```
function [chromosomeArr,binChromosomeArr,mk,m] = chromoSort(chromosome)
% CHROMOSOME OUTPUT FORMATTER FOR OUTPUT OF GENETIC ALGORITHM TO BE
% PROCESSED BY THE FITNESS FUNCTION F(X).
% THE FUNCTION IS USED IN THE FALL 2017 ME 6101 FINAL GROUP PROJECT ON
% GREEN MODULAR DESIGN OPTIMIZATION
% NOTE: TO OBTAIN THE FORMATTED CHROMOSOME USED IN F(X), USE chromoSort.m
      INSTEAD!
% INPUT: [1XN DOUBLE] CHROMOSOME OUTPUT FROM GA
                     EACH INDICE IN THE VECTOR IS A GENE INDICATING THE
                     NUMBER OF MODULES TO BE GROUPED. THE INDEX OF THE
                     GENE POSITION INDICATES THE NUMBER OF COMPONENTS IN
읒
                     THE MODULE
% OUTPUT: [MxN DOUBLE] REFORMATTED ARRAY BREAKING THE NUMBER OF
                      MODULES TO BE GROUPED INTO DIFFERENT ROWS.
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응
                      THE INDICES MARK THE POSITIONS WHERE THE MODULE
                      NUMBERS ARE PRESENT - IE THE NUMBER OF COMPONENTS
                       IN THE MODULES
응
         [MXN DOUBLE] REFORMATTED ARRAY SIMILAR TO chromosomeArr BUT
                      CONSISTING OF BINARY ELEMENTS
        [1x1 DOUBLE] THE MAXIMUM NUMBER OF DIFFERENT ELEMENTS IN THE
                      INPUT CHROMOSOME VECTOR
         [1x1 DOUBLE] THE MAXIMUM ELEMENT VALUE CONTAINED IN THE
                      INPUT CHROMOSOME VECTOR
% ENGINEERS: JAMES S COLLINS
           BEN DUSSALT
           NAMKHA NORSANG
           NISHANTH KATHIRVEL
% PROJECT: ME 6101 GREEN MODULAR DESIGN GROUP PROJECT
% DATE: NOVEMBER 2017
% LOCATION: GEORGIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY. ATL, GA
L=length(chromosome); % GET THE LENGTH OF THE CHROMOSOME INPUT IE THE
                       % TOTAL NUMBER OF COMPONENTS
   % IDENTIFING MAXIMUM MODULE NUMBER IN CHROMOSOME AND DECLARING THE
   % OUTPUT LOGICAL ARRAY
   m=max(chromosome);
   binChromosomeArr=false(L,L);
   chromosomeArr=zeros(L,L);
   % FOR LOOP TO SEPAREATE GENES INTO INDIVIDUAL ROWS MARKING DIFFERENT
   % COLUMNS
   for i=1:L
       % GENERATING LOGICAL MASK ROWS
       binChromosomeArr(i,:) = chromosome == i;
       % PORTION TO ASSIGN THE DOUBLE ARRAY THE SEPARATE VALUES
       rw=zeros(1,L);
       rw(binChromosomeArr(i,:))=i;
       chromosomeArr(i,:)=rw;
   end
```

```
% CREATION OF LOGICAL MASK IDENTIFING
% ROWS CONTAINING ALL FALSE INDICES

%deleteMask=~any(binChromosomeArr,2);

% USE THE LOGICAL MASK TO IDENTIFY AND ISOLATE ALL THE ROWS CONTAINING
% TRUE ELEMENTS IN THE COLUMNS OR DOUBLES ~= 0

%%binChromosomeArr(deleteMask,:)=[];

% chromosomeArr(deleteMask,:)=[];

% DETERMINE THE PARAMENTER m USED IN LATER CALCULATIONS AS THE NUMBER
% OF FILLED ROWS IN THE CHROMOSOME ARRAY
[mk,~]=size(chromosomeArr);
% CONVERT THE LOGICAL TO TYPE DOUBLE FOR FITNESS FUNCTION CALCULATION
binChromosomeArr=chromosomeArr~=0;
binChromosomeArr=double(binChromosomeArr);
```

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