



# AN OVERVIEW OF THE MAJOR CODING LANGUAGES

HAWLEY HELMBRECHT



001

MVP GROUP MEETINGS | NANCE LAB - UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON





# LET'S EXPLORE!

## Today's Agenda

- Explore a brief history of coding languages
- Discover the wide breadth of languages that exist
- Classify languages based on their main practical uses
- Visualize the languages in relationship to our work and projects





# DATA SCIENCE MODULE INTRO

## Expectations and Outcomes

Objectives are (1) to become familiar with the basic history of coding languages (2) learn the main purposes of some major coding languages (3) visualize the the relationship between a variety of coding languages and our work

Outcomes are (1) a visual history of coding languages, (2) a visualization of coding languages and relation to our work, and (3) ability to vocalize purpose and application of main coding languages





# CODING LANGUAGES

A Brief History



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# THE BEGINNING OF LANGUAGE



## ADA LOVELACE - THE FIRST LANGUAGE

1843: Ada Lovelace wrote an applied algorithm for the Analytical Engine - the first mechanical computer

## EMERSION OF THE FIRST LANGUAGES

- Beginning: Hand tuned assembly languages
- FORTRAN: Developed by IBM as the first high-level general programming language
- Development of nested blocks
- Development of complex SYNTAX

## EVOLUTION OF CODING FRAMEWORKS

- 1960s: first object-oriented programming languages
- 1970s: first logical based programming language
- 1970s: first statically typed function based programming

Debates about the best coding language frameworks begins to emerge





# THE EVOLUTION OF COMPUTER LANGUAGES



## POPULARITY OF THE INTERNET (1990S)

- Java grows in popularity due to its ability to be integrated with a web browser
- Functional languages become popular to maximize productivity of programmers
- Emergence of scripting languages (Python)

## THE MODERN MUSES

- Python, Java, and C still hold as popular languages today!
- Current Trends:
  - Open Source Languages
  - High parallelization
  - Visual Programming Languages
  - Quantum Computing!

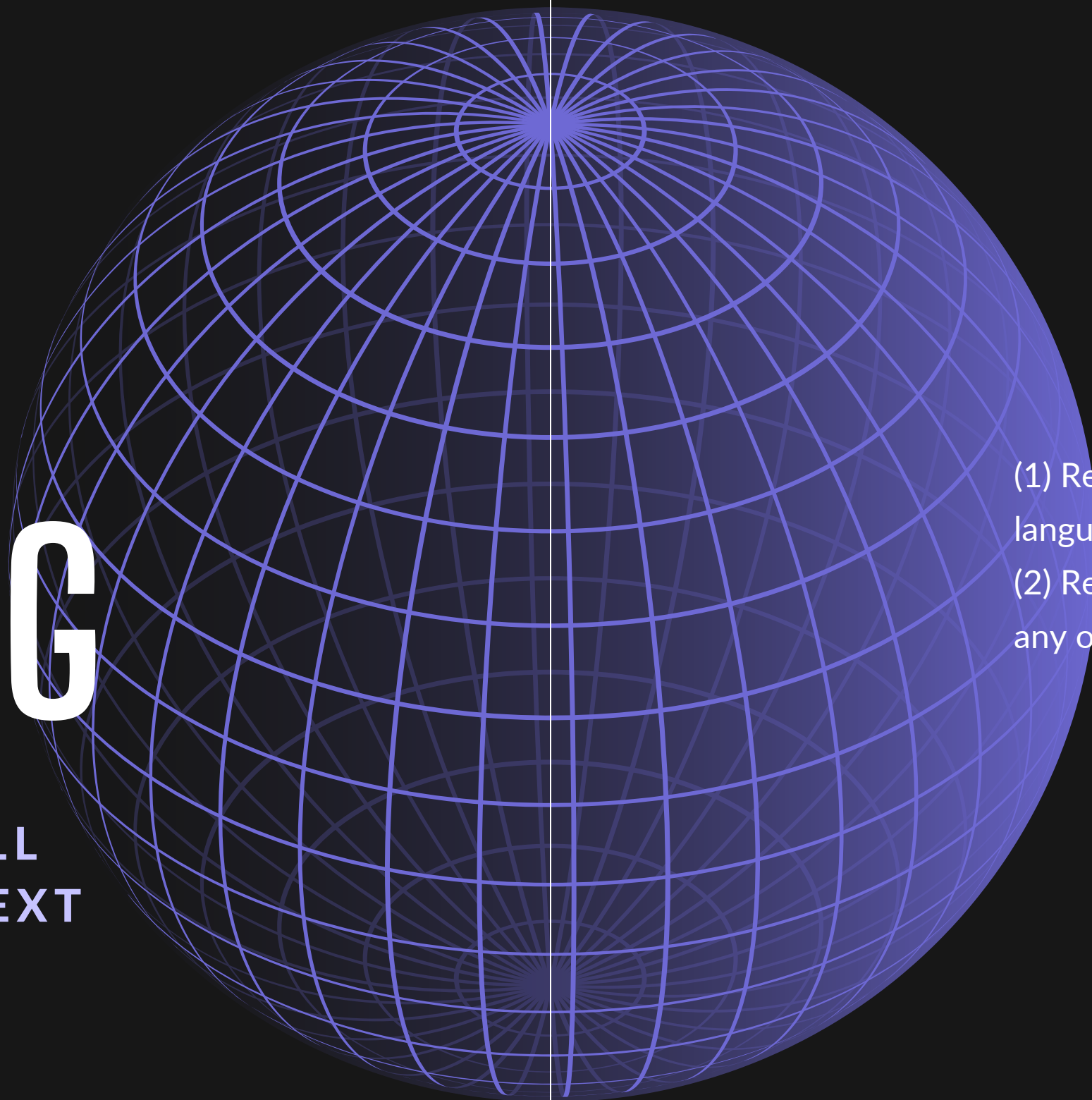
## DATA SCIENCE IN BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES

In order to account for large amounts of data and stay current with technology and the pace of the computer science world, biological science has embraced the role and job of the data scientist!!

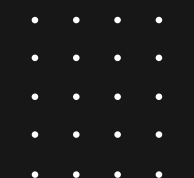


# RECALL WARNING

THERE WILL BE A RECALL  
ACTIVITY AFTER THE NEXT  
FEW SLIDES



- (1) Recall at least three of the languages
- (2) Recall a three facts about any of the languages



# LOOK AT THE LANGUAGES

JAVA	JAVASCRIPT	PHP
Date Developed: 1995	Date Developed: 1995	Date Developed: 1995
Popularity: 17.67% (2)	Popularity: 8.02% (3)	Popularity: 6.02% (5)
Main Purposes:	Main Purposes:	Main Purposes:
- General-purpose Language	-Object-oriented Language	- Server Side Scripting Language
- Browser-based apps	- Creates interactive web page elements	- Develops websites
Fun Fact: The original name was Oak	Fun Fact: Not explicitly related to Java	Fun Fact: Mascot is a "big blue elephant"

\*Popularity based on tutorial searches on Google from: <http://pypl.github.io/PYPL.html>



# LOOK AT THE LANGUAGES

RUBY	R	HTML
Date Developed: 1995	Date Developed: 1993	Date Developed: 1989
Popularity: 1.23% (15)	Popularity: 3.86% (7)	Popularity: -
Main Use(s):	Main Use(s):	Main Use(s):
- General-purpose scripting language	- Multi-paradigm language	- Markdown Language
- Building web applications	- Statistical Computing Design	- Design Webpages
Fun Fact: Name Ruby since it is "more powerful than perl	Fun Fact: Named since it is an implementation of the language "S"	Fun Fact: Hawley's first language

\*Popularity based on tutorial searches on Google from: <http://pypl.github.io/PYPL.html>

# LOOK AT THE LANGUAGES

## C

Date Developed: 1972

Popularity: 5.69% (6)

Main Use(s):

- Low level assembly code

Fun Fact: Oldest of the C languages

## C#

Date Developed: 2001

Popularity: 6.87% (4)

Main Use(s):

- Windows operating system

Fun Fact: The # is meant to be a sharp from music.

## C++

Date Developed: 1980

Popularity: 5.69% (6)

Main Use(s):

- C implementation across platforms: linux, windows, macOS

Fun Fact: Originally nicknamed the "new" C

## OBJECTIVE-C

Date Developed: 1986

Popularity: 2.5% (8)

Main Use(s):

- macOS and iOS development

Fun Fact: Named as its a superset of C.

\*Popularity based on tutorial searches on Google from: <http://pypl.github.io/PYPL.html>

# LOOK AT THE LANGUAGES

MATLAB	SQL	PYTHON
Date Developed: 1984	Date Developed: 1978	Date Developed: 1990
Popularity: 1.72% (11)	Popularity: -	Popularity: 31.6% (1)
Main Use(s): Commonly used in industry and science applications.	Main Use(s): - Database management	Main Use(s): Pretty much anything
Fun Fact: The default image is a steganographic image - it hides other pictures beneath the first.	Fun Fact: - > 50 years old and originally designed by IBM	Fun Fact: Named after Monty Python's Flying Circus

\*Popularity based on tutorial searches on Google from: <http://pypl.github.io/PYPL.html>



IS DATA SCIENCE A FAD?

ARE EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS  
PROPERLY TRAINING STUDENTS TO KEEP  
UP WITH THE DATA SCIENCE WAVE?

IS DATA SCIENCE IN THE BIOLOGICAL  
SCIENCES AT THE SAME LEVEL AS  
COMPUTER SCIENCE IN APPLICATIONS?

012

# FOOD FOR THOUGHT







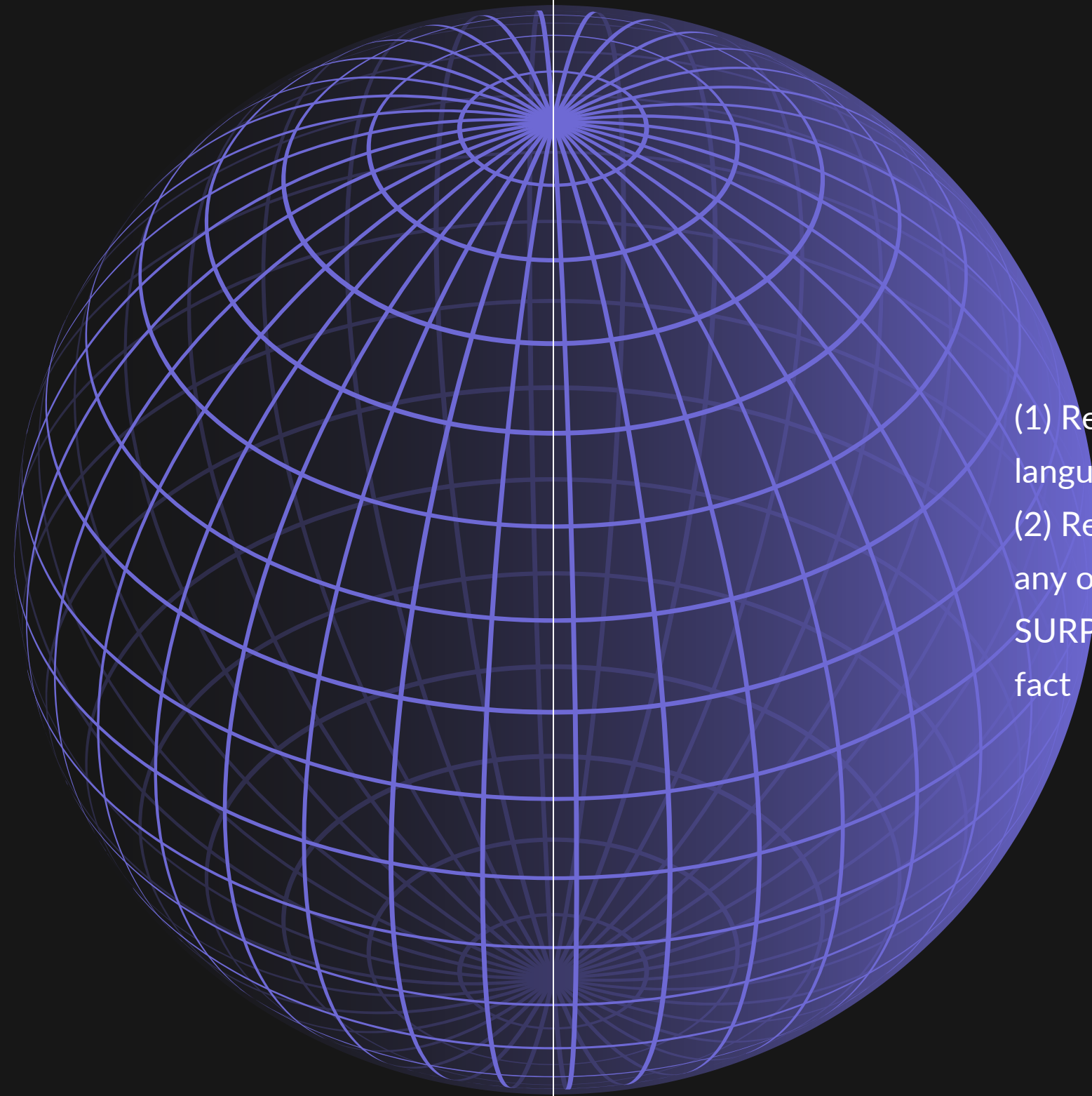
# IS EVERYTHING CLEAR?

Ask any of your questions or throw them in chat!





# RECALL



- (1) Recall at least three of the languages
  - (2) Recall a three facts about any of the languages
- SURPRISE: Your favorite fun fact





# RECALL SET 1

Everyone Share at Least Three Languages

1

Which languages are the most comon in recall?

2

What about those languages helped you recall them?

3

Which language are you most interested in learning more about?



# RECALL SET 2

Three facts about any of the languages

1

Which languages are the most common facts from the group from?

2

What about these facts made them stand out to you?

3

What is your favorite fun fact?





# WATCH THIS VIDEO: DATA SCIENCE AND INFLUENZA

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gfdzwlnVDvI>.



# DATA SCIENCE IN THE BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES

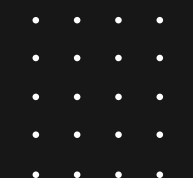
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NEW QUANTIFICATION  
METHODS

WET LAB & MODELING  
INTEGRATION

HIGH THROUGHPUT  
CAPABILITIES

NEW COLLABORATIONS





# ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/History\\_of\\_programming\\_languages](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/History_of_programming_languages)

<https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/the-complete-history-of-java-programming-language/>







# RECAP OF TODAY'S MODULE

020

HISTORY OF THE LANGUAGES

LANGUAGES: THEIR PLACES AND  
PURPOSES

AN OVERVIEW OF MAJOR  
LANGUAGES

BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES  
INTEGRATED WITH DATA SCIENCE







# THANK YOU FOR BEING A LOVELY TEAM.

Next Week's Modules: So you are a data scientist now? &  
Intro to Python

Next Week's Activities: Defining a Data Scientist &  
Downloading Python and Opening Jupyter Notebook

