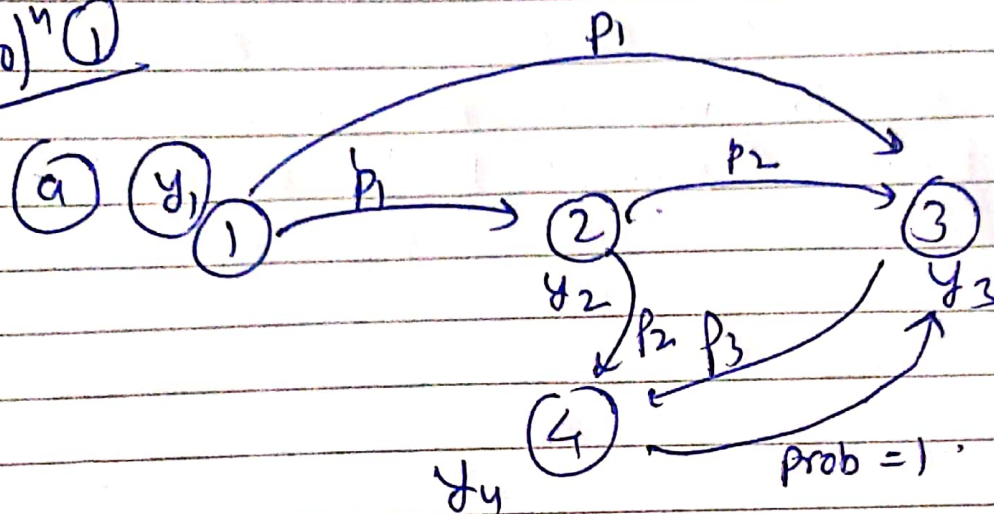


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So) ①



② on solving we get

$$p_1 = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$p_2 = \frac{1}{2} \quad p_3 = \frac{1}{2}$$

let  $\lambda_i$  be the aggregate arrival rate at node  $i$

using the equations:

$$\lambda = \lambda (I - R)^{-1}$$

$$R = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{So } (I - R)^{-1} \Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{4}{3} & \frac{5}{6} \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & \frac{3}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

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$$\lambda = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 0 & 15 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1/3 & 4/3 & 5/6 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3/2 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\lambda = (5, 35/3, 170/3, 205/6)$$

$\lambda_i \rightarrow \lambda_i$  at station 1, 2, 3, 4.

(c) Now,  $L_i$  for each node is as follows:-

$$L_i = \frac{\lambda_i}{\mu_i - \lambda_i} \Rightarrow \text{using this formula:}$$

$$L_1 = \frac{5}{10 - 5} = 1, \quad L_2 = \frac{35/3}{35 - 35/3} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$L_3 = \frac{170/3}{85 - 170/3} = 2, \quad L_4 = \frac{205/6}{41 - 205/6} = 5$$

Hence,  $L_1 = 1, L_2 = 1/2, L_3 = 2, L_4 = 5$

Hence, ans.

(d) Total  $L = L_1 + L_2 + L_3 + L_4 = 5 + 2 + 1/2 + 1 = 17/2$ .

$$L = \frac{\lambda_1 + \lambda_2 + \lambda_3 + \lambda_4}{\mu_1 - \lambda_1}$$

$$W = \frac{17/2}{5 + 35/3 + 170/3 + 205/6}$$

$$= \frac{17 \times 3}{645} = 0.079069$$

$$\hookrightarrow W = \frac{\sum L_i}{\sum \mu_i} = \frac{17/2}{5 + 10 + 15 + 10} = 0.2833$$

$\mu_i \rightarrow$  rates of poisson processes

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- ② When we consider the aggregate process at node 2, it cannot be considered as a poisson process. because feed forward and bypassing occurs here.