

Practical 1

AIM : To implement BFS (Breadth First Search)

CODE

```
#include<iostream>
#include<vector>
using namespace std;

vector <int> s;
void EnterQ(int n){
    s.insert(s.end()-1,n);
}

int ExitQ(){
    int j=s.front();
    s.erase(s.begin());
    return j;
}

void BFS(int **G, int n){
    s.push_back(-1);
    EnterQ(0);
    vector <int> visited(n);
    visited[0]=1;
    int x=ExitQ();
    while(x!=-1){
        for(int i=1;i<=G[x][0];i++){
            if(visited[G[x][i]]==0)
            {
                EnterQ(G[x][i]);
                visited[G[x][i]]=1;
            }
        }
        cout<<x<<' ';
        x=ExitQ();
    }
    cout<<endl;
}
```

```

int main(){
    int n;//number of Nodes;
    cout<<"Enter the number of Nodes :";
    cin>>n;

    int **G = new int*[n];

    for(int i=0,k;i<n;i++)
    {
        cout<<"Enter the number of adjacent nodes to node "<<i<<"!:";
        cin>>k;
        G[i] = new int[k+1];
        G[i][0]=k;
        for(int j=1;j<=k;j++){
            cout<<"Enter adjacent node:";
            cin>>G[i][j];
        }
    }
    cout<<"The Order of DFS\n";
    BFS(G,n);
    return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT

```
shivank@shivank-Vostro-5568: ~/Documents/AILAB
shivank@shivank-Vostro-5568:~/Documents/AILAB$ make BFS
g++    BFS.cpp    -o BFS
shivank@shivank-Vostro-5568:~/Documents/AILAB$ ./BFS
Enter the number of Nodes :4
Enter the number of adjacent nodes to node 0:2
Enter adjacent node:1
Enter adjacent node:2
Enter the number of adjacent nodes to node 1:1
Enter adjacent node:3
Enter the number of adjacent nodes to node 2:1
Enter adjacent node:3
Enter the number of adjacent nodes to node 3:0
The Order of DFS
0 1 2 3
shivank@shivank-Vostro-5568:~/Documents/AILAB$
```

Practical 2

AIM : To implement DFS (Depth First Search)

CODE

```
#include<iostream>
#include<vector>
using namespace std;
vector <int> s;

void push(int n){
    s.push_back(n);
}

int pop(){
    int j=s.back();
    s.pop_back();
    return j;
}

void DFS(int **G, int n){
    push(-1);
    push(0);
    vector <int> visited(n);
    visited[0]=1;
    int x=pop();
    while(x!=-1){
        for(int i=G[x][0];i>0;i--){
            if(visited[G[x][i]]==0)
            {
                push(G[x][i]);
                visited[G[x][i]]=1;
            }
        }
        cout<<x<<' ';
        x=pop();
    }
    cout<<endl;
}
```

```

int main(){
    int n;//number of Nodes;
    cout<<"Enter the number of Nodes :";
    cin>>n;

    int **G = new int*[n];

    for(int i=0,k;i<n;i++)
    {
        cout<<"Enter the number of adjacent nodes to node "<<i<<"!:";
        cin>>k;
        G[i] = new int[k+1];
        G[i][0]=k;
        for(int j=1 clear;j<=k;j++){
            cout<<"Enter adjacent node:";
            cin>>G[i][j];
        }
    }
    cout<<"The Order of DFS\n";
    DFS(G,n);
    return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT

```
shivank@shivank-Vostro-5568: ~/Documents/AILAB
shivank@shivank-Vostro-5568:~/Documents/AILAB$ make DFS
g++    DFS.cpp    -o DFS
shivank@shivank-Vostro-5568:~/Documents/AILAB$ ./DFS
Enter the number of Nodes :4
Enter the number of adjacent nodes to node 0:2
Enter adjacent node:1
Enter adjacent node:2
Enter the number of adjacent nodes to node 1:1
Enter adjacent node:3
Enter the number of adjacent nodes to node 2:1
Enter adjacent node:3
Enter the number of adjacent nodes to node 3:0
The Order of DFS
0 1 3 2
shivank@shivank-Vostro-5568:~/Documents/AILAB$
```

Practical 3

AIM : To implement Beam Search

CODE

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int queue_(int *,int ,int, int);
int dequeue_(int *, int , int, int );

int main()
{
    int n,i,j;
    cout<<"Enter number of nodes: ";
    cin>>n;
    int rowCount = n;
    int colCount = n ;
    int** edge = new int*[rowCount];
    for( i = 0; i < rowCount; ++i)
    {
        edge[i] = new int[colCount];
    }

