

# STAT 403 Spring 2018

## HW01

Nan Tang  
1662478

April 6, 2019

### 1 Q1

#### 1.1 Q1-1

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Bias}(\bar{X}) &= \mathbb{E}(\bar{X}) - \beta \\ &= \mathbb{E}\left(\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i\right) - \beta \\ &= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \mathbb{E}(X_i) - \beta \\ &= \mathbb{E}(X_i) - \beta \end{aligned}$$

Note that  $X$  follows an exponential distribution, the expected value for any sample from  $X$ ,  $X_i$  is equal to  $\beta$ .

$$\text{Bias}(\bar{X}) = \beta - \beta = 0$$

The sample average  $\bar{X}$  is an unbiased estimator.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Var}(\bar{X}) &= \text{Var}\left(\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i\right) \\ &= \frac{1}{n^2} \sum_{i=1}^n \text{Var}(X_i) \end{aligned}$$

The variance of  $X_i$  from exponential distribution is equal to  $\beta^2$ .

$$\begin{aligned} Var(\bar{X}) &= \frac{1}{n^2} \sum_{i=1}^n \beta^2 \\ &= \frac{\beta}{n} \end{aligned}$$

**1.2    Q1-2**

**2     Q2**

**3     Q3**