Prosper EDA & Sample Model Fit:



Overview of Data

Time Series Completed Loans: 1/2006 – 3/2014 Mean Estimated Return:

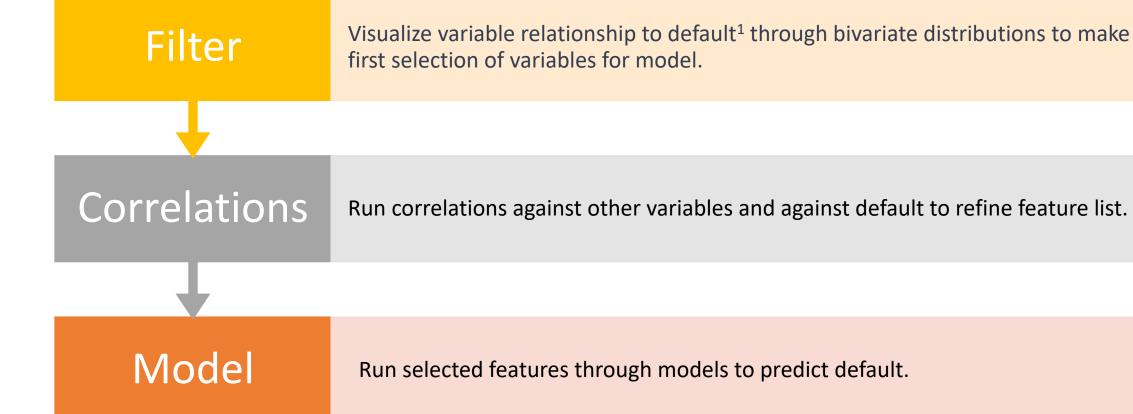
9.2%

Default/Delinquency Rate:

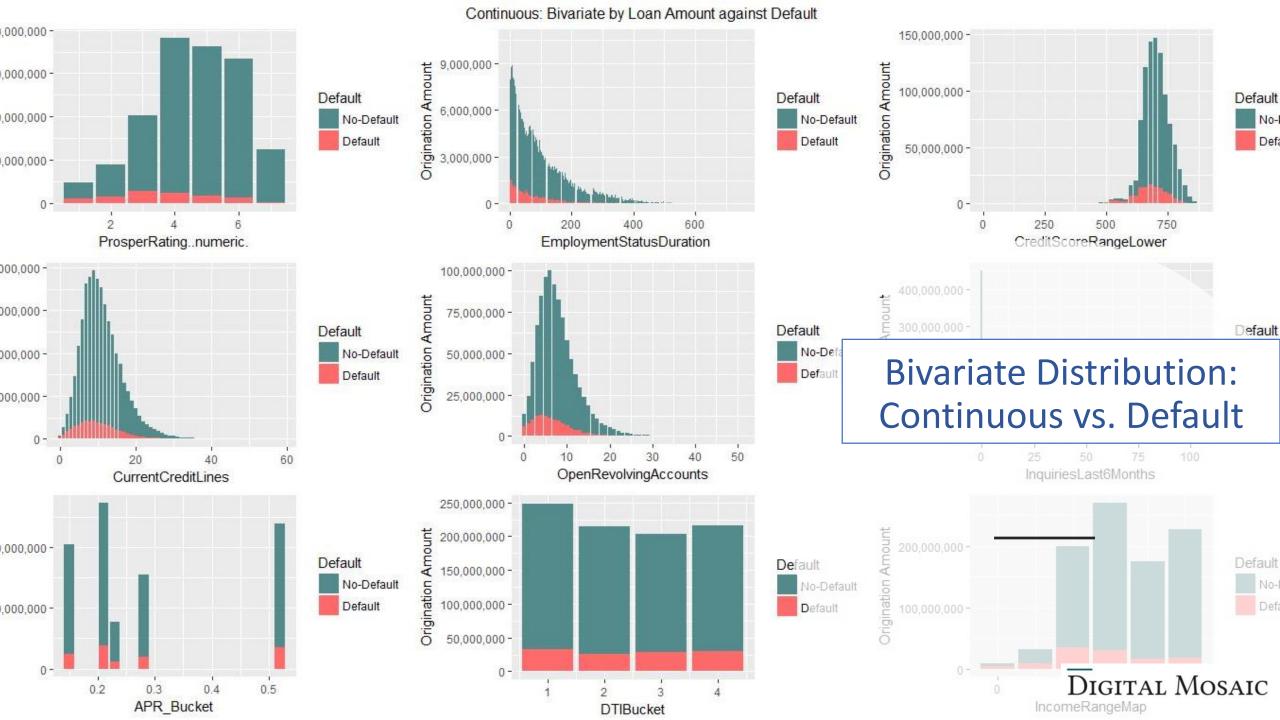
16.93%

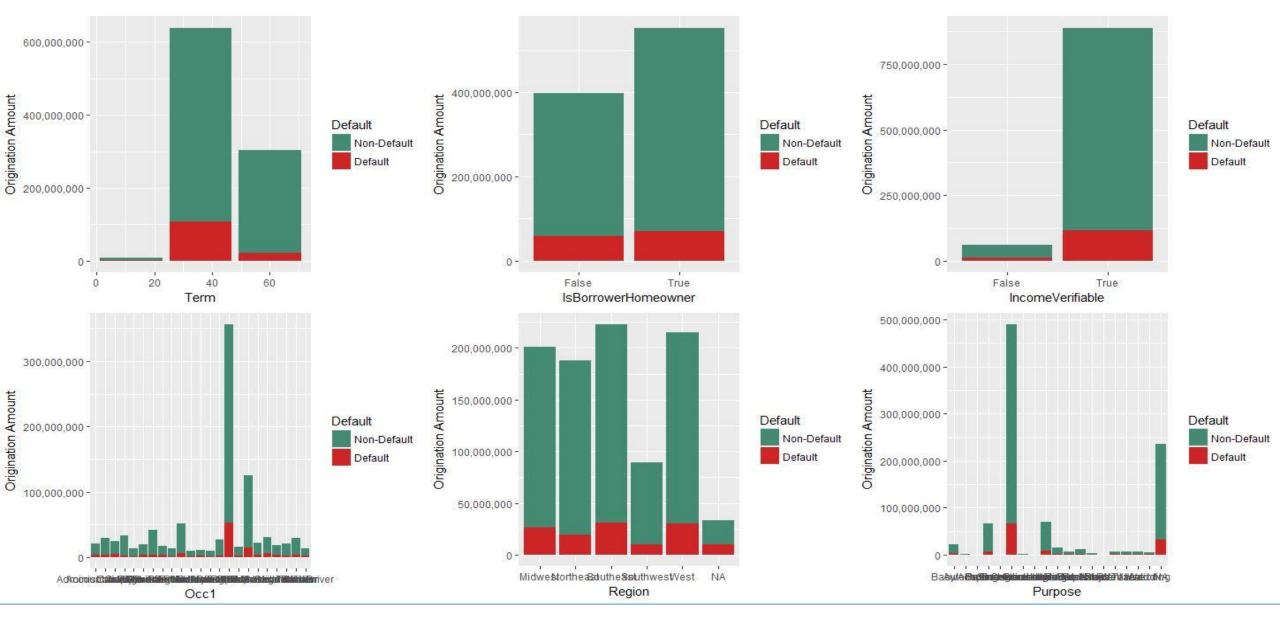
Sample Size:

~114,000 Loans



Exploration and Model Fit Overview





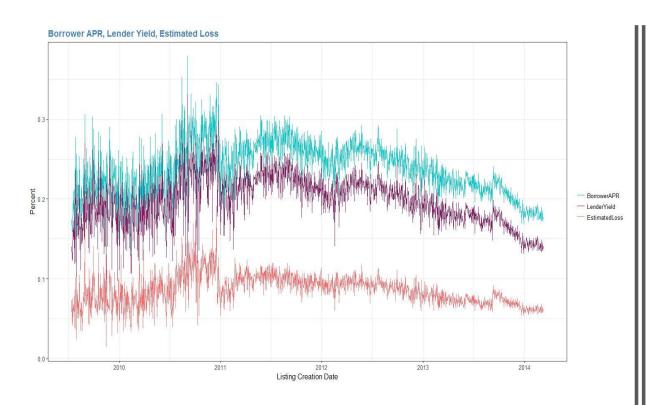
Categorical Distribution vs. Default

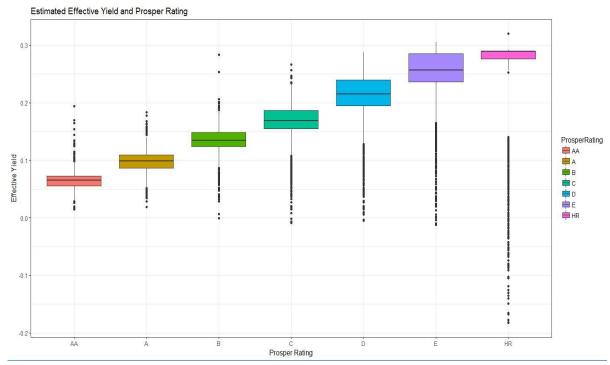
Examining the distributions

577.5	alue mean_de		mean				
2		84634 87778	T-515 755				
3		23854 24545	8.1%				
1		19703 1614	6.3%				
[1]	"Employment						
		mean_defau	lt count	mean			
	ot available	0.424537	12 5347	42.5%			
1		0.361862	53 2255	36.2%			
8	Retired	0.3069183	24 795	30.7%			
	Not employed	0.2910179	96 835	29.1%			
3	Full-time	0.2899639	95 26355	29.0%			
7	Part-time	0.248161	76 1088	24.8%			
9 56	elf-employed	0.206390	61 6134	20.6%			
6	Other	0.1248029	94 3806	12.5%			
2	Employed	0.090030	01 67322	9.0%			
[1]	"IsBorrower	Homeowner"					
Vā	alue mean_de	fault count	mean				
1 Fa	alse 0.18	71624 56459	18.72%				
2 7	True 0.15	17102 57478	15.17%				
[1]	"IncomeVeri	fiable"					
Vā	alue mean_de	fault coun	t mean				
1 Fa	alse 0.20	12920 8669	9 20.13%				
2 1		66413 10526	8 16.66%				
	"0cc1"						
-			val	ie mea	n default	count	mean
6			Cleric		0.2477876	3164	24.8%
1					0.2318841	3588	23.2%
19		Sales - 0	Commissi		0.2231573	The Report of	22.3%
12		Laborer			0.2169279	1595	21.7%
20		Sale	s - Reta		0.2091527	2797	20.9%
3	a .d	inistrative			0.2060738		20.6%

Continuous	Categorical
Borrower APR	Employment Status
Credit Range Score : Lower	Income Verified
Current Credit Lines	isHomeowner
Debt to Income	Occupation
Delinquencies - 7 years	Purpose
Delinquencies - Current	Region
Employment Duration	Term
Income	
Inquiries Last 6 Months	
Investment from Friends	
Number of Investors	
Open Revolving Accounts	
Percent Funded	
Prosper Rating	
Public Inquiries	

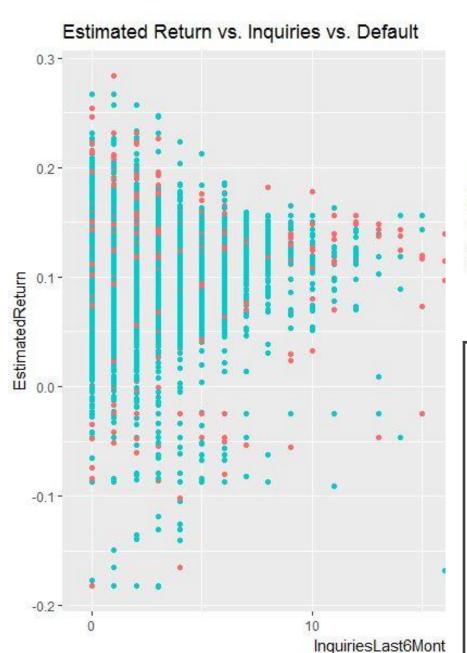
- Create table of defaults
- Select preliminary set of features
 - Split into Continuous and Categorical (Nominal) variables
 - Select based on table & bivariate distributions