    //edge adjacency matrix
    string ans;
    for(i = 0; i < n ; i++)
    {
        for(j = i ; j < n ; j++)
        {
            cout<<"edge between "<<i+1<< " and "<<j+1<<"? (y/n): ";
            cin>>ans;
            if(ans == "y")
            {
                edge[i][j] = 1;
                edge[j][i] = 1;
            }
            else
            {
                edge[i][j] = 0;
```

```

        edge[j][i] = 0;
    }
}
}
//print edge adjacency matrix
for(i = 0 ; i<n ; i++)
{
    for(j=0; j<n;j++)
    {
        cout<<edge[i][j]<<" ";
    }
    cout<<endl;
}

//allocate memory to queue
int *q = new int[n];
int *flag = new int[n];
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
{
    q[i] = -1;
    flag[i] = 0;
}

int front_ = 0;
int rear = -1;
int start;
cout<<"Enter starting node: ";
cin>>start;
int width;
cout<<"enter width: ";
cin>>width;
start = start - 1;
rear = queue_(q,start,n,rear);
//cout<<"\nfront is "<<front_;
//cout<<"\nrear is "<<rear;
flag[start] = 1;
while(front_ <= rear)
{

```



```

front_ = dequeue_(q,n,front_, rear);
//cout<<"after dequeue\n";
//cout<<"front is "<<front_<<"rear is "<<rear;
cout<<start+1<<" ";
int countt = 0;
for(i = 0; i<n ; i++)
{
    if(edge[start][i] == 1 && flag[i] == 0 && countt<width)
    {
        countt++;
        rear = queue_(q,i,n,rear);
        flag[i]= 1;
    }
}
start = q[front_];
}
}

```

```

int queue_(int *q, int start, int n, int rear)
{
    rear++;
    if(rear==n)
    {
        cout<<"overflow";
    }
    else
    {
        q[rear] = start;
    }
    return rear;
}

```

```

int dequeue_(int *q,int n,int front_, int rear)
{
    if(front_>rear)
    {
        cout<<"underflow";
    }
}

```

```

    }
    else
    {
        q[front_] = -1;
        front_++;
    }
    return front_;
}

```

OUTPUT

```

shivank@shivank-Vostro-5568:~/Documents/AILAB$ ./Beam
Enter number of nodes: 4
edge between 1 and 1? (y/n): n
edge between 1 and 2? (y/n): 1
edge between 1 and 3? (y/n): 1
edge between 1 and 4? (y/n): n
edge between 2 and 2? (y/n): n
edge between 2 and 3? (y/n): y
edge between 2 and 4? (y/n): y
edge between 3 and 3? (y/n): n
edge between 3 and 4? (y/n): n
edge between 4 and 4? (y/n): n
0 0 0 0
0 0 1 1
0 1 0 0
0 1 0 0
Enter starting node: 1
enter width: 2
1 shivank@shivank-Vostro-5568:~/Documents/AILAB$

```

Practical 4

AIM : To implement Iterative Deepening Search (DFID Depth First Iterative Deepening search)

CODE

```
#include<iostream>
#include<vector>
using namespace std;

vector <int> s;

void push(int n){
    s.push_back(n);
}

int pop(){
    int j=s.back();
    s.pop_back();
    return j;
}

void IDS(int **G, int n, int t,int max_depth){
    cout<<"Level 0:"<<0;
    if(t==0){
        cout<<endl<<"Found at level 0 ";
        return;
    }
    int fl=0;
    for(int k=1;k<=max_depth;k++){
        int q;
        cout<<endl<<"Level "<<k<<":";
        s.clear();
        s.push_back(-1);
        vector <int> visited(n);
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++)visited[i]=-1;
        visited[0]=0;
        int x=0;
```

```

while(x!=-1){
    if(x==t)fl=1;
    for(int i=G[x][0];i>0;i--){
        if(visited[G[x][i]]==-1)
        {
            if(k-(visited[x]+1)>=0)
            {
                push(G[x][i]);
                visited[G[x][i]]=visited[x]+1;
            }
        }
    }
    cout<<x<<' ';
    x=pop();
}
if(fl==1){
    cout<<endl<<"Found at level "<<k<<endl;
    break;
}
}
if(fl==0){
    cout<<endl<<"Element not found";
}
}

int main(){
    int n,x,d;//number of Nodes;
    cout<<"Enter the number of Nodes :";
    cin>>n;

    int **G = new int*[n];

