Course-BTech
Course Code- **CSET109**Year- First

Type- Core Course Name- **Object Oriented Programming Using Java** Semester- Even Batch- BTech 2nd Semester

Tutorial-2

Tutorial No.	Name	CO1	CO2	CO3
2	Basics	✓	-	

Objective: The main objective of this tutorial is to learn about the basics of Java language.

2.1 Predict the output of the program:

```
public class prg {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    char a=0x41;
    char b=0x42;

    System.out.print(a+"" + b+"");
    System.out.print("-");
    System.out.print(a+b);
  }
}
```

2.2 Compile and run the below code? Mention the reason?

```
package com.softwaretestingo.java.wrapperclasses;
public class WrapDemo
       public static void main(String[] args)
              int i1=10:
               System.out.println("\t"+i1);
              Integer i2=new Integer(10);
               System.out.print("\t" +i2);
              if(i1==i2)
               {
                      System.out.print("\t i1 and i2 are same");
              else
               {
                      System.out.print("\t i1 and i2 are not same");
               }
       }
}
```

2.3. Consider the following code and guess the output.

```
public class Test
public static void main(String args[])
int i=20+ +9- -12+ +4- -13+ +19;
System.out.println(i);
2.4. Find out the statements with incorrect code?
public class Test {

    public void main(String[] args)

   2. {
   3. int a=10;
   4. string s="World";
   5. system.out.println("Hello"+s);
   6. System.out.println(x);
   7. }
   8. }
2.5 What will be the output of the program?
package com.softwaretestingo.wrapperclasses;
public class WrappingUnwrapping
       public static void main(String[] args)
              byte grade = 2;
              int marks = 50;
              float price = 8.6f;
              double rate = 50.5;
              Byte g1 = new Byte(grade); // wrapping
              Integer m1 = new Integer(marks);
              Float f1 = new Float(price);
              Double r1 = new Double(rate);
              System.out.println("Values of Wrapper objects (printing as objects)");
              System.out.println("Byte object g1: " + g1);
              System.out.println("Integer object m1: " + m1);
              System.out.println("Float object f1: " + f1);
               System.out.println("Double object r1: " + r1);
       }
}
```

2.6 What line in this code snippet will give compilation error?

```
double d1 = 5f; // s1
double d2 = 5.0; // s2
float f1 = 5f; // s3
float f2 = 5.0; // s4
2.7 What will be the output of the program?
class SSBool
  public static void main(String [] args)
     boolean b1 = true;
     boolean b2 = false;
     boolean b3 = true;
     if ( b1 & b2 | b2 & b3 | b2 ) /* Line 8 */
       System.out.print("ok ");
     if (b1 & b2 | b2 & b3 | b2 | b1) /*Line 10*/
       System.out.println("dokey");
}
2.8 What will be the output of the program?
class Test
  public static void main(String [] args)
    int x=0;
     int y=0;
     for (int z = 0; z < 5; z++)
       if ((++x>2) \& (++y>2))
         x++;
     System.out.println(x + "" + y);
2.9 Discuss the output of the following code snippet?
public class BoolTest
  public static void main(String [] args)
     Boolean b1 = "false";
     boolean b2;
```

```
b2 = b1
    if (!b2)
       b2 = true;
       System.out.print("x ");
    if (b1 & b2) /* Line 13 */
       System.out.print("y ");
    System.out.println("z");
2.10 What will be the output of the following code and why?
switch(x)
case x>70:
System.out.println("True");
break;
case 65<x<=70:
System.out.println("False");
break;
}
```