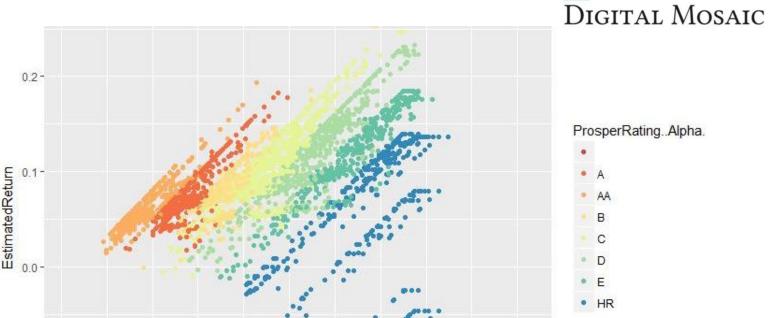




Yield Analysis I:

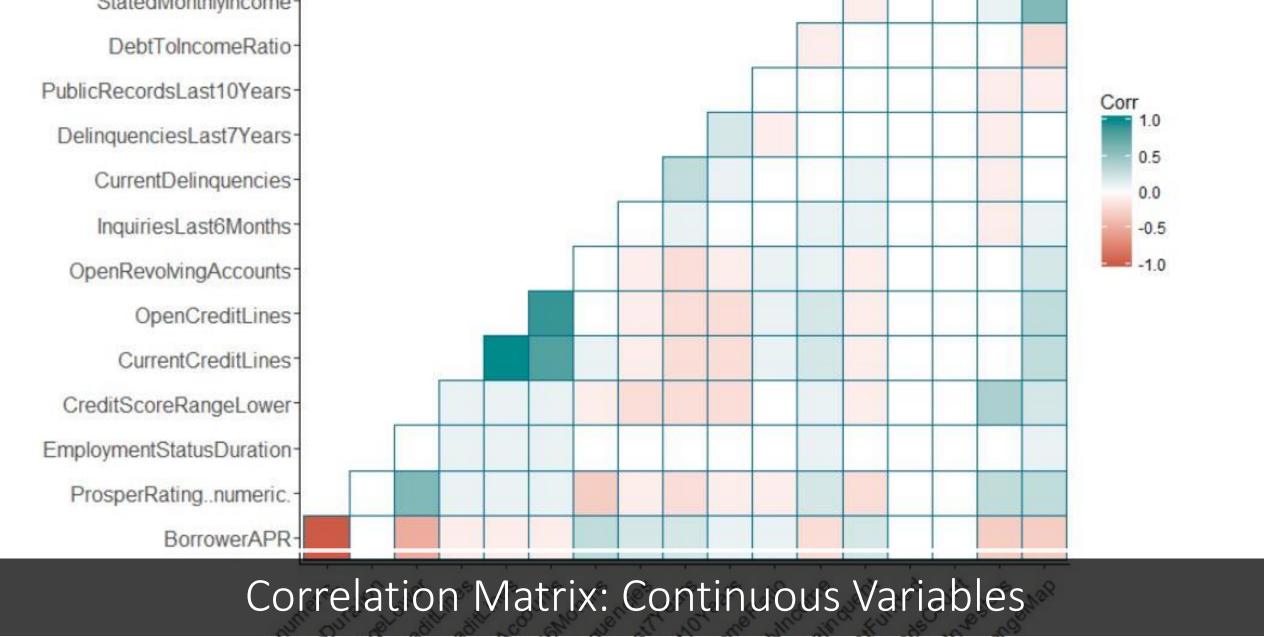
- Stabilizing returns post-2011
- Higher returns with lower rating, but much higher volatility





