122COM: Searching

David Croft

Introduction

Linear search

Rinary coarc

String

Recap

## 122COM: Searching

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## Overview

Introduction

Linear search

String searching

Recap

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Linear search
- 3 Binary search
- 4 String searching
- 5 Recap



Introduction
Linear search
Binary search
String

Searching is used everywhere in computing.

- Obvious applications.
  - Text files.
  - Databases.
  - File systems.
- Hidden applications.
  - Computer games.
  - FOV search for objects in view.



Path finding

- Path finding algorithms in games
  - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=19h1g22hby8
- Brute force approaches that find the best/shortest/fastest solution are too slow (travelling salesman).
- Heuristic aproaches are used instead.
  - Find "good enough" solutions.
  - Not always the best solution.
  - Dijkstra's algorithm.
  - A\* algorithm.



Introduction

Linear search

String

Reca

### Simplest search.

- Also called sequential search.
- Iterate over elements.
- Until found or until end of sequence.
- Potentially slow.
- O(n)
  - Will discuss *O*() notation in a later week.

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# Linear search Binary search

String

Recap

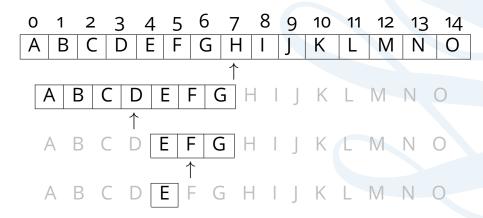
Muuuuuuch faster than linear search.

- Divide & conquer.
- Only works on sorted sequences.
- Algorithm is:
  - 1 Find middle value of sequence.
  - If search value == middle value then success.
  - If search value is < middle value then forget about the top half of the sequence.
  - 4 If search value is > middle value then forget about the bottom half of the sequence.
  - Repeat from step 1 until len(sequence) == 0.



Linear search Binary search

String searching Find E.



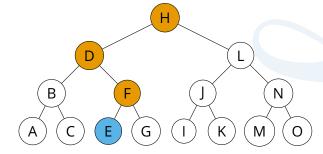


Introduction

Binary search

How many comparisons do we need to do for binary search?

- How many times can we divide our list by 2?
- Ideally depth of tree is  $\log_2(n)$ 
  - n = 14.
  - $\log_2(14) = 3.9 \Rightarrow 3$
- Binary search has a complexity of  $O(\log n)$ .
  - Will cover *O*() complexity in later week.
- Find E.





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String searching Clearly much faster than linear search.

- To search a trillion elements linearly could mean a trillion comparisons.
- 40 with binary search.

#### But...

- Have to sort the list first.
- Sorting lists can be expensive.
- Can't always sort sequences.
- Ordering is important.
- Cant always search for sequences.
  - Text documents.
  - Genetic codes.



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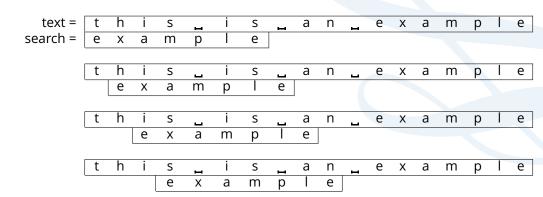
Linear search

Binary search
String

searching

I.e. Text searching.

- Finding one sequence in another sequence.
- Naive search.
  - Like linear search.
  - Is very slow.





etc, etc, etc.

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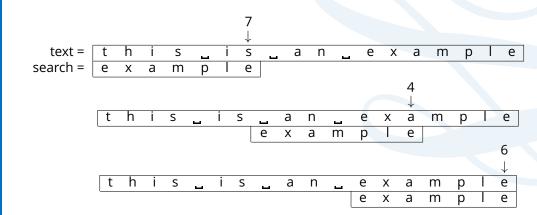
Introduction Linear search

Linear search

String searching Boyer-Moore string searching algorithm.

- **1977.**
- Not going to talk about the whole algorithm here.
  - Gets really complex.
- Right to left comparison.
- Can skip sections of the text.
  - Don't need to test every position.
- How?
- Pre-processes the search string.
  - Bad character rule table.
  - Explained in a minute.







Linear search

String searching

Recai

Creating the bad character table.

- For each character.
- Just count number of places between it and end of search string.



ntroduction Linear search

String searching Doesn't need to sort or modify the sequence being searched.

■ Small amount of pre-processing on the search value.

Worst case.

Linear time.

Average case

Sub-linear.

Not the only string searching algorithm.

- Knuth-Morris-Pratt.
- Finite State Machine (FSM).
- Rabin-Karp.



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Introduction

Linear searcr

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- Searching
  - Applications everywhere.
- Linear search.
  - Simple.
  - Slow.
- Binary search.
  - Ordered sequence.
  - Very fast.
  - Divide & Conquer.
- String searching.
  - Finding subsequence in sequence.
  - Boyers-Moore.
  - Preprocessing.
  - Skipping sections.



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The End