    for(int i=0,k;i<n;i++)
    {
        cout<<"Enter the number of adjacent nodes to node "<<i<<"!";
        cin>>k;
        G[i] = new int[k+1];
        G[i][0]=k;
    }
}

```

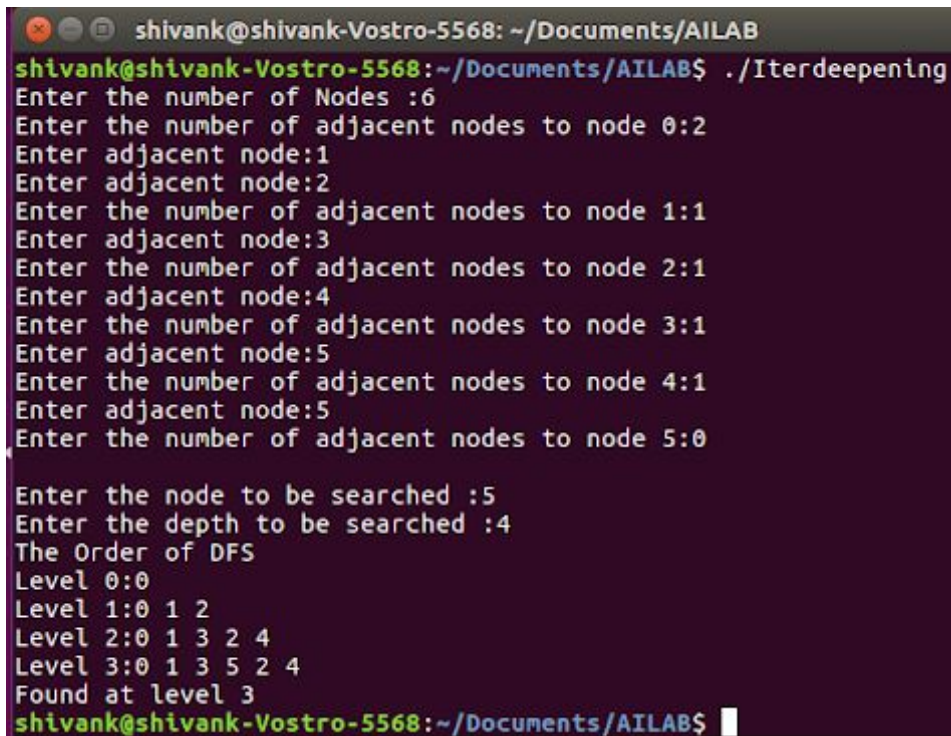
```

        for(int j=1;j<=k;j++){
            cout<<"Enter adjacent node:";
            cin>>G[i][j];
        }
    }

    cout<<endl;
    cout<<"Enter the node to be searched :";
    cin>>x;
    cout<<"Enter the depth to be searched :";
    cin>>d;
    cout<<"The Order of DFS\n";
    IDS(G,n,x,d);
    return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT



```

shivank@shivank-Vostro-5568: ~/Documents/AILAB
shivank@shivank-Vostro-5568:~/Documents/AILAB$ ./Iterdeepening
Enter the number of Nodes :6
Enter the number of adjacent nodes to node 0:2
Enter adjacent node:1
Enter adjacent node:2
Enter the number of adjacent nodes to node 1:1
Enter adjacent node:3
Enter the number of adjacent nodes to node 2:1
Enter adjacent node:4
Enter the number of adjacent nodes to node 3:1
Enter adjacent node:5
Enter the number of adjacent nodes to node 4:1
Enter adjacent node:5
Enter the number of adjacent nodes to node 5:0

Enter the node to be searched :5
Enter the depth to be searched :4
The Order of DFS
Level 0:0
Level 1:0 1 2
Level 2:0 1 3 2 4
Level 3:0 1 3 5 2 4
Found at level 3
shivank@shivank-Vostro-5568:~/Documents/AILAB$

```

Practical 5

AIM : Program to implement Tic Tac Toe game.

CODE

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
```

```
using namespace std;
```

```
char board[3][3]={    {'-', '-', '-'},
                      {'-', '-', '-'},
                      {'-', '-', '-' } };
```

```
char human='X',ai='O',blank='-';
```

```
int row,clm;
```

```
char draw='d';
```

```
char ndraw='n';
```

```
void Hmove()
```

```
{
```

```
    cout<<"Enter the row number and column number {eg.:- 2 1} :";
```

```
    cin>>row>>clm;
```

```
    board[row-1][clm-1]=human;
```

```
}
```

```
int Cmove()
```

```
{
```

```
    if(board[1][1]==blank)
```

```
    {
```

```
        board[1][1]=ai;
```

```
    }
```

```
    else
```

```
    {
```

```
        //if ai is winning in this move
```

```
        for(int i=0;i<3;i++)
```

```
        {
```

```
            //row
```

```
            if(board[i][0]==board[i][1] && board[i][1]==ai && board[i][2]==blank)
```