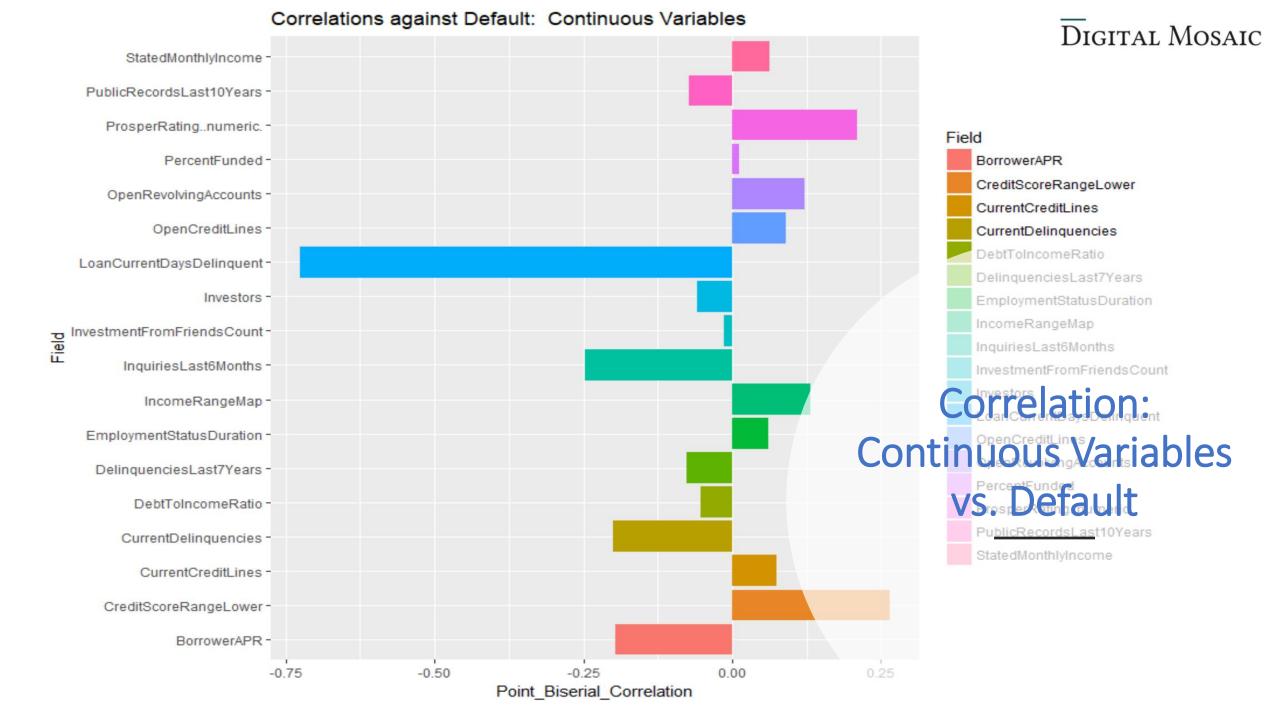
Yield Analysis II: Multivariate Examples

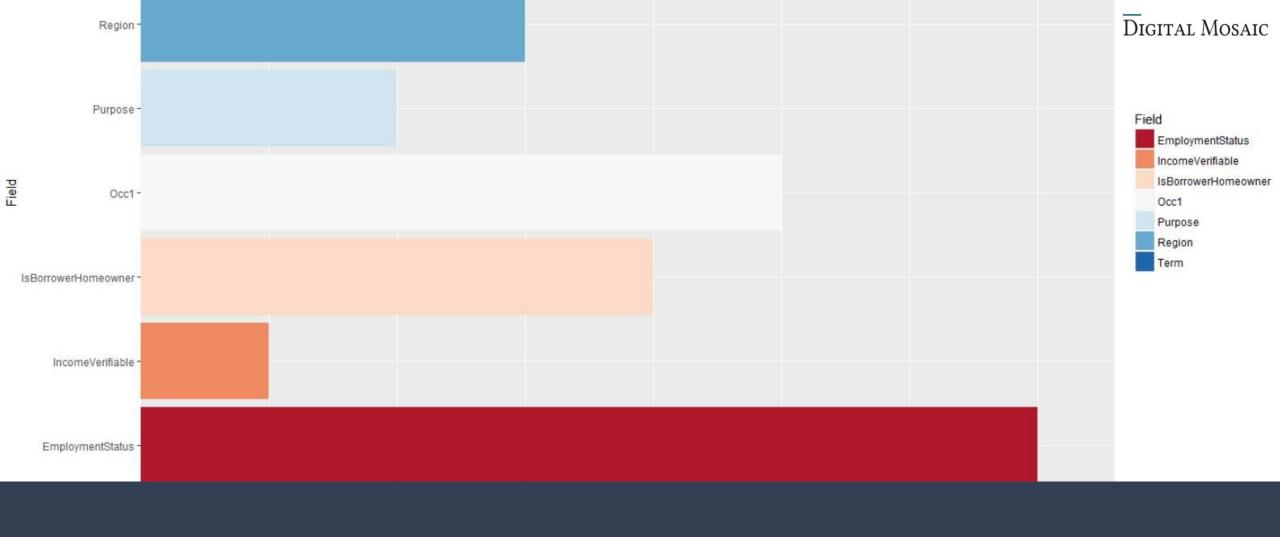
- Defaults increase with inquiries, but often still produce high returns.
- Highest loss-adjusted returns for B-E rated notes.



- Self-Sting. Status of Current Open Continue at ast Delin destated ast of the one of Percent in Income

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Correlation: Categorical Variables vs. Default



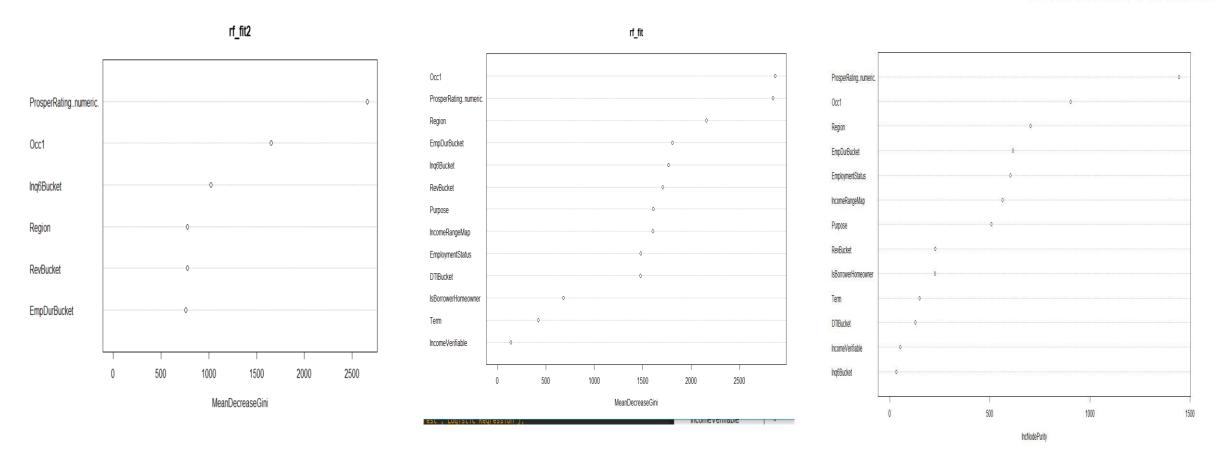
Correlation: Refining the Feature Set

Default Correlation

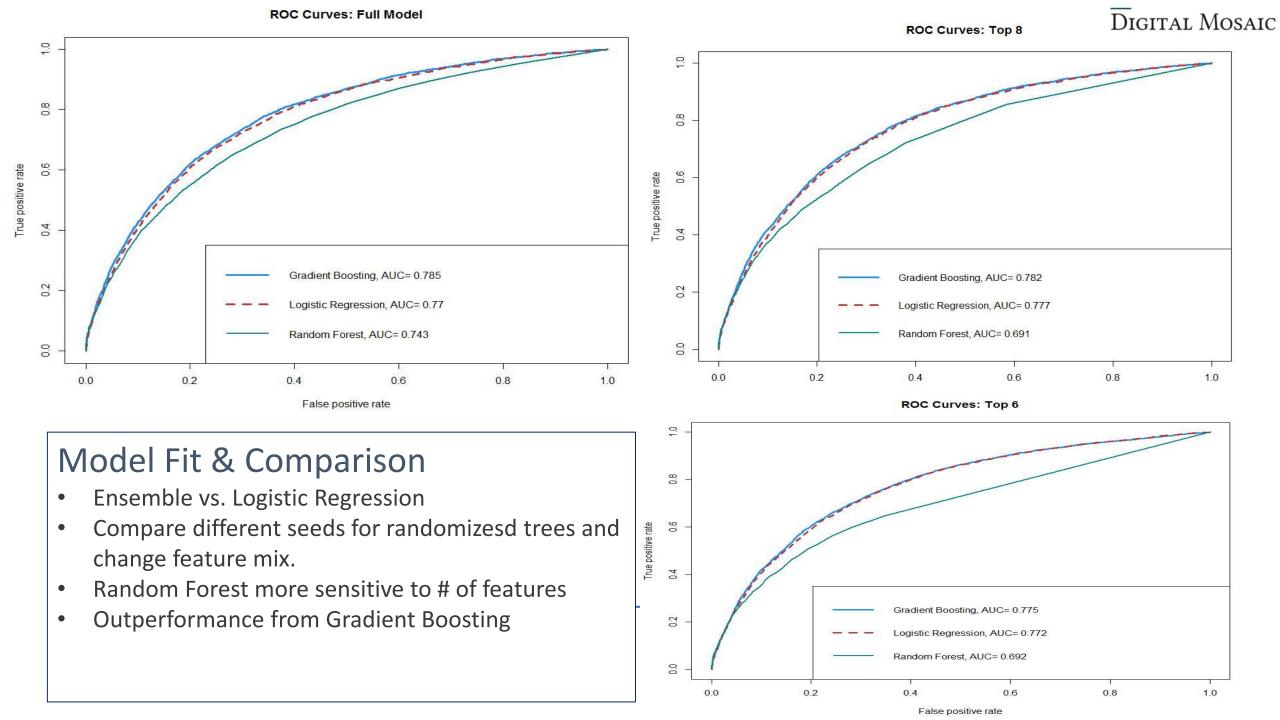
- Measures
 - Continuous Variables: Point Biserial
 - Categorical: Cramer's V (Chi-Square)
- Refine feature set by removing
 - Low correlation
 - Unclear relation to returns

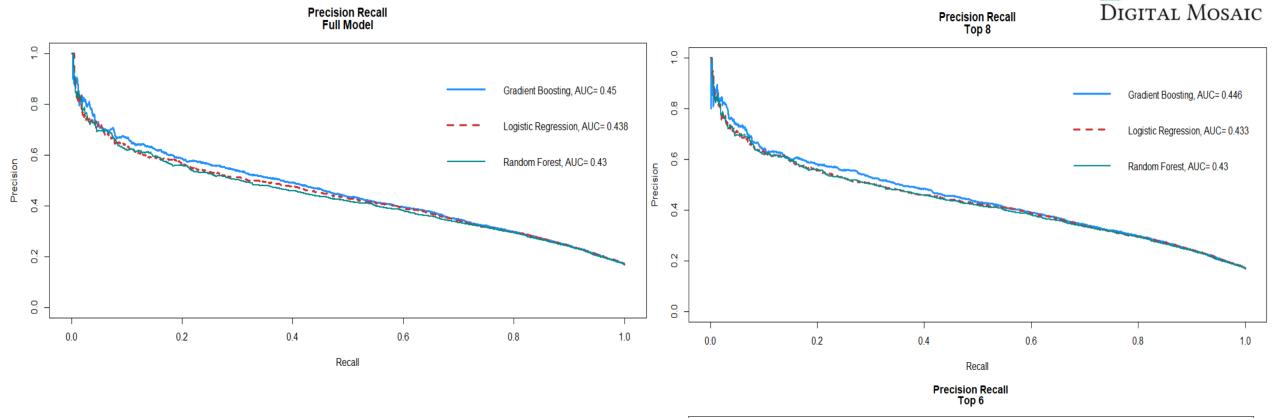
Correlation Matrix

- Examine correlation between variables
- Remove features that are redundant.
 - Credit Lines (high correlation with Revolving Accounts)
 - Credit Range Lower / APR (Prosper Rating)



Variable Importance: Different seed & Feature Sets





Adjusting for Default Frequency

- Defaults are low frequency events.
- We use Precision-recall to isolate only default outcome and predictions.
- Gradient Boosting still outperforms Random Forest and Logistic Regression, but the difference is smaller.

