse>

```

```

<id root="4a5c97e1-4448-47e2-90ff-2d6a264167c0"/>
<code code="ich_3.2.p.7" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.989.2.2.1.1.1"/>
<statusCode code="active"/>
<!--Document Referenced is Analytical Procedure 2-->
<derivedFrom>
    <documentReference>
        <id root="0127b8b6-5510-45c5-93fd-9a3a6e9735aa"/>
    </documentReference>
</derivedFrom>
</contextOfUse>
</component>

```

Sequence 2 – One Document Referenced

The following sample shows that the two previous Context of Use elements are replaced by one Context of Use referencing a document (the document now contains all of the content previously submitted in two separate documents). Note: The priority number is reassigned to the new *contextOfUse* element. The sender may have assigned a new priority number as well.

```

<component>
    <priorityNumber value="1000"/>
    <contextOfUse>
        <id root="49e18e35-fe1b-4929-bf30-ea58c81ec30f"/>
        <code code="ich_3.2.p.7" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.989.2.2.1.1.1"/>
        <statusCode code="active"/>
        <replacementOf typeCode="RPLC">
            <relatedContextOfUse>
                <id root="0c0abab8-cbfa-4d2f-9793-2b30ea51b8f5"/>
            </relatedContextOfUse>
        </replacementOf>
        <replacementOf typeCode="RPLC">
            <relatedContextOfUse>
                <id root="4a5c97e1-4448-47e2-90ff-2d6a264167c0"/>
            </relatedContextOfUse>
        </replacementOf>
        <!--Document Referenced is Analytical Procedure Consolidated-->
        <derivedFrom>
            <documentReference>
                <id root="e8e44446-de99-4324-ba9c-502fe8d729ba"/>
            </documentReference>
        </derivedFrom>
    </contextOfUse>
</component>

```



Refer to [XML Color Legend](#) for color usage.

8.2.15.4 *Changing Granularity*

There may need to be a change to the granularity of CTD headings either based on a change in submission contents or because the heading is no longer valid in the current eCTD implementation. The usage of CTD headings in the current eCTD implementation is specified in the ICH document, Organisation of the Common Technical Document for the Registration of Pharmaceuticals for Human Use. For future changes to submission contents, there may be an effect on the context of use codes or keywords allowed for the respective CTD headings. The following guidance is provided when dealing with changes in granularity.

8.2.15.4.1 *Removal of CTD headings previously allowed*

When a CTD heading is no longer allowed (previously being allowed), the following scenarios may occur:

- Submission contents may continue to be relevant under the existing heading, but additional information may need to be provided.
 - New submission content should be submitted with the new valid context of use codes and keywords.
 - Submission contents will appear under their respective CTD headings and keywords.
 - There will be no relationship (i.e., life cycle) between the existing and new submission contents.
- Submission contents may no longer be relevant, but new submission contents need to be submitted.
 - The existing submission content needs to be suspended (Refer to Section 8.2.10.2.3).
 - New submission content should be submitted with the new valid context of use codes and keywords.
 - Suspended submission content is no longer active, and new submission content will be active under the new CTD headings and keywords.
 - There will be no relationship (i.e., life cycle) between the existing and new submission contents.
- Submission contents need to be replaced, but the CTD headings and/or keywords first need to change.
 - The existing submission content needs to be suspended (Refer to Section 8.2.10.2.3).
 - A new Context of Use is submitted with the new CTD headings, keywords and a reference to the document identifier of the existing submission content.
 - In a future sequence, provide the new submission content under a new Context of Use with the same CTD headings, keywords and a reference to the existing content (i.e., related Context of Use).
 - The submission content will show a relationship between the existing submission content and the new submission content under the new CTD heading and keywords.

8.2.15.4.2 *Adding CTD Headings not previously allowed*

When a CTD heading is now allowed (previously not being allowed) and the submission content at a higher or lower level is better suited under the new CTD heading.

- Submission contents may continue to be relevant under the existing CTD heading, but additional information may need to be provided under the new CTD heading.
 - New submission content should be submitted with the new valid context of use codes and keywords.
 - Submission contents will appear under their respective CTD headings and keywords.
 - There will be no relationship (i.e., life cycle) between the existing and new submission contents.
- Submission contents may no longer be relevant, but new submission contents need to be submitted.
 - The existing submission content needs to be suspended (Refer to Section 8.2.10.2.3).
 - New submission content should be submitted with the new valid context of use codes and keywords.
 - Suspended submission content is no longer active, and new submission content will be active under the new CTD headings and keywords.
 - There will be no relationship (i.e., life cycle) between the existing and new submission contents.
- Submission contents need to be replaced, but the CTD headings and/or keywords first need to change.
 - The existing submission content needs to be suspended (Refer to Section 8.2.10.2.3).
 - A new Context of Use is submitted with the new CTD headings, keywords and a reference to the document identifier of the existing submission content.
 - In a future sequence, provide the new submission content under a new Context of Use with the same CTD headings, keywords and a reference to the existing content (i.e., related Context of Use).
 - The submission content will show a relationship between the existing submission content and the new submission content under the new CTD heading and keywords.

8.2.16 Other Considerations

8.2.16.1 *Document Reuse*

A document can be referenced many times in the life cycle of the application. Therefore, the reuse of documents is an important feature of eCTD v4.0. Reuse of documents can be used when the document accurately represents the content and metadata that should be present under another Context of Use. In addition, all the contents of the reused document, including references and hypertext links to other documents, should be relevant to the submission that reuses the document. Reference to the document

not relevant to the submission should not be submitted by document reuse. The most common examples of document reuse are depicted in this section.

Refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides for additional information on document retention practices and rules for Document Reuse.

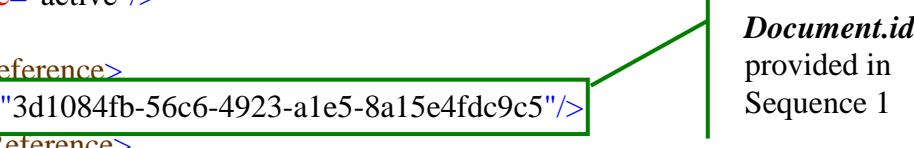
When the same document is being sent within or across submission units, the **document** element only needs to be provided once to establish the document identifier, which can then be referenced by any reference in a **contextOfUse** element.

Below, the XML shows two **contextOfUse** elements that reference the same document by its document identifier.

Sequence 1

Context of Use Element

```
<component>
  <priorityNumber value="1000"/>
  <contextOfUse>
    <id root="7480bc1a-6486-4714-8d32-a3bd41de9be6"/>
    <code code="ich_3.2.s.2.3" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.989.2.2.1.1.1"/>
    <statusCode code="active"/>
    <derivedFrom>
      <documentReference>
        <id root="3d1084fb-56c6-4923-a1e5-8a15e4fdc9c5"/>
      </documentReference>
    </derivedFrom>
  </contextOfUse>
</component>
```



Document element

```
<document>
  <id root="3d1084fb-56c6-4923-a1e5-8a15e4fdc9c5"/>
  <title value="Excipients X"/>
  <text integrityCheckAlgorithm="SHA256">
    <reference value="m3/32-prod/excipients.pdf"/>
    <integrityCheck>c0d5623550c997a70b62717d95fca1cada201754d1ed9fbfff97bfd64c8ea4</i
    ntegrityCheck>
  </text>
</document>
```



Sequence 2

Context of Use Element

```
<component>
  <priorityNumber value="2000"/>
  <contextOfUse>
    <id root="47939431-1ac1-4e17-b44d-dcea7ce43050"/>
```

```

<code code="ich_3.2.s.2.3" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.989.2.2.1.1.1"/>
<statusCode code="active"/>
<derivedFrom>
  <documentReference>
    <id root="3d1084fb-56c6-4923-a1e5-8a15e4fdc9c5"/>
  </documentReference>
</derivedFrom>
</contextOfUse>
</component>

```

Document.id
provided in
Sequence 1



Refer to [XML Color Legend](#) for color usage.

Document Element

The **document** element is not sent in this submission unit. The document was sent in the previous sequence 1. In the example above, the document may be a reference from within the same application or across applications. Refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides for additional information about document reuse.

8.2.16.2 Document Element Updates

The **document** element includes several attributes that may need to be updated after the initial submission of the element. Changes need to be made based on the initial submission, which includes required and optional elements. Below is an example of the document element with all of the required and optional elements and attributes.

Initial submission of document

```

<document>
  <id root="ceb05f3d-ebb0-4547-9734-056efa134a7a"/>
  <title value="Process and Controls"/>
  <text integrityCheckAlgorithm="SHA256" mediaType="sdtm" language="en" >
    <reference value="m3/32-prod/manuf-process-and-controls.pdf"/>
    <integrityCheck>a4c828974a7d177137d69aedfc45379a694611ef317c6c1741a935aa9555c57d</
    integrityCheck>
  </text>
</document>

```

Changes to the document element are summarised in the following subsections for document title update, text element update and update of both document elements. The following condition applies to the updates of both text and title updates:

- If the **text@integrityCheckAlgorithm**, **text.integrityCheck** and **reference@value** are submitted with the title and/or text update, the values will be ignored by the receiver. The values for these elements or attributes should remain constant after the initial document is submitted

8.2.16.2.1 Document Title Updates

If the sender has submitted a **document** element with an error in the **document.title** element, it may be updated without creating an entirely new document. The example provided in this section, will indicate the required elements for such an update.

Update to Document Title using *updateMode*

The document *id@root* value remains the same when fixing an error (e.g., typo) in the *document.title@value* attribute. The document title will be updated for all references of the document.

```
<document>
  <id root="ceb05f3d-ebb0-4547-9734-056efa134a7a"/>
  <title value="Manufacturing Process and Controls" updateMode="R"/>
</document>
```

If the *document.title@value* is completely different (i.e., it is intended to provide a new title) then a new document object should be submitted – i.e., file reuse (see the next section).

8.2.16.2.2 **Document Text Updates**

The *mediaType* and *language* attributes may be updated, and share the same *updateMode* attribute.

The document *id@root* value remains the same when fixing an error or missing value in the *document.text@mediaType* or *document.text@language* attribute. The example provided in this section, will indicate the required elements for such an update.

```
<component>
  <document>
    <id root="ceb05f3d-ebb0-4547-9734-056efa134a7a"/>
    <text mediaType="sdtm" language="en" updateMode="R"/>
  </document>
</component>
```

Any changes to the document text element – either adding or replacing a value, the *updateMode* will provide the value "R" to indicate that the sender intended to overwrite the information previously submitted.

Refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides for instructions when the *mediaType* and *language* elements should be used.

8.2.16.2.3 **Document Title and Text Updates**

If both the document *title* and *text* elements need to be updated, instructions are a combination of the individual updates.

The document *id@root* value remains the same when fixing an error or missing value in the *document.title@value*, *document.text@mediaType* or *document.text@language* attribute. The example provided in this section, will indicate the required elements for such an update.

```
<component>
  <document>
    <id root="ceb05f3d-ebb0-4547-9734-056efa134a7a"/>
    <title value="Manufacturing Process and Controls" updateMode="R"/>
    <text mediaType="sdtm" language="en" updateMode="R"/>
  </document>
</component>
```

```
</document>
</component>
```



Refer to [XML Color Legend](#) for color usage.

8.2.16.3 File Reuse

A file is usually represented by one **document** element and that **document** element can be referenced by multiple **contextOfUse** elements. This is described in the Document Reuse section. In certain situations, a file may need to be presented differently in one usage versus another (i.e., to use a different document title). In these situations the file would need to be represented by an additional **document** element. Thus the same file path may appear in multiple **document.text** elements. The file only needs to be sent once in the folder structure. This is described in the Document Reuse section (Refer to Section 8.2.16.1).

Files can be reused across submissions and applications (see notes below) by providing the file path of a previously submitted file when defining a new **document** element for that submission or application. The file will be retrieved from its original folder location. The following are possible reuse scenarios:

- Reusing file that has different 1st level folder (in another application)
- Reusing file that has different 2nd level folder (in another sequence of current application)
- Reusing file that has the same 2nd level folder (in submission unit content)

Note: if files are reused, i.e., sent once in the original folder structure, the manual navigation of the folder structure will become more difficult as all files within a submission unit, submission or application may not be contained in the same physical folder location as the originating submission unit.

Note: Refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides for region-specific information about file reuse.

The following XML sample describes a **document** element with the title "Report for Study 1".

```
<component>
  <document>
    <id root="bab246ef-7d8e-4042-bd8b-ad9769f4589b"/>
    <title value="Report for Study 1"/>
    <text integrityCheckAlgorithm="SHA256" language="en">
      <reference value="../m5/531-biopharm/report1.pdf"/>
      <integrityCheck>5b94eb14cd31031a4d4539d0bcfbef028a91c04d2d2575990c4422947a9f43
        7a</integrityCheck>
    </text>
  </document>
</component>
```

The following **document** element describes the same file from the previous example with a slightly different document title. This **document** element is being created in a subsequent submission unit from the original submission of the file; notice the difference in the file path information provided in these examples.

```

<component>
  <document>
    <id root="79da2f37-02a8-4dcd-8552-54565b093c08"/>
    <title value="Summary Report for Study 1"/>
    <text integrityCheckAlgorithm="SHA256" language="en">
      <reference value="..sequencefolder/m5/531-biopharm/report1.pdf"/>
      <integrityCheck>
        5b94eb14cd31031a4d4539d0bcfbef028a91c04d2d2575990c4422947a9f437a </integrityCheck>
      </text>
    </document>
  </component>

```



Refer to [XML Color Legend](#) for color usage.

8.2.17 Keyword Definition

The ***keywordDefinition*** is used to provide a sender-defined keyword that will be referenced by a code in other parts of the message. The use of keyword definitions is mainly for defining keyword values that are not defined by a controlled vocabulary (i.e., sender-defined keywords). A keyword definition contains name value pairs that are used to provide Keywords on the Context of Use. Note: Keyword Definitions may be defined by the applicant in a manner which they may be reused across applications (even though they must be submitted for each application).

8.2.17.1 Location in XML

The ***keywordDefinition*** element in the XML message is in the following location for keyword definitions:

- *controlActProcess>>subject>>submissionUnit>>componentOf1>>submission>>componentOf>>application>>referencedBy>>keywordDefinition*

There may be ***informationRecipient***, ***holder***, ***reference*** or ***subject*** elements prior to the ***referencedBy*** element.

Refer to Table 7: v4.0 XML Message Structure for more information.

8.2.17.2 XML Elements

The following tables provide a complete set of XML elements and attributes required for the ***keywordDefinition*** element, and any special instructions.



*The **classCode** and **moodCode** are not required in the eCTD v4.0 XML message. The **classCode** is fixed to "ACT" and **moodCode** is fixed to "EVN". If the XML message contains any other values for these attributes it will be invalid against the schema.*

Each ***keywordDefinition*** should be sent in its own ***keywordDefinition*** element. Although the schema allows multiple values for each ***keywordDefinition***, the eCTD v4.0 only allows one item per ***keywordDefinition*** element.

Conditions that apply to the ***keywordDefinition*** element:

- Zero to many ***keywordDefinition*** elements can be sent for each ***application*** element
- A ***keywordDefinition*** should be provided for sender-defined keywords.
- The ***keywordDefinition*** only needs to be provided once for an Application – i.e., the keyword definition should be defined once and referenced by its assigned code value. Note: the ***keywordDefinition*** will need to be defined for each new Application.

8.2.17.2.1 ***keywordDefinition.code***

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>code</i>		[1..1]		This is the container element that identifies the type of keyword definition.
	<i>code</i>	[1..1]	Text <i>e.g., ich_keyword_type_1</i>	This is the <i>code</i> attribute for the coded value of the type of keyword definition.
	<i>codeSystem</i>	[1..1]	Valid OID	The <i>codeSystem</i> attribute provides a unique identifier that indicates the controlled vocabulary system. <i>This should be the OID registered for the code system.</i>
<i>Conformance</i>	The <i>code</i> and <i>codeSystem</i> are required attributes.			
<i>Business Rules</i>	The <i>code</i> must be from a valid ICH Keyword code type.			
<i>Excluded Elements and/or Attributes</i>	The following datatype elements and attributes may not be required by eCTD v4.0: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>code.displayName</i> • <i>code.originalText</i> • <i>code.translation</i> • <i>code.source</i> • <i>code@codeSystemName</i> • <i>code@codeSystemVersion</i> • <i>code@valueSet</i> • <i>code@valueSetVersion</i> • <i>code@codingRationale</i> • <i>code@validTimeLow</i> • <i>code@validTimeHigh</i> • <i>code@controlInformationRoot</i> • <i>code@controlInformationExtension</i> • <i>code@nullFlavor</i> • <i>code@flavorId</i> • <i>code@updateMode</i> 			

8.2.17.2.2 ***keywordDefinition.statusCode***

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>statusCode</i>		[1..1]		This is the container element that identifies the status of the <i>keywordDefinition</i> .
	<i>code</i>	[1..1]	Alpha <i>e.g., active</i>	This is the code value for the status.
<i>Conformance</i>	The <i>statusCode</i> is required.			
<i>Business Rules</i>	The <i>code</i> attribute should always have a value of "active".			
<i>Excluded Elements and/or Attributes</i>	<p>The following datatype elements and attributes may not be required by eCTD v4.0:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>statusCode.part</i> • <i>statusCode@validTimeLow</i> • <i>statusCode@validTimeHigh</i> • <i>statusCode@controlInformationRoot</i> • <i>statusCode@controlInformationExtension</i> • <i>statusCode@nullFlavor</i> • <i>statusCode@flavorId</i> • <i>statusCode@updateMode</i> 			

8.2.17.2.3 ***keywordDefinition.value***

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>value</i>		[1..1]		This is the container element for the keyword defined for the keyword code provided for <i>keywordDefinition</i> .
<i>value.item</i>		[1..1]		This is the container element to specify an individual keyword identifier.
	<i>code</i>	[1..1]	Text Sender-defined value <i>e.g., MANU001 or MFR_001</i>	This is the <i>code</i> attribute for the keyword being defined.

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
	<i>codeSystem</i>	[1..1]	Text Sender-defined value	This is the <i>codeSystem</i> value that is a unique identifier for the controlled vocabulary system.
<i>value.item.displayName</i>		[1..1]		This is the container element to specify the <i>displayName</i> , which is the value of the keywordDefinition code.
	<i>value</i>	[1..1]	Text Sender-defined value <i>e.g., Big Manufacturer</i>	The <i>displayName</i> attribute of the <i>value</i> element of the keyword being defined.
	<i>updateMode</i>	[0..1]	Alpha <i>e.g., R for Replace</i>	The <i>updateMode</i> should be used to make changes to the Keyword Definition's display name value.
<i>Conformance</i>	<p><i>The keywordDefinition.value</i> is a required element.</p> <p>The <i>value.item@code</i>, <i>value.item@codeSystem</i> and <i>value.item.displayName@value</i> are required attributes.</p> <p>If there is a conflict with <i>the keywordDefinition.value.item.code@code</i> and <i>keywordDefinition.value.displayName</i> – i.e., an update is not being made with <i>updateMode</i> and a new <i>displayName@value</i> is provided for an existing code, the submission unit will be rejected.</p>			
<i>Business Rules</i>	<p>Each <i>keywordDefinition</i> can only contain one sender-defined keyword.</p> <p>The <i>displayName@value</i> is the only attribute that can be updated, at which time the <i>displayName@updateMode</i> should only be provided with a value of "R". The <i>updateMode</i> should not be used unless the <i>displayName@value</i> is being changed – i.e., avoid using update mode if the value is not being updated for the keyword definition.</p>			

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>Excluded Elements and/or Attributes</i>		The following datatype elements and attributes may not be required by eCTD v4.0:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>displayName@controlInformationExtension</i> • <i>displayName@controlInformationRoot</i> • <i>displayName@flavorId</i> • <i>displayName@language</i> • <i>displayName@nullFlavor</i> • <i>displayName@validTimeHigh</i> • <i>displayName@validTimeLow</i> 	

8.2.17.3 Terminology



All ICH controlled vocabularies are provided in the genericode and spreadsheet files.²⁰

8.2.17.4 Excluded Elements

No class elements are excluded for the *keywordDefinition* element.

8.2.18 XML SAMPLES: Keyword Definition

At this time, keywords should only be defined for an application. However, the same keyword definitions (code and value pair) may be resubmitted across applications to allow for specific regional business scenarios (e.g., grouped submissions). The following sections outline the additional scenarios for XML instances in defining and using keywords.

8.2.18.1 Keyword Definitions

The following XML sample shows one *keywordDefinition* of type, manufacturer.

