

Experiment - 4

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Problem Statement:

Solve the given problem related to normalization and give their closure, candidate key along with prime attribute and non-prime attribute and in the type of normal form in which they exist.

1. Consider a relation R having attributes as R(ABCD), functional dependencies are given below:
AB→C
C→D
D→A

Identify the set of candidate keys possible in relation R. List all the set of prime and non-prime attributes.

- Ans:

R (A, B, C, D) Closure:

A⁺ → A

B⁺ → B

C⁺ → C, D, A

AB⁺ → A, B, C, D

AC⁺ → A, C, D

AD⁺ → A, D,

BC⁺ → B, C, D, A

BD⁺ → B, D, A, C

CD⁺ → C, D, A

Candidate Keys: AB, BC, BD

Prime Attributes: A, B, C, D

Non-prime Attributes:

Normal Form: 3NF

2. Relation R(ABCDE) having functional dependencies as:

A→D

B→A

BC→D

AC→BE

Identify the set of candidate keys possible in relation R. List all the set of prime and nonprime attributes.

- Ans:

R (A, B, C, D, E) Closure:

A⁺ → A, D

$B^+ \rightarrow B, A, D$

$C^+ \rightarrow C$

$AB^+ \rightarrow A, B, D$

$AC^+ \rightarrow A, C, D, B, E$

$AD^+ \rightarrow A, D$

$BC^+ \rightarrow B, C, A, D, E$

Candidate Keys: AC, BC

Prime Attributes: A, B, C

Non-prime Attributes: D, E

Normal Form: 1NF

3. Consider a relation R having attributes as R(ABCDE), functional dependencies are given below:

$B \rightarrow A$

$A \rightarrow C$

$BC \rightarrow D$

$AC \rightarrow BE$

Identify the set of candidate keys possible in relation R. List all the set of prime and non-prime attributes.

- Ans:

R (A, B, C, D, E) Closure:

$A^+ \rightarrow A, C, B, E, D$ B^+

$\rightarrow B, A, C, D, E$

$C^+ \rightarrow C$

$D^+ \rightarrow D$

$E^+ \rightarrow E$

Candidate Keys: A, B

Prime Attributes: A, B Non-prime Attributes: C, D, E

Normal Form: BCNF

4. Consider a relation R having attributes as R(ABCDEF), functional dependencies are given below: $A \rightarrow BCD$

$BC \rightarrow DE$

$B \rightarrow D$

$D \rightarrow A$

Identify the set of candidate keys possible in relation R. List all the set of prime and non-prime attributes.

- Ans:

R (A, B, C, D, E, F)

Closure:

$A^+ \rightarrow A, B, C, D, E$

$B^+ \rightarrow B, D, A, C, E$

$C^+ \rightarrow C$

$D^+ \rightarrow D, A, B, C, E$

$E^+ \rightarrow E$

$F^+ \rightarrow F$

$AF^+ \rightarrow A, B, C, D, E, F$

$BF^+ \rightarrow B, F, D, A, C, E$

$CF^+ \rightarrow C, F$

DF+ → D, F, A, B, C, E

Candidate Keys: AF, BF, DF

Prime Attributes: A, B, D, F Non-prime

Attributes: C, E

Normal Form: 1NF

5. Designing a student database involves certain dependencies which are listed below:

X → Y

WZ → X

WZ → Y

Y → W

Y → X

Y → Z

The task here is to remove all the redundant FDs for efficient working of the student database management system.

- Ans:

R (W, X, Y, Z) Closure:

X⁺ → X, Y, W, Z

Y⁺ → Y, X, W, ZWZ⁺ → W, Z, X, Y

Candidate Keys: X, Y, WZ

Prime Attributes: X, Y, W, Z Non-prime

Attributes:

Normal Form: BCNF

6. Debix Pvt Ltd needs to maintain database having dependent attributes ABCDEF.

These attributes are functionally dependent on each other for which functionally dependency set F given as:

A → BC

D → E

BC → D

A → D

Consider a universal relation R1(A, B, C, D, E, F) with functional dependency set F, also all attributes are simple and take atomic values only. Find the highest normal form along with the candidate keys with prime and non-prime attribute.

- Ans:

R (A, B, C, D, E, F) Closure:

A⁺ → A, B, C, D, E

B⁺ → B

C⁺ → C

D⁺ → D, E

AF⁺ → A, B, C, D, E, F

Candidate Keys: AF

Prime Attributes: A, F

Non-prime Attributes: B, C, D, E

Normal Form: 1NF