122COM: Databases

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Overview

1 Databases
- SQL
- SQLite

2 Python
- Dynamic queries
  - SQL injection
- Efficient inserting

3 Recap

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SQL
SQLite

Python
Dynamic queries
SQL injection
Efficient inserting

Recap

SQL   C

Database *(*noun) - a collection of information that is organized so that it can easily be accessed, managed, and updated.

- Pronounced S-Q-L or Sequel.
  - Structured Query Language.
- 4th generation language.
- Used to query relational databases.
- Doesn't matter what underlying database is.
  - MS SQL Server, Oracle, PostgreSQL, MySQL, SQLite.

  - In reality, minor variations.

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SQL injection
Efficient inserting

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Relational Databases

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Built around tables.

- Can be imagined like a spreadsheet.

id	forename	surname	job
0	Malcolm	Reynolds	Captain
4	Zoe	Washburne	Co-captain
11	Hoban	Washburne	Pilot
23	Kaywinnet	Frye	Mechanic

Row/ record →

↑
Column/attribute

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SQL injection
Efficient inserting

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Many types of query.
- SELECT - Get information from the database.
- INSERT - Add information to the database.
- DELETE - Remove information.

Also used for database administration.
- CREATE - Create a whole new table/schema/function.
- ALTER - Modify a table/schema/function.
- DROP - Delete a whole table/schema/function.

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SQL injection
Efficient inserting

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SELECT   C

Used to retrieve information from the database.

id	forename	surname	job
0	Malcolm	Reynolds	Captain
4	Zoe	Washburne	Co-captain
11	Hoban	Washburne	Pilot
23	Kaywinnet	Frye	Mechanic

```
SELECT * FROM staff;
```

#	id	forename	surname	job
1	0	Malcolm	Reynolds	Captain
2	4	Zoe	Washburne	Co-captain
3	11	Hoban	Washburne	Pilot
4	23	Kaywinnet	Frye	Mechanic

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Python
Dynamic queries
SQL injection
Efficient inserting

Recap

SELECT   C

Used to retrieve information from the database.

id	forename	surname	job
0	Malcolm	Reynolds	Captain
4	Zoe	Washburne	Co-captain
11	Hoban	Washburne	Pilot
23	Kaywinnet	Frye	Mechanic

```
SELECT * FROM staff WHERE surname = 'Washburne';
```

#	id	forename	surname	job
1	4	Zoe	Washburne	Co-captain
2	11	Hoban	Washburne	Pilot

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SQL injection
Efficient inserting

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count() ①

What if we want to now how many records there are?

- count() function.
- More efficient.
  - Minimum amount of data.

id	forename	surname	job
0	Malcolm	Reynolds	Captain
4	Zoe	Washburne	Co-captain
11	Hoban	Washburne	Pilot
23	Kaywinnet	Frye	Mechanic

```
SELECT count(*) FROM staff;
```

#	count(*)
1	4

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Dynamic queries
SQL injection
Efficient inserting

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INSERT

Used to add information to the database.

id	forename	surname	job
0	Malcolm	Reynolds	Captain
4	Zoe	Washburne	Co-captain
11	Hoban	Washburne	Pilot
23	Kaywinnet	Frye	Mechanic

```
INSERT INTO staff VALUES (42, 'Simon', 'Tam', 'Doctor');
```

id	forename	surname	job
0	Malcolm	Reynolds	Captain
4	Zoe	Washburne	Co-captain
11	Hoban	Washburne	Pilot
23	Kaywinnet	Frye	Mechanic
42	Simon	Tam	Doctor

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SQL injection
Efficient inserting

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INSERT

Used to add information to the database.

```
INSERT INTO staff (forename, id, surname)
        VALUES ('River', 43, 'Tam');
```

id	forename	surname	job
0	Malcolm	Reynolds	Captain
4	Zoe	Washburne	Co-captain
11	Hoban	Washburne	Pilot
23	Kaywinnet	Frye	Mechanic
42	Simon	Tam	Doctor
43	River	Tam	

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Dynamic queries
SQL injection
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Databases

Why use databases at all?

- Databases...
    - have structure.
    - scale.
    - multi-user.
    - fault tolerant.
- Can include SQL queries in other languages.

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Python
Dynamic queries
SQL injection
Efficient inserting

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SQLite

Using SQLite3 in labs.

- Not really a database.
    - Behaves like one.
    - SQL.
- Good for small/non-urgent databases.
    - $\leq$ gigabytes of data.
- Efficient
    - Don't need to waste resources on a 'real' database.
- Convenient.
    - Don't need to install, configure, managed a 'real' database.
    - Portable, 1 file.
- No network.
    - Single user only.