```
            {
```

```

        board[i][2]=ai;
        return 1;
    }
    else if(board[i][1]==board[i][2] && board[i][2]==ai &&
board[i][0]==blank)
    {
        board[i][0]=ai;
        return 1;
    }
    else if(board[i][0]==board[i][2] && board[i][2]==ai &&
board[i][1]==blank)
    {
        board[i][1]=ai;
        return 1;
    }

    //column
    if(board[0][i]==board[1][i] && board[1][i]==ai && board[2][i]==blank)
    {
        board[2][i]=ai;
        return 1;
    }
    else if(board[1][i]==board[2][i] && board[2][i]==ai &&
board[0][i]==blank)
    {
        board[0][i]=ai;
        return 1;
    }
    else if(board[0][i]==board[2][i] && board[2][i]==ai &&
board[1][i]==blank)
    {
        board[1][i]=ai;
        return 1;
    }

    //diagonal
    if(board[0][0]==board[1][1] && board[1][1]==ai &&
board[2][2]==blank)
    {

```

```

        board[2][2]=ai;
        return 1;
    }
    else if(board[1][1]==board[2][2] && board[2][2]==ai &&
board[0][0]==blank)
    {
        board[0][0]=ai;
        return 1;
    }
    else if(board[0][0]==board[2][2] && board[2][2]==ai &&
board[1][1]==blank)
    {
        board[1][1]=ai;
        return 1;
    }
    else if(board[0][2]==board[1][1] && board[1][1]==ai &&
board[2][0]==blank)
    {
        board[2][0]=ai;
        return 1;
    }
    else if(board[1][1]==board[2][0] && board[2][0]==ai &&
board[0][2]==blank)
    {
        board[0][2]=ai;
        return 1;
    }
    else if(board[0][2]==board[2][0] && board[2][0]==ai &&
board[1][1]==blank)
    {
        board[1][1]=ai;
        return 1;
    }
}

//if human is winning in next move
for(int i=0;i<3;i++)
{
    //row

```



```

        if(board[i][0]==board[i][1] && board[i][0]==human &&
board[i][2]==blank)
        {
            board[i][2]=ai;
            return 1;
        }
        else if(board[i][1]==board[i][2] && board[i][2]==human &&
board[i][0]==blank)
        {
            board[i][0]=ai;
            return 1;
        }
        else if(board[i][0]==board[i][2] && board[i][2]==human &&
board[i][1]==blank)
        {
            board[i][1]=ai;
            return 1;
        }

//column
        if(board[0][i]==board[1][i] && board[1][i] && board[1][i]==human &&
board[2][i]==blank)
        {
            board[2][i]=ai;
            return 1;
        }
        else if(board[1][i]==board[2][i] && board[2][i]==human &&
board[0][i]==blank)
        {
            board[0][i]=ai;
            return 1;
        }
        else if(board[0][i]==board[2][i] && board[2][i]==human &&
board[1][i]==blank)
        {
            board[1][i]=ai;
            return 1;
        }
    }
}

```

```

//diagonal
if(board[0][0]==board[1][1] && board[1][1]==human &&
board[2][2]==blank)
{
    board[2][2]=ai;
    return 1;
}
else if(board[1][1]==board[2][2] && board[2][2]==human &&
board[0][0]==blank)
{
    board[0][0]=ai;
    return 1;
}
else if(board[0][0]==board[2][2] && board[2][2]==human &&
board[1][1]==blank)
{
    board[1][1]=ai;
    return 1;
}
else if(board[0][2]==board[1][1] && board[1][1]==human &&
board[2][0]==blank)
{
    board[2][0]=ai;
    return 1;
}
else if(board[1][1]==board[2][0] && board[2][0]==human &&
board[0][2]==blank)
{
    board[0][2]=ai;
    return 1;
}
else if(board[0][2]==board[2][0] && board[2][0]==human &&
board[1][1]==blank)
{
    board[1][1]=ai;
    return 1;
}
}

```

```

//if neither human wins in next move nor ai wins in this move
if(board[0][1]==blank)
{
    board[0][1]=ai;
    return 1;
}
else if(board[1][0]==blank)
{
    board[1][0]=ai;
    return 1;
}
else if(board[1][2]==blank)
{
    board[1][2]=ai;
    return 1;
}
else
{
    board[2][1]=ai;
    return 1;
}
}
return 1;
}

```

```

void display()
{
    cout<<"current board state:"<<endl;
    for(int i=0;i<3;i++)
    {
        for(int j=0;j<3;j++)
        {
            cout<<board[i][j]<<" ";
        }
        cout<<endl;
    }
}

```

