

Data Structures and Algorithms Lab

Lab 11

Marks 10

Instructions

Work in this lab individually. You can use your books, notes, handouts etc. but you are not allowed to borrow anything from your peer student.

Marking Criteria

Show your work to the instructor before leaving the lab to get some or full credit.

What you must do

Implement a class for **Binary Search Trees (BST)**. Each node of this tree will store the **id**, **name**, and **fee** of a student existing in a text file named **input.txt**. The data in the **input file** is formatted as follows: each new line contains the **student's id**, followed by a blank space, the **student's name**, another blank space, and finally, the **student's fee**.

The class definitions will look like:

```
class Student
{
    friend class StudentBST;

private:
    int id;           /**student identifier (unique).*/
    string name;      /**student name.*/
    float fee;        /**student fee.*/
    Student* left;    /**left subtree of a node.*/
    Student* right;   /**right subtree of a node.*/
};

class StudentBST
{
private:
    Student* root;    /**root of the tree.*/
public:
    StudentBST();      /**constructor.*/
    ~StudentBST();     /**destructor.*/
};
```

You are required to implement the following member functions of the **StudentBST** class:

bool insert (int id, string name, float fee);

The **three arguments** of this function are **id**, **name**, and **fee** represent a **particular student**. This function will check whether a **student** with the same **id** already **exists** in the tree. If it does not exist, then this function will insert it into the **BST** at its appropriate location and return **true**. If a **student** with the same **id** already exists, the function will not insert a new record, and it will return **false**.

void search (int id);

This function will search the **BST** for a **student** with the given **id**. If such a **student** is found, then this function should display the **details (id, name, and fee)** of this **student**. If such a **student** is not found, then this function should **display an appropriate message**.

void inOrder ();

This function will perform an **in-order** traversal of the **BST** and display the **details (id, name, and fee)** of each student. It will be a **public** member function of the **StudentBST** class. This function will call the following helper function to achieve its objective.

void inOrder (Student* stree);

This will be a **recursive** function which will perform the **in-order** traversal on the sub-tree which is being pointed by **stree**. It will be a **private** member function of the **StudentBST** class.

void preOrder ();

This function will perform a **pre-order** traversal of the **BST** and display the **details (id, name, and fee)** of each student. It will be a **public** member function of the **StudentBST** class. This function will call the following helper function to achieve its objective.

```
void preOrder (Student* stree);
```

This will be a **recursive** function which will perform the **pre-order** traversal on the sub-tree which is being pointed by **stree**. It will be a **private** member function of the **StudentBST** class.

```
void postOrder ();
```

This function will perform a **post-order** traversal of the **BST** and display the **details (id, name, and fee)** of each student. It will be a **public** member function of the **StudentBST** class. This function will call the following helper function to achieve its objective.

```
void postOrder (Student* stree);
```

This will be a **recursive** function which will perform the **post-order** traversal on the sub-tree which is being pointed by **stree**. It will be a **private** member function of the **StudentBST** class.

```
void destroy (Student* stree);
```

This will be a **recursive** function which will destroy (**deallocate**) the nodes of the sub-tree pointed by **stree**. This function will destroy the nodes in a **post-order** way i.e., the left and right sub-trees of a node are destroyed before de-allocating the node itself. This function will be a **private** member function of the **StudentBST** class.

```
void delete (int id);
```

Removes a particular **Student** from the tree based on the **id** if exist. Show an appropriate message in either case. The function should handle all the boundary cases carefully.

Implement the **main** function and test the functionality of your created classes by taking data from the **input** file.

😊😊😊 **BEST OF LUCK** 😊😊😊
