STT810 ICA4

Tiancheng Liu

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Question 1

a

```
cdf(x = 1) = 0.3 (probability x \le 1) cdf(x = 2) = 0.5 (probability x \le 2) cdf(x = 3) = 0.65 (probability x \le 3) cdf(x = 4) = 1 (probability x \le 4)
```

b

4*4 = 16 total outcome

the possible outcome 4 has combination 1+3, 2+2, 2+2 and 3+1

So it's "0.30.152 + 0.2*0.2" = 0.13

We can also test with R function.

```
lis <- (sample(c(1:4),10000,prob = c(0.3,0.2,0.15,0.35),replace = T) + sample(<math>c(1:4),10000,prob = c(0.3,0.2,0.15,0.35),replace = T))
```

```
sum(lis == 4)/10000
## [1] 0.1325
```

We can see it's similiar.

Question 2

```
a
dbinom(6,12,0.5)
## [1] 0.2255859
```

We can see it's 0.22556.

```
pbinom(3,12,0.5)
## [1] 0.07299805
```

We can see the probability for the coin is heads 3 times or less is 0.073.

```
c
sample(c(0,1),12,replace = T)
## [1] 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 1
```

Question 3

```
a
1-pbinom(1,6,0.2)
## [1] 0.34464
```

The probability is 0.345.

```
b
dbinom(0, 6, 0.2)
## [1] 0.262144
```

The probability of winning 0 times out of 6 is 0.262.

```
c
xx = replicate(10000, sample(c(1:5), 6, replace = T))

tes <- 0
for (i in 1:10000){
   if ((sum(xx[,i]==1) == 0)){
     tes <- tes + 1
   }
}</pre>
```

```
}
tes/10000
## [1] 0.2613
```

We can see that the results are simular.