```

int isEmpty()
{
    for(int i=0;i<3;i++)
    {
        for(int j=0;j<3;j++)
        {
            if(board[i][j]==blank)
                return 1;
        }
    }
    return 0;
}

```

```

int isWin()
{
    char temp;
    for(int i=0;i<3;i++)
    {
        //row
        if(board[i][0]==board[i][1] && board[i][1]==board[i][2] &&
board[i][0]==board[i][2])
        {
            if(board[i][0]=='x')
                temp = 'x';
            else if(board[i][0]=='o')
                temp = 'o';
        }

        //column
        if(board[0][i]==board[1][i] && board[1][i]==board[2][i] &&
board[0][i]==board[2][i])
        {
            if(board[0][i]=='x')
                temp = 'x';
            else if(board[0][i]=='o')
                temp = 'o';
        }
    }
}

```

```

    }

    //diagonals
    if(board[0][0]==board[1][1] && board[1][1]==board[2][2] &&
board[0][0]==board[2][2])
    {
        if(board[0][0]=='x')
            temp = 'x';
        else if(board[0][0]=='o')
            temp = 'o';
    }

    if(board[0][2]==board[1][1] && board[1][1]==board[2][0] &&
board[0][2]==board[2][0])
    {
        if(board[0][2]=='x')
            temp = 'x';
        else if(board[0][2]=='o')
            temp = 'o';
    }
}
return temp;

//check for draw
/*int chk=isEmpty();
if(chk==1)
    return ndraw;
else
    return draw;*/
}

```

```

int main()
{
    display();
    cout<<"enter 1 to make the first move=";
    int move;
    cin>>move;
    while(1)

```

```

{
    if(move==1)
    {
        Hmove();
        display();
        move++;
    }
    else
    {
        int temp=isEmpty(); //returns 1 if any one is blank
                                // else it is checked for result
        if(temp==1)
        {
            Cmove(); // computers move
            char win=isWin();//checks if anyone has one !
            display();
            if(win==human)
            {
                cout<<"congratulation: you win"<<endl;
                break;
            }
            else if(win==ai)
            {
                cout<<"Try again: you lose"<<endl;
                break;
            }
            else if(win==draw)
            {
                cout<<"match draw"<<endl;
                break;
            }
            else
                cout<<"your turn:"<<endl;
            Hmove();
            display();
            win=isWin();
            if(win==human)
            {
                cout<<"congratulation: you win"<<endl;

```

```

        break;
    }
    else if(win==ai)
    {
        cout<<"Try again: you lose"<<endl;
        break;
    }
    else if(win==draw)
    {
        cout<<"match draw"<<endl;
        break;
    }
    else
        cout<<"computers turn:"<<endl;
}
else
{
    char win=isWin();
    if(win==human)
    {
        cout<<"congratulation: you win"<<endl;
        break;
    }
    else if(win==ai)
    {
        cout<<"Try again: you lose"<<endl;
        break;
    }
    else
    {
        cout<<"match draw"<<endl;
        break;
    }
}
}
}
return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT

```

shivank@shivank-Vostro-5568: ~/Documents/AILAB
shivank@shivank-Vostro-5568:~/Documents/AILAB$ ./TicTacToe
current board state:
- - -
- - -
- - -

enter 1 to make the first move=1
Enter the row number and column number {eg.:- 2 1} :1 1
current board state:
X - -
- - -
- - -

current board state:
X - -
- 0 -
- - -

your turn:
Enter the row number and column number {eg.:- 2 1} :3 3
current board state:
X - -
- 0 -
- - X

computers turn:
current board state:
X 0 -
- 0 -
- - X

your turn:
Enter the row number and column number {eg.:- 2 1} :3 2
current board state:
X 0 -
- 0 -
- X X

computers turn:
current board state:
X 0 -
- 0 -
0 X X

your turn:
Enter the row number and column number {eg.:- 2 1} :1 3
current board state:
X 0 X
- 0 -
0 X X

computers turn:
current board state:
X 0 X
- 0 0
0 X X

your turn:
Enter the row number and column number {eg.:- 2 1} :2 1
current board state:
X 0 X
X 0 0
0 X X

computers turn:
match draw

