USE CASE:

1. Handle Sale:

Use Case Name: handle Sales

Actors: Cashier, Customer

Preconditions:

• The cashier is logged into the POS system and the customer arrives at the counter.

Main Flow:

- 1. The cashier initiates a new sale transaction in the POS system.
- 2.The cashier scans the barcode of each good presented by the customer.
- **3.**The POS retrieves the product name and price from the product catalog.
- 4.The system displays the item details and updates the total sale amount.
- 5.The cashier continues scanning items until all goods are processed.
- 6.The customer selects a payment method (cash, credit card, check).
- 7. The cashier processes the payment.

- 8. The system confirms payment success or failure.
- 9.Upon successful payment, the system generates and prints a receipt for the customer.
- 10. The system updates the inventory to reflect the items sold.

Postconditions:

- A sale transaction is completed, and a receipt is printed.
- Inventory is updated to reflect the sale.
- If the transaction fails cashier can again chose a different method for payment.

Alternative Flows:

8a . If the transaction fails cashier can again chose a different method for payment.

2. Handle Returns

Use Case Name: Handle Return

Actors: Cashier, Customer

Preconditions:

• The cashier is logged into the POS system.

 The customer is present with the item and receipt for the items being returned .

Main Flow:

- 1. The cashier initiates a return transaction in the POS system.
- 2. The cashier requests the customer to present the receipt for the returned items.
- 3. The cashier scans the barcode of each item being returned.
- 4. The POS verifies the item against the receipt.
- 5. The system displays the item details and refund amount.
- 6.The system processes the refund.
- 7.Upon successful refund, the system updates the inventory to reflect the returned items.
- 8. The system generates and prints a return receipt for the customer.

Postconditions:

- The return transaction is completed, and the customer is issued a refund or store credit.
- Inventory is updated to reflect the returned items.

Entity objects:

- 1.Cashier
- 2.invoice
- 3. Catalog System
- 4.Inventory System
- 5.Item
- 6.Gift coupons

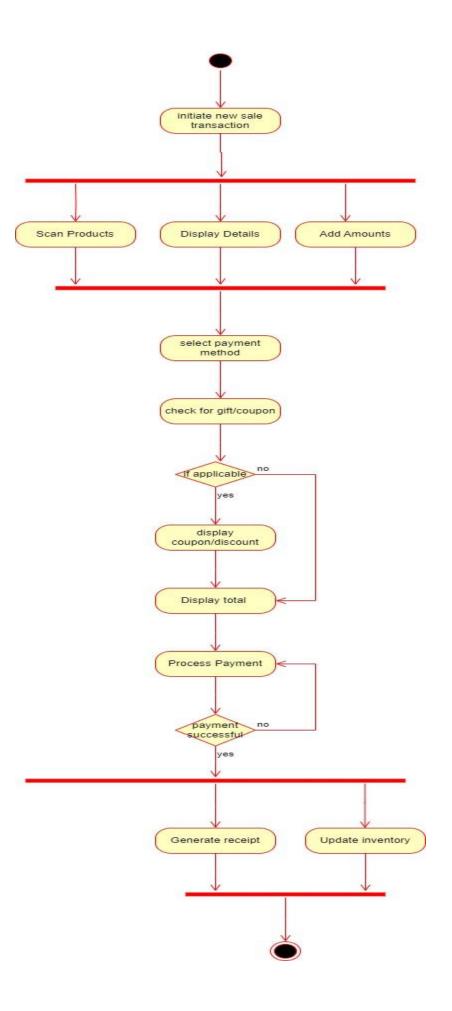
Boundary Objects:

- 1.POS interface
- 2.Barcode scanner
- 3.printer
- 4.computer

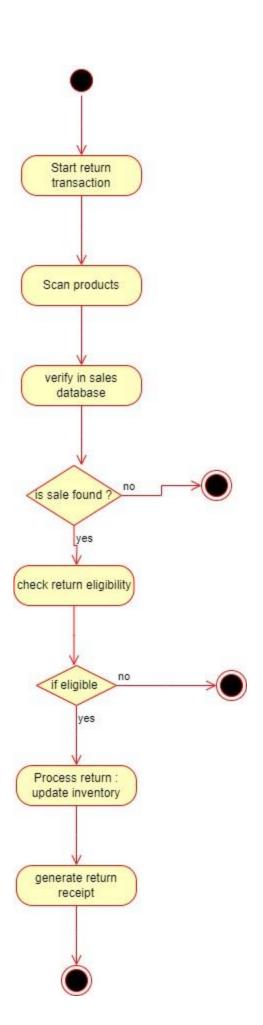
Controller Objects:

- 1.Transaction System
- 2.User managements System
- 3. Security management System

1.Pro	cess	Sal	le:
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2. Handle returns:	2.	Handle	returns:
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Task 4: Class Diagram POSSystem systemId: String - storeName: String +startSale() :: Sale +processReturn()::Return +manageUsers() +manageSecurity() processes interacts with Return Employee Catalog returnId: String - employeeld: String catalogid: String date: Date - name: String originalSale: Sale +getItemDetails() +login()::Login +processReturn() Sale Login Cashier Administrator saleId: String loginId: String date: Date +processSale() -manageSystem() timestamp: Date total: double +authenticate(employee: Employee) : Boolean applies Item Receipt Coupon itemId: String paymentId: String receiptId: String couponld: String amount: double - saleDetails: String discount: double quantity: int +processPayment()::Boolean +printReceipt() +applyCoupon()::double -updates stock Inventory stockLevel: int +updateStock()

Task 5: Sequence Diagram:

