122COM: Databases David Croft

Databases

SQL

Python

Dynamic queries SQL injection Efficient inserting

Recan

122COM: Databases

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2016



Databases SQL SQLite

Dynamic queries

SQL injection

Recap

- 1 Databases
 - SQL
 - SQLite
- 2 Python
 - Dynamic queries
 - SQL injection
 - Efficient inserting
- 3 Recap



Database SQL SOLite

Python

Dynamic querie

SQL injection

Efficient insertie

Database (noun) - a collection of information that is organized so that it can easily be accessed, managed, and updated.

- Pronounced S-Q-L or Sequel.
 - Structured Query Language.
- 4th generation language.
- Used to query relational databases.
- Doesn't matter what underlying database is.
 - MS SQL Server, Oracle, PostgreSQL, MySQL, SQLite.
 - In reality, minor variations.



Pytnon
Dynamic querie:
SQL injection
Efficient insertin

Built around tables.

■ Can be imagined like a spreadsheet.

 $\begin{array}{cc} \mathsf{Row/} & \to \\ \mathsf{record} & \end{array}$

id	forename	surname	job
0	Malcolm	Reynolds	Captain
4	Zoe	Washburne	Co-captain
11	Hoban	Washburne	Pilot
23	Kaywinnet	Frye	Mechanic

Column/attribute



Database sqL sqLite

Dynamic queries SQL injection Efficient insertin

Many types of query.

- SELECT Get information from the database.
- INSERT Add information to the database.
- DELETE Remove information.

Also used for database administration.

- CREATE Create a whole new table/schema/function.
- ALTER Modify a table/schema/function.
- DROP Delete a whole table/schema/function.



Used to retrieve information from the database.

id	forename	surname	job
0	Malcolm	Reynolds	Captain
4	Zoe	Washburne	Co-captain
11	Hoban	Washburne	Pilot
23	Kaywinnet	Frye	Mechanic

SELECT * FROM staff;

#	id	forename	surname	job
1	0	Malcolm	Reynolds	Captain
2	4	Zoe	Washburne	Co-captain
3	11	Hoban	Washburne	Pilot
4	23	Kaywinnet	Frye	Mechanic



Used to retrieve information from the database.

id	forename	surname	job
0	Malcolm	Reynolds	Captain
4	Zoe	Washburne	Co-captain
11	Hoban	Washburne	Pilot
23	Kaywinnet	Frye	Mechanic

SELECT * FROM staff WHERE surname = 'Washburne';

#	id	forename	surname	job
1	4	Zoe	Washburne	
2	11	Hoban	Washburne	Pilot



Python

Dynamic queries

SQL injection

Efficient inserting

Reca

What if we want to now how many records there are?

- count() function.
- More efficient.
 - Minimum amount of data.

id	forename	surname	job
0	Malcolm	Reynolds	Captain
4	Zoe	Washburne	Co-captain
11	Hoban	Washburne	Pilot
23	Kaywinnet	Frye	Mechanic

SELECT count(*) FROM staff;

#	count(*)
1	4



Database sqL solite

Pytnon

Dynamic querie

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Reca

Used to add information to the database.

id	forename	surname	job
0	Malcolm	Reynolds	Captain
4	Zoe	Washburne	Co-captain
11	Hoban	Washburne	Pilot
23	Kaywinnet	Frye	Mechanic

INSERT INTO staff VALUES (42, 'Simon', 'Tam', 'Doctor');

id	forename	surname	job
0	Malcolm	Reynolds	Captain
4	Zoe	Washburne	Co-captain
11	Hoban	Washburne	Pilot
23	Kaywinnet	Frye	Mechanic
42	Simon	Tam	Doctor



Dynamic querie

Reca

Used to add information to the database.

id	forename	surname	job
0	Malcolm	Reynolds	Captain
4	Zoe	Washburne	Co-captain
11	Hoban	Washburne	Pilot
23	Kaywinnet	Frye	Mechanic
42	Simon	Tam	Doctor
43	River	Tam	



Database: sqL sQLite

Dynamic querie SQL injection Efficient insertie

Reca

Why use databases at all?

- Databases...
 - have structure.
 - scale.
 - multi-user.
 - fault tolerant.
- Can include SQL queries in other languages.



