NBA Player Type Clustering by Position Reflecting the Modern Basketball Trend

Namtaek Kwon

Finite Mixture Models

SungKyunKwan University

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OUTLINE

- ► Introduction
- ► Data
- ► Analysis
- ► Future Works

INTRODUCTION OF FINAL PROJECT

Traditional basketball has as few as three or as many as five positions.

- Guard (1.Point Guard, 2.Shooting Guard)
- Forward (3.Small Forward, 4.Power Forward)
- Center (5.Center)

Positional restrictions are gradually fading in modern basketball, and an increasing number of players are filling multiple roles.

- Dual Guard (1+2), Swing Man (2+3), Stretch Forward (3+4), etc...

We try to subdivide player types for each position using clustering methods, rather than simply limiting to existing roles.

MODERN BASKETBALL TRENDS

► Small lineup

- The Twin Towers strategy is unpopular.
- They play fast basketball with an undersized big man in the center position.

► A versatile player

- A three-point shot has become a skill that not only guards but also forwards and centers should possess.
- The center is responsible for not only scoring at the rim, but also for overall game coordination, assists, and jump shots.

To reflect the above trend, clustering of player types for each position is conducted.

SMALL LINEUP

Introduction



(a) S.O'Neal - 216cm



(b) Bam Adebayo - 206cm



(c) D.Green - 198cm

Figure: Centers become small

VERSATILE PLAYERS

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(a) Stephen Curry main ball handler & the best 3 point shooter



(b) Nikola Jokic center with high BQ & back-to-back season MVP



DATA

2021-2022 season NBA player stats

- ► Basketball-Reference.com
 - Player stats for totals, per game, also advanced indices (ex. VORP).
 - There are so many indices, we should select the variables or reduce the dimensions.



VARIABLES

table

Table: Description of Variables used in this Study

Variables	Descriptions
POS	Position
Age	AGE
Tm	Team
Tm	Team
G	Games
MP	Minutes Playes
FG,FGA,FG%	Field Goals, Attempts, Percentages
3P,3PA,3P%	3-Points Field Goals, Attempts, Percentages
2P,2PA,2P%	2-Points Field Goals, Attempts, Percentages
eFG%	Effective Field Goal Percentage - This statistic ad-
	justs for the fact that a 3-point field goal is worth
	one more point than a 2-point field goal.

VARIABLES

table

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Variables	Descriptions
FT,FTA,FT%	Free Throw Goals, Attempts, Percentages
ORB, DRB, TRB	Offensive, Deffensive, Total Rebounds
AST, STL, BLK	Assists, Steals, Blocks
TOV, PF	Turnovers, Personal Fouls
PER	Player Efficiency Rating - A measure of per-
	minute production standardized such that the
	league average is 15.
TS%	True Shooting Percentage - A measure of shoot-
	ing efficiency that takes into account 2-point
	field goals, 3-point field goals, and free throws.
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VARIABLES

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Variables	Descriptions
WS	Win Shares - An estimate of the number of wins con-
	tributed by a player.
BPM	Box Plus/Minus - A box score estimate of the points
	per 100 possessions a player contributed above a
	league-average player, translated to an average team.
VORP	Value over Replacement Player - A box score estimate
	of the points per 100 TEAM possessions that a player
	contributed above a replacement-level (-2.0) player,
	translated to an average team and prorated to an 82-
	game season.

ANALYSIS

Implementing various model-based commonly used clustering methods.

- \blacktriangleright For each position groups (G/F/C)
- ► GMM with various covariance structure
- ► K-means, K-medoids and hierarchical clustering methods.
- comparing with clusetering evaluation metrics such as dunn index, silhouette coefficient.

EXPECTED RESULTS

For Center,

▶ 1) Typical Center, 2) Undersized Big Man Style, 3) Control Tower

For Forward,

▶ 1) Two-way Player, 2) Stretch Big Man, 3) Rim Attacker, 4) Superstar, 5) Swing Man

For Guard,

▶ 1) Main Ball Handler, 2) Catch-and-Shooter, 3) Role-Player

DIFFICULTIES

- 1. Some players have few playing time
 - Criteria for dropping obs.
- 2. Many Variables
 - How to select variabels or reduce dimension?