Databases
  SQL
   SQLite

Python
  Dynamic queries
   SQL injection
  Efficient inserting

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How to use SQL queries in Python?

```python
import sqlite3 as sql

con = sql.connect('firefly.sqlite')
cur = con.cursor()

cur.execute('''SELECT * FROM staff;''')
for row in cur:
    print(row)

con.close()
```

lec_select.py

```
                (0,  'Malcolm',   'Reynolds',  'Captain')
                (4,  'Zoe',       'Washburne', 'Co-captain')
                (11, 'Hoban',     'Washburne', 'Pilot')
                (23, 'Kaywinnet', 'Frye',      'Mechanic')
```

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  SQL
  SQLite

Python
  Dynamic queries
    SQL injection
  Efficient inserting

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Python C

Multiple queries.

```python
import sqlite3 as sql

con = sql.connect('firefly.sqlite')
cur = con.cursor()

cur.execute('SELECT count(*) FROM staff;')
print(cur.fetchone()[0])

cur.execute('SELECT * FROM staff;')
for row in cur:
    pass

con.close()
```

`lec_multi.py`

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SQL
SQLite

Python
Dynamic queries
SQL injection
Efficient inserting

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So far looked at static queries.

- Same query is run every time.
- Real power is in dynamic queries.
    - Code creates new queries to ask new questions.

Dynamic queries

```python
import sqlite3 as sql

con = sql.connect('firefly.sqlite')
cur = con.cursor()

question = input('Who is the...')

cur.execute('''SELECT forename, surname FROM staff
               WHERE job = ?;''', (question,))

for row in cur:
    print('%s %s' % row)
```

lec_dynamic.py

```
              Who is the...Captain
              Malcolm Reynolds
```

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  SQL
  SQLite
Python
  Dynamic queries
  SQL injection
  Efficient inserting
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Bad dynamic queries

```python
cur.execute('''SELECT forename, surname FROM staff
               WHERE job = ?;''', (question,))
```

```python
cur.execute('''SELECT forename, surname FROM staff
               WHERE job = "%s";''' % question )
```

- User could input anything.
  - `Captain"; DROP TABLE staff; --`
- Sanitise inputs.
- Always use placeholders.
  - No exceptions.
  - NO EXCEPTIONS!

SQL injection

A

Around since at least 1998.

Notable SQL injection attacks.

- 2015 TalkTalk - 160,000 customers' details.
- 2014 Hold security - found 420,000 vulnerable websites.
- 2012 Yahoo - 450,000 logins.
- 2011 MySql - mysql.com compromised.
- 2008 Heartland Payment - 134,000,000 credit cards.

Many, many more.
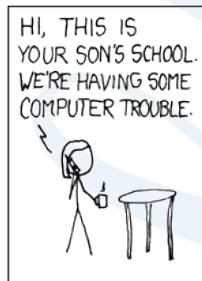
https://xkcd.com/327/

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SQL
SQLite
Python
Dynamic queries
SQL injection
Efficient inserting
Recap

Efficient inserting

A

```
con = sql.connect('firefly.sqlite')
cur = con.cursor()

cur.execute('''INSERT INTO staff (forename, surname)
               VALUES (?,?)''', ('River', 'Tam'))
con.commit()
con.close()
```
lec_single_insert.py

`commit()` command.

- Have modified database.
- Tell database to save changes.
- `revert()` command to undo everything done since `commit()`.

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Multiple inserts A

What is you want to insert a lot of records?

- Could run multiple small INSERT statements.
  - Slow.
- Could run one big INSERT statement.
  - Fast.

```python
con = sql.connect('firefly.sqlite')
cur = con.cursor()

people = [('Simon','Tam','Doctor'), ('River','Tam',None)]

cur.executemany('''INSERT INTO staff (forename, surname, job)
                   VALUES (?,?,?)''', people)

cur.commit()
con.close()
```

`lec_multi_insert.py`

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  SQL
  SQLite
Python
  Dynamic queries
  SQL injection
  Efficient inserting
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Quiz
`https://tophat.com/`
Join code: 094769

Recap

- SQL used to query databases.
- Databases are...
  - fault tolerant.
  - multi user.
  - scalable.
- Always use place holders in dynamic queries.
  - Say no to SQL injection!
- Inserting data
  - Avoid small inserts.
  - Use big inserts.

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The End

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