Database sqL soLite

Python Dynamic queries SQL injection Efficient insertion

Reca

Using SQLite3 in labs.

- Not really a database.
 - Behaves like one.
 - SQL.
- Good for small/non-urgent databases.
 - $\blacksquare \le$ gigabytes of data.
- Efficient
 - Don't need to waste resources on a 'real' database.
- Convenient.
 - Don't need to install, configure, managed a 'real' database.
 - Portable, 1 file.
- No network.
 - Single user only.



Pvthon

How to use SQL gueries in Python?

```
import sqlite3 as sql
con = sql.connect('firefly.sqlite')
cur = con.cursor()
cur.execute('''SELECT * FROM staff;''')
for row in cur:
    print(row)
con.close()
lec_select.py
```

```
(0, 'Malcolm', 'Reynolds', 'Captain')
(4, 'Zoe', 'Washburne', 'Co-captain')
(11, 'Hoban', 'Washburne', 'Pilot')
(23, 'Kaywinnet', 'Frye', 'Mechanic')
```





Python

```
Multiple queries.
```

```
import sqlite3 as sql
con = sql.connect('firefly.sqlite')
cur = con.cursor()
cur.execute('SELECT count(*) FROM staff;')
print(cur.fetchone()[0])
cur.execute('SELECT * FROM staff;')
for row in cur:
    pass
con.close()
lec_multi.py
```



SQL SQL

Dynamic querie

Efficient inser

So far looked at static queries.

- Same query is run every time.
- Real power is in dynamic queries.
 - Code creates new queries to ask new questions.



```
import sqlite3 as sql
con = sql.connect('firefly.sqlite')
cur = con.cursor()
question = input('Who is the...')
cur.execute('''SELECT forename, surname FROM staff
               WHERE job = ?;''', (question,))
for row in cur:
    print('%s %s' % row)
```

lec_dynamic.py



Who is the . . . Captain Malcolm Reynolds

```
cur.execute('''SELECT forename, surname FROM staff
               WHERE job = ?;''', (question,))
```

```
cur.execute('''SELECT forename, surname FROM staff
               WHERE job = "%s";''' % question )
```

- User could input anything.
 - Captain"; DROP TABLE staff; --
- Sanitise inputs.
- Always use placeholders.
 - No exceptions.
 - NO EXCEPTIONS!



Python
Dynamic querie
SQL injection
Efficient inserti

Around since at least 1998.

Notable SQL injection attacks.

- 2015 TalkTalk 160,000 customers' details.
- 2014 Hold security found 420,000 vulnerable websites.
- 2012 Yahoo 450,000 logins.
- 2011 MySql mysql.com compromised.
- 2008 Heartland Payment -134,000,000 credit cards.

Many, many more.



OH, DEAR - DID HE BREAK SOMETHING?







DATABASE INPUTS.



https://xkcd.com/327/

```
Database
SQL
SQLite
```

Python

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Reca

lec_single_insert.py

commit() command.

- Have modified database.
- Tell database to save changes.
- revert() command to undo everything done since commit().



Python

Dynamic queries

SQL injection

Efficient inserting

What is you want to insert a lot of records?

- Could run multiple small INSERT statements.
 - Slow.
- Could run one big INSERT statement.
 - Fast.

```
con = sql.connect('firefly.sqlite')
cur = con.cursor()
people = [('Simon', 'Tam', 'Doctor'), ('River', 'Tam', None)]
cur.executemany('''INSERT INTO staff (forename, surname, job)
                   VALUES (?,?,?)''', people)
cur.commit()
con.close()
```



lec_multi_insert.py



Python

Dynamic queries

SQL injection

Efficient inserting

Efficient inser

Quiz https://tophat.com/





Databases SQL SQLite

Python
Dynamic queries
SQL injection
Efficient insertin

Recap

- SQL used to query databases.
- Databases are...
 - fault tolerant.
 - multi user.
 - scalable.
- Always use place holders in dynamic queries.
 - Say no to SQL injection!
- Inserting data
 - Avoid small inserts.
 - Use big inserts.





David Croft

Databases

SQL

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SQL injection

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The End

