Tutorial-4

0 T(n) = 3T(n/2) + n2

Anso a=2, b=2 f(n)=2 $n \log b = n \log_2 3$

comparing ndog23 and n2
ndog23 < n2 (case 3)

.. according to master theorem

T(n)= O(n2)

2) T(n)= 45(m/2)+n2

a=4, b=2 $n\log_2 b^a = n\log_2 u^a = n^2 = f(n)$ (case 2)

. acc. to master's theorem $T(n) = O(n^2 \log n)$

3 $T(n) = +(n/2) + 2^n$ $a = 1, b = 2^n$ $n \log_2 = n^0 = 1$

14 2" (Case 3)

: Acc. to master theorem T(n)-0(2h)

(9) T(n) = 2nt (m/2) + n2

.. Master's theorem is not applicable as a function

(5) $T(n) = 16T(\frac{n}{2}) + n$ a = 16 b = 4 h = 16 a =

6
$$T(n) = 2T(n/2) + n \log n$$
 $a = 2 + b = 2 + f(n) = n \log n$
 $n \log_n a = n \log_2 a = n$

Now $f(n) > n$
 $\therefore Acc. to master $T(n) = O(n \log n)$

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(2) T(n) = squt (n)+' (n/2) + dogn ... Master's not applicable as a is not const.

(3) T(n) = 3T(n/2) + h a = 3, b = 2, f(n) = h $n \log_{10} a = n \log_{2} a = n^{1.58}$

n's > f(n)

: Acc. to moster theorem T(n)= (10)

=) 0 (nlog3)

(14) T(n)= 3T (n/3) + Jn a=3, b=3 f(n)=Jn n lagba = nlag3 n

> n> Jn : Acc. to master theorem T(n)= 8(n)

T(n) = $4\Gamma(n/2) + Cn$ $\alpha = 4$, b = 2, f(n) = C*n $n \log_b \alpha = 0$ $n \log_2 \alpha = n^2$ $n^2 > C*n$. Acc. to master theorem $T(n) = O(n^2)$

T(n1=3+(n/4)+nlogn a=3, b=4, $f(n)=n \log n$ $n \log b^{\alpha} = n \log y^{\alpha} = n^{0.75}$ no.7) < n-logn :. Acc. to master's theorem T(n)=0 (ndogn) T(n) = 3 + (n/3) + n/2(17) a=3, b=3, f(n)= n/2 n 2000 = den 2093 = n 0(n)=0(n/2) 1. Acc. to master's theorem. T(n)= O (ndogn) (18) T (n) = 6T (n/3) + n2 logn a=6, b=3, f(n)=n2 logn

n logo = n logo = n 1.63 n1.63 < n2 dogn

.. Acc. to master & theorem T(n)=O(n2logn)

(19) T(m= 4T (m/2) + n/dogn; a=4, b=2, f(n) = n/dogn m dogs = mdogz = n2 m2 > n/logn .. Acc. to master's theorem T(m)= O(m2) DO T(n)= 64T (n/s)-n² logn Master theorem is not applicable as f(n) is not increasing function.

(21) $T(m) = 7T(m/3) + n^2$ n = 7, b = 3, $f(m) = n^2$ $n \log_{10}^{10} = n \log_{10}^{10} = n^{1.7}$

 $n^{1.7} < n^2$ $Acc. to master's, T(n)_n = O(n^2)$

Master is theorem isn'ct applicable since regularity condition is isolated in Case 3.