```

<referencedBy>
  <keywordDefinition>
    <code code="ich_keyword_type_3"
      codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.989.2.2.1.5.2"/>
    <statusCode code="active"/>
    <value>
      <item code="MANU001" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3">
        <displayName value="Big Manufacturer"/>
      </item>
    </value>
  </keywordDefinition>
</referencedBy>
```

Note: that one item value per keyword definition is required; the schema allows for multiple.

²⁰ Final Implementation Terminology is provided on the ESTRI website.



Refer to [XML Color Legend](#) for color usage.

8.2.18.2 Keyword Definition display name change

Keyword Definitions that are sent may have been sent with errors. If the sender needs to correct the display name of a keyword definition (i.e., it is the same concept or term with a correct representation (e.g., spelling)) only the display name may be altered. The keyword definition code shall remain the same.

Sequence 1

```
<referencedBy>
  <keywordDefinition>
    <code code="ich_keyword_type_3" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.989.2.2.1.5.2"/>
    <statusCode code="active"/>
    <value>
      <item code="MANU001" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3">
        <displayName value="Ace Manufacturer"/>
      </item>
    </value>
  </keywordDefinition>
</referencedBy>
```

Sequence 2

```
<referencedBy>
  <keywordDefinition>
    <code code="ich_keyword_type_3" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.989.2.2.1.5.2"/>
    <statusCode code="active"/>
    <value>
      <item code="MANU001" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3">
        <displayName value="Acme Manufacturer" updateMode="R"/>
      </item>
    </value>
  </keywordDefinition>
</referencedBy>
```

displayName changed
to correct value.

Note: The Display Name update is intended to apply the changes to all Submission Units (including those submitted in the past) within the same Application. The update will not apply to submission units on file for other Applications. If the display name update is expected to apply to a specific Submission Unit, a new Keyword Definition should be defined.

8.2.18.3 Use of Keyword Definitions across Submission Units

Keyword Definitions once they have been sent by the sender do not need to be sent again unless there is a change to the definition. The keyword code shall stay the same across submission units within an application – i.e., only the display name can be changed. There should only be one keyword definition

code and display name pair defined for a particular concept – i.e., one concept shall not be defined more than once within an application.

Sequence 1

Keyword Defined in Sequence 1

```
<referencedBy>
  <keywordDefinition>
    <code code="ich_keyword_type_3"
      codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.989.2.2.1.5.2"/>
    <statusCode code="active"/>
    <value>
      <item code="MANU003" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3">
        <displayName value="Simple Manufacturer"/>
      </item>
    </value>
  </keywordDefinition>
</referencedBy>
```

Keyword Definition used by Context of Use in Sequence 1

```
<component>
  <priorityNumber value="1000"/>
  <contextOfUse>
    <id root="8c590801-c4ca-4940-bb4d-5a4cd32685d7"/>
    <code code="ich_3.2.s.2.3" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.989.2.2.1.1.1"/>
    <statusCode code="active"/>
    <derivedFrom>
      <!--Document titled "Controls for Material YYY"-->
      <documentReference>
        <id root="d0c6463c-7538-4ac8-827d-65b083c3893d"/>
      </documentReference>
    </derivedFrom>
    <referencedBy typeCode="REFR">
      <keyword>
        <code code="MANU003" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3"/>
      </keyword>
    </referencedBy>
    <referencedBy typeCode="REFR">
      <keyword>
        <code code="SUB001" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3"/>
      </keyword>
    </referencedBy>
  </contextOfUse>
</component>
```



All Context of Use keywords are shown for illustration purposes only. Refer to the controlled vocabulary and ICH M4 Organisation of the Common Technical Document for the Registration of Pharmaceuticals for Human Use files for the allowable combinations.



Refer to [XML Color Legend](#) for color usage.

Keyword Defined in Sequence 3

No additional information sent in the XML for the Keyword Definition. The value sent in sequence 1, "MANU003" with display name "Simple Manufacturer" is still applicable.

Keyword Definition used by Context of Use in Sequence 3

```
<component>
  <priorityNumber value="2000"/>
  <contextOfUse>
    <id root="64e51fb8-4608-4c3a-af52-68b5cc02345b"/>
    <code code="ich_3.2.s.2.3" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.989.2.2.1.1.1"/>
    <statusCode code="active"/>
    <derivedFrom>
      <!--Document titled "Controls for Material BCD"-->
      <documentReference>
        <id root="23967c61-99bf-4090-863c-15b524ee242e"/>
      </documentReference>
    </derivedFrom>
    <referencedBy typeCode="REFR">
      <keyword>
        <code code="MANU003" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3"/>
      </keyword>
    </referencedBy>
    <referencedBy typeCode="REFR">
      <keyword>
        <code code="SUB001" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3"/>
      </keyword>
    </referencedBy>
  </contextOfUse>
</component>
```



All Context of Use keywords are shown for illustration purposes only. Refer to the controlled vocabulary and ICH M4 Organisation of the Common Technical Document for the Registration of Pharmaceuticals for Human Use files for the allowable combinations.



Refer to [XML Color Legend](#) for color usage.

9. DOSSIER MANAGEMENT

Dossier Management refers to the life cycle management of submission units, submissions (e.g., regulatory activities) and applications. Although this topic is very important to eCTD v4.0, it is not covered in this Implementation Guide. Due to the variation in regulatory processes across regions as to how to manage the life cycle as well as the precise definition of these concepts in each region, this information will be found in the Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides.

10. COMPATIBILITY AND REFERENCE To eCTD V3.2.2

In order to prepare for the transition of a dossier from an eCTD v3.2.2 message to an eCTD v4.0 message, there are several considerations noted below:

- The transition mapping message should be used for administrative purposes only. Although the RPS R2 Normative schema is being leveraged for the transition mapping instance, it is not meant to function as a v4.0 message; and therefore does not follow all of the same rules stated in the main body of this implementation guide.
- The transition activity shall enable a seamless presentation of information to the builders/viewers/reviewers – i.e., one tool to support viewing of v3.2.2 and v4.0. Although the transition mapping message will not recreate the presentation of submission content, the data elements sent forward will be used to enable the following two objectives:
 - To maintain Context of Use life cycle in new submissions/regulatory activities
 - To enable the reuse of documents within and across applications.
- There is also a desire to have the ability to disconnect completely from v3.2.2 at a point in the future, so the approach should support the eventual retirement of v3.2.2 – i.e., there will be a point in time that all applications with activity must be transitioned.
- The Region will determine if the transition mapping message can be executed before or during a regulatory activity.



Note to Implementers – these instructions should enable a specific transition mapping message, which will have its own instruction, and validation rules. Refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide for specific details.

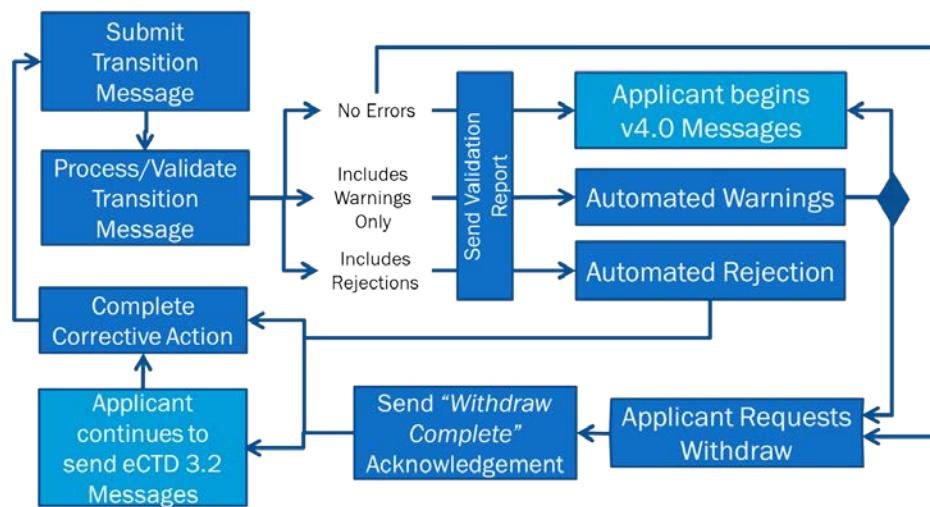
10.1 Overview of Forward Compatibility

There will be one way to transition from v3.2.2 to v4.0 messages to meet the stated objectives of forward compatibility. The applicant needs to submit a "Current View" of each application to transition all current content to v4.0 using one transition mapping message. The Current View is defined as follows:

- Only submission content that has been submitted to the Regulatory Authority should be included in the transition mapping message
- All current submission contents should be transitioned *regardless of whether or not the content will undergo life cycle*
 - Excludes any leaf elements that were **deleted** or **replaced**
 - Includes leaf elements that have **append** status and its **associated leaf**
 - Note this content may be from any one of the various v3.2.2 files (i.e., index.xml or regional.xml files)
 - No change to the CTD heading is allowed in transition mapping message
 - Orphan files - In some regions, files submitted without an associated leaf in one of the v3.2.2 message files (i.e., index.xml or regional.xml) are considered to be "Orphan files". Note: most regions reject sequences with orphan files.

Only two files should be submitted for the transition mapping message - i.e., the submissionunit.xml and sha256.txt files (for additional details, Refer to Section 10.3). The applicant may submit a transition mapping message for each application according to the Regional implementation timelines. The following process for transitioning from v3.2.2 to v4.0 will ensure that the document reuse and submission content's life cycle is preserved when sending version 4.0 messages. All contents of the application's current view should be sent in the transition mapping message. This includes content that was originally sent in one or more v3.2.2 message files.

Figure 5: Transition Mapping Message Process



Submit Transition Message

- The applicant submits a transition mapping message of the current view for the application.
- No transition mapping message should be on file with the Regulatory Authority at the time of submission – i.e., only one transition mapping message may be submitted.
- If this is not the first attempt, the previous transition mapping message should be withdrawn and acknowledged prior to resubmission.

Process/Validate Transition Message

- The Regulatory Authority completes the automated processing of the transition mapping message.
- All of the validation rules are run and any errors are marked as "rejections" or "warnings" in a validation report.
 - Rejections – indicates an error occurred that must be corrected before the message will be accepted.
 - Warnings – indicates an error occurred that does not prevent the message from being processed.
 - Note: one validation report may include both rejections and warnings.
- The Regulatory Authority will reject any duplicate transition mapping messages – i.e., only one transition mapping message is allowed.

Send Validation Report

- The Regulatory Authority returns an automated validation report that indicates the status of the transition mapping message

- No Errors
 - If no errors are found in transition mapping message the applicant may begin sending eCTD v4.0 messages or withdraw the transition mapping message A withdraw can only be requested before the first eCTD v4.0 message is received. Once eCTD v4.0 content is received – a withdraw request will not be accepted.
- Warning Messages
 - If errors result in warnings in the transition mapping message the applicant may decide to ignore the warning messages and begin submitting eCTD v4.0 messages or withdraw the transition mapping message and take corrective action(s). A withdraw can only be requested before the first eCTD v4.0 message is received. Once eCTD v4.0 content is received – a withdraw request will not be accepted.
- Rejection Messages (may also include warning messages)
 - Validation Report includes errors resulting in rejections or warnings. The report will indicate that the submission unit was not accepted and sequence number may be reassigned.
 - If errors result in a rejection of the transition mapping message the applicant needs to take corrective action to correct the issues and resubmit.
- Validation Report should be received in a timely manner so that the Applicant may determine next steps.

Withdraw Transition Message

- Applicant may decide to withdraw the transition mapping message and continue sending eCTD v3.2.x messages until the transition mapping message is resubmitted.
- The reasons for withdrawing a transition mapping message include:
 - Warning messages may indicate that content does not exactly match the current view – i.e., errors were found between the message and submission content on file and may have a significant impact on retaining life cycle in the v4.0 messages.
 - Applicant may decide to withdraw an accepted transition mapping message.
- The Regulatory Authority must send confirmation that the transition mapping message has been completely removed. This step must occur prior to any submission activity can be resumed (whether it is submission of a v3.2.x message or another attempt of the transition mapping message).

Complete Corrective Action

- Allows the applicant to correct any errors related to a rejection or marked as warnings and resubmit the transition mapping message. The applicant may resume sending v3.2.x messages until a new transition mapping message is received.
- Sequence number may be reused or reassigned at resubmission because the previous transition sequence/submission unit was rejected or withdrawn
- Correction should be applied to the application's current view – therefore if additional sequences need to be submitted in v3.2.x – the next attempt of the transition mapping message must include all current view content.

Once the applicant successfully submits the forward compatibility transition message, they may perform life cycle on the current submission content using a v4.0 message.

10.2 Schema

The RPS Schema used for transition message and all required elements will be included. Since the schema does not include additional constraints or machine readable validations, the same schema can be used for both the transition mapping message as well as the v4.0 message.



Note to Implementers – if any additional constraints or patterns are added to implementation schemas, there may need to be adjustments to meet the transition mapping requirements.

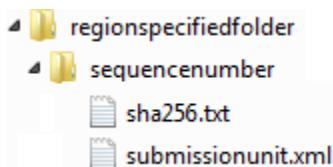
10.3 Submission Package

The submission package for the transition mapping should only include the XML message (submissionunit.xml) and a checksum (sha256.txt) files.



Note to Implementers – the submissionunit.xml file replaces all of the previous v3.2.2 message files (i.e., index, regional and stf XML files).

Figure 6: Folder Structure for Transition Mapping Message



There should not be any folders in the sequence number folder. The submission will be rejected if there are any additional files or folders.

10.4 Included Elements

The transition mapping message will only contain the minimum set of elements and attributes necessary to complete the transition.

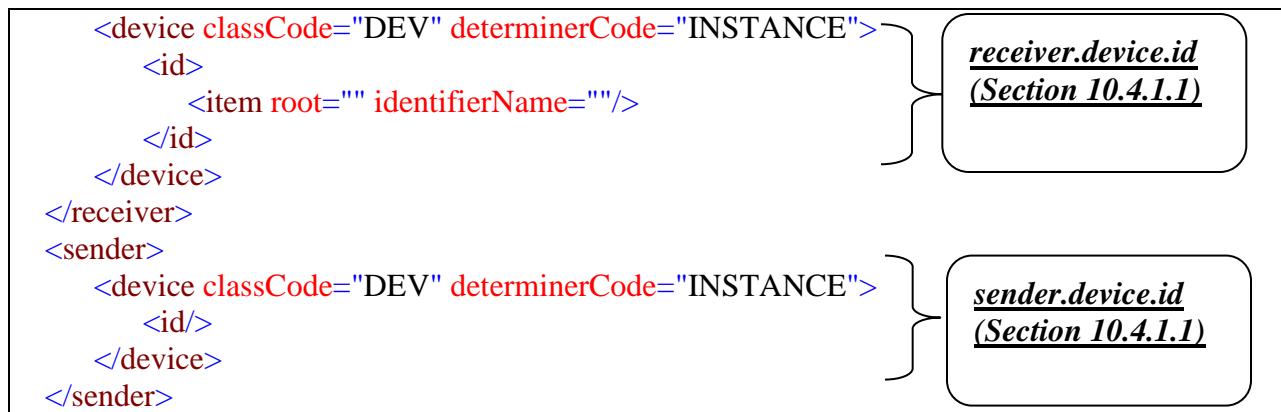
10.4.1 Message Header

The message header information provides a set of elements that are needed to specify the sender and receiver as well as the version of the ICH and Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides used to generate the message.

The following XML shows the required elements/attributes to validate the message against the schema.

Table 8: TMM Message Header XML Structure

XML Structure
<pre><PORP_IN00001UV ITSVVersion="XML_1.0" xmlns="urn:hl7-org:v3" xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance" xsi:schemaLocation="urn:hl7- org:v3 PORP_IN00001UV.xsd"> <id/> <creationTime/> <interactionId/> <processingCode/> <processingModeCode/> <acceptAckCode/> <receiver></pre> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-left: 20px;"><p>These elements should be represented with self-closing tags as shown here.</p></div>



10.4.1.1 Required Elements and Attributes

The schema requires a minimum set of information, including the following:

- ***ITSVersion*** must provide the value of "XML_1.0"
- ***xmlns*** must have the value "urn:hl7-org:v3"
- ***xmlns:xsi*** must have the value "http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
- ***xsi:schemaLocation*** must reference the current interaction schema file i.e., ***xsi:schemaLocation="urn:hl7-org:v3 PORP_IN000001UV.xsd"***
- ***receiver@typeCode*** has a fixed value of "RCV" and it does not need to be included in the message.
- ***receiver.device@classCode*** must have a value of "DEV"
- ***receiver.device@determinerCode*** must have a value of "INSTANCE"
- Include two ***id.item*** elements with the following information:
 - ***receiver.device.id.item@root*** should indicate the OID of the ICH eCTD v4.0 Implementation Guide or the Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide used to create the message.
 - ***receiver.device.id.item@identifierName*** should indicate the version name of the ICH eCTD v4.0 Implementation Guide or the Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide used to create the message. This value can be used to indicate the version number of the IG, but will not be used by the Regulatory Authority.
- ***sender@typeCode*** has a fixed value of "SND" and it does not need to be included in the message
- ***sender.device@classCode*** must have a value of "DEV"
- ***sender.device@determinerCode*** must have a value of "INSTANCE"

10.4.1.2 XML Sample

The following XML sample shows the content of the message header ***id*** element. The ***receiver.device.id*** element contains the IG versioning information:

```

<id/>
<creationTime/>
<interactionId/>
<processingCode/>
<processingModeCode/>

```

```

<acceptAckCode/>
<receiver typeCode="RCV">
    <device classCode="DEV" determinerCode="INSTANCE">
        <id>
            <item root="2.16.840.1.113883.3.989.2.2.1.11.1" identifierName="ICH eCTD v4.0 IG
v1.2"/>
            <item root="OID for Regional IG" identifierName="Regional/Module1 IG Version
Number"/>
        </id>
    </device>
</receiver>
<sender typeCode="SND">
    <device classCode="DEV" determinerCode="INSTANCE">
        <id/>
    </device>
</sender>

```

10.4.2 Payload Message

The following eCTD v4.0 XML message components are based on the HL7 Version 3 RPS Release 2 Normative. The information for each element is provided in discrete sections, i.e., they are not nested in the same structure of the XML Schema.

10.4.2.1 Required Elements

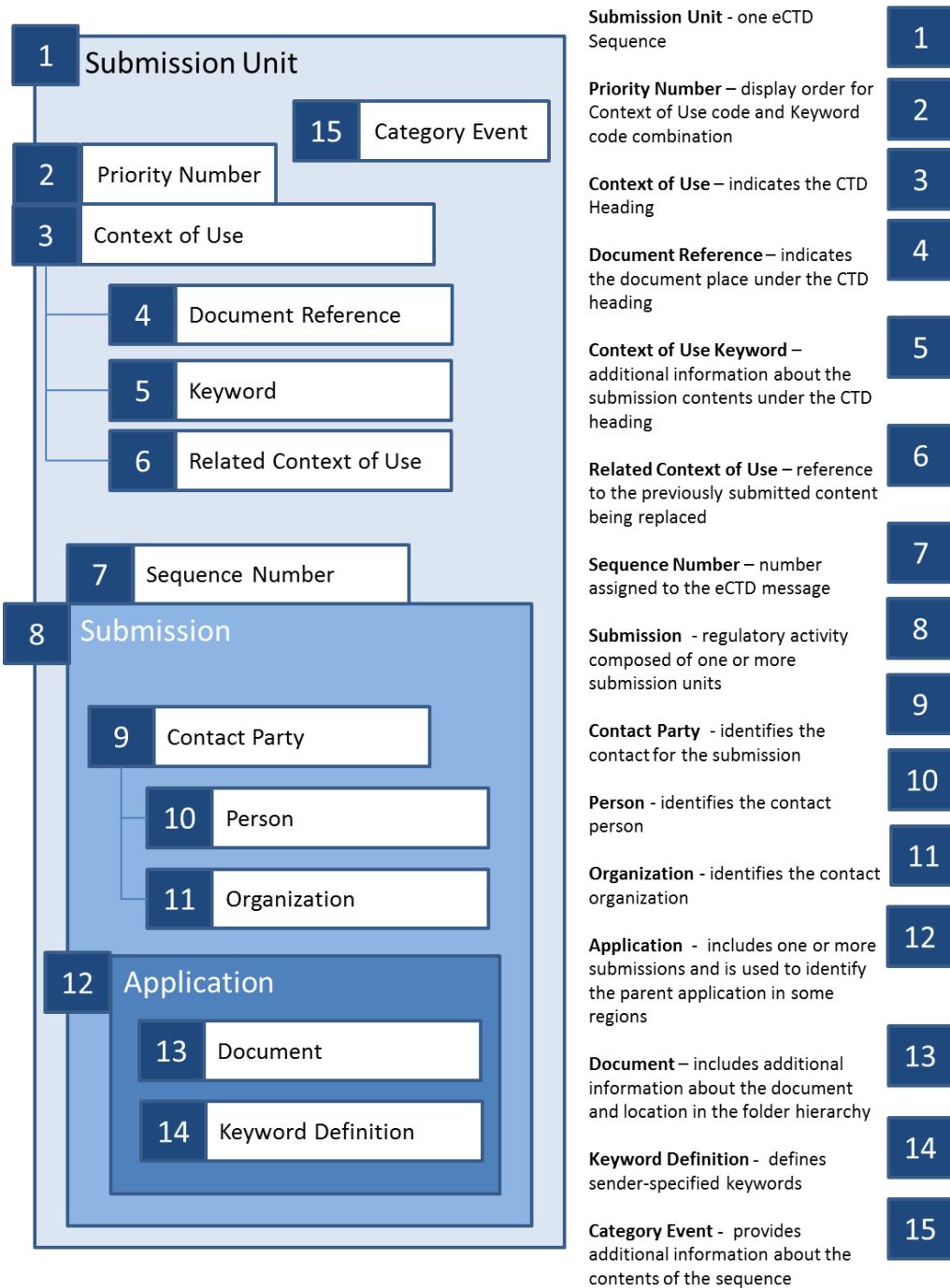
The following attributes are required to start the payload of the XML message:

- *controlActProcess@classcode* must have a value of "ACTN"
- *controlActProcess@moodCode* must have a value of "EVN"
- *controlActProcess.subject@typecode* must have a value of "SUBJ"

10.4.2.2 Concepts represented in the Message

The following figure depicts the elements in the message and the relationships between them. Each of the elements represented in the figure are represented in the payload of the message.

Figure 7: Elements in the Transition Mapping Message



The following elements are considered required for the complete preparation of a v3.2.2 transition mapping message in order to begin sending v4.0 messages.

- Message Header
 - receiver.device.id
- SubmissionUnit
 - id

- code
- Context of Use
 - priority number (respective to the Context of Use code and Keyword code combinations)
 - id
 - code
 - status code
 - document reference
 - keyword
- Sequence Number
- Submission
 - id
 - code
- Contact Party for Technical Contact
 - Contact Party type
 - Person identifier
 - Person name
 - Person telecom
- Application
 - id
 - code
- Applicant
 - id
 - name
- Document
 - Id (version 4.0)
 - Reference value
 - Leaf reference (URI algorithm -- sequenceNumber.xmltype#leafId (e.g., 0032.ich#NLAS57D17EB601C9EDCA))
- Keyword Definition
 - Code – type
 - Code for keyword value
 - Status Code
 - Value for display name

10.4.3 TMM XML Message Structure

The following table provides a breakdown of the TMM XML structure (i.e., the payload message) with all elements in the XML Schema. The table is organised with the following elements in the structure: ***controlActProcess***, ***submissionUnit***, ***submission*** and ***application***.

The elements are annotated with balloon text boxes that provide references to either this document (highlighted in blue and referenced by Section number) or Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides (not highlighted and noted as Regional) to identify the authoritative source of information for the element.

Table 9: TMM XML Message Structure

XML Structure
The Transition Mapping Message begins at the <i>controlActProcess</i> of the payload XML message. The required elements are noted above (Section 10.4), and precede the <i>submissionUnit</i> element.
<pre><controlActProcess classCode="ACTN" moodCode="EVN"> <subject typeCode="SUBJ"></pre>
The <i>submissionUnit</i> element contains the following Context of Use elements and their attributes:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>component.contextOfUse</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ <i>primaryInformationRecipient.TerritorialAuthority</i> ○ <i>replacementOf.relatedContextOfUse</i> ○ <i>derivedFrom.documentReference</i> ○ <i>subjectOf.submissionReference</i> ○ <i>referencedBy.keyword</i> <p>Note: All of these elements are not included in this implementation guide. Refer to the Regional/Module1 Implementation Guides for additional information.</p>
<pre><submissionUnit> <id/> <code/> <title/> <statusCode/> <component> <priorityNumber value="" /> <contextOfUse> <id/> <code/> <statusCode/> <primaryInformationRecipient> <territorialAuthority> <governingAuthority> <id/> <name/> </governingAuthority> </territorialAuthority> </primaryInformationRecipient> <replacementOf typeCode="RPLC"> <relatedContextOfUse> <id/> </relatedContextOfUse> </replacementOf> <derivedFrom> <documentReference> <id/> </documentReference> </derivedFrom> <subjectOf> <submissionReference> <id><item/></id> </submissionReference> </subjectOf></pre> <p>The diagram illustrates the structure of the <i>submissionUnit</i> element. Brackets on the left side group elements into categories, which are then connected by lines to callout boxes on the right. The callout boxes provide section references and implementation notes for each category.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> submissionUnit (Section 10.4.4) Refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides priorityNumber (Section 10.4.5) contextOfUse (Section 10.4.6) primaryInformationRecipient.territorialAuthority Refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides replacementOf.relatedContextOfUse – Excluded from TMM Implementation derivedFrom.documentReference (Section 10.4.7) submissionReference Refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides

```

<referencedBy typeCode="REFR">
  <keyword>
    <code/>
  </keyword>
</referencedBy>
</contextOfUse>
</component>

```

keyword (Section 10.4.8)

This section of the XML relates to specifying the **submission** element. The following elements may follow the Submission:

- **sequenceNumber** (included as an element of the relationship between **submissionUnit** and **submission**)
- **callBackContact.contactParty**
- **subject1.regulatoryStatus**
- **subject2.review**
 - **subject1.manufacturedProduct**
 - **holder.applicant**
 - **author.territorialAuthority**
 - **subject2.productCategory**
 - **subject3.regulatoryStatus**
- **subject3.mode**
- **subject4.regulatoryReviewTime**
- **subject5.submissionGroup**

Note: All of these elements are not included in this implementation guide. Refer to the Regional/Module1 Implementation Guides for additional information.

```

<componentOf1>
  <sequenceNumber/>
  <submission>
    <id/>
    <code/>

```

sequenceNumber.submission (Section 10.4.11)

```

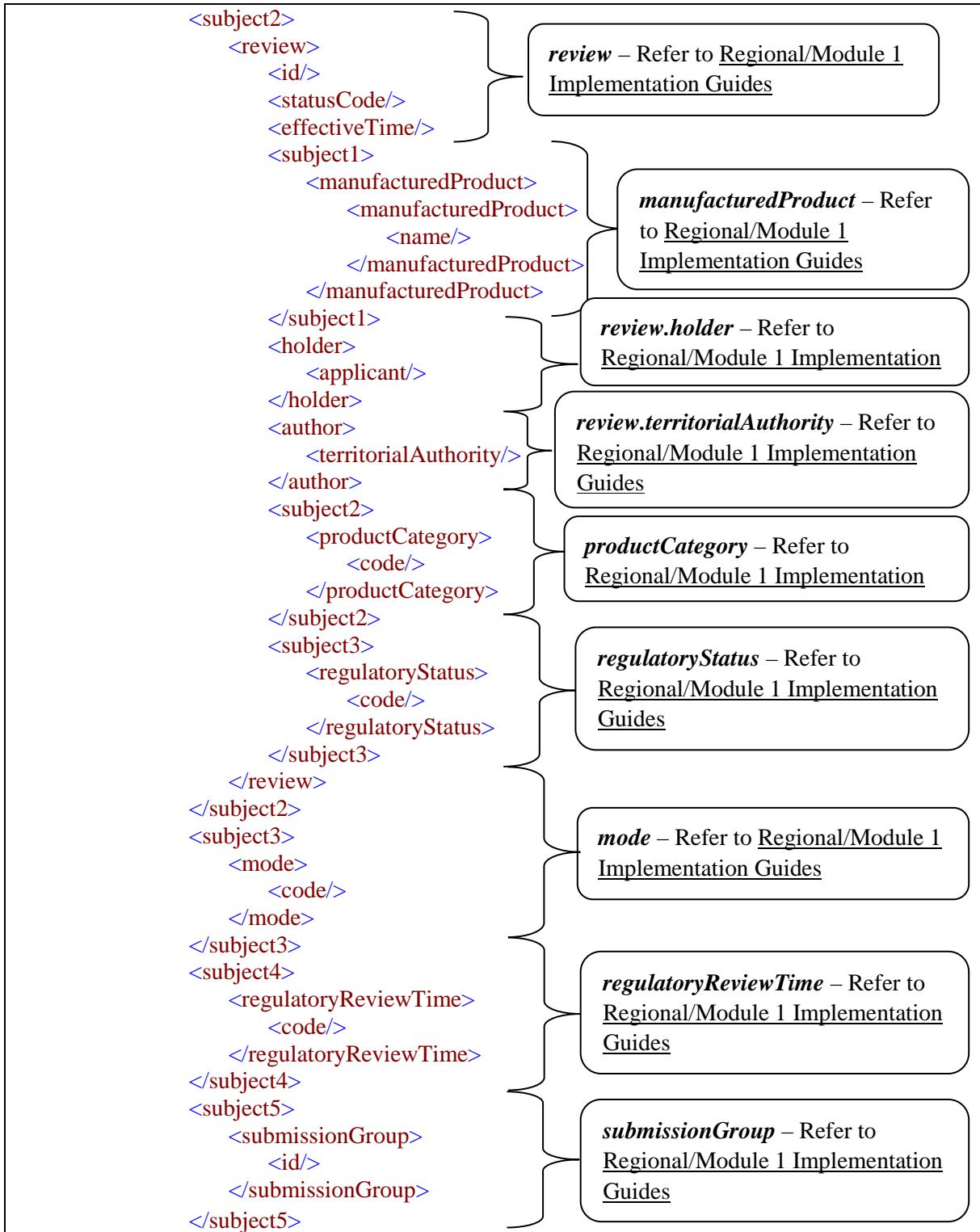
    <callBackContact>
      <contactParty>
        <id/>
        <code/>
        <statusCode/>
        <contactPerson>
          <name/>
          <asAgent>
            <representedOrganization>
              <id/>
              <name/>
            </representedOrganization>
            </asAgent>
          </contactPerson>
        </contactParty>
      </callBackContact>
      <subject1>
        <regulatoryStatus>
          <code/>
        </regulatoryStatus>
      </subject1>

```

submission (Section 10.4.12)

callBackContact (Section 10.4.13)

regulatoryStatus –
Excluded from TMM
Implementation



XML Structure

This section of the XML relates to the ***application*** element. The application section contains the following elements and their attributes:

holder.applicant

informationRecipient.territorialAuthority

subject.reviewProcedure

reference.applicationReference
component.document
referencedBy.keywordDefinition

