# ANDROID DEVELOPMENT STANDARD

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### Preface

#### **SIGNATURE**

Subject	Date	
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### Preface

HISTORY				
Version	Date	A, M, D	Description	Author
1.0	19 September 2016	Α	Create document	Le Duc Tuan

## Goals

### Goals

Working in the same bases and conventions

Ease of project backup

Ease of maintenance

## Language

### Language

#### Conventions

- Development and documentation language is English
- All class, method and variable names are in English and follow below rules
- Gives simplest and shortest names as possible
- Avoids using plural (uses collection type)
- Words are lowercase when alone, otherwise use Camel Case
- Gives the generic term as possible, avoid gender and false specialization
- Avoids confusing acronyms, use full text to describe the meaning

#### Examples (Do # Don't)

- performSearch() # recherche()
- createUserList() # createListOfUsers()
- mCatList # mCats
- person, personAge, personWithName
- PersonClass # ManClass, WomanClass
- \* HTTP, URL # AAA (Battery Type/Codon Lysine, etc.)

## Project Name

### Project Name

#### Conventions

- The project name must follow client requirement first, otherwise uses this convention
- Each project name must be identified by a prefix and postfix (if required) as the rules follow

[Company Name]Project Name[Version]

No duplications with other projects

#### Examples (Do # Don't)

- GoogleGmailV1 # Gmail
- FacebookMessenger # Messenger

## Naming Convention

### Naming Convention

This section describes the naming convention of following subjects:

- Application Package Name
- Classes & Members (variables)
- Accessor Members
- ♦ Methods & Parameters
- Implementation
- Listeners
- Constants
- Layouts
- Values
- Identifiers
- Localization

### Application Package Name

#### Conventions

- Uses the package name assigned by client or uses this convention
- All lowercase and as follow
  [com.][company name.][project name]
- Packages separated by application functions
- Any other packages that are commonly used throughout the project must be put into [common] package

#### Examples

#### Do

- com.uniqcompany.project
  - com.uniqcompany.project.login
  - com.uniqcompany.project.common.gcm

- com.facebook.katana (duplicate with facebook application)
- uniqcompany.project (missing com.)

### Classes & Members

#### Conventions [Classes]

- Starts with company name/project abbreviation and use Camel Case
- Ends with class type or functional usage

[company/project name][class type]

#### Examples

#### Do

- UniqCompanyLoginFragment
- UniqCompanyHomeActivity
- UniqCompanyUserModel

- HomeFragment (missing company prefix)
- CustomView (not specific)
- UpdateUserInfo (class type Info?)

### Classes & Members (cont.)

#### Conventions [Members]

- Starts with "m" and use Camel Case
- Avoids using numbers, add functional usage or 
   purpose of the variable instead
- Gives simplest and shortest member name as possible
- For boolean type, the prefix followed by "is" and end with an adjective

#### Examples

#### Do

- mProduct
- mProductList
- mlsProductValid

- ♦ checked (missing "is" 8"m", not specific)
- mProduct3 (no numbers, purpose instegd)
- mainProduct (missing "m")

### **Accessor Members**

#### Conventions

- Removes "m" for both getters and setters
- Setter
  - Followed by variable name
  - Uses Camel Case
- Getter
  - Followed by variable name
  - Uses Camel Case
  - For boolean type, "is" followed by the variable name

#### Examples

#### Do

- setProduct(), getProduct()
- setProductList(), getProductList()
- setProductValid(), isProductValid()

- setproduct(), SetProduct() (Camel Case)
- productValid() (missing "is")
- isProduct() (noun)

### Methods & Parameters

#### Conventions [Methods]

- Starts with a lowercase verb/"is"
- Uses Camel Case
- Avoids abbreviation
- Gives simplest and shortest method name as possible

#### Examples

#### Do

- performSearch()
- findProductById()
- isProductAvailable()

- setproduct(), Setproduct() (Camel Case)
- isProduct() (noun)

### Methods & Parameters (cont.)

#### Conventions [Parameters]

- Uses Camel Case
- Avoids abbreviation
- Gives simplest and shortest parameter name as possible

#### Examples

#### Do

- product, productList
- name, id, isVisible

- Product (Camel Case)
- \* mProduct (same as [Members])
- IsVisible (Camel Case)

### Implementation

#### Conventions [Local variables]

- Starts with "t"
- Uses Camel Case
- Avoids abbreviation
- Gives simplest and shortest variable name as possible

#### Examples

#### Do

- tProduct, tProductList
- \* tName, tld, tlsVisible

- product(missing "t")
- mProduct (same as [Members])
- TIsVisible (Camel Case)

### Implementation (cont.)

#### Conventions [Loop variables]

- Uses single lowercase letter
- ❖ The common is to use "i j k l" with the increment order
- Should not be more than 4 nested loops, otherwise the implementation logic is too complicated and might be wrong

#### Examples

#### Do

❖ for (int i ...), for (int j ...)

- ♦ for (int ii ...)
- for (int j ...), for (int i ...)

### Listeners

#### Conventions

- Same rule as class naming convention
- Post-fix with "Listener" (optional)
- Methods in the listener follow same rule as method naming convention
- The name should explain what the listener does (action/behavior)
- Makes it a separated interface file

#### Examples

#### Do

UniqCompanyLocationUpdateListener

#### Don't

MyListener

### Constants

#### Conventions

- Starts with company name/project abbreviation
- All uppercase
- Each term separated by an "\_"
- Declared as "static final" variables

#### Examples

#### Do

- ❖ UNIQCOMPANY\_MAX\_USER\_COUNT
- ♦ UNIQCOMPANY\_CONNECTION\_TIMEOUT

- \* min\_length
- ♦ UNIQCOMPANYMAXUSERCOUNT
- UniqCompany\_Connection\_Timeout

### Layouts

#### Conventions

- Starts with company name/project abbreviation
- Layout bind with Activity uses prefix "activity", bind with Fragment uses "fragment", otherwise uses "layout"
- Followed by name of binding class or layout purpose
- All lowercase
- Each term separated by an "\_"

[company name]\_[activity|fragment|layout]\_[screen]

#### Examples

#### Do

- uniqcompany\_activity\_home.xml
- uniqcompany\_fragment\_session\_result.xml
- uniqcompany\_layout\_home\_header.xml

- home\_activity.xml (wrong order)
- fragment\_about.xml (missing prefix)
- layoutListviewFooter.xml (missing "\_"

### Values

#### Conventions

- Starts with company name/project abbreviation
- Name itself should explain the purpose
- ♦ All lowercase
- Each term separated by an "\_"
- Ends with "values"

[company name]\_[screen]\_[type]\_values

#### Examples

#### Do

- uniqcompany\_string\_values.xml
- uniqcompany\_array\_values.xml
- uniqcompany\_dimension\_values.xml

#### Don't

\* string.xml (missing prefixes)

### Identifiers

#### Conventions

- Starts with layout file name (exclude the company name/project abbreviation)
- Followed by 2 (3) letters describing the view (tv TextView ,bt Button, et EditText, rl RelativeLayout)
- Ends with purpose (action/behavior)
- All lowercase
- Each term separated by an "\_"
- Absolutely no numeric

[activity|fragment|layout]\_[screen]\_[view]\_[function]

#### Examples

#### Do

- activity\_home\_bt\_login
- fragment\_login\_bt\_signin
- layout\_main\_header\_tv\_username

- buttonLogin (Camel Case)
- username\_txt (wrong order)
- view\_title (no screen)
- \* textView1 (absolutely NO)

### Localization

#### Conventions

- Starts with layout file name (exclude the company name/project abbreviation)
- Followed by indicators:
  - txt: for normal text content
  - btn: for button text content
  - hint: for hint text content
- All lowercase
- Each term separated by an "\_"
- Ends with numeric (optional)

[activity|fragment|layout]\_[screen]\_[indicator]\_[view]

#### Examples

#### Do

- activity\_home\_bt\_login
- fragment\_about\_txt\_section\_1
- fragment\_about\_txt\_section\_2
- layout\_main\_header\_hint\_search

- hintSearchEditText (Camel Case)

## Thank You