Intelligence behind building conversational bots

Nalin Chhibber

Student ID: 20715659, MMath CS(HCI)

Abstract

The main aim of this paper is to describe various techniques that have been used to build such voice interfaces and cover a sizable body of literature related to the area. Additionally, this paper implements RBCB: a conversational bot for casual chat. RBCB is trained on a limited dataset of manually constructed sentences and uses Long Short Term Memory to remember the context.

Introduction

There has been a lot of optimism in the thought that near future will witness a rapid growth in human-computer-interaction using voice. Unlike other modes of interaction with computers where humans need to adapt with the interface(touch/type), voice interface comes natural to humans and hence can be used as one of the most promising medium to engage them in a productive interaction. This has not only led to an increased demand of conversational agents but also shown an increase in various chatbot development frameworks. Brands are increasingly using chatbots to engage their customers. Within just a couple years, we have seen a different evolution in the design of conversational agents from chatbots in Facebook Messenger, to Siri in iphones, to Microsoft's Cortana, Google Home and Amazon Alexa.

retrieval, generative online, batch end to end vs distributed word embeddedings tokenization, stemming and lemmatization tf-idf recurrent neural networks vanishing gradient lstm seq2seq and dual encoder

Classification of conversational agents

On a really broad scale, task of building a conversational bot can be achieved using a retrival-based model or generative model, or a combination of both. Retrieval-based models are those which have a repository of pre-defined responses to answer a user utterance. Alicebot and Cleverbot are examples of such types. On the other hand, generative models can generate responses they have never seen before. Microsoft's Tay bot is an example of generative model.

Copyright © 2017, Association for the Advancement of Artificial Intelligence (www.aaai.org). All rights reserved.

Related work Neural Networks Recurrent Neural Networks Long Short Term Memory

Future Work

Personality Domain specific usage

Discussion References

ipsum, L. 2012. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit,. In *Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit*, 237–246. ACM.