```
<componentOf>
  <application>
    <id>
      <item/>
    </id>
    <code/>
    <holder>
      <applicant>
        <sponsorOrganization>
          <id></id>
          <name></name>
        </sponsorOrganization>
        <applicant>
      </holder>
      <informationRecipient>
        <territorialAuthority>
          <governingAuthority>
            <id>
              <name/>
            </id>
          </governingAuthority>
        </territorialAuthority>
      </informationRecipient>
      <subject>
        <reviewProcedure>
          <code/>
        </reviewProcedure>
      </subject>
      <reference>
        <applicationReference>
          <id/>
        </applicationReference>
      </reference>
```

application (Section 10.4.14)

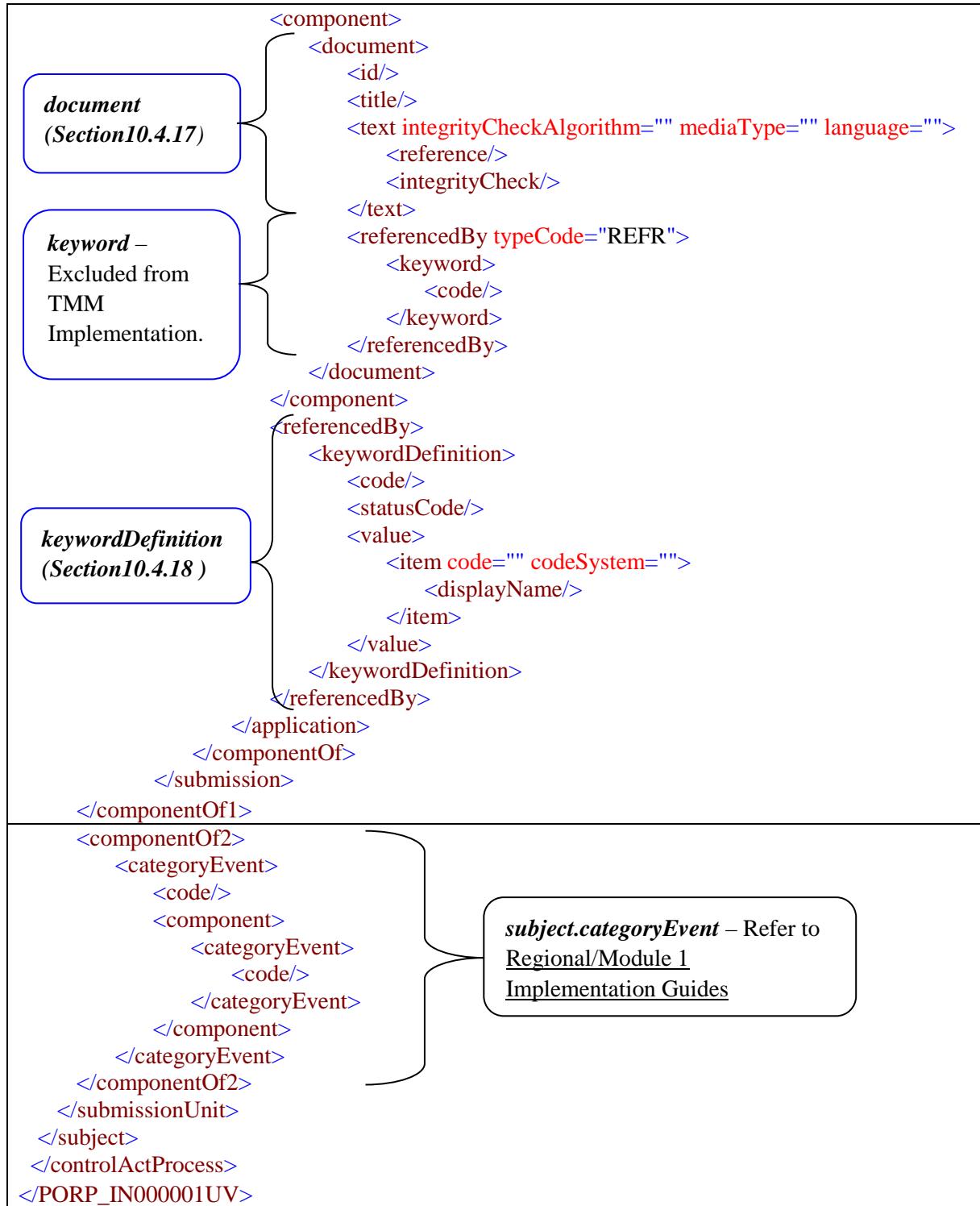
Refer to Regional/Module 1
Implementation Guides

*holder.applicant (Section
10.4.15)*

*informationRecipient.territo
rialAuthority* – Refer to
Regional/Module 1
Implementation Guides

reviewProcedure – Refer to
Regional/Module 1
Implementation Guides

applicationReference – Refer
to Regional/Module 1
Implementation Guides



All information in this section is organised in order that the v3.2.2 Transition Mapping Message XML components appear within the schema.

10.4.4 Submission Unit

The Submission Unit element in the transition mapping message will include the following elements:

- *submissionUnit.id*
- *submissionUnit.code*

All other elements typically provided for a submission unit will be ignored if submitted including:

- *title*
- *statusCode*
- *component2.CategoryEvent*

These elements are not necessary for the transition mapping submission unit. Only the identifier and code values are required for the administrative filing.

10.4.4.1 **Location in XML**

The *submissionUnit* element in the XML message is in the following location:

- *controlActProcess >> subject >> submissionUnit*

Refer to Table 9: TMM XML Message Structure for more information.

10.4.4.2 **XML Elements**

The following tables provide a complete set of XML elements and attributes required for the *submissionUnit* element, and any special instructions.



The classCode and moodCode are not required in the eCTD v4.0 XML message. The classCode is fixed to "ACT" and moodCode is fixed to "EVN". If the XML message contains any other values for these attributes it will be invalid against the schema.

10.4.4.2.1 **SubmissionUnit.id**

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>id</i>		[1..1]		This is the container element that uniquely identifies the submission unit sent in the message.
	<i>root</i>	[1..1]	Valid UUID	The <i>root</i> attribute of the <i>id</i> element provides a global unique identifier of the <i>submissionUnit</i> .
<i>Conformance</i>	The <i>id@root</i> is a required attribute.			
<i>Business Rules</i>	The <i>id@root</i> should be unique for every <i>submissionUnit</i> .			

10.4.4.2.2 **submissionUnit.code**

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>code</i>		[1..1]		This is the container element that organises the coded value for the submission unit.

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
	code	[1..1]	Text <i>ich_sub_uni_t_1</i>	The code attribute is a unique value that indicates the type of content in the submission unit type.
	codeSystem	[1..1]	Valid OID	The codeSystem attribute is a unique identifier that indicates the controlled vocabulary system. <i>This should be the OID registered for the code system.</i>
Conformance	There must be one and only one code@code attribute specified for a submission unit.			
Business Rules	The code value will indicate the submission unit for a transition mapping message.			

10.4.4.3 Terminology



All ICH controlled vocabularies are provided in the genericode and spreadsheet files.²¹

10.4.4.4 Excluded Elements

No class elements are excluded for the **submissionUnit** element. Refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides for more information.

10.4.5 Priority Number for Context of Use

The priority number is required in the transition mapping message. It will be used for future order and display purposes.

10.4.5.1 Location in XML

The **priorityNumber** element in the XML message is in the following location:

- **controlActProcess >> subject >> submissionUnit >> component >> priorityNumber**

Refer to Table 9: TMM XML Message Structure for more information.

10.4.5.2 XML Elements

The following table provides a complete set of XML elements and attributes required for the **component.priorityNumber** element, and any special instructions.



The typeCode is not required in the eCTD v4.0 XML message. The typeCode is fixed to "COMP". If the XML message contains any other value for this attribute it will be invalid against the schema.

²¹ Final Implementation Terminology is provided on the ESTRI website.

10.4.5.2.1 ***priorityNumber***

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>priorityNumber</i>		[1..1]		This is the container element for the priority number and its value.
	<i>value</i>	[1..1]	Numeric <i>e.g., 1000, 2000, 3000</i>	The <i>value</i> attribute of the <i>priorityNumber</i> provides a whole number to be used for ordering the Context of Use element.
<i>Conformance</i>	<i>priorityNumber@value</i> attribute is required.			
<i>Business Rules</i>	<p>The priority number is required for each <i>contextOfUse</i> element.</p> <p>The value shall be a positive integer up to 6 digits (i.e., 1 – 999999) for the <i>contextOfUse</i> element with the same Context of Use code and Keyword code combination.</p> <p>It is recommended to start with "1000" and intervals of 1000 (e.g., "2000", "3000", etc.) for the initial submission of a Context of Use sharing the same Context of Use code and Keyword code combination. This allows increments of one, tens and hundreds to be used when reordering and/or inserting Context of Use.</p> <p>The priority number should not be duplicated within the same Context of Use code and Keyword code combination. Refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides for additional business rules for priority number conflicts.</p> <p>The priority number will be used to order the Context of Use elements within the same Context of Use code and Keyword code combination when displayed.</p>			

10.4.5.3 ***Terminology***



There are no controlled vocabularies for this element.

10.4.5.4 ***Excluded Elements***

No class elements are excluded for the ***priorityNumber*** element.

10.4.6 ***Context of Use***

The Context of Use is critical in the transition mapping message as it prepares the existing leaf to undergo a life cycle operation in future eCTD v4.0 messages.

10.4.6.1 ***Location in XML***

The ***contextOfUse*** element in the XML message is in the following location:

- *controlActProcess>>subject>>submissionUnit>>component>>priorityNumber>contextOfUse*

Refer to Table 9: TMM XML Message Structure for more information.

10.4.6.2 XML Elements

The following tables provide a complete set of XML elements and attributes required for the *contextOfUse* element, and any special instructions.



The classCode and moodCode are not required in the eCTD v4.0 XML message. The classCode is fixed to "DOC" and moodCode is fixed to "EVN". If the XML message contains any other values for these attributes it will be invalid against the schema.

10.4.6.2.1 contextOfUse.id

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed	Description Instructions
<i>id</i>		[1..1]		This is the container element that organises the <i>contextOfUse</i> identifier.
	<i>root</i>	[1..1]	Valid UUID	The <i>root</i> attribute of the <i>id</i> element provides a global unique identifier of the <i>contextOfUse</i> .
<i>Conformance</i>	<i>id@root</i> is a required attribute.			
<i>Business Rules</i>	The <i>id@root</i> should be unique for every <i>contextOfUse</i> submitted.			

10.4.6.2.2 contextOfUse.code

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed Examples	Description Instructions
<i>code</i>		[0..1]		This is the container element for the type of content referenced under the <i>contextOfUse</i> .
	<i>code</i>	[1..1]	Text e.g., <i>ich_3.2.p.2. 3</i>	The <i>code</i> attribute provides a coded value that indicates the heading and is defined by ICH or Regulatory Authorities.
	<i>codeSystem</i>	[1..1]	Valid OID	The <i>codeSystem</i> attribute provides a unique identifier that indicates the controlled vocabulary system. <i>This should be the OID registered for the code system.</i>

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>Conformance</i>	The code and codeSystem attributes must be provided; and they must match the values of the existing leaf. The code values will be validated during the review of the transition mapping message. The Context of Use code and Keyword code combination must be preserved in the transition mapping message with the exception of Study Id and Study Title. Refer to Section 10.4.20 for additional details.			
<i>Business Rules</i>	The code element is required when sending the Context of Use.			

10.4.6.2.3 **contextOfUse.statusCode**

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>statusCode</i>		[1..1]		This is the container element that has a controlled terminology code that indicates the status of the Context of Use.
	code	[1..1]	Alpha <i>i.e., active</i>	The code attribute provides a specified value that indicates whether the Context of Use is still relevant or if it has been removed.
<i>Conformance</i>	The statusCode element is always required and must be "active".			
<i>Business Rules</i>	The statusCode@code must always be sent in the message.			

10.4.6.3 **Terminology**



All ICH controlled vocabularies are provided in the genericode and spreadsheet files.²²



Codes may be further constrained by Regulatory Authorities, consult the appropriate Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide.

10.4.6.4 **Excluded Elements**

No class elements are excluded for the **contextOfUse** element.

10.4.7 **Document Reference**

This element is a reference to a document sent in the current transition mapping message submission unit or a previously submitted transition mapping message submission unit.

²² Final Implementation Terminology is provided on the ESTRI website.

10.4.7.1 Location in XML

The **documentReference** element in the XML message is in the following location:

- **controlActProcess>> subject>> submissionUnit>>component>>priorityNumber> contextOfUse>> derivedFrom>> documentReference**

There may be one or more **replacementOf** elements prior to the **derivedFrom** element.

Refer to Table 9: TMM XML Message Structure for more information.

10.4.7.2 XML Elements

The following table provides a complete set of XML elements and attributes required for the **documentReference** element, and any special instructions.



*The **classCode** and **moodCode** are not required in the eCTD v4.0 XML message. The **classCode** is fixed to "DOC" and **moodCode** is fixed to "EVN". If the XML message contains any other values for these elements it will be invalid against the schema.*

10.4.7.2.1 **documentReference.id**

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>id</i>		[1..1]		This is the container element for a reference to a Document.
	<i>root</i>	[1..1]	Valid UUID	The <i>root</i> attribute or the <i>id</i> element provides a global unique identifier of the document element being referenced.
<i>Conformance</i>	The <i>id@root</i> is a required attribute.			
<i>Business Rules</i>	The <i>id@root</i> is a reference to a document sent in the current transition mapping message submission unit or a previously submitted transition mapping message submission unit.			

10.4.7.3 Terminology



There are no controlled vocabularies for this element.

10.4.7.4 Excluded Elements

No class elements are excluded for the **documentReference** element.

10.4.8 Context of Use Keyword

All keywords associated with a v3.2.2 leaf should be added to the Context of Use element as a **referencedBy** association. These keywords may have been included as a leaf attribute, node extension or as external file-tags. All existing values shall be provided regardless of keyword type – i.e., now part of a controlled vocabulary or a keyword definition. If a node-extension was previously allowed, the group title keyword definition should be used to send the same value. If multiple node extensions were provided on the same heading or nested, the values should be concatenated into one group title keyword

definition. In addition, refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide for Module 1 Context of Use vocabulary that may be replacements for node-extensions.

No new v4.0 keyword types should be provided in the transition mapping message as it introduces new information.

10.4.8.1 Location in XML

The **keyword** element in the XML message is in the following location for Context of Use:

- *controlActProcess>> subject>> submissionUnit>>component>>priorityNumber>> contextOfUse>> referencedBy>> keyword*

There may be a *primaryInformationRecipient*, *replacementOf*, *derivedFrom*, or *subjectOf* element prior to the *referencedBy* element.

Refer to Table 9: TMM XML Message Structure for more information.

10.4.8.2 XML Elements

The following tables provide a complete set of XML elements and attributes required for the **keyword** element, and any special instructions.



The classCode and moodCode are not required in the eCTD v4.0 XML message. The classCode is fixed to "ACT" and moodCode is fixed to "EVN". If the XML message contains any other values for these attributes it will be invalid against the schema.



The typeCode is required in the eCTD v4.0 XML message. The typeCode should be to "REFR". If the XML message contains any other value for this attribute it will be invalid against the schema.

10.4.8.2.1 keyword.code

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
code		[1..1]		This is the container element that identifies the keyword.
	code	[1..1]	Text <i>e.g., ich_route_1, MANU001 or MFR_001 for Manufacture Site</i>	This is the code attribute that identifies the code value for the keyword.

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
	<i>codeSystem</i>	[1..1]	Text e.g., OID value or Sender- defined text	The <i>codeSystem</i> attribute provides a unique identifier that indicates the controlled vocabulary system. <i>This should be the OID registered for the code system.</i>
<i>Conformance</i>	The <i>code</i> and <i>codeSystem</i> attributes are required. A keyword can only have one code.			
<i>Business Rules</i>	The display name for the <i>code</i> needs to be retrieved from the corresponding code system. The Context of Use code and Keyword code combination must be preserved in the transition mapping message with the exception of Study Id and Study Title. Refer to Section 10.4.20 for additional details.			

10.4.8.3 Terminology



All ICH controlled vocabularies are provided in the genericode and spreadsheet files.²³

10.4.8.4 Excluded Elements

No class elements are excluded for the *keyword* element.

10.4.9 XML SAMPLE: Transition mapping of Context of Use Elements and Keywords

The following is an example of the XML for the Context of Use and Keywords for the transition mapping message.

10.4.9.1 Context of Use with Sender-defined Keywords

```

<component>
  <priorityNumber value="1000"/>
  <contextOfUse>
    <id root="d82eb3db-04ed-48d8-85db-4a83ba1efb6d"/>
    <code code="ich_3.2.p.7" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.989.2.2.1.1.1"/>
    <statusCode code="active"/>
    <derivedFrom>
      <documentReference>
        <id root="3452ada4-7f91-49dd-be9d-fee71d0ca3e8"/>
      </documentReference>
    </derivedFrom>
    <referencedBy typeCode="REFR">
      <keyword>
        <code code="PRD-001" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3"/>
      </keyword>
    </referencedBy>
  </contextOfUse>
</component>

```

²³ Final Implementation Terminology is provided on the ESTRI website.