```


Practical 6

AIM : Program to solve Water Jug problem

CODE

```
#include <iostream.h>
using namespace std;
class Jug{

    int capacity;
    int value;
public:Jug(int n)
{
    capacity = n;
    value = 0;
}
void Fill()
{
    value = capacity;
}

void Empty()
{
    value = 0;
}
bool isFull()
{
    return value >= capacity;
}
bool isEmpty()
{
    return value == 0;
}
void operator[](Jug &B)
{
    int old_value = value;
    value = value + B.value;
    value = value > capacity?capacity:value;
    B.value = B.value - (value - old_value);
}
```

```

}
int getValue()
{
    return value;
}
};
int gcd(int n,int m)
{

    if(m<=n && n%m == 0)
        return m;
    if(n < m)
        return gcd(m,n);
    else
        return gcd(m,n%m);
}
bool check(int a,int b,int c){
    if(c>a){
        cout<<"A can't hold more water than it's capacity!\n";
        return false;
    }
    if(c % gcd(a,b) == 0)
    {
        return true;
    }
    cout<<"Can't reach this state with the given jugs\n";
    return false;
}
void solve(Jug A, Jug B, int result)
{
    while(A.getValue() != result)
    {
        if(!A.isFull() && B.isEmpty()){
            cout<<"Fill B\n";
            B.Fill();
            cout << "(A, B) = (" << A.getValue() << ", " << B.getValue() << ")\n";
        }
        if(A.isFull()){
            cout<<"Empty A\n";

```

```

        A.Empty();
        cout << "(A, B) = (" << A.getValue() << ", " << B.getValue() << ")\n";
    }
    cout<<"Pour from B into A\n";
    A[B];
    cout << "(A, B) = (" << A.getValue() << ", " << B.getValue() << ")\n";
}

}

int main()
{
    int a, b, result;
    cout<<"Enter capacity of A\n";
    cin >> a;
    cout<<"Enter capacity of B\n";
    cin >> b;
    do{
        cout<<"Enter required water in A:\n";
        cin >> result;
    }
    while(!check(a,b,result));
    Jug A(a), B(b);
    cout << "\n(A, B) = (" << A.getValue() << ", " << B.getValue() << ")\n";
    solve(A, B, result);
    return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT

```
shivank@shivank-Vostro-5568: ~/Documents/AILAB
shivank@shivank-Vostro-5568:~/Documents/AILAB$ make waterjug
g++    waterjug.cpp    -o waterjug
shivank@shivank-Vostro-5568:~/Documents/AILAB$ ./waterjug
Enter capacity of A
4
Enter capacity of B
3
Enter required water in A:
2
(A, B) = (0, 0)
Fill B
(A, B) = (0, 3)
Pour from B into A
(A, B) = (3, 0)
Fill B
(A, B) = (3, 3)
Pour from B into A
(A, B) = (4, 2)
Empty A
(A, B) = (0, 2)
Pour from B into A
(A, B) = (2, 0)
shivank@shivank-Vostro-5568:~/Documents/AILAB$
```

Practical 7

AIM : To Implement Min-Max algorithm

CODE

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;

struct Node
{
    int val;
    vector<Node *>child;
};

int minimax(Node *a,int minmax)
{
    if(a->child.empty())return a->val;
    int val;
    a->val=minimax(a->child[0],!minmax);
    for(int i=1;i<a->child.size();i++){
        val=minimax(a->child[i],!minmax);
        if(minmax==1){
            if(val>a->val)a->val=val;
        }
        else{
            if(val<a->val)a->val=val;
        }
    }
    return a->val;
}

void enter(Node *a){
    static int k=1;
    int n;
    cout<<"Enter number of children for node "<<k<<":";
    cin>>n;
    Node *newn;
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
        newn=new Node;
        a->child.push_back(newn);
    }
    k++;
}
```

```
        k++;
        enter(a->child[i]);
    }
    if(n==0){
        cout<<"Enter value for node : ";
        cin>>a->val;
    }
}
int main()
{
    Node *root;
    root = new Node;
    char ch='y';
    enter(root);
    cout<<minimax(root,1);
}
```

OUTPUT

```
shivank@shivank-Vostro-5568:~/Documents/AILAB$ make MinMax
g++      MinMax.cpp      -o MinMax
shivank@shivank-Vostro-5568:~/Documents/AILAB$ ./MinMax
Enter number of children for node 1:3
Enter number of children for node 2:2
Enter number of children for node 3:2
Enter number of children for node 4:2
Enter number of children for node 5:1
Enter number of children for node 6:1
Enter number of children for node 7:1
Enter number of children for node 8:1
Enter number of children for node 9:1
Enter number of children for node 10:1
Enter number of children for node 11:0
Enter value for node : 10
Enter number of children for node 12:0
Enter value for node : 5
Enter number of children for node 13:0
Enter value for node : 6
Enter number of children for node 14:0
Enter value for node : 9
Enter number of children for node 15:0
Enter value for node : 4
Enter number of children for node 16:0
Enter value for node : 8
8shivank@shivank-Vostro-5568:~/Documents/AILAB$
```

Practical 8

AIM : To Implement Min-Max algorithm with Alpha-Beta Pruning

CODE

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
#define INF 1000000
using namespace std;

struct Node
{
    int val;
    vector<Node *>child;
};

int max(int a, int b){
    return a>b?a:b;
}

int min(int a, int b){
    return a<b?a:b;
}

int minimax(Node *nn,int minmax,int a, int b)
{
    if(nn->child.empty())return nn->val;
    int val;
    nn->val=minimax(nn->child[0],!minmax,a,b);
    for(int i=1;i<nn->child.size();i++){
        val=minimax(nn->child[i],!minmax,a,b);
        if(minmax==1){
            a=max(a,val);
            if(a>=b)return b;
            nn->val=max(nn->val,val);
        }
        else{
            b=min(b,val);
            if(a>=b)return a;
            nn->val=min(nn->val,val);
        }
    }
}
```



```

        }
    }
    return nn->val;
}

void enter(Node *a){
    static int k=1;
    int n;
    cout<<"Enter number of children for node "<<k<<":";
    cin>>n;
    Node *newn;
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
        newn=new Node;
        a->child.push_back(newn);
        k++;
        enter(a->child[i]);
    }
    if(n==0){
        cout<<"Enter value for node : ";
        cin>>a->val;
    }
}

int main()
{
    int a,b;
    a=-1;
    b=INF;
    Node *root;
    root = new Node;
    char ch='y';
    enter(root);
    cout<<minimax(root,1,a,b);
}

```

OUTPUT

```
shivank@shivank-Vostro-5568:~/Documents/AILAB$ make alphabeta
g++    alphabeta.cpp    -o alphabeta
shivank@shivank-Vostro-5568:~/Documents/AILAB$ ./alphabeta
Enter number of children for node 1:3
Enter number of children for node 2:2
Enter number of children for node 3:2
Enter number of children for node 4:2
Enter number of children for node 5:1
Enter number of children for node 6:1
Enter number of children for node 7:1
Enter number of children for node 8:1
Enter number of children for node 9:1
Enter number of children for node 10:1
Enter number of children for node 11:0
Enter value for node : 10
Enter number of children for node 12:0
Enter value for node : 5
Enter number of children for node 13:0
Enter value for node : 6
Enter number of children for node 14:0
Enter value for node : 9
Enter number of children for node 15:0
Enter value for node : 4
Enter number of children for node 16:0
Enter value for node : 8
8shivank@shivank-Vostro-5568:~/Documents/AILAB$
```

Practical 9

AIM : To Implement A* Algorithm to find the specified node

CODE

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
#define INF 1000000
using namespace std;

int main(){
    int n;
    cout<<"Enter Number of Nodes :";cin>>n;

    int h[n];
    cout<<"Enter Heuristic Values :\n";
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        cin>>h[i];
    }
    cout<<"Enter the adjacency matrix :\n";
    int a[n][n];
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
        for(int j=0;j<n;j++){
            cin>>a[i][j];
            if(a[i][j]==0)
                a[i][j]=INF;
        }

    int f[n][2],s,e,cur,min,t;
    bool done[n];
    cout<<"Enter the starting node :";cin>>s;
    cout<<"Enter the ending node  :";cin>>e;
    cur=s;
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        f[i][0]=INF;
        f[i][1]=-1;
        done[i]=false;
    }
}
```

```

while(true)
{
    //f(n) update
    done[cur]=true;
    for(int j=0;j<n;j++){
        if(f[j][0]>a[cur][j]+h[j])
        {
            f[j][1]=cur;
            f[j][0]=a[cur][j]+h[j];
        }
    }

    min=f[0][0];t=-1;
    for(int j=1;j<n;j++){
        if(min>=f[j][0]&& done[j]==false)
        {
            min=f[j][0];
            t=j;
        }
    }
    if(t==-1)break;
    cur=t;
}
cout<<endl;

cout<<"Path :\n";
int pathlength=0;
while(f[e][1]!=-1)
{
    cout<<e<<"<-";
    pathlength+=a[f[e][1]][e];
    e=f[e][1];
}
cout<<e;
cout<<endl<<"Pathlength :"<<pathlength;
}

```

OUTPUT

```
shivank@shivank-Vostro-5568: ~/Documents/AILAB
shivank@shivank-Vostro-5568:~/Documents/AILAB$ ./Astar
Enter Number of Nodes :5
Enter Heuristic Values :
7
6
2
1
0
Enter the adjacency matrix :
0 1 4 0 0
0 0 2 5 12
0 0 0 2 0
0 0 0 0 3
0 0 0 0 0
Enter the starting node :0
Enter the ending node :4
Path :
4<-3<-2<-1<-0
Pathlength :8shivank@shivank-Vostro-5568:~/Documents/AILAB$
```

