

Sol<sup>n</sup> (1) (1) If crash happens and the last log record on the disk is  $\langle \text{START } U \rangle$ ,  $T$  is uncommitted, therefore we undo its actions, from the end moving backwards.  
 $A \rightarrow 10$

(2) If the crash happens after  $\langle \text{COMMIT } U \rangle$  we have a committed transaction ( $U$ ) and an uncommitted trans ( $T$ ). we redo the actions of  $U$  in the order earliest first:-  
 $B \rightarrow 21, D \rightarrow 41$ .

We undo the actions of  $T$  from the end moving backwards:  
 $C \rightarrow 30, A \rightarrow 10$ .

(3) If the crash follows  $\langle T, E, 50, 51 \rangle$ .  $U$  has been committed, so we redo its actions starting earliest first.  
 $B \rightarrow 21, D \rightarrow 41$ .

$T$  is uncommitted, so undo its actions, from the end backwards.  
 $E \rightarrow 50, C \rightarrow 30, A \rightarrow 10$

(4) If the crash follows commit  $T$ , both transactions are committed hence actions of both  $T$  and  $U$  undergo redo, earliest first.

$A \rightarrow 11, B \rightarrow 21, C \rightarrow 31, D \rightarrow 41$ .  
 $E \rightarrow 51$

Sol<sup>n</sup> (2) (1) Disk reads from A and B :-  
 $r_1(A), r_1(B)$

(2) Disk write on B :  $w_1(B)$

(3) Disk read followed by disk write for C :-  
 $r_1(C), w_1(C)$

(4) Disk read followed by disk write for D :-  
 $r_1(D), w_1(D)$

(5) Disk read followed by disk write for E :-  
 $r_1(E), w_1(E)$

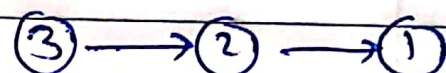
Tasks:  $r_1(A), r_1(B), w_1(B), r_1(C), w_1(C), r_1(D),$   
 $w_1(D), r_1(E), w_1(E)$



Sol<sup>m</sup> (3) :- (1)  $r_1(A)$ ;  $r_2(A)$ ,  $r_3(B)$ ,  $w_1(A)$ ,  $r_2(C)$ ,  $r_2(B)$ ,  $w_2(B)$ ,  $w_1(C)$

Comparing  $r_3(B)$  and  $w_2(B) \Rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 2$ .

Comparing  $r_2(C)$  and  $w_1(C) \Rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 1$   
 Therefore, precedence graph:



$\therefore$  This is acyclic hence the schedule is conflict-serializable.

(2)  $r_1(A)$ ,  $w_1(B)$ ,  $r_2(B)$ ,  $w_2(C)$ ,  $r_3(C)$ ,  $w_3(A)$

Comparing  $r_1(A)$  and  $w_3(A) \Rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 3$ .

Comparing  $w_1(B)$  and  $r_2(B) \Rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 2$

Comparing  $w_2(C)$  and  $r_3(C) \Rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3$ .

Precedence graph :-  $\textcircled{1} \rightarrow \textcircled{2} \rightarrow \textcircled{3}$

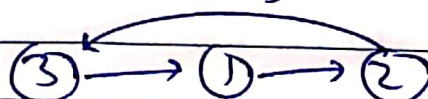
$\therefore$  The graph is acyclic, it is conflict-serializable.

(3)  $w_3(A)$ ,  $r_1(A)$ ,  $w_1(B)$ ,  $r_2(B)$ ,  $w_2(C)$ ,  $r_3(C)$

Comparing  $w_3(A)$  and  $r_1(A) \Rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 1$

Comparing  $w_1(B)$  and  $r_2(B) \Rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 2$

Comparing  $w_2(C)$  and  $r_3(C) \Rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3$ .



$\therefore$  graph is cyclic Hence, it isn't conflict-serializable.