

Sri Sivasubramaniya Nadar College of Engineering, Chennai
(An autonomous Institution affiliated to Anna University)

Degree & Branch	B.E. Computer Science & Engineering	Semester	VI
Subject Code & Name	UCS2612 & Machine Learning Laboratory		
Academic year	2025-2026 (Even)	Batch:2023-2027	Due date: 27-01-2026

Experiment 1 : Working with python packages-Numpy, Scipy, Scikit-learn, Matplotlib

Aim: To study and explore the python library such as Pandas, Numpy, matplotlib, Scikit-learn, and Scipy to understand the data science and machine learning and understand how the different datasets are analyzed, and mapped to different machine learning models using exploratory data analysis technique.

Libraries used:

- **NumPy:** Used for numerical computations and efficient handling of multi-dimensional arrays.
- **Pandas:** Used for data manipulation, cleaning, and analysis using DataFrames.
- **Matplotlib:** Used for creating visualizations such as line graphs, bar charts, and histograms.
- **Seaborn:** Used for advanced statistical data visualization with attractive and informative plots.
- **Scikit-learn:** Used for implementing machine learning algorithms, model training, evaluation, preprocessing, and feature selection.
- **SciPy:** Used for scientific and technical computing, including optimization, and statistical functions.

0.0.1 Loan Amount Prediction

```
[1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

df = pd.read_csv("dataset/loan_train.csv")
df
```

```
[1]:
```

	Customer ID	Name	Gender	Age	Income (USD)	\
0	C-36995	Frederica Shealy	F	56	1933.05	
1	C-33999	America Calderone	M	32	4952.91	
2	C-3770	Rosetta Verne	F	65	988.19	
3	C-26480	Zoe Chitty	F	65	NaN	
4	C-23459	Afton Venema	F	31	2614.77	
...	
29995	C-43723	Angelyn Clevenger	M	38	4969.41	
29996	C-32511	Silas Slaugh	M	20	1606.88	

29997	C-5192	Carmelo Lone	F	49	NaN
29998	C-12172	Carolann Osby	M	38	2417.71
29999	C-33003	Bridget Garibaldi	F	63	3068.24

	Income Stability	Profession	Type of Employment	\
0	Low	Working	Sales staff	
1	Low	Working	NaN	
2	High	Pensioner	NaN	
3	High	Pensioner	NaN	
4	Low	Working	High skill tech staff	
...	
29995	Low	Commercial associate	Managers	
29996	Low	Working	Laborers	
29997	Low	Working	Sales staff	
29998	Low	Working	Security staff	
29999	High	Pensioner	NaN	

	Location	Loan Amount Request (USD)	...	Credit Score	\
0	Semi-Urban	72809.58	...	809.44	
1	Semi-Urban	46837.47	...	780.40	
2	Semi-Urban	45593.04	...	833.15	
3	Rural	80057.92	...	832.70	
4	Semi-Urban	113858.89	...	745.55	
...	
29995	Urban	76657.90	...	869.61	
29996	Semi-Urban	66595.14	...	729.41	
29997	Urban	81410.08	...	NaN	
29998	Semi-Urban	142524.10	...	677.27	
29999	Rural	156290.54	...	815.44	

	No. of Defaults	Has Active Credit Card	Property ID	Property Age	\
0	0	NaN	746	1933.05	
1	0	Unpossessed	608	4952.91	
2	0	Unpossessed	546	988.19	
3	1	Unpossessed	890	NaN	
4	1	Active	715	2614.77	
...	
29995	0	Unpossessed	566	4969.41	
29996	0	Inactive	175	1606.88	
29997	0	Active	959	NaN	
29998	1	Unpossessed	375	2417.71	
29999	0	Active	344	3068.24	

	Property Type	Property Location	Co-Applicant	Property Price	\
0	4	Rural	1	119933.46	
1	2	Rural	1	54791.00	
2	2	Urban	0	72440.58	

3	2	Semi-Urban	1	121441.51
4	4	Semi-Urban	1	208567.91
...
29995	4	Urban	1	111096.56
29996	3	Urban	1	73453.94
29997	1	Rural	1	102108.02
29998	4	Urban	1	168194.47
29999	3	Rural	1	194512.60

Loan Sanction Amount (USD)	
0	54607.18
1	37469.98
2	36474.43
3	56040.54
4	74008.28
...	...
29995	68992.11
29996	46616.60
29997	61057.56
29998	99766.87
29999	117217.90

[30000 rows x 24 columns]

```
[2]: print("Info \n", df.info())
df.describe().T
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 30000 entries, 0 to 29999
Data columns (total 24 columns):
#   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Customer ID                          30000 non-null  object
1   Name                                30000 non-null  object
2   Gender                              29947 non-null  object
3   Age                                  30000 non-null  int64
4   Income (USD)                         25424 non-null  float64
5   Income Stability                      28317 non-null  object
6   Profession                            30000 non-null  object
7   Type of Employment                   22730 non-null  object
8   Location                             30000 non-null  object
9   Loan Amount Request (USD)            30000 non-null  float64
10  Current Loan Expenses (USD)          29828 non-null  float64
11  Expense Type 1                       30000 non-null  object
12  Expense Type 2                       30000 non-null  object
13  Dependents                           27507 non-null  float64
14  Credit Score                         28297 non-null  float64
15  No. of Defaults                      30000 non-null  int64
```

```

16 Has Active Credit Card      28434 non-null object
17 Property ID                 30000 non-null int64
18 Property Age                25150 non-null float64
19 Property Type               30000 non-null int64
20 Property Location           29644 non-null object
21 Co-Applicant                30000 non-null int64
22 Property Price              30000 non-null float64
23 Loan Sanction Amount (USD)  29660 non-null float64

```

dtypes: float64(8), int64(5), object(11)

memory usage: 5.5+ MB

Info

None

```

[2]:
      count      mean      std      min \
Age      30000.0    40.092300   16.045129   18.00
Income (USD)  25424.0  2630.574417  11262.723830  377.70
Loan Amount Request (USD)  30000.0  88826.333855  59536.949605  6048.24
Current Loan Expenses (USD)  29828.0   400.936876   242.545375 -999.00
Dependents   27507.0    2.253027    0.951162    1.00
Credit Score  28297.0   739.885381   72.163846   580.00
No. of Defaults  30000.0    0.193933    0.395384    0.00
Property ID    30000.0   501.934700   288.158086    1.00
Property Age   25150.0  2631.119440  11322.677000  377.70
Property Type   30000.0    2.460067    1.118562    1.00
Co-Applicant    30000.0   -4.743867   74.614593 -999.00
Property Price  30000.0  131759.680252  93549.548104 -999.00
Loan Sanction Amount (USD)  29660.0  47649.342208  48221.146686 -999.00

```

```

      25%      50%      75%      max
Age      25.0000    40.000    55.0000    65.00
Income (USD)  1650.4575  2222.435  3090.5925  1777460.21
Loan Amount Request (USD)  41177.7550  75128.075  119964.6050  621497.82
Current Loan Expenses (USD)  247.6675   375.205   521.2925   3840.88
Dependents    2.0000    2.000    3.0000   14.00
Credit Score  681.8800   739.820   799.1200   896.26
No. of Defaults    0.0000    0.000    0.0000    1.00
Property ID    251.0000   504.000   751.0000   999.00
Property Age   1650.4500  2223.250  3091.4075  1777460.21
Property Type    1.0000    2.000    3.0000    4.00
Co-Applicant    1.0000    1.000    1.0000    1.00
Property Price  60572.1600  109993.610  178880.7200  1077966.73
Loan Sanction Amount (USD)    0.0000  35209.395  74261.2500  481907.32

```

```
[3]: df.isnull().sum()
```

```

[3]: Customer ID      0
     Name             0
     Gender          53