Practical 10

AIM : To solve the Knight Problem

CODE

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;

struct cell
{
    int x, y;
    int dis;
    cell() {}
    cell(int x, int y, int dis) : x(x), y(y), dis(dis) {}
};

bool isInside(int x, int y, int N)
{
    if (x >= 1 && x <= N && y >= 1 && y <= N)
        return true;
    return false;
}

int minStepToReachTarget(int knightPos[], int targetPos[], int N)
{
    int dx[] = {-2, -1, 1, 2, -2, -1, 1, 2};
    int dy[] = {-1, -2, -2, -1, 1, 2, 2, 1};
    queue<cell> q;

    q.push(cell(knightPos[0], knightPos[1], 0));
    cell t;
    int x, y;
    bool visit[N + 1][N + 1];

    for (int i = 1; i <= N; i++)
        for (int j = 1; j <= N; j++)
            visit[i][j] = false;

    visit[knightPos[0]][knightPos[1]] = true;
```

```

while (!q.empty())
{
    t = q.front();
    q.pop();

    if (t.x == targetPos[0] && t.y == targetPos[1])
        return t.dis;

    for (int i = 0; i < 8; i++)
    {
        x = t.x + dx[i];
        y = t.y + dy[i];

        if (isInside(x, y, N) && !visit[x][y]) {
            visit[x][y] = true;
            q.push(cell(x, y, t.dis + 1));
        }
    }
}

int main()
{
    int N = 8;
    int x1,y1,x2,y2;
    cout<<"Enter the initial position of the Knight (x,y):";
    cin>>x1>>y1;
    cout<<"Enter the final position of the knight (x,y):";
    cin>>x2>>y2;
    int knightPos[] = {x1, y1};
    int targetPos[] = {x2, y2};
    cout << minStepToReachTarget(knightPos, targetPos, N)<<endl;
    cout<<"Shivank Bali\tUE163095\n" ;
    return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT

```
shivank@shivank-Vostro-5568:~/Documents/AILAB$ ./knight
Enter the initial position of the Knight (x,y):1 8
Enter the final position of the knight (x,y):8 1
6
Shivank Bali      UE163095
shivank@shivank-Vostro-5568:~/Documents/AILAB$ ./nqueens
```


Practical 11

AIM : To solve the N-Queens Problem

CODE

```
#include<iostream>
#include<cmath>
using namespace std;

bool check(int a, int b, int c ,int d){
    if(b==d||abs(a-c)==abs(b-d))
        return false;
    return true;
}

void qprint(int x[],int n)
{
    for(int j=0;j<n;j++)
        cout<<"_ ";
    cout<<"_ "<<endl;
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        cout<<"|";
        for(int j=0;j<n;j++)
        {
            if(x[i]==j)
                cout<<'X'<<"|";
            else
                cout<<"_";
        }
        cout<<endl;
    }
    cout<<endl<<endl;
}

int nqueen(int x[],int n,int k)
{
    int count=0;
```

```

        for(int i=0;i<k-1;i++)
        for(int j=i+1;j<k;j++)
            if(check(i,x[i],j,x[j])==false)
                return 0;

        if(k==n)
        {
            qprint(x,n);
            count++;
        }
        else{
            for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
            {
                x[k]=i;
                count+=nqueen(x,n,k+1);
            }
        }
        return count;
    }

int main()
{
    int n;
    cout<<"Enter the size :";
    cin>>n;
    int a[n];
    cout<<"The results are :\n";
    cout<<"Total number of possible results : "<<nqueen(a,n,0)<<endl;
    return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT

```

shivank@shivank-Vostro-5568:~/Documents/AILAB$ ./nqueens
Enter the size :6
The results are :

|_|X|_|_|_|_|
|_|_|_|X|_|_|
|_|_|_|_|X|_|
|X|_|_|_|_|_|
|_|_|X|_|_|_|
|_|_|_|_|X|_|

|_|_|X|_|_|_|
|_|_|_|_|X|_|
|_|X|_|_|_|_|
|_|_|_|_|X|_|
|X|_|_|_|_|_|
|_|_|_|X|_|_|

|_|_|_|X|_|_|
|X|_|_|_|_|_|
|_|_|_|_|X|_|
|_|X|_|_|_|_|
|_|_|_|_|X|_|
|_|_|X|_|_|_|

|_|_|_|_|X|_|
|_|_|X|_|_|_|
|X|_|_|_|_|_|
|_|_|_|_|X|_|
|_|_|_|X|_|_|
|_|X|_|_|_|_|

Total number of possible results :4
shivank@shivank-Vostro-5568:~/Documents/AILAB$ █

```