```

<referencedBy typeCode="REFR">
  <keyword>
    <code code="DOSE-001" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3"/>
  </keyword>
</referencedBy>
</contextOfUse>
</component>

```



All Context of Use keywords are shown for illustration purposes only. Refer to the controlled vocabulary and ICH M4 Organisation of the Common Technical Document for the Registration of Pharmaceuticals for Human Use files for the allowable combinations.



Refer to [XML Color Legend](#) for color usage.

10.4.10 Context of Use with Study Information

A leaf in v3.2.2 may be composed of study elements values (e.g., study-id, title, species) and study file-tags that will need to be transitioned to v4.0 keywords. A leaf will have its elements and file-tags in the study tagging file associated with the submission.

For example, a leaf under heading m4.2.3.1 has an identifier in the index.xml file that will link the content in the study tagging file (e.g., idm42111).

Figure 8: Leaf in index.xml file

```

<leaf checksum-type="MD5"
version="stf version 2.2" xlink:type="simple"
checksum="421e55366d62fad0e9510f6aed005272" operation="new"
xlink:href="m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4231-single-dose-tox/stf-jm-12-345.xml"
ID="idm42111">
  <title>Study No. JM-12-345 STF</title>
</leaf>

```

Figure 9: v3.2.2 Elements and file-tags

```

<study-identifier>
  <title>Single dose oral toxicity study in the mouse and dog</title>
  <study-id>jm-12-345</study-id>
  <category name="species" info-type="ich">mouse</category>
  <category name="species" info-type="ich">dog</category>
  <category name="route-of-admin" info-type="ich">oral</category>
</study-identifier>
<study-document>
  <doc-content xlink:href="../../../../index.xml#m42111">
    <file-tag name="study report body" info-type="ich"/>
  </doc-content>
</study-document>

```

To transition a property element, e.g., a leaf under heading m5.3.5.1 with a site-id value, a keyword definition and keyword on the Context of Use element must be provided.

Figure 10: v3.2.2 Property element

```

<study-identifier>
    <title>Wonderdrug Study S107</title>
    <study-id>S107</study-id>
    <category name="type-of-control" info-type="ich">placebo</category>
</study-identifier>
<study-document>
    <doc-content xlink:href="../../../../../index.xml#r345">
        <file-tag name="synopsis" info-type="ich"/>
    </doc-content>
    <doc-content xlink:href="../../../../../index.xml#r346">
        <file-tag name="study-report-body" info-type="ich"/>
    </doc-content>
    <doc-content xlink:href="../../../../../index.xml#r347">
        <property name="site-identifier" info-type="us">11</property>
        <file-tag name="case-report-forms" info-type="ich"/>
    </doc-content>
</study-document>

```

Note: "../../../../../" in the path expressions for STF DTD and STF stylesheet depend on the location where the STF instance is stored.

In order to transition the elements and file-tags to v4.0 the content of the study tagging files will be used to validate that the information in the current view is transitioned. The following table shows the mapping between the content found in the study tagging files and what needs to be included in the v3.2.2 Transition Mapping Message.

Note: the info-type will no longer be necessary as the **codeSystem** value will be used to resolve the keyword codes.

Table 10: TMM Attribute Mappings

V3.2.2 Element/Attribute	Notes	V4.0 Element/Attribute	Notes
Leaf	The leaf is under m4.2.3.1 and therefore this will become the placement in v4.0 context of use code value.	<i>contextOfUse.code@code</i>	This value should match the heading found in the v3.2.2 leaf element.
Study Identifier			
Title	This is the study title.	<i>keyword.code@code</i>	This value should match the study title provided in the v3.2.2

V3.2.2 Element/Attribute	Notes	V4.0 Element/Attribute	Notes
			<p>study tagging file.</p> <p>Note that the sender will need to send a sender-defined keyword definition that needs to be combined with the Study-id.</p>
Study -id	This is the study identifier.	<i>keyword.code@code</i>	<p>This value should match the study identifier provided in the v3.2.2 study tagging file.</p> <p>Note that the sender will need to send a sender-defined keyword definition that is combined with the study title.</p>
Category	This includes all of the keywords controlled by ICH – e.g., duration, route of administration, species, type of control. There may be one or more category values that need to be transitioned.	<i>keyword.code@code</i>	<p>This will transition to one of the respective keyword types.</p> <p>There should be one keyword for every category provided in the v3.2.2 study tagging file.</p>
<i>Study Doc</i>			
File-tag	This is the file-tag provided for the leaf. Only the file-tag pertinent to the leaf should be transitioned.	<i>keyword.code@code</i>	This will transition to the document type vocabulary.
Property	This provides the site-id for a leaf element	<i>keyword.code@code</i>	<p>This will transition to the site-id keyword.</p> <p>Note that the sender will need to send a sender-defined keyword definition.</p>

Updated Study Tagging Files

The study tagging files may be appended in future sequences. It is important to note that the current view must be transitioned and if any of the attributes or file-tags are updated then the most current values should be transitioned.

Figure 11: Updated study tagging file

```
<study-identifier>
  <title>Single dose oral toxicity study in the rat and dog</title>
  <study-id>jm-12-345</study-id>
  <category name="species" info-type="ich">rat</category>
  <category name="species" info-type="ich">dog</category>
  <category name="route-of-admin" info-type="ich">oral</category>
</study-identifier>
```

In the previous example, the species "mouse" is obsolete and "rat" should be sent in the transition mapping message as a keyword on the context of use element. If the previous category is used it will result in an error message.

10.4.10.1 XML Sample

The following is an example of the XML for the Context of Use and Keywords for the transition mapping message.

```
<component>
  <priorityNumber value="2000"/>
  <contextOfUse>
    <id root="3b60de11-5277-4a62-be4a-6ac87e046e1b"/>
    <code code="ich_4.2.3.1" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.989.2.2.1.1.1"/>
    <statusCode code="active"/>
    <derivedFrom>
      <documentReference>
        <id root="be916755-a4bc-454a-b1c1-b1c0b2cf76cd"/>
      </documentReference>
    </derivedFrom>
    <referencedBy typeCode="REFR">
      <keyword>
        <code code="STDY1-TITLE1" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.989"/>
      </keyword>
    </referencedBy>
    <referencedBy typeCode="REFR">
      <keyword>
        <code code="ich_document_type_4"
codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.989.2.2.1.3.2"/>
      </keyword>
    </referencedBy>
    <referencedBy typeCode="REFR">
      <keyword>
        <code code="ich_species_2" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.989.2.2.1.7.1"/>
      </keyword>
    </referencedBy>
```

```

</keyword>
</referencedBy>
<referencedBy typeCode="REFR">
  <keyword>
    <code code="ich_species_6" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.989.2.2.1.7.1"/>
  </keyword>
</referencedBy>
<referencedBy typeCode="REFR">
  <keyword>
    <code code="ich_route_1" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.989.2.2.1.6.1"/>
  </keyword>
</contextOfUse>
</component>

```

Note that the keyword definitions for the sender-defined keywords will also need to be included in the transition mapping message.

10.4.11 Sequence Number

The **sequenceNumber** is an increasing numeric value used to maintain a sequential and chronological order within the submission or across submissions; and it is unique within an Application. This assignment of the sequence number will be dependent on the process established by the Regulatory Authorities as validation rules may differ. Applicant may reassign the sequence number of a previously withdrawn transition mapping message, or may issue a new sequence number value.

10.4.11.1 Location in XML

The **sequenceNumber** element in the XML message is in the following location:

- **controlActProcess** >> **subject** >> **submissionUnit** >> **componentOf1** >> **sequenceNumber**

There may be **subject** and **component** elements (specifically in that order) prior to the **componentOf** element.

Refer to Table 9: TMM XML Message Structure for more information.

10.4.11.2 XML Elements

The following table provides a complete set of XML elements and attributes required for the **componentOf1.sequenceNumber** element, and any special instructions.



The typeCode is not required in the eCTD v4.0 XML message. The typeCode is fixed to "COMP". If the XML message contains any other value for this attribute it will be invalid against the schema.

10.4.11.2.1 sequenceNumber

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
sequenceNumber		[1..1]		This is the container element for the sequence number and its value.

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
	<i>value</i>	[1..1]	Numeric <i>e.g., 1, 2, 3</i>	The <i>value</i> attribute of the sequenceNumber element provides a whole number to be used to order Submission Unit's within a submission element.
Conformance	<i>sequenceNumber@value</i> attribute is required.			
Business Rules	The sequenceNumber is a positive integer. The values should resume as the next value in the series. The value should not be greater than "999999".			

10.4.11.3 Terminology



There are no controlled vocabularies for this element.

10.4.11.4 Excluded Elements

No class elements are excluded for the **sequenceNumber** element.

10.4.11.5 XML Sample: Sequence Number

The following XML snippet depicts the sequence number as required in the transition mapping message.

```

<componentOf1>
  <sequenceNumber value="100"/>
  <submission>
    ...
    [Additional information appears for the submission element. Specific contents are defined in
     Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide]
    ...
  <componentOf>
    ...
    [Additional information appears for the application element. Specific contents are defined in
     Section 10.4.14 and Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide]
    ...
  </componentOf>
  </submission>
</componentOf1>
```

10.4.12 Submission

The **submission** element is described in Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides, however for the purposes of the Current View Transition message, the **id** and **code** elements should follow some simple rules. The **submission** element should use the ICH controlled vocabulary for the submission type.

10.4.12.1 XML Elements

The following tables provide a complete set of XML elements and attributes required for the **submission** element, and any special instructions.



The **classCode** and **moodCode** are not required in the eCTD v4.0 XML message. The **classCode** is fixed to "ACT" and **moodCode** is fixed to "EVN". If the XML message contains any other values for these attributes it will be invalid against the schema.

10.4.12.1.1 **submission.id**

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>id</i>		[1..1]		This is the container element of the following elements and attributes by which it uniquely identifies the submission.
	<i>root</i>	[1..1]	Valid UUID	The <i>root</i> attribute of the <i>id</i> element provides a global unique identifier.
Conformance	The <i>id@root</i> attribute is required and unique for the submission element.			
Business Rules	<p>The submission identifier must be unique.</p> <p>Refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides for eCTD v4.0 message requirements as this only pertains to the transition mapping message.</p>			

10.4.12.1.2 **submission.code**

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>code</i>		[1..1]		This is the container element that organises the coded value for the submission.
	<i>code</i>	[1..1]	Text <i>ich_sub_1</i>	The <i>code</i> attribute is a unique value that indicates the type of content in the submission type.
	<i>codeSystem</i>	[1..1]	Valid OID	The <i>codeSystem</i> attribute is a unique identifier that indicates the controlled vocabulary system. <i>This should be the OID registered for the code system.</i>
Conformance	There must be one and only one <i>code@code</i> attribute specified for a submission.			
Business Rules	The code value will indicate the submission for a transition mapping message.			

10.4.12.2 Terminology



All ICH controlled vocabularies are provided in the genericode and spreadsheet files.²⁴

10.4.12.3 Excluded Elements

No class elements are excluded for the **submission** element.

10.4.13 Technical Contact

A Transition Mapping message file should include a technical contact party for the purposes of troubleshooting any issues with the forward compatibility file. The following information should be sent for each technical contact.

10.4.13.1 XML Elements

The following tables provide a complete set of XML elements and attributes required for the **contactParty** element, and any special instructions.



The **callBackContact@typeCode** is not required in the eCTD v4.0 XML message. The **typeCode** is fixed to "CALLBCK". If the XML message contains any other values for this attribute it will be invalid against the schema.



The **contactParty@classCode** is not required in the eCTD v4.0 XML message. The **classCode** is fixed to "CON". If the XML message contains any other values for this attribute it will be invalid against the schema.



The **contactPerson@classCode** is not required in the eCTD v4.0 XML message. The **classCode** is fixed to "PSN". If the XML message contains any other values for this attribute it will be invalid against the schema.



The **asAgent@classCode** is not required in the eCTD v4.0 XML message. The **classCode** is fixed to "AGNT". If the XML message contains any other values for this attribute it will be invalid against the schema.



The **representedOrganization@classCode** is not required in the eCTD v4.0 XML message. The **classCode** is fixed to "ORG". If the XML message contains any other values for this attribute it will be invalid against the schema.

10.4.13.1.1 **callBackContact.contactParty.id**

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
id		[1..1]		This is a container element that organises the contact party's identifier.
	root	[1..1]	Valid UUID	The root attribute of the id element provides a global unique identifier of the contactParty .

²⁴ Final Implementation Terminology is provided on the ESTRI website.

<i>Business Rules</i>	Contact Party identifier is required if the element is provided.
-----------------------	--

10.4.13.1.2 ***callBackContact.contactParty.code***

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>code</i>		[1..1]		This is a container element that organises the coded value for the Contact Party
	<i>code</i>	[1..1]	Text <i>e.g., regional_sub_contact_type_2</i> Refer to Regional/ Module 1 Implementation Guides	The code is a unique value that indicates the type of Contact Party based on Regional controlled vocabulary
	<i>codeSystem</i>	[1..1]	Valid OID	The <i>codeSystem</i> attribute provides a unique identifier that indicates the controlled vocabulary system. <i>This should be the OID registered for the code system.</i>
<i>Business Rules</i>	If a contact party is provided, a code value should be provided – e.g., for the technical contact.			

10.4.13.1.3 ***callBackContact.contactParty.statusCode***

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>code</i>		[1..1]		This is a container element that organises the status code value for the Contact Party.
	<i>code</i>	[1..1]	Alpha <i>active</i>	The code is a unique value that indicates the status of the Contact Party, and is based on HL7 controlled vocabulary.
<i>Business Rules</i>	Contact Party code is required if the element is provided.			

10.4.13.1.4 ***callBackContact.contactParty.contactPerson.name***

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>name.part</i>		[1..1]		This is a container element that organises the value of applicant's name.
	<i>type</i>	[1..1]	Alpha <i>e.g., GIV</i>	This attribute is for the type of the name part – e.g., family name or given name.
	<i>value</i>	[1..1]	String <i>e.g., Jane</i>	This attribute is for the value of the name part of the Contact Party.
<i>Business Rules</i>	Each part of a person's name will have its own <i>name</i> element. The <i>name.part@type</i> attribute is based on controlled list from HL7 and is included in the schema.			

10.4.13.1.5 ***callBackContact.contactParty.contactPerson.telecom***



*The xsi:type for the **telecom** attribute should be listed as an unordered list or "BAG_TEL".*

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>item</i>		[1..1]		This is a container element that organises the Contact Party's contact information (e.g., telephone and email)
	<i>value</i>	[1..1]	String <i>e.g., tel:+1(111) 999-9999</i>	This attribute is for the value of the Contact Party's contact information (e.g., telephone and email)

<p><i>Business Rules</i></p>	<p>The phone number value should follow the following format:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> domestic phone number has no more than 15 digits, tel: "+", formatted as follows: "country code", "(area code)", "3-digit prefix", "-", "4-digit number"; "postd:up to 10-digit extension". <ul style="list-style-type: none"> For example "tel:+1(111)999-9999;postd:12345" international phone number has no more than 20 digits, formatted as follows: tel: "+", "phone country", "(phone city)", "phone local"; "postd:up to 10-digit extension". <ul style="list-style-type: none"> For example "tel:+011(123)1234567890" or if no phone city, "tel:+011()1234567890" <p>The email value should follow the following format:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> value should be formatted as: "mailto:johndoe@acme.com"
------------------------------	---

10.4.13.1.6 *callBackContact.contactParty.contactPerson.asAgent.representedOrganization.name*

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>name.part</i>		[0..1]		This is a container element that organises the Contact Person's organisation.
	value	[1..1]	String <i>e.g., Acme Pharmaceuticals, Inc.</i>	This attribute is for the value of the Contact Person's organisation.
<i>Business Rules</i>	The contact person may be affiliated with the Applicant as a direct employee or third-party representative. The value attribute should reflect the contact person's organisation.			

10.4.13.2 XML Sample: Technical Contact

The following XML snippet shows only the technical contact for the transition mapping message. Refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides for additional information on contacts for a regulatory activity.

```

<callBackContact>
  <contactParty>
    <id root="20b45e49-a226-4bd4-a716-bb54eba3b0ec"/>
    <code code="regional_sub_contact_type_2"
      codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.989.x.x.x"/>
    <statusCode code="active"/>
    <contactPerson>
      <name>
        <part type="GIV" value="Joe"/>
        <part type="FAM" value="Smith"/>
      </name>
    </contactPerson>
  </contactParty>
</callBackContact>

```

```

</name>
<telecom xsi:type="BAG_TEL">
    <item value="tel:+1(111)999-9999"/>
    <item value="mailto:johndoe@acme.com"/>
</telecom>
<asAgent>
    <representedOrganization>
        <name>
            <part value="Acme Pharmaceuticals, Inc."/>
        </name>
    </representedOrganization>
</asAgent>
</contactPerson>
</contactParty>
</callBackContact>

```



Refer to [XML Color Legend](#) for color usage.

10.4.14 Application

The **application** element is critical in defining which application is relevant to the transition mapping message. All validation rules will be completed based on the information provided for this element.

10.4.14.1 Location in XML

The **application** element in the XML message is in the following location for documents:

- *controlActProcess>>subject>>submissionUnit>>componentOfI>>submission>>componentOfI>>application*

Refer to Table 9: TMM XML Message Structure for more information.

10.4.14.2 XML Elements

The following tables provide a complete set of XML elements and attributes required for the **application** element, and any special instructions.



The classCode and moodCode are not required in the eCTD v4.0 XML message. The classCode is fixed to "ACT" and moodCode is fixed to "EVN". If the XML message contains any other values for these attributes it will be invalid against the schema.

10.4.14.2.1 **application.id**

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>id</i>		[1..1]		This is the container element of the following elements and attributes by which it uniquely identifies the application.

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>id.item</i>		[1..*]		This is the container element of the following attributes by which it uniquely identifies the application, because an application can be given multiple identifiers across territories, one <i>id.item</i> element should be used for each unique application identifier.
	<i>root</i>	[1..1]	Valid UUID	The <i>root</i> attribute of the <i>id.item</i> element provides a global unique identifier for the <i>application</i> element.
	<i>extension</i>	[0..1]	Text <i>e.g., NDA123456 (U.S. NDA value)</i> Refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide for the specific format	The <i>extension</i> attribute of the <i>id.item</i> element provides a location to specify a region-specific application tracking number.
<i>Conformance</i>	The <i>id.item@root</i> attribute is required for the <i>application</i> element.			
<i>Business Rules</i>	Refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides for additional information about the application identifier.			

10.4.14.2.2 *application.code*

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>code</i>		[1..1]		This is the container element that organises the coded value for the application.

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
	code	[1..1]	Text <i>e.g., us_application_type_1</i> Refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides	The code attribute is a unique value that indicates the type of content in the application based on regional controlled vocabulary (e.g., NDA, MAA, Art-8-3, Art-10-1, etc.).
	codeSystem	[1..1]	Valid OID	The codeSystem attribute is a unique identifier that indicates the controlled vocabulary system. <i>This should be the OID registered for the code system.</i>
Conformance	There must be one and only one code@code attribute specified for an application.			
Business Rules	The code value must match an existing application.			

10.4.14.3 Terminology



All ICH controlled vocabularies are provided in the genericode and spreadsheet files.²⁵



Refer to the appropriate Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide for region-specific information for application type codes.

10.4.14.4 Excluded Elements

No class elements are excluded for the **application** element. Refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides for more information.

10.4.15 Applicant

The applicant included in the message should be the same as the information on file for the application at the time of the transition mapping message. The applicant's identifier and name should be provided.

10.4.15.1 Location in XML

The **applicant** element in the XML message is in the following location:

- **controlActProcess>>subject>>submissionUnit>>componentOf>>submission>>componentOf>>application>>applicant**

²⁵ Final Implementation Terminology is provided on the ESTRI website.

Refer to Table 9: TMM XML Message Structure for more information.

10.4.15.2 XML Elements

The following tables provide a complete set of XML elements and attributes required for the *applicant* element, and any special instructions.



The classCode is not required in the eCTD v4.0 XML message. The classCode is fixed to "SPNSR". If the XML message contains any other values for this attribute it will be invalid against the schema.

10.4.15.2.1 applicant.id

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>id</i>		[1..1]		This is the container element of the following elements and attributes by which it uniquely identifies the applicant.
<i>id.item</i>		[1..*]		This is the container element of the following attributes by which it uniquely identifies the applicant.
	<i>root</i>	[1..1]	Valid OID <i>e.g., 1.3.6.1.4.1.5 19.1</i>	The <i>root</i> attribute of the <i>id.item</i> element provides the OID for name space issuing the identifier.
	<i>extension</i>	[1..1]	Alpha Numeric <i>e.g., 999999999</i>	The <i>extension</i> attribute of the <i>id.item</i> element provides the identifier value issued by the name space.
<i>Conformance</i>	The <i>id.item@root</i> attribute is required for the <i>applicant</i> element.			
<i>Business Rules</i>	The applicant(s) on file for the application should be provided in the message. Refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide for specific values accepted for the identifier name space.			

10.4.15.2.2 applicant.name

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>name.part</i>		[1..1]		This is a container element that organises the value of applicant's name.
	<i>value</i>	[1..1]	String <i>e.g., Acme</i>	This attribute is for the value of the name part of the Applicant.

Conformance	Only the <i>name.part@value</i> attribute should be provided.
Business Rules	The applicant's name should represent the corresponding value provided by the identifier attribute.

10.4.15.3 Terminology



There is no controlled terminology for this element.

10.4.15.4 Excluded Elements

The following class attributes are excluded from the transition mapping message. If any of the values are submitted, they will be ignored.

- *Applicant.sponsoringOrganization.addr*
- *Applicant.sponsoringOrganization.telecom*

To provide contact information, refer to Section 10.4.13 for contact party instructions.

10.4.16 XML Sample: Application and Applicant

The following is an example of the XML for the Application and Applicant elements for the transition mapping message.

```

<componentOf>
  <application>
    <id>
      <item root="f23c558f-cd58-41bc-bf6f-c6d230d3d665" extension="987654"/>
      ...
      <!--Additional item elements can be added here-->
      ...
    </id>
    <code code="regional_application_type_1" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.989.x.x.x"/>
    <holder>
      <applicant>
        <sponsorOrganization>
          <id>
            <item root="2.16.840.1.113883.3.989.x.x.x" extension="999999999"/>
          </id>
          <name>
            <part value="Acme"/>
          </name>
        </sponsorOrganization>
      </applicant>
    </holder>
    ...
    [Additional information may appear after the addition of the application.code, for example any of the following elements related to application – component, referencedBy, informationRecipient, reference, or subject]
    ...
  </application>
</componentOf>
```



Refer to [XML Color Legend](#) for color usage.

10.4.17 Document

The **document** element is the link to v3.2.2 leaf elements – this is critical to enabling document reuse in v4.0 messages. The current v3.2.2 implementation may include the same file referenced in multiple leafs within or across applications. The applicant should decide how to deal with the definition of a document object – specifically the document identifier. For optimal document reuse – a file would have one and only one document identifier. If this is not executed – the applicant will need to manage the submission contents and determine which document to reuse in the future. Once a document identifier is established – the v4.0 document identifier may also be referenced multiple times in the application transition message or future v4.0 messages.

10.4.17.1 Location in XML

The **document** element in the XML message is in the following location for documents:

- *controlActProcess>> subject>> submissionUnit>>componentOf1>>submission>> componentOf>>application>> component >> document*

There may be **holder**, **subject**, or **reference** element prior to the **component** element.

Refer to Table 9: TMM XML Message Structure for more information.

10.4.17.2 XML Elements

The following tables provide a complete set of XML elements and attributes required for the **document** element, and any special instructions.



The classCode and moodCode are not required in the eCTD v4.0 XML message. The classCode is fixed to "DOC" and moodCode is fixed to "EVN". If the XML message contains any other values for these attributes it will be invalid against the schema.

10.4.17.2.1 **document.id**

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>id</i>		[1..1]		This is the container element for the document identifier.
	<i>root</i>	[1..1]	Valid UUID	This <i>root</i> attribute of the <i>id</i> element is a global unique identifier of the document .
<i>Conformance</i>	The <i>id@root</i> is a required attribute.			
<i>Business Rules</i>	The <i>id@root</i> should be unique for every document element, i.e., there should not be two documents submitted with the same <i>id@root</i> value.			

10.4.17.2.2 ***document.text***

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>text</i>		[0..1]		This is the container element that provides additional information about the document.
<i>text.reference</i>		[0..1]		This is the container element within the <i>text</i> element for a document.
	<i>value</i>	[1..1]	Text <i>Leaf Reference based on URI algorithm, see Section 10.4.17.3 for “xmltypes”</i>	This is the <i>value</i> attribute of the <i>text</i> element that provides the location of the document with the URI path and filename of the document.
<i>Conformance</i>	Documents require the following elements/attributes:			
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The <i>text</i> element <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ The <i>reference@value</i> attribute 			
<i>Business Rules</i>	The <i>text</i> element should be used to send the leaf reference with the designated URI algorithm -- sequenceNumber.xmltype#leafId (e.g., 0032.ich#NLAS57D17EB601C9EDCA). The URI must be found in the current view of the application, and will be rejected if it cannot be found.			

10.4.17.3 **Terminology**



All ICH controlled vocabularies are provided in the genericode and spreadsheet files.²⁶

10.4.17.4 **Excluded Elements**

No class elements are excluded for the *document* element.

10.4.17.5 **XML SAMPLE: Transition mapping of Document elements**

The following is an example of the XML for the Document element for the transition mapping message.

Document Element

```
<component>
  <document>
    <id root="fe5fcddd-397b-4042-8fc8-c6163e76bab2"/>
    <text>
```

²⁶ Final Implementation Terminology is provided on the ESTRI website.

```

<reference value="0032.ich#NLASS7D17EB601C9EDCA"/>
</text>
</document>
</component>

```



Refer to [XML Color Legend](#) for color usage.

10.4.18 Keyword Definition

Only the existing 3.2.2 keywords defined by the sender, i.e., ***keywordDefinition*** should be provided in the transition mapping message for the existing leaf elements in the v3.2.2.

10.4.18.1 Location in XML

The ***keywordDefinition*** element in the XML message is in the following location for keyword definitions:

- *controlActProcess>>subject>>submissionUnit>>componentOfI>>submission>>componentOf>>application>>referencedBy>>keywordDefinition*

There may be *informationRecipient*, *holder*, *reference* or *subject* elements prior to the *referencedBy* element.

Refer to Table 9: TMM XML Message Structure for more information.

10.4.18.2 XML Elements

The following tables provide a complete set of XML elements and attributes required for the ***keywordDefinition*** element, and any special instructions.



The classCode and moodCode are not required in the eCTD v4.0 XML message. The classCode is fixed to "ACT" and moodCode is fixed to "EVN". If the XML message contains any other values for these attributes it will be invalid against the schema.

Each ***keywordDefinition*** should be sent in its own ***keywordDefinition*** element. Although the schema allows multiple values for each ***keywordDefinition***, the Transition Mapping Message only allows one item per ***keywordDefinition*** element.

10.4.18.2.1 ***keywordDefinition.code***

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
<i>code</i>		[1..1]		This is the container element that identifies the type of keyword definition.

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
	code	[1..1]	Text <i>e.g., ich_keyword_type_I</i>	This is the code attribute for the coded value of the type of keyword definition.
	codeSystem	[1..1]	Valid OID	The codeSystem attribute is a unique identifier that indicates the controlled vocabulary system. <i>This should be the OID registered for the code system.</i>
Conformance	The code and codeSystem are required attributes.			
Business Rules	The code must be from a valid ICH Keyword code type. Note: the Study-Id and Title will be combined in the Transition mapping message. See Section 10.4.20 for an example of Study-Id and Title keywords.			

10.4.18.2.2 **keywordDefinition.statusCode**

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
statusCode		[1..1]		This is the container element that identifies the status of the keywordDefinition .
	code	[1..1]	Alpha <i>e.g., active</i>	This is the code value for the status.
Conformance	The statusCode is required.			
Business Rules	The code attribute should always have a value of "active".			

10.4.18.2.3 **keywordDefinition.value**

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
value		[1..1]		This is the container element for the keyword defined for the keyword code provided for keywordDefinition .
value.item		[1..1]		This is the container element to specify an individual keyword identifier.

Element	Attribute	Cardinality	Value(s) Allowed <i>Examples</i>	Description <i>Instructions</i>
	code	[1..1]	Text Sender-defined value <i>e.g., MANU001 or MFR_001</i>	This is the code attribute for the keyword being defined.
	codeSystem	[1..1]	Text Sender-defined value	This is the codeSystem value that is a unique identifier for the controlled vocabulary system.
value.item.displayName		[1..1]		This is the container element to specify the displayName , which is the value of the keywordDefinition code.
	value	[1..1]	Text Sender-defined value <i>e.g., Big Manufacturer</i>	The displayName attribute of the value element of the keyword being defined.
Conformance	The keywordDefinition.value is a required element. The value.item@code , value.item@codeSystem and value.item.displayName@value are required attributes.			
Business Rules	Each keywordDefinition can only contain one sender-defined keyword – i.e., there is only one item element per value. Each value.item@code and value.item.displayName@value combination must match an existing v3.2.2 attribute type and value.			

10.4.18.3 Terminology



All ICH controlled vocabularies are provided in the genericode and spreadsheet files.²⁷

²⁷ Final Implementation Terminology is provided on the ESTRI website.

10.4.18.4 Excluded Elements

No class elements are excluded for the *keywordDefinition* element.

10.4.19 XML SAMPLE: Transition mapping of Keyword Definitions

The following XML sample shows one *keywordDefinition* of type, product name.

```
<referencedBy>
  <keywordDefinition>
    <code code="ich_keyword_type_4"
      codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.989.2.2.1.95.2"/>
    <statusCode code="active">
      <value>
        <item code="PRD-001" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3">
          <displayName value="Product A"/>
        </item>
      </value>
    </statusCode>
  </keywordDefinition>
</referencedBy>
```

Note: that one item value per keyword definition is required; the schema allows for multiple.



Refer to [XML Color Legend](#) for color usage.

10.4.20 XML SAMPLE: Transition mapping of Study-Id and Title

The following XML sample shows one *keywordDefinition* of type, Study-Id and Title. The Study Id value should be separated from the title with an underscore character. The previous values in the STF are "Study-001" and "Title A", and are transitioned as "Study-001_Title A". It is very important to include the underscore (_) between the two keywords so that the validation rules will not reject your transition mapping message submission.

```
<referencedBy>
  <keywordDefinition>
    <code code="ich_keyword_type_8"
      codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.989.2.2.1.95.2"/>
    <statusCode code="active">
      <value>
        <item code=" STDY1-TITLE1" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3">
          <displayName value="Study-001_Title A"/>
        </item>
      </value>
    </statusCode>
  </keywordDefinition>
</referencedBy>
```

Note: that one item value per keyword definition is required; the schema allows for multiple.



Refer to [XML Color Legend](#) for color usage.

11. APPENDIX 1: SAMPLE FILES AND FOLDERS FOR MODULES 2 – 5

With increased document reuse in eCTD v4.0, the folder structure will no longer serve as a reliable mechanism to navigate through the submission content. The folder structure for Modules 2 – 5 is presented below. Additional folders should only be included for technical reasons (e.g., providing files with the same name) and should only be placed at the lowest level of the folder structure as specified in each of the subsections below.

11.1 Module 2 Summaries

The name of the folder for module 2 should be m2. No additional folders are necessary in this module. The m2 folder structure is depicted in Figure 12: Module 2 Folder Structure as a single folder.

Figure 12: Module 2 Folder Structure

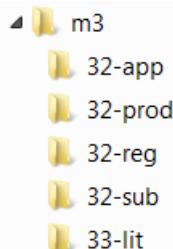


11.2 Module 3 Quality

The name of the folder for module 3 should be m3. The folders in module 3 should be named as presented in the table below, but can be changed to further reduce or omit folders to minimise path length issues. Additional folders should only be provided to organise files with the same name.

The m3 folder structure is depicted in Figure 13: Module 3 Folder Structure.

Figure 13: Module 3 Folder Structure

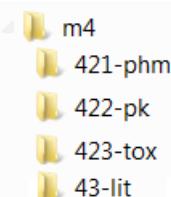


Section in CTD	Description	Folder Name
3.2.A	Appendices	<i>32-app</i>
3.2.P	Drug Product	<i>32-prod</i>
3.2.R	Regional Information	<i>32-reg</i>
3.2.S	Drug Substance	<i>32-sub</i>
3.3	Literature References	<i>33-lit</i>

11.3 Module 4 Nonclinical Study Reports

The name of the folder for module 4 should be m4. The folders in module 4 should be named as presented in the table below, but can be changed to further reduce or omit folders to minimise path length issues. The m4 folder structure is depicted in Figure 14: Module 4 Folder Structure.

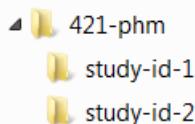
Figure 14: Module 4 Folder Structure



Section in CTD	Description	Folder Name
4.2.1	Pharmacology	<i>421-phm</i>
4.2.2	Pharmacokinetics	<i>422-pk</i>
4.2.3	Toxicology	<i>423-tox</i>
4.3	Literature References	<i>43-lit</i>

Additional folders may be added to organise study files, which may be required to allow multiple files with the same name. The folders should be named with the study identifier number (e.g., study-id-1) as depicted in Figure 15: Example of Study folders. Refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides for rules additional folders in this module.

Figure 15: Example of Study folders



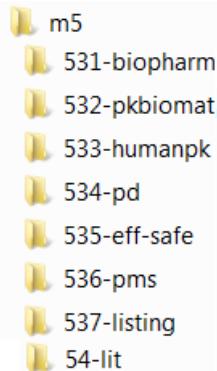
11.4 Module 5 Clinical Study Reports

The name of the folder for module 5 should be m5. The folders in module 5 should be named as presented in the table below, but can be changed to further reduce or omit folders to minimise path length issues.

- The CTD organisation provides locations for case report forms and individual patient data listings in Module 5.3.7. Refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides for additional guidance for case report forms, data sets and individual patient data listings
- In the eCTD v4.0, files for publications and literature references should be located in the folder for Module 5.4.

The m5 folder structure is depicted in Figure 16: Module 5 Folder Structure

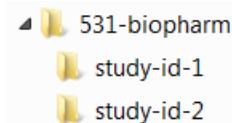
Figure 16: Module 5 Folder Structure



Section in CTD	Description	Folder Name
5.3.1	Reports of Biopharmaceutic Studies	<i>531-biopharm</i>
5.3.2	Reports of Studies Pertinent to Pharmacokinetics using Human Biomaterials	<i>532-pkbiomat</i>
5.3.3	Reports of Human Pharmacokinetic (PK) Studies	<i>533-humanpk</i>
5.3.4	Reports of Human Pharmacodynamic (PD) Studies	<i>534-pd</i>
5.3.5	Reports of Efficacy and Safety Studies	<i>535-eff-safe</i>
5.3.6	Reports of Postmarketing Experience	<i>536-pms</i>
5.3.7	Case Report Forms and Individual Patient Listings	<i>537-listing</i>
5.4	Literature References	<i>54-lit</i>

Additional folders may be added to organise study files, which may be required to allow multiple files with the same name. The folders should be named with the study identifier number (e.g., study-id-1) as depicted in Figure 17: Example of Study Folders. Refer to Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guides for rules additional folders in this module.

Figure 17: Example of Study Folders



12. APPENDIX 2: VALIDATION OF THE eCTD v4.0 MESSAGE

The validation of the eCTD v4.0 message will not only include the general schema validation, against the ICH eCTD v4.0 Schema, but also additional business rules that are documented in this Implementation Guide and the Regional/Module 1 Implementation Guide.

For specific conformance and business rules for the eCTD v4.0 message, refer to each element specification in Section 8.2.

- Conformance – these statements should be enforced by the schema, e.g., cardinality, but in some cases the cardinalities have conditions and in certain situations, the element or attribute are required. Those items will be specified in each of the Required XML Element tables.
- Business Rules – these are additional rules that are not enforced by the schema, but based on consensus within ICH, these rules have been set for the eCTD v4.0 message. These business rules will invoke additional requirements for Regulatory Authorities and Regulated Industry.

The remaining validation rules are found in this section of the document, both in summary and detailed versions.

12.1 Summary of Validation Rules

The following section outlines the validation rules by type or element. Additional details are in the subsections below.

Category	Type/Element	Validation Criteria
Message Validation	<u>Schema</u>	Message must be Well Formed XML based on XML 1.0
		Message must be valid against the ICH specified version of the RPS schema
	<u>Submission Unit</u>	Submission Unit identifier is required (1..1)
		Submission Unit id root must be a unique identifier
		Only one Submission Unit element can exist for a message
		Submission Unit code value is required (1..1)
		Submission Unit must have a valid code value
		Submission Unit Code System value is required (1..1)
		Submission Unit code must have a valid OID for the Code System value
		The Submission Unit status code requires the code attribute "active"
	<u>Sequence Number</u>	The Submission Unit must have at least one Context of Use element in the message
		Sequence Number is required (1..1)
		Sequence Number must be a whole number
		Sequence Number for initial submission unit of the application starts with the value of "1"
		Sequence Number is unique in the application for the applicant
		The Sequence Number must have one and only one value for the Submission element

Category	Type/Element	Validation Criteria
	<u>Context of Use</u> <u>Priority Number</u>	Context of Use Priority Number is required Context of Use Priority Number must be a non-negative real number Context of Use Priority Number shall have one and only one value
	<u>Context of Use</u>	Context of Use identifier is required Context of Use id root must be a unique identifier Context of Use status code element is required Context of Use status code value can only be "active" or "suspended"
	<u>Related Context of Use</u>	Related Context Of Use identifier is required when Related Context Of Use is provided Context of Use and Related Context of Use referenced must have the same Context of Use code and Keyword code combination Related Context of Use id root can only reference previously submitted Context of Use identifiers
	<u>Document Reference</u>	Document Reference identifier is required for all active Context of Use elements Document Reference element not allowed for suspended Context of Use elements
	<u>Keyword</u>	Keyword code is required for each keyword element on a Context of Use Keyword code system is required for each keyword element Keyword code system must be a valid OID Keyword code system must have a valid value
	<u>Submission</u>	Submission identifier is required (1..1) Submission code is required (1..1) Submission code must have a valid value for the region Submission code system is required (1..1) Submission code system must have a valid regional code system OID
	<u>Application</u>	Application identifier is required (1..1) Application code is required Application code must have a valid value Application code system is required Application code system is a valid OID
	<u>Document</u>	Document identifier is required (1..1) Document id root must be a unique identifier Document identifier must have a valid value Document identifier is unique (i.e., it is not a duplicate identifier and not an update to a document title) Document title is required

Category	Type/Element	Validation Criteria
		<p>Document text element requires a checksum value unless a document title update is submitted (i.e., this is the only scenario making this element optional)</p> <p>Document text element requires a valid checksum value unless a document title update is submitted (i.e., this is the only scenario making this element optional)</p> <p>Document path is required</p> <p>Document path must exist</p>
	Keyword Definition	<p>Keyword definition code is required (1..1)</p> <p>Keyword definition code must have a valid value</p> <p>Keyword definition value code is required (1..1)</p> <p>Keyword definition value code must have a valid value</p> <p>Keyword definition value is required (1..1)</p> <p>Keyword definition value has one and only one <i>value.item</i> element</p> <p>Keyword definition display name value is required</p> <p>Keyword definition display name value is as previously submitted</p>
Submission Package	Submission Package	<p>Submission Unit file is named submissionunit.xml</p>
		Checksum file named sha256.txt exists
		Only one Submission Unit file is found
		Submission Unit checksum file value is valid
		Submission Unit File is found in sequence number folder
		Document checksum value is valid
		File name length is met
		Folder name length is met
		Folder path length is met

12.2 Message Validation Rules

The processing of a submission unit that fails to meet one or more of these criteria will be returned to the applicant for correction and resubmission. The sender may use the same sequence number for resubmission

No Unique ID	Category	Validation Criteria	Issue Description	Corrective Action
Schema				
eCTD 4-001	Schema	Message must be Well Formed XML based on XML 1.0	The XML is not well-formed according to the version of the XML standard	The XML must be corrected to become well-formed
eCTD 4-002	Schema	Message must be valid against the ICH specified version of the RPS schema	The message is not valid against the current ICH specified version of the RPS schema	The XML should be corrected to meet all of the schema validations
Submission Unit				
eCTD 4-003	Schema	Submission Unit identifier is required (1..1)	The <i>submissionUnit.id@root</i> is not provided	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a value for <i>id@root</i> for the submission unit
eCTD 4-004	Business Rule	Submission Unit id root must be a unique identifier	The <i>submissionUnit.id@root</i> is not unique	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with the unique identifier for the submission unit element
eCTD 4-005	Business Rule	Only one Submission Unit element can exist for a message	The message has more than one submission unit in a message payload	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with only one submission unit included
eCTD 4-006	Schema	Submission Unit code value is required (1..1)	The <i>submissionUnit.code@code</i> value is not provided	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a code value
eCTD 4-007	Business Rule	Submission Unit must have a valid code value	The <i>submissionUnit.code@code</i> is not a valid value (for the region)	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a valid code value
eCTD 4-008	Business Rule	Submission Unit Code System value is required (1..1)	The <i>submissionUnit.code@codeSystem</i> is not provided	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a valid code value

No Unique ID	Category	Validation Criteria	Issue Description	Corrective Action
eCTD 4-009	Schema	Submission Unit code must have a valid OID for the Code System value	The <i>submissionUnit.code@codeSystem</i> is not a valid registered or known OID	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a valid code system OID
eCTD 4-010	Business Rule	The Submission Unit status code requires the code attribute "active"	The submission unit does not have a status code value of active	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with an active status code
eCTD 4-011	Business Rule	The Submission Unit must have at least one Context of Use element in the message.	The submission unit does not have any Context of Use elements	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with at least one Context of Use element
Sequence Number				
eCTD 4-012	Business Rule	Sequence Number is required (1..1)	The sequence number value is not provided	The submission unit may need to be resubmitted with a sequence number
eCTD 4-013	Business Rule	Sequence Number must be a whole number	The sequence number value is not a whole number	The submission unit may need to be resubmitted with a correctly formatted sequence number
eCTD 4-014	Business Rule	Sequence Number for initial submission unit in the application starts with "1"	The sequence number for the initial submission unit in an application is not the value "1"	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with the sequence number value of 1
eCTD 4-015	Business Rule	Sequence Number is unique in the application for the applicant	The sequence number is not unique in a submission/application	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted to make the sequence number unique for the application
eCTD 4-016	Business Rule	The Sequence Number must have one and only one value for the Submission element	The Sequence Number does not have one and only one value for each Submission in the submission unit	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted providing a value. The submission unit needs to be resubmitted to be different than the values that exist for the submission/ application
Priority Number				

No Unique ID	Category	Validation Criteria	Issue Description	Corrective Action
eCTD 4-017	Schema	Context of Use Priority Number is required	The priority number value is not provided	The submission unit would need to be resubmitted providing priority numbers
eCTD 4-018	Business Rule	Context of Use Priority Number must be a non-negative real number	The priority number value is not a non-negative real number	The submission unit would need to be resubmitted with non-negative real numbers for the priority number value
eCTD 4-019	Schema	Context of Use Priority Number shall have one and only one value	There is more than one Context of Use priority number provided for each Context of Use	The submission unit would need to be resubmitted providing priority numbers
Context of Use				
eCTD 4-020	Schema	Context of Use identifier is required	The <i>contextOfUse.id@root</i> is not provided	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted providing a Context of Use identifier
eCTD 4-021	Schema	Context of Use id root must be a unique identifier	The <i>contextOfUse.id@root</i> value is not unique	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a unique Context of Use identifier
eCTD 4-022	Schema	Context of Use status code element is required	The <i>contextOfUse.statusCode</i> element is not provided	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a status code for each Context of Use
eCTD 4-023	Schema	Context of Use status code value can only be "active" or "suspended"	The <i>contextOfUse.statusCode@code</i> value is not "active" or "suspended"	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a valid status code for the Context of Use
Related Context of Use				
eCTD 4-024	Schema	Related Context Of Use identifier is required when Related Context Of Use is provided	The <i>relatedContextOfUse.id @root</i> attribute is not provided	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted providing a Related Context Of Use identifier

No Unique ID	Category	Validation Criteria	Issue Description	Corrective Action
eCTD 4-025	Business Rule	Context of Use and Related Context of Use referenced must have the same Context of Use code and Keyword code combination	The <i>contextOfUse.code@code</i> and <i>keyword.code@code</i> combination does not match the previous Context of Use referenced in the related Context of Use.	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with corrections to resolve the inaccurate use of related Context of Use
eCTD 4-026	Business Rule	Related Context of Use id root can only reference previously submitted Context of Use identifiers	The <i>relatedContextOfUse.id @root</i> references a new Context of Use in the same submission unit	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted without life cycling a Context of Use within the same submission unit. A subsequent submission unit may be used to life cycle the submission contents
Document Reference				
eCTD 4-027	Business Rule	Document Reference identifier is required for all active new Context of Use elements	The <i>documentReference.id @root</i> attribute is not provided when the new Context of Use is active	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a Document Reference identifier when the new Context of Use is active
eCTD 4-028	Schema	Document Reference element not allowed for suspended Context of Use elements	The <i>documentReference</i> element is provided when the Context of Use is suspended	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted without a Document Reference when the Context of Use is suspended
Keyword				
eCTD 4-029	Schema	Keyword code is required for each keyword element on a Context of Use	The <i>keyword.code@code</i> attribute is not provided	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted providing a Keyword code for each Context of Use
eCTD 4-030	Schema	Keyword code system is required for each keyword element	The <i>keyword.code@codeSystem</i> is not provided	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted providing a Keyword code system for each Keyword code

No Unique ID	Category	Validation Criteria	Issue Description	Corrective Action
eCTD 4-031	Business Rule	Keyword code system must be a valid OID	The <i>keyword.code@codeSystem</i> is not a valid registered or known OID	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a valid keyword code system
eCTD 4-032	Business Rule	Keyword code system must have a valid value	The <i>keyword.code@code</i> is not part of the external controlled vocabulary or defined in the application's keyword definitions	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a valid code system for the keyword code
Submission				
eCTD 4-033	Schema	Submission identifier is required (1..1)	The <i>submission.id@root</i> is not provided	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a submission identifier
eCTD 4-034	Schema	Submission code is required (1..1)	The <i>submission.code@code</i> attribute is not provided	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted providing a Submission code
eCTD 4-035	Business Rule	Submission code must have a valid value for the region	The <i>submission.code@code</i> is not a valid value	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with valid Submission code
eCTD 4-036	Schema	Submission code system is required (1..1)	The <i>submission.code@code System</i> is not provided	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted providing a Submission code system
eCTD 4-037	Business Rule	Submission code system must have a valid regional code system OID	The <i>submission.code@code System</i> is not a valid, registered or known OID	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a valid Submission code system
Application				

No Unique ID	Category	Validation Criteria	Issue Description	Corrective Action
eCTD 4-038	Schema	Application identifier is required (1..1)	The <i>application.id.item@root</i> is not provided	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with an application identifier
eCTD 4-039	Schema	Application code is required	The <i>application.code@code</i> attribute is not provided	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted providing an Application code
eCTD 4-040	Business Rule	Application code must have a valid value	The <i>application.code@code</i> is not a valid value	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a valid Application code value
eCTD 4-041	Schema	Application code system is required	The <i>application.code@code System</i> is not provided	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted providing an Application code system
eCTD 4-042	Business Rule	Application code system is a valid OID	The <i>application.code@code System</i> is not a valid OID	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a valid Application code system
Document				
eCTD 4-043	Schema	Document identifier is required (1..1)	The <i>document.id@root</i> is not provided	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted providing the Document identifier
eCTD 4-044	Business Rule	Document identifier must have a valid value	The document identifier is not a valid value	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a corrected valid document identifier
eCTD 4-045	Business Rule	Document id root must be a unique identifier	The <i>document.id@root</i> value is not unique	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a unique Document identifier

No Unique ID	Category	Validation Criteria	Issue Description	Corrective Action
eCTD 4-046	Business Rule	Document identifier is unique (i.e., it is not a duplicate identifier)	The document identifier is not unique	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a correction to the unique identifier
eCTD 4-047	Business Rule	Document title is required	The <i>document.title@value</i> does not have a value or does not exist.	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a corrected document title value for all documents
eCTD 4-048	Business Rule	Document text element requires a checksum value	The <i>document.text.integrity Check</i> value is not provided for the document element	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a checksum value for all documents
eCTD 4-049	Business Rule	Document text element requires a valid checksum value	The <i>document.text.integrity Check</i> value is not a valid checksum	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a valid checksum value for all documents
eCTD 4-050	Business Rule	Document path is required	The <i>document.text.reference @value</i> is not provided and updateMode is not present indicating a document title change	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a document path for all documents
eCTD 4-051	Business Rule	Document path must exist	The document path provided in the eCTD XML (i.e., reference element is present) does not physically exist	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a correct document path.
Keyword Definition				
eCTD 4-052	Business Rule	Keyword definition code is required (1..1)	The <i>keywordDefinition.code @code</i> is not provided	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a keyword definition code
eCTD 4-053	Business Rule	Keyword definition code must have a valid value	The <i>keywordDefinition.code @code</i> is not a valid value	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a valid keyword definition code
eCTD 4-054	Business Rule	Keyword definition value code is required (1..1)	The <i>keywordDefinition.value.item@code</i> is not provided	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a keyword definition value code

No Unique ID	Category	Validation Criteria	Issue Description	Corrective Action
eCTD 4-055	Business Rule	Keyword definition value code must have a valid value	The <i>keywordDefinition.value.item@code</i> is not a valid value	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a valid keyword definition value code
eCTD 4-056	Business Rule	Keyword definition value is required (1..1)	The <i>keywordDefinition.value</i> element is not provided	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a valid keyword definition value
eCTD 4-057	Business Rule	Keyword definition value has one and only one <i>value.item</i> element	More than one <i>keywordDefinition.value.item</i> element is provided	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a one <i>value.item</i> element per keyword definition value
eCTD 4-058	Business Rule	Keyword definition display name value is required	The <i>keywordDefinition.value.item.displayName@value</i> is not provided	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted providing a <i>keywordDefinition.value.item.displayName@value</i>
eCTD 4-068	Business Rule	Keyword definition display name value is as previously submitted	The <i>keywordDefinition.value.item.displayName@value</i> provided does not match the value previously submitted and <i>updateMode</i> is not present.	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted providing the <i>keywordDefinition.value.item.displayName@value</i> with update mode to make a change to the keyword definition's display name value.

12.3 Submission Package Validation Rules

No Unique ID	Category	Validation Criteria	Issue Description	Corrective Action
eCTD 4-059	Business Rule	Submission Unit file is named submissionunit.xml exists	The submission unit file is not found. It may be in another location or may not be named submissionunit.xml or is in mixed case format	The filename should be corrected to the specified naming convention required for eCTD v4.x.

No Unique ID	Category	Validation Criteria	Issue Description	Corrective Action
eCTD 4-060	Business Rule	Checksum file named sha256.txt exists	The checksum file is not found. It may be in another location or may not be named sha256.txt or is in mixed case format	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with the sha256.txt file in the correct location and named sha256.txt
eCTD 4-061	Business Rule	Only one Submission Unit file is allowed	There is more than one submissionunit.xml file included in the submission package	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with just one submissionunit.xml file
eCTD 4-062	Business Rule	Submission Unit checksum file value is valid	The submission unit checksum in the sha256.txt file does not match the calculated checksum for the submissionunit.xml file	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a valid checksum sha256.txt file
eCTD 4-063	Business Rule	Submission Unit File is found in the sequence number folder	The submissionunit.xml file is not placed at the correct location in the folder structure to be detected by receiving systems	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with the submissionunit.xml placed in the top-level of the directory of the submission contents package.
eCTD 4-064	Business Rule	Document checksum value is valid	The Document checksum(s) of eCTD XML (see validation rules for message – specifically the text element) is not the same as checksum of the file in the folder	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with the correct checksum for the submitted document
eCTD 4-065	Business Rule	File name length is met	The file name length exceeds the allowable number of characters. Note: 64 characters allowed	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with file names that meet the 64 character limit
eCTD 4-066	Business Rule	Folder name length is met	The folder name length exceeds the allowable number of characters. Note: 64 characters allowed	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with folder names that meet the 64 characters allowed

No Unique ID	Category	Validation Criteria	Issue Description	Corrective Action
eCTD 4-067	Business Rule	Folder path length is met	The folder path length exceeds the allowable number of characters. Note: 180 characters allowed	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with the folder path within the 180 characters allowed

13. APPENDIX 3: FORWARD COMPATIBILITY VALIDATION RULES

The validation rules presented in this appendix include a complete set of validation rules for a transition mapping message. Some of the validation rules are shared with eCTD v4.0 messages.

13.1 Summary

The following section outlines the validation rules by type or element. Additional details are in the subsections below.

Category	Type/Element	Validation Criteria
Message Validation	<u>Schema</u>	Message must be Well Formed XML based on XML 1.0 Message must be valid against the ICH specified version of the RPS schema
	<u>Submission Unit</u>	Submission Unit identifier is required (1..1) Submission Unit id root must be a unique identifier Only one Submission Unit element can exist for a message Submission Unit code value is required (1..1) Submission Unit must have the value of ich_sub_unit_1 Submission Unit Code System value is required (1..1) Submission Unit code must have a valid OID for the Code System value The Submission Unit status code requires the code attribute "active" The Submission Unit must have at least one Context of Use element in the message
	<u>Sequence Number</u>	Sequence Number is required (1..1) Sequence Number must be a whole number Sequence Number is unique in the application for the applicant The Sequence Number must have one and only one value for the Submission element
	<u>Context of Use Priority Number</u>	Context of Use Priority Number is required Context of Use Priority Number must be a non-negative real number Context of Use Priority Number shall have one and only one value
	<u>Context of Use</u>	Context of Use identifier is required Context of Use id root must be a unique identifier Context of Use status code element is required Context of Use status code value can only be "active" No changes to CTD heading Leaf URL is not found
	<u>Related Context of Use</u>	Related Context Of Use identifier is not accepted

Category	Type/Element	Validation Criteria
	<u>Document Reference</u>	Document Reference identifier is required for all active Context of Use elements Document identifier exists
	<u>Keyword</u>	Keyword code is required for each keyword element on a Context of Use Keyword code system is required for each keyword element Keyword code system must be a valid OID Keyword code system must have a valid value Keyword code is valid for leaf element
	<u>Submission</u>	Submission identifier is required (1..1) Submission code is required (1..1) Submission code must have the value of ich_sub_1 Submission code system is required (1..1) Submission code system must have a valid ICH code system OID Submission identifier must be a unique identifier
	<u>Application</u>	Application identifier is required (1..1) Application code is required Application code must have a valid value Application code system is required Application code system is a valid OID
	<u>Document</u>	Document identifier is required (1..1) Document identifier must have a valid value Document id root must be a unique identifier Document identifier is unique (i.e., it is not a duplicate identifier) Document path is required Document URI is required Document URI provided does not exist Document object is defined but not used
	<u>Keyword Definition</u>	Keyword definition code is required (1..1) Keyword definition code must have a valid value Keyword definition value code is required (1..1) Keyword definition value code must have a valid value Keyword definition value is required (1..1) Keyword definition value has one and only one value item element Keyword definition display name value is required Keyword definition does not match v3.2.x attribute Keyword Definitions are not referenced as Keywords
Submission	<u>Submission</u>	Submission Unit file is named submissionunit.xml Checksum file named sha256.txt exists

Category	Type/Element	Validation Criteria
Package	Package	Only one Submission Unit file is allowed Submission Unit checksum file value is valid Submission Unit File is found in the sequence number folder The submission folder includes invalid files The submission folder includes invalid folders

13.2 Message Validation Rules

The processing of a submission unit that fails to meet one or more of these criteria will be returned to the applicant for correction and resubmission. The sender may use the same sequence number for resubmission.

No Unique ID	Category	Validation Criteria	Issue Description	Corrective Action
Schema				
eCTD 4-001	Schema	Message must be Well Formed XML based on XML 1.0	The XML is not well-formed according to the version of the XML standard	The XML must be corrected to become well-formed
eCTD 4-002	Schema	Message must be valid against the ICH specified version of the RPS schema	The message is not valid against the current ICH specified version of the RPS schema	The XML should be corrected to meet all of the schema validations
Submission Unit				
eCTD 4-003	Schema	Submission Unit identifier is required (1..1)	The submissionUnit.id@root is not provided	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a value for id@root for the submission unit
eCTD 4-004	Business Rule	Submission Unit id root must be a unique identifier	The submissionUnit.id@root is not unique	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with the unique identifier for the submission unit element
eCTD 4-005	Business Rule	Only one Submission Unit element can exist for a message	The message has more than one submission unit in a message payload	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with only one submission unit included
eCTD 4-006	Schema	Submission Unit code value is required (1..1)	The submissionUnit.code@code value is not provided	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a code value

No Unique ID	Category	Validation Criteria	Issue Description	Corrective Action
eCTD TMM -001	Business Rule	Submission Unit must have the value of ich_sub_unit_1	The submissionUnit.code@code is not the valid value ich_sub_unit_1	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a valid code value
eCTD 4-008	Business Rule	Submission Unit Code System value is required (1..1)	The submissionUnit.code@codeSystem is not provided	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a valid code value
eCTD 4-009	Schema	Submission Unit code must have a valid OID for the Code System value	The submissionUnit.code@codeSystem is not a valid registered or known OID	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a valid code system OID
eCTD 4-010	Business Rule	The Submission Unit status code requires the code attribute "active"	The submission unit does not have a status code value of active	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with an active status code
eCTD 4-011	Business Rule	The Submission Unit must have at least one Context of Use element in the message.	The submission unit does not have any Context of Use elements	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with at least one Context of Use element
Sequence Number				
eCTD 4-012	Business Rule	Sequence Number is required (1..1)	The sequence number value is not provided	The submission unit may need to be resubmitted with a sequence number
eCTD 4-013	Business Rule	Sequence Number must be a whole number	The sequence number value is not a whole number	The submission unit may need to be resubmitted with a correctly formatted sequence number
eCTD 4-015	Business Rule	Sequence Number is unique in the application for the applicant	The sequence number is not unique in a submission/application	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted to make the sequence number unique for the application

No Unique ID	Category	Validation Criteria	Issue Description	Corrective Action
eCTD 4-016	Business Rule	The Sequence Number must have one and only one value for the Submission element	The Sequence Number does not have one and only one value for each Submission in the submission unit	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted providing a value. The submission unit needs to be resubmitted to be different than the values that exist for the submission/ application
Priority Number				
eCTD 4-017	Schema	Context of Use Priority Number is required	The priority number value is not provided	The submission unit would need to be resubmitted providing priority numbers
eCTD 4-018	Business Rule	Context of Use Priority Number must be a non-negative real number	The priority number value is not a non-negative real number	The submission unit would need to be resubmitted with non-negative real numbers for the priority number value
eCTD 4-019	Schema	Context of Use Priority Number shall have one and only one value	There is more than one Context of Use priority number provided for each Context of Use	The submission unit would need to be resubmitted providing priority numbers
Context of Use				
eCTD 4-020	Schema	Context of Use identifier is required	The <i>ContextOfUse.id@root</i> is not provided	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted providing a Context of Use identifier
eCTD 4-021	Schema	Context of Use id root must be a unique identifier	The <i>contextOfUse.id@root</i> value is not unique	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a unique Context of Use identifier
eCTD 4-022	Schema	Context of Use status code element is required	The <i>contextofUse.statusCode</i> element is not provided	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a status code for each Context of Use
eCTD TMM -003	Schema	Context of Use status code value can only be "active"	The <i>contextOfUse.statusCode@code</i> value is not "active"	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a valid status code for the Context of Use

No Unique ID	Category	Validation Criteria	Issue Description	Corrective Action
eCTD TMM -004	Business Rule	No changes have been made to the CTD heading	The <i>contextOfUse.code</i> does not match the DTD heading value	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted to the same CTD headings as the v3.2.x message
eCTD TMM -005	Business Rule	Leaf URL is not found	The <i>contextOfUse.code</i> references a document that does not have a valid leaf URL	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with leaf URLs that are in the application's current view
Related Context of Use				
eCTD TMM -006	Business Rule	Related Context of Use identifier is not accepted	A <i>relatedContextOfUse</i> element is submitted in the transition mapping message	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted without any <i>relatedContextOfUse</i> elements
Document Reference				
eCTD 4-027	Business Rule	Document Reference identifier is required for all active new Context of Use elements	The <i>documentReference.id @root</i> attribute is not provided when the new Context of Use is active	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a Document Reference identifier when the new Context of Use is active
eCTD TMM -007	Business Rule	Document identifier exists	The Document identifier is not found as a document object in the transition mapping message or previously submitted as a v4.0 document	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with valid document identifiers
Keyword				
eCTD 4-029	Schema	Keyword code is required for each keyword element on a Context of Use	The <i>keyword.code@code</i> attribute is not provided	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted providing a Keyword code for each Context of Use
eCTD 4-030	Schema	Keyword code system is required for each keyword element	The <i>keyword.code@codeSystem</i> is not provided	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted providing a Keyword code system for each Keyword code

No Unique ID	Category	Validation Criteria	Issue Description	Corrective Action
eCTD 4-031	Business Rule	Keyword code system must be a valid OID	The <i>keyword.code@codeSystem</i> is not a valid registered or known OID	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a valid keyword code system
eCTD 4-032	Business Rule	Keyword code system must have a valid value	The <i>keyword@code</i> is not part of the external controlled vocabulary or defined in the application's keyword definitions	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a valid code system for the keyword code
eCTD TMM -008	Business Rule	Keyword code is valid for leaf element	The <i>keyword@code</i> is not included in the existing leaf element	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with the same keywords for the leaf elements
Submission				
eCTD 4-033	Schema	Submission identifier is required (1..1)	The <i>submission.id@root</i> is not provided	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a submission identifier
eCTD 4-034	Schema	Submission code is required (1..1)	The <i>submission.code@code</i> attribute is not provided	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted providing a Submission code
eCTD TMM -009	Business Rule	Submission code must have the value of ich_sub_1	The <i>submission.code@code</i> is not the valid value, ich_sub_1	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with valid Submission code
eCTD 4-036	Schema	Submission code system is required (1..1)	The <i>submission.code@code System</i> is not provided	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted providing a Submission code system
eCTD TMM -20	Business Rule	Submission code system must have a valid ICH code system OID	The <i>submission.code@code System</i> is not a valid, registered or known OID	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a valid Submission code system

No	Category	Validation Criteria	Issue Description	Corrective Action
eCTD TMM -010	Business Rule	Submission identifier must be a unique identifier	The <i>submission.id@root</i> must be unique in the transition mapping message	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a unique submission identifier
Application				
eCTD 4-038	Schema	Application identifier is required (1..1)	The <i>application.id.item@root</i> is not provided	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with an application identifier
eCTD 4-039	Schema	Application code is required	The <i>application.code@code</i> attribute is not provided	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted providing an Application code
eCTD 4-040	Business Rule	Application code must have a valid value	The <i>application.code@code</i> is not a valid value	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a valid Application code value
eCTD 4-041	Schema	Application code system is required	The <i>application.code@code System</i> is not provided	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted providing an Application code system
eCTD 4-042	Business Rule	Application code system is a valid OID	The <i>application.code@code System</i> is not a valid OID	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a valid Application code system
Document				
eCTD 4-043	Schema	Document identifier is required (1..1)	The <i>document.id@root</i> is not provided	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted providing the Document identifier.
eCTD 4-044	Business Rule	Document identifier must have a valid value	The document identifier is not a valid value	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a corrected valid document identifier
eCTD 4-045	Business Rule	Document id root must be a unique identifier	The <i>document.id@root</i> value is not unique	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a unique Document identifier

No Unique ID	Category	Validation Criteria	Issue Description	Corrective Action
eCTD 4-046	Business Rule	Document identifier is unique (i.e., it is not a duplicate identifier)	The document identifier is not unique	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a correction to the unique identifier
eCTD 4-050	Business Rule	Document path is required	The <i>document.text.reference @value</i> is not provided and updateMode is not present indicating a document title change	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a document path for all documents
eCTD TMM -011	Business Rule	Document URI is required	The document URI value is not provided	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a valid URI for the referenced leaf
eCTD TMM -012	Business Rule	Document URI provided does not exist	The document URI provided in the eCTD XML does not exist	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a correct document URI
eCTD TMM -013	Business Rule	Document object is defined but not used	The document object in the transition mapping message is not reference by any Context of Use elements in the transition mapping message	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with all documents referenced by at least one Context of Use elements

Keyword Definition

eCTD 4-052	Business Rule	Keyword definition code is required (1..1)	The <i>keywordDefinition.code @code</i> is not provided	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a keyword definition code
eCTD 4-053	Business Rule	Keyword definition code must have a valid value	The <i>keywordDefinition.code @code</i> is not a valid value	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a valid keyword definition code
eCTD 4-054	Business Rule	Keyword definition value code is required (1..1)	The <i>keywordDefinition.value.item@code</i> is not provided	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a keyword definition value code
eCTD 4-055	Business Rule	Keyword definition value code must have a valid value	The <i>keywordDefinition.value.item@code</i> is not a valid value	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a valid keyword definition value code

No Unique ID	Category	Validation Criteria	Issue Description	Corrective Action
eCTD 4-056	Business Rule	Keyword definition value is required (1..1)	The <i>keywordDefinition.value</i> element is not provided	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a valid keyword definition value
eCTD 4-057	Business Rule	Keyword definition value has one and only one value item element	More than one <i>keywordDefinition.value.item</i> element is provided	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a one <i>value.item</i> element per keyword definition value
eCTD 4-058	Business Rule	Keyword definition display name value is required	The <i>keywordDefinition.value.item.displayName@value</i> is not provided	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted providing a <i>keywordDefinition.value.item.displayName@value</i>
eCTD TMM -014	Business Rule	Keyword definition does not match v3.2.x attribute	The <i>displayName</i> value of the Keyword Definition element does not match the v3.2.x attribute value	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted providing the exact v3.2.x attribute value for the keyword definition display name(s)
eCTD TMM -015	Business Rule	Keyword definitions are not referenced as Keywords	The Keyword definition is not used for any Context of Use Keywords in the transition mapping message	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted without any extra keyword definition elements

13.3 Submission Package Validation Rules

No Unique ID	Category	Validation Criteria	Issue Description	Corrective Action
eCTD 4-059	Business Rule	Submission Unit file is named submissionunit.xml	The submission file name is not submissionunit.xml or is mixed case	The filename should be corrected to the specified naming convention required for eCTD v4.x
eCTD 4-060	Business Rule	Checksum file named sha256.txt exists	The checksum file is not found. It may be in another location or may not be named sha256.txt or is in mixed case format	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with the sha256.txt file in the correct location and named sha256.txt

No Unique ID	Category	Validation Criteria	Issue Description	Corrective Action
eCTD 4-061	Business Rule	Only one Submission Unit file is allowed	There is more than one submissionunit.xml file included in the submission package	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with just one submissionunit.xml file
eCTD 4-062	Business Rule	Submission Unit checksum file value is valid	The submission unit checksum in the sha256.txt file does not match the calculated checksum for the submissionunit.xml file	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with a valid checksum sha256.txt file
eCTD 4-063	Business Rule	Submission Unit File is found in the sequence number folder	The submissionunit.xml file is not placed at the correct location in the folder structure to be detected by receiving systems	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with the submissionunit.xml placed in the top-level of the directory of the submission contents package
eCTD TMM -018	Business Rule	The submission folder includes invalid files	The submission folder includes additional files within the sequence folder or lower level folders	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with only the specified files (i.e., submissionunit.xml and sha256.txt)
eCTD TMM -019	Business Rule	The submission folder includes invalid folders	The submission folder includes additional folders not allowed	The submission unit needs to be resubmitted with only the specified folders (i.e., regionally-specified and sequence number folders)