```

Age	0
Income (USD)	4576
Income Stability	1683
Profession	0
Type of Employment	7270
Location	0
Loan Amount Request (USD)	0
Current Loan Expenses (USD)	172
Expense Type 1	0
Expense Type 2	0
Dependents	2493
Credit Score	1703
No. of Defaults	0
Has Active Credit Card	1566
Property ID	0
Property Age	4850
Property Type	0
Property Location	356
Co-Applicant	0
Property Price	0
Loan Sanction Amount (USD)	340

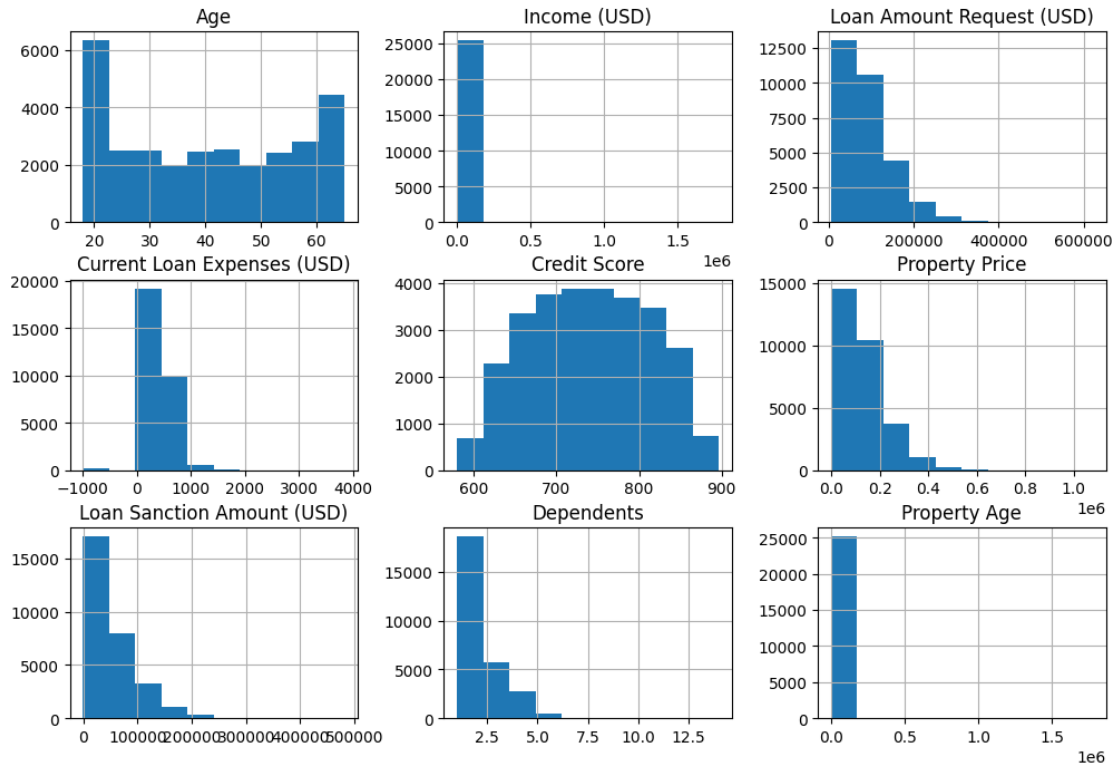
dtype: int64

Exploratory Data Analysis

```
[4]: numcols = ['Age', 'Income (USD)', 'Loan Amount Request (USD)',
'Current Loan Expenses (USD)', 'Credit Score',
'Property Price', 'Loan Sanction Amount (USD)', 'Dependents', 'Property Age']

df[numcols].hist(figsize=(12,8))
plt.suptitle("Histograms of Numerical Features")
plt.show()
```

Histograms of Numerical Features



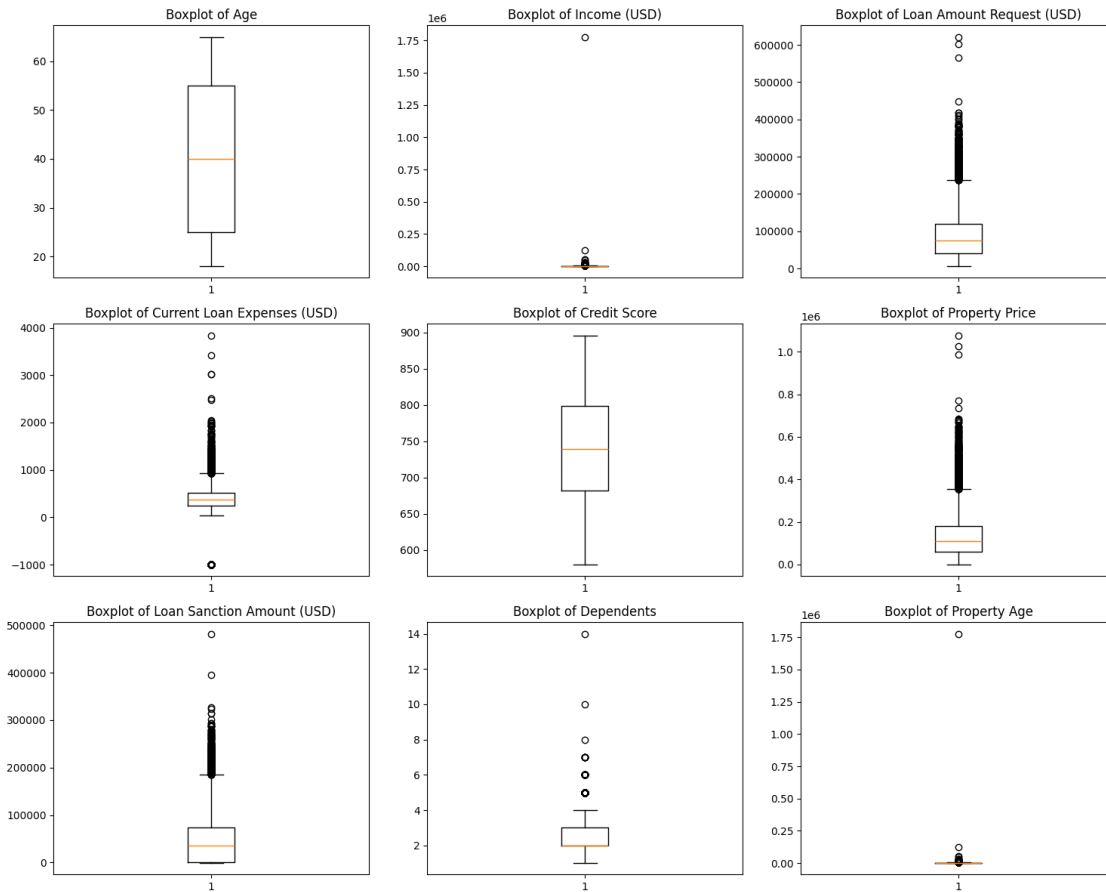
```
[5]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

num_cols = [
    'Age', 'Income (USD)', 'Loan Amount Request (USD)',
    'Current Loan Expenses (USD)', 'Credit Score',
    'Property Price', 'Loan Sanction Amount (USD)',
    'Dependents', 'Property Age'
]

fig, axes = plt.subplots(3, 3, figsize=(15, 12)) # 3x3 grid
axes = axes.flatten() # flatten to easily loop

for ax, col in zip(axes, num_cols):
    ax.boxplot(df[col].dropna())
    ax.set_title(f"Boxplot of {col}")

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



```
[6]: fig, axes = plt.subplots(2, 3, figsize=(24, 8))
axes = axes.flatten()
# Histogram
axes[0].hist(df["Loan Sanction Amount (USD)"], bins=25)
axes[0].set_title("Loan Sanction Amount Distribution")
axes[0].set_xlabel("Loan Sanction Amount")
axes[0].set_ylabel("Frequency")

axes[1].scatter(df["Loan Amount Request (USD)"], df["Loan Sanction Amount_↵
↵(USD)"])
axes[1].set_xlabel("Loan Amount Request (USD)")
axes[1].set_ylabel("Loan Sanction Amount (USD)")
axes[1].set_title("Loan Request vs Loan Sanction")

df["Gender"].value_counts().plot(kind = 'bar', ax = axes[2])
axes[2].set_title("Gender Distribution")
axes[2].set_xlabel("Gender")
axes[2].set_ylabel("Count")
```

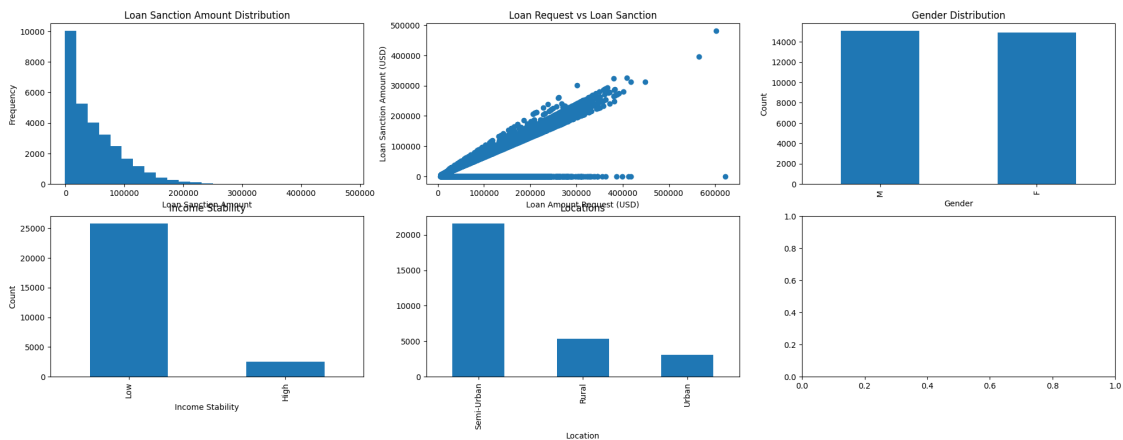
```

df["Income Stability"].value_counts().plot(kind = 'bar', ax = axes[3])
axes[3].set_title("Income Stability")
axes[3].set_xlabel("Income Stability")
axes[3].set_ylabel("Count")

df["Location"].value_counts().plot(kind = 'bar', ax = axes[4])
axes[4].set_title("Locations")
axes[3].set_ylabel("Count")

```

[6]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Count')



```

[7]: corr = df[numcols].corr()
plt.imshow(corr, cmap='coolwarm')
plt.colorbar()
plt.xticks(range(len(corr.columns)), corr.columns, rotation=45)
plt.yticks(range(len(corr.columns)), corr.columns)
plt.title("Correlation Heatmap")
plt.show()

```




0.0.2 Iris

```
[8]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

df=pd.read_csv('dataset/Iris.csv')
df.head()
```

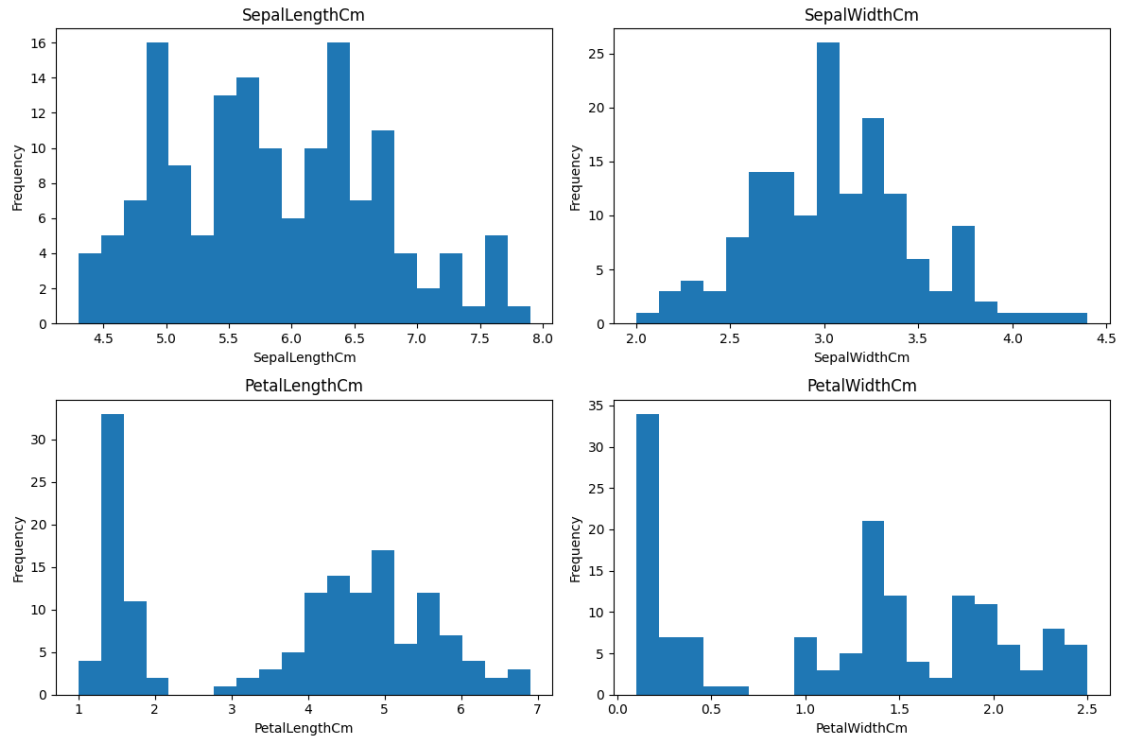
```
[8]:   Id  SepalLengthCm  SepalWidthCm  PetalLengthCm  PetalWidthCm  Species
0    1             5.1             3.5             1.4             0.2  Iris-setosa
1    2             4.9             3.0             1.4             0.2  Iris-setosa
2    3             4.7             3.2             1.3             0.2  Iris-setosa
3    4             4.6             3.1             1.5             0.2  Iris-setosa
4    5             5.0             3.6             1.4             0.2  Iris-setosa
```

```
[9]: df.describe().T
```

```
[9]:
```

	count	mean	std	min	25%	50%	75%	max
Id	150.0	75.500000	43.445368	1.0	38.25	75.50	112.75	150.0
SepalLengthCm	150.0	5.843333	0.828066	4.3	5.10	5.80	6.40	7.9
SepalWidthCm	150.0	3.054000	0.433594	2.0	2.80	3.00	3.30	4.4
PetalLengthCm	150.0	3.758667	1.764420	1.0	1.60	4.35	5.10	6.9
PetalWidthCm	150.0	1.198667	0.763161	0.1	0.30	1.30	1.80	2.5

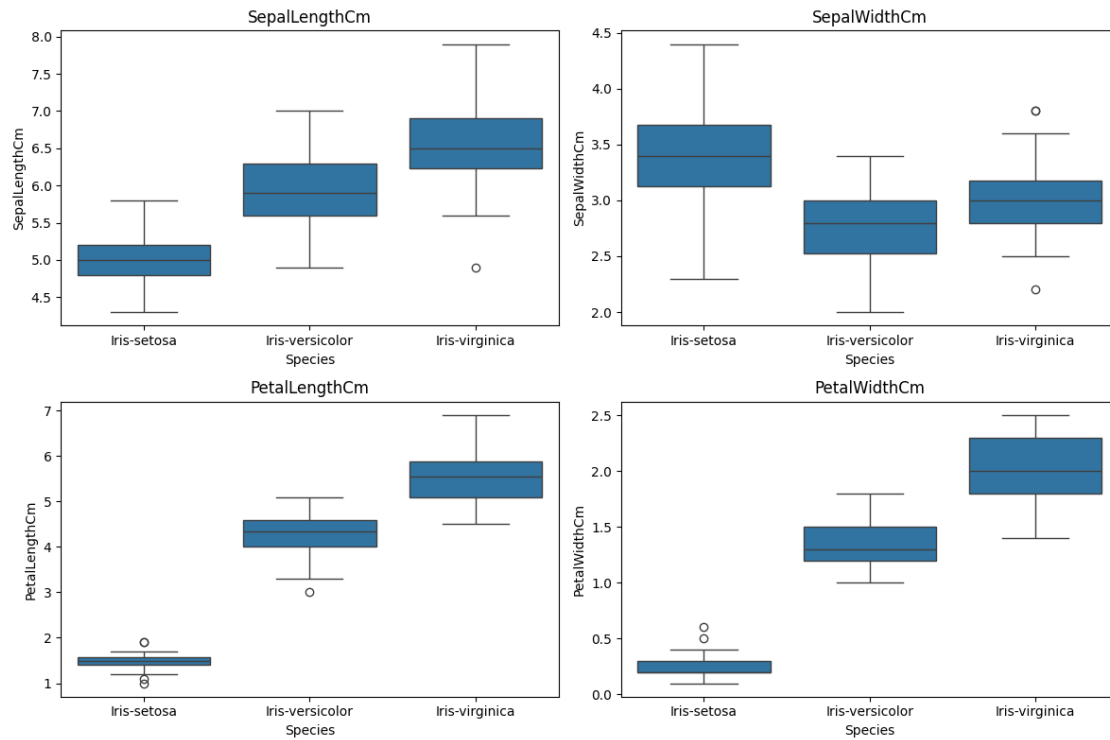
```
[10]: features = [  
        'SepalLengthCm',  
        'SepalWidthCm',  
        'PetalLengthCm',  
        'PetalWidthCm'  
    ]  
  
    plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))  
  
    for i, col in enumerate(features, 1):  
        plt.subplot(2, 2, i)  
        plt.hist(df[col], bins=20)  
        plt.title(col)  
        plt.xlabel(col)  
        plt.ylabel('Frequency')  
  
    plt.tight_layout()  
    plt.show()
```



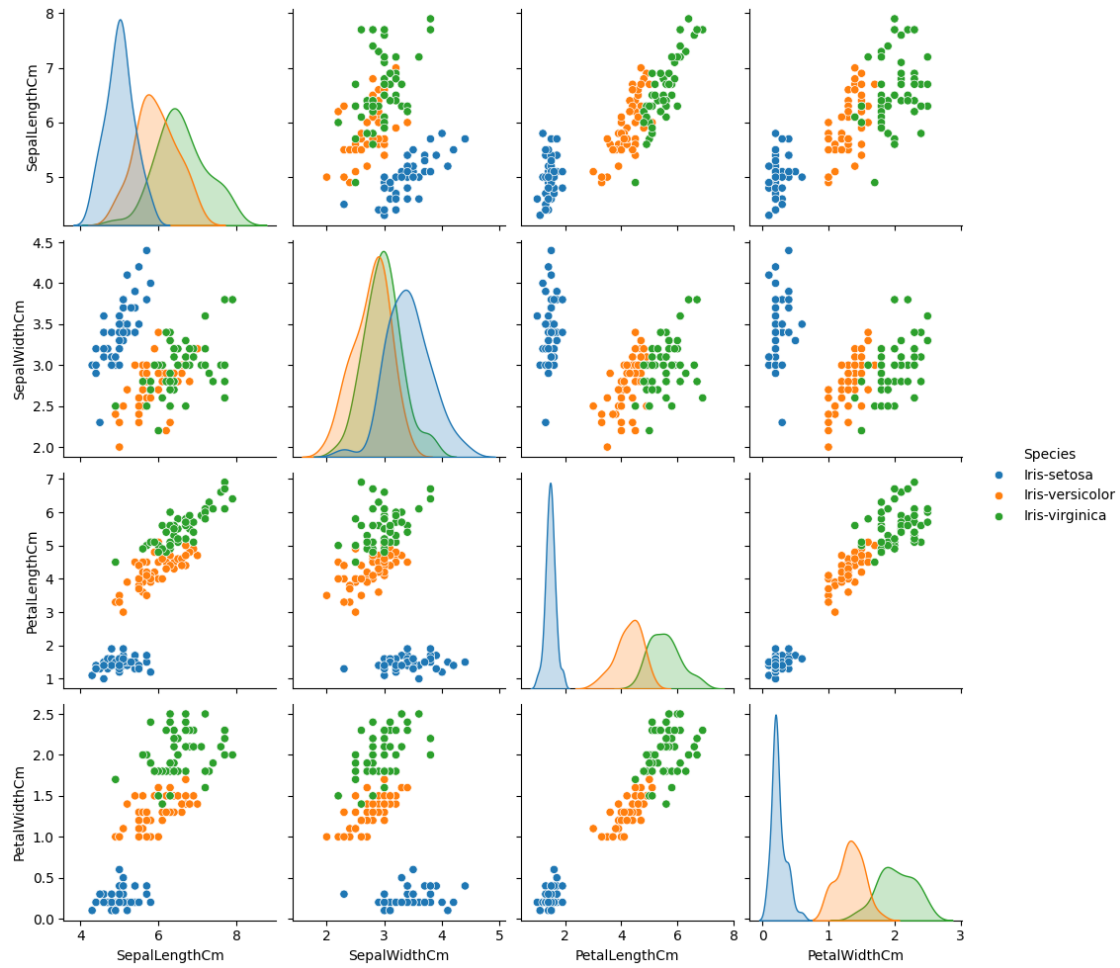
```
[11]: plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))

for i, col in enumerate(features, 1):
    plt.subplot(2, 2, i)
    sns.boxplot(x='Species', y=col, data=df)
    plt.title(col)

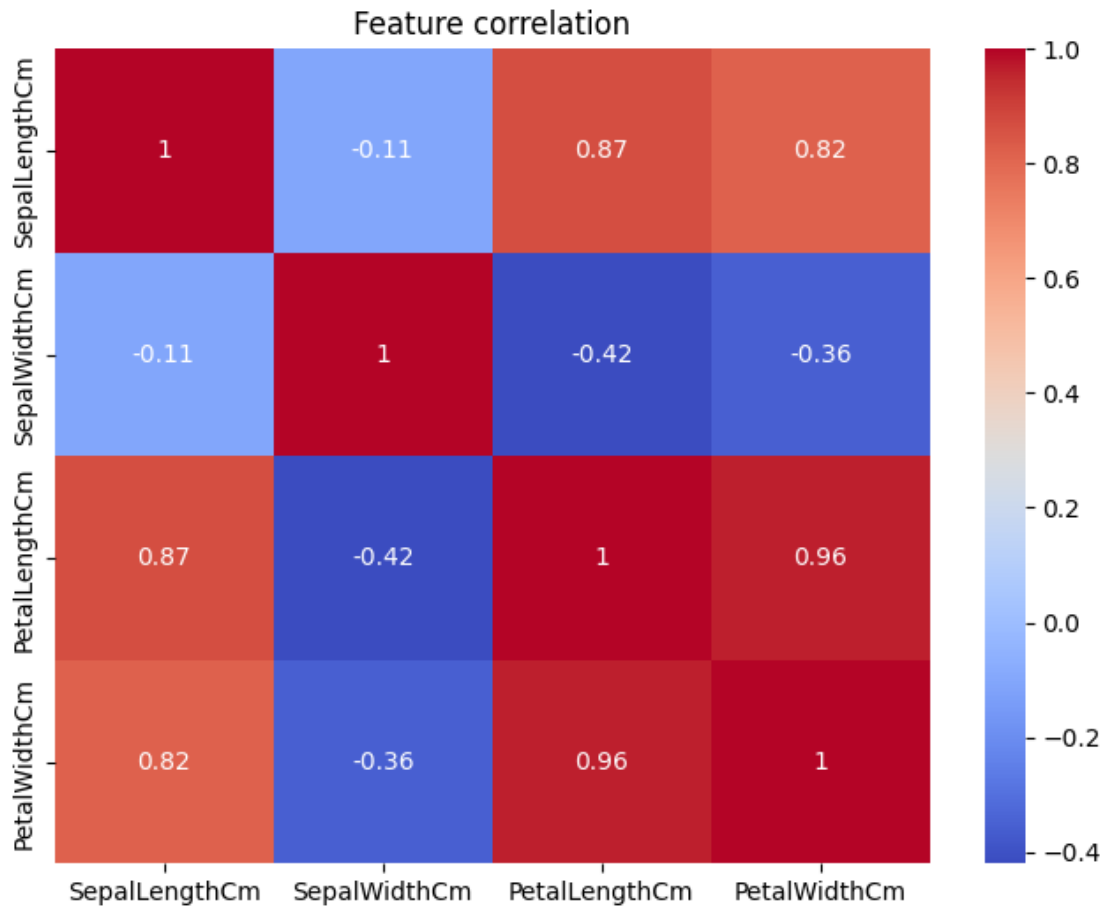
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



```
[12]: sns.pairplot(df.drop('Id', axis = 1), hue='Species')  
plt.show()
```



```
[13]: plt.figure(figsize=(8,6))
sns.heatmap(df.drop(['Species', 'Id'], axis=1).corr(),
            annot=True, cmap='coolwarm')
plt.title("Feature correlation")
plt.show()
```



0.0.3 Hand Written Character Recognition

```
[45]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import os
import math

df = pd.read_csv("datasets/english.csv")
```

```
[46]: print("Shape:", df.shape)
print("Info\n",df.info())
print("Head\n",df.head())

print(df.isnull().sum())
```

```
Shape: (3410, 2)
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
```

RangeIndex: 3410 entries, 0 to 3409

Data columns (total 2 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	image	3410 non-null	object
1	label	3410 non-null	object

dtypes: object(2)

memory usage: 53.4+ KB

Info

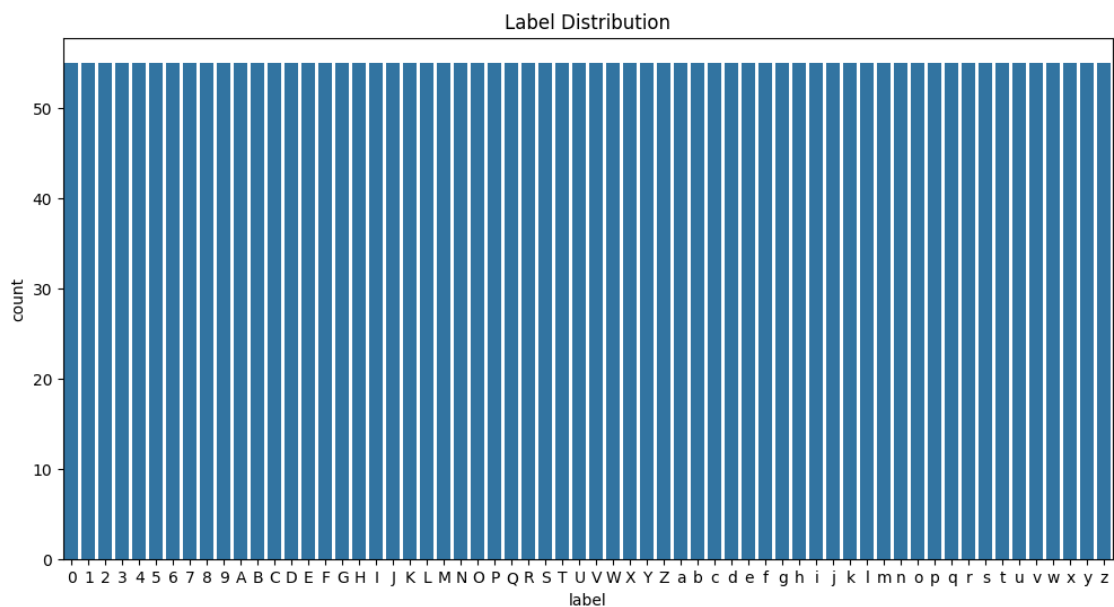
None

Head

	image	label
0	Img/img001-001.png	0
1	Img/img001-002.png	0
2	Img/img001-003.png	0
3	Img/img001-004.png	0
4	Img/img001-005.png	0

image 0
label 0
dtype: int64

```
[47]: plt.figure(figsize=(12,6))  
sns.countplot(data=df, x="label", order=df["label"].value_counts().index)  
plt.title("Label Distribution")  
plt.show()
```



```
[48]: from PIL import Image

plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))

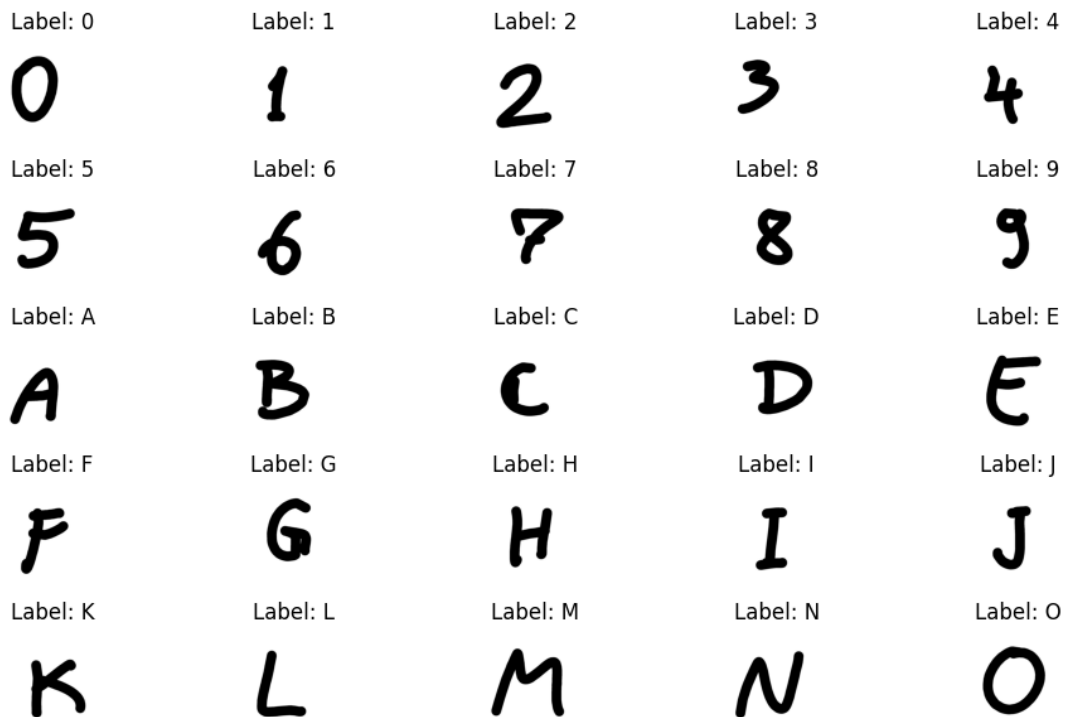
unique = df.groupby('label').first().reset_index().head(25)

for i, row in unique.iterrows():
    img_path = row['image']
    label = row['label']

    img = Image.open(f"datasets/{img_path}")

    plt.subplot(5, 5, i+1)
    plt.imshow(img, cmap='gray')
    plt.title(f"Label: {label}")
    plt.axis('off')

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



```
[49]: from PIL import Image

heights = []
```



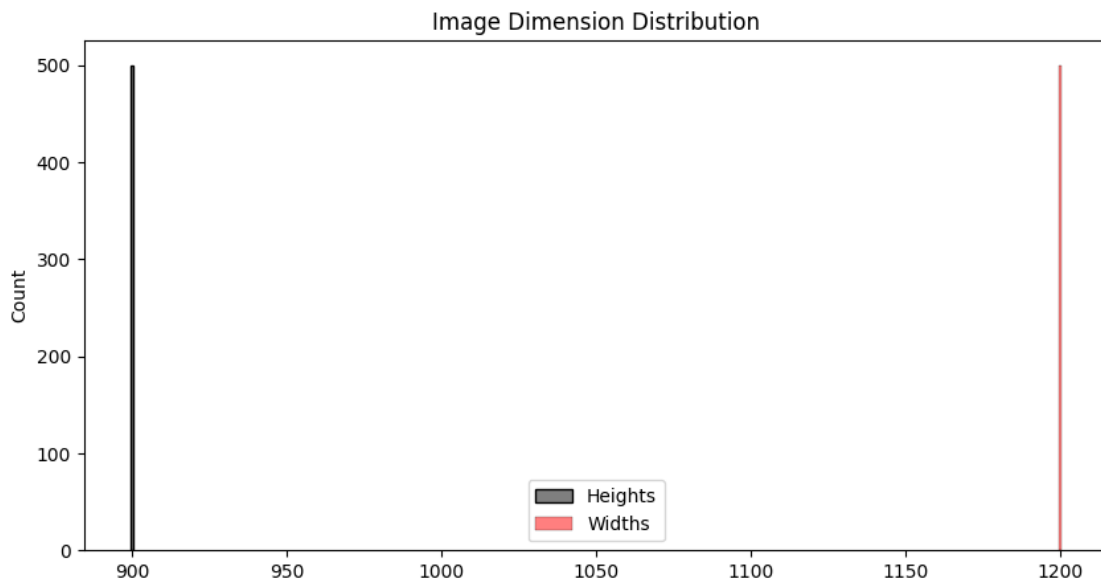
```

widths = []

for img_path in df['image'][:500]:
    img = Image.open(f"datasets/{img_path}")
    w, h = img.size
    widths.append(w)
    heights.append(h)

plt.figure(figsize=(10,5))
sns.histplot(heights, kde=True, color="black", label="Heights")
sns.histplot(widths, kde=True, color="red", label="Widths")
plt.legend()
plt.title("Image Dimension Distribution")
plt.show()

```



```

[14]: import pandas as pd

df = pd.read_csv("dataset/diabetes.csv")

```

```

[17]: print("Shape:", df.shape)
print("Info\n", df.info())
df.head()

```

```

Shape: (768, 9)
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 768 entries, 0 to 767
Data columns (total 9 columns):

```

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	Pregnancies	768 non-null	int64
1	Glucose	768 non-null	int64
2	BloodPressure	768 non-null	int64
3	SkinThickness	768 non-null	int64
4	Insulin	768 non-null	int64
5	BMI	768 non-null	float64
6	DiabetesPedigreeFunction	768 non-null	float64
7	Age	768 non-null	int64
8	Outcome	768 non-null	int64

dtypes: float64(2), int64(7)

memory usage: 54.1 KB

Info

None

```
[17]: Pregnancies  Glucose  BloodPressure  SkinThickness  Insulin   BMI   \
0           6      148           72           35         0  33.6
1           1       85           66           29         0  26.6
2           8     183           64            0         0  23.3
3           1      89           66           23        94  28.1
4           0     137           40           35       168  43.1

      DiabetesPedigreeFunction  Age  Outcome
0                0.627    50         1
1                0.351    31         0
2                0.672    32         1
3                0.167    21         0
4                2.288    33         1
```

```
[18]: df.isnull().sum()
```

```
[18]: Pregnancies      0
Glucose              0
BloodPressure        0
SkinThickness        0
Insulin              0
BMI                  0
DiabetesPedigreeFunction  0
Age                  0
Outcome              0
dtype: int64
```

```
[19]: df.describe().T
```

```
[19]:
```

	count	mean	std	min	25%	\
Pregnancies	768.0	3.845052	3.369578	0.000	1.00000	
Glucose	768.0	120.894531	31.972618	0.000	99.00000	

BloodPressure	768.0	69.105469	19.355807	0.000	62.00000
SkinThickness	768.0	20.536458	15.952218	0.000	0.00000
Insulin	768.0	79.799479	115.244002	0.000	0.00000
BMI	768.0	31.992578	7.884160	0.000	27.30000
DiabetesPedigreeFunction	768.0	0.471876	0.331329	0.078	0.24375
Age	768.0	33.240885	11.760232	21.000	24.00000
Outcome	768.0	0.348958	0.476951	0.000	0.00000

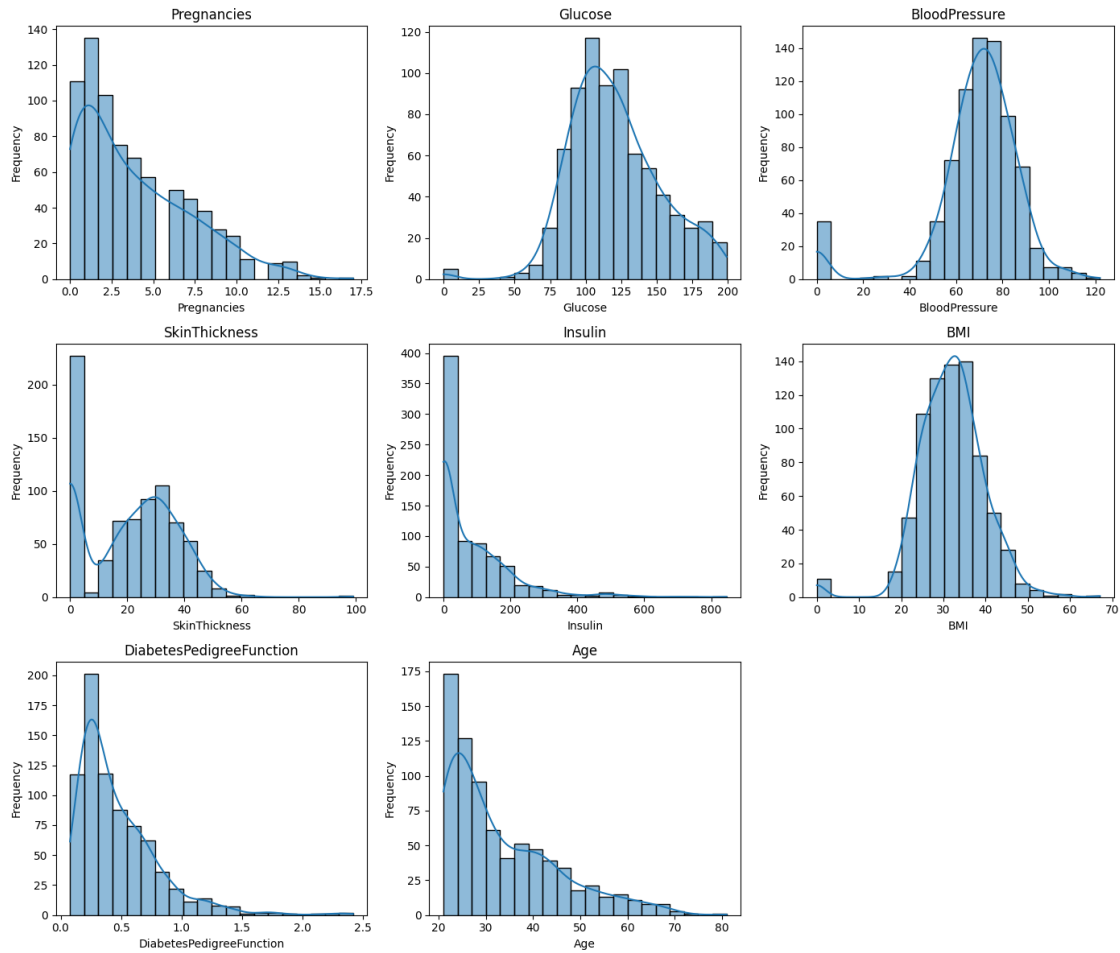
	50%	75%	max
Pregnancies	3.0000	6.00000	17.00
Glucose	117.0000	140.25000	199.00
BloodPressure	72.0000	80.00000	122.00
SkinThickness	23.0000	32.00000	99.00
Insulin	30.5000	127.25000	846.00
BMI	32.0000	36.60000	67.10
DiabetesPedigreeFunction	0.3725	0.62625	2.42
Age	29.0000	41.00000	81.00
Outcome	0.0000	1.00000	1.00

```
[20]: features = df.drop('Outcome', axis=1).columns

plt.figure(figsize=(14, 12))

for i, col in enumerate(features, 1):
    plt.subplot(3, 3, i)
    sns.histplot(df[col], bins=20, kde=True)
    plt.title(col)
    plt.xlabel(col)
    plt.ylabel("Frequency")

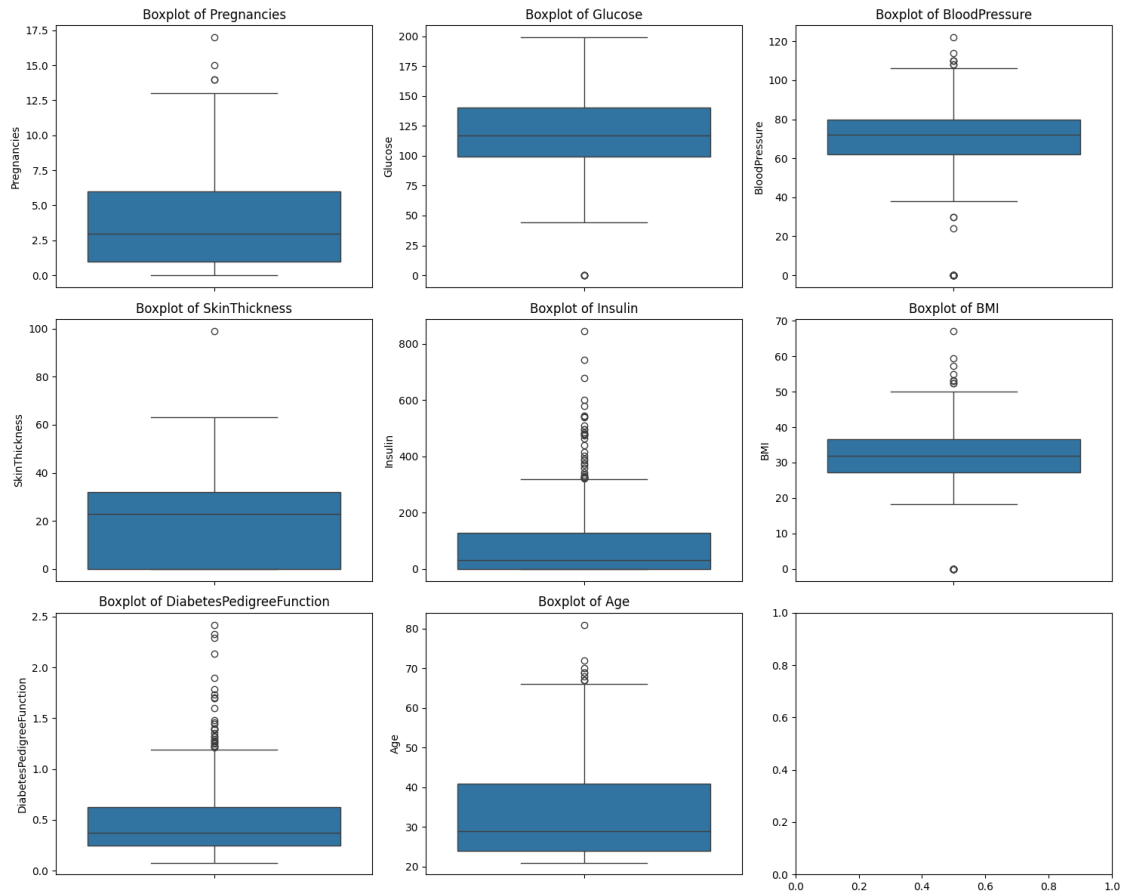
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



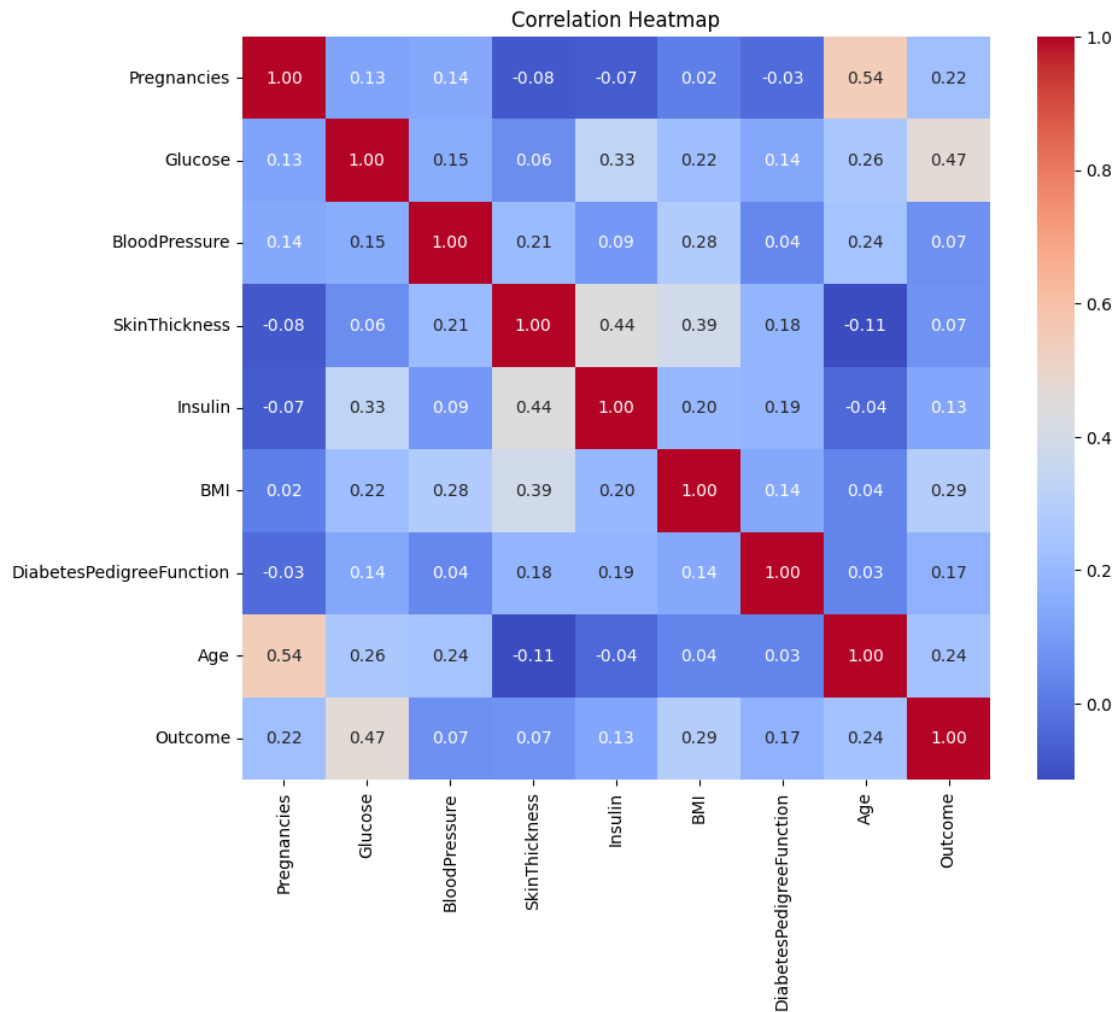
```
[21]: fig, axes = plt.subplots(3, 3, figsize=(15, 12))
      axes = axes.flatten()

      for i, col in enumerate(features):
          sns.boxplot(y=df[col], ax=axes[i])
          axes[i].set_title(f'Boxplot of {col}')

      plt.tight_layout()
      plt.show()
```



```
[22]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,8))
sns.heatmap(df.corr(), annot=True, cmap='coolwarm', fmt=".2f")
plt.title("Correlation Heatmap")
plt.show()
```



0.0.4 Email Classification

```
[23]: import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

df = pd.read_csv("dataset/email.csv")
df.head()
```

```
[23]: Category      Message
0      ham  Go until jurong point, crazy.. Available only ...
1      ham                Ok lar... Joking wif u oni...
2  spam  Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup fina...
3      ham  U dun say so early hor... U c already then say...
4      ham  Nah I don't think he goes to usf, he lives aro...
```

```
[24]: print("Info\n", df.info())
      df.describe().T
```

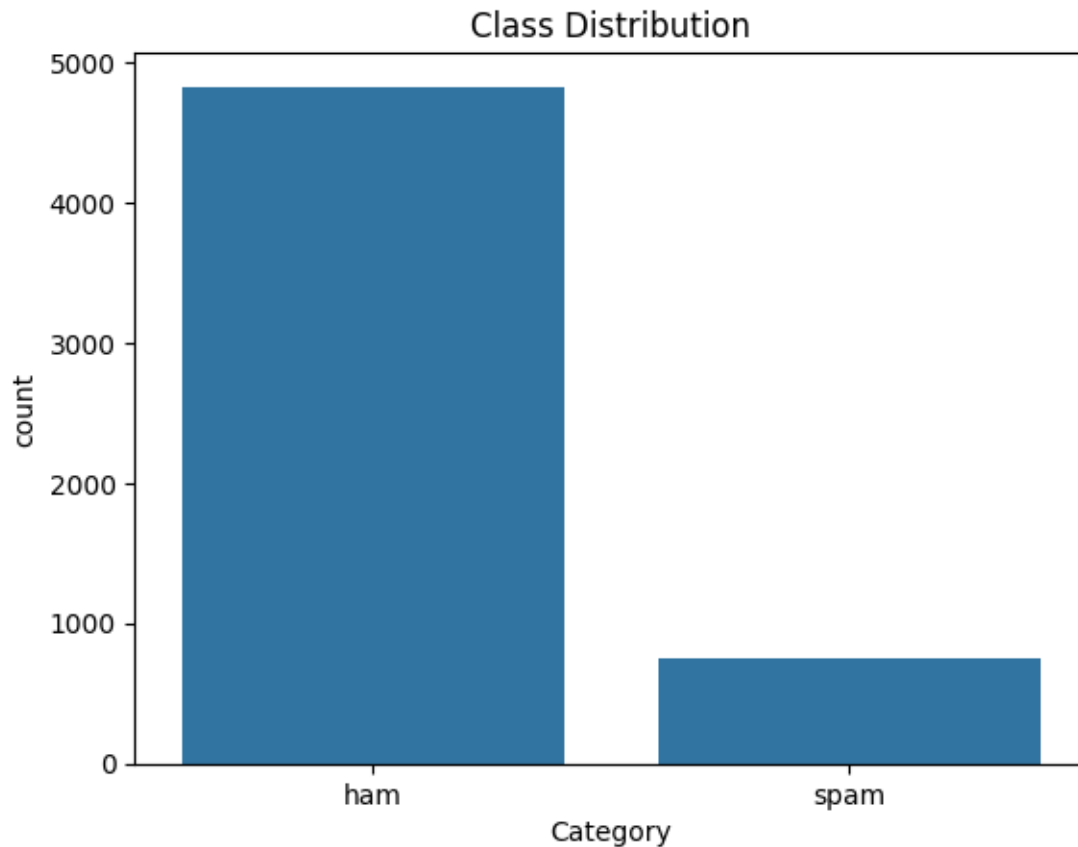
```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 5572 entries, 0 to 5571
Data columns (total 2 columns):
#   Column      Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Category    5572 non-null    object
1   Message     5572 non-null    object
dtypes: object(2)
memory usage: 87.2+ KB
Info
None
```

```
[24]:          count unique          top  freq
Category  5572      2          ham  4825
Message   5572  5157  Sorry, I'll call later    30
```

```
[25]: print("Null Values\n", df.isnull().sum())
      print("Counts of spam and Ham \n", df['Category'].value_counts())
```

```
Null Values
Category    0
Message     0
dtype: int64
Counts of spam and Ham
Category
ham      4825
spam     747
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
[26]: sns.countplot(x='Category', data=df)
      plt.title("Class Distribution")
      plt.show()
```



```
[27]: import re

def clean_text(text):
    text = text.lower()
    text = re.sub(r"http\S+", "", text)
    text = re.sub(r"[^a-z\s]", "", text)
    return text

df['clean_text'] = df['Message'].apply(clean_text)

[28]: df['word_count'] = df['clean_text'].apply(lambda x: len(x.split()))
df['char_count'] = df['clean_text'].apply(len)

[29]: df.head()

[29]:   Category      Message \
0      ham  Go until jurong point, crazy.. Available only ...
1      ham                Ok lar... Joking wif u oni...
2  spam   Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup fina...
3      ham  U dun say so early hor... U c already then say...
```



```
4      ham Nah I don't think he goes to usf, he lives aro...
```

	clean_text	word_count	char_count
0	go until jurong point crazy available only in ...	20	102
1	ok lar joking wif u oni	6	23
2	free entry in a wkly comp to win fa cup final...	25	124
3	u dun say so early hor u c already then say	11	43
4	nah i dont think he goes to usf he lives aroun...	13	59

```
[30]: from collections import Counter

all_words = " ".join(df['clean_text']).split()
common_words = Counter(all_words).most_common(20)
common_words
```

```
[30]: [('i', 2249),
      ('to', 2248),
      ('you', 2128),
      ('a', 1448),
      ('the', 1331),
      ('u', 1154),
      ('and', 971),
      ('is', 892),
      ('in', 889),
      ('me', 791),
      ('my', 759),
      ('for', 711),
      ('your', 677),
      ('it', 622),
      ('of', 622),
      ('call', 578),
      ('have', 573),
      ('on', 536),
      ('that', 514),
      ('are', 490)]
```

```
[31]: spam_words = " ".join(df[df['Category']=="spam"]['clean_text']).split()
      ham_words = " ".join(df[df['Category']=="ham"]['clean_text']).split()

      print("Spam words most common \n\n", Counter(spam_words).most_common(15))
      print("\nNot Spam common words \n", Counter(ham_words).most_common(15))
```

Spam words most common

```
[('to', 686), ('a', 380), ('call', 347), ('you', 287), ('your', 263), ('free',
219), ('for', 204), ('the', 201), ('now', 190), ('or', 188), ('is', 157), ('u',
153), ('txt', 151), ('on', 145), ('ur', 144)]
```

Not Spam common words

```
[('i', 2195), ('you', 1841), ('to', 1562), ('the', 1130), ('a', 1068), ('u', 1001), ('and', 849), ('in', 817), ('me', 761), ('my', 748), ('is', 735), ('it', 594), ('of', 525), ('for', 507), ('that', 488)]
```

Results and Discussions:

Dataset	Type of ML Task	Suitable ML Algorithm
Iris Dataset	Classification	K-Nearest Neighbors (KNN), Support Vector Machine (SVM), Decision Tree
Loan Amount Prediction	Regression	Linear Regression, Decision Tree Regressor, Random Forest Regressor
Diabetes Prediction	Classification	Logistic Regression, Support Vector Machine, Random Forest
Email Spam Detection	Text Classification	Naive Bayes, Support Vector Machine, Logistic Regression
Handwritten Character Recognition	Image Classification	Convolutional Neural Network (CNN), Support Vector Machine

Learning Practices

- Understood the fundamentals of data analysis using Python libraries such as NumPy, Pandas, Matplotlib, and Seaborn.
- Learnt to analyze datasets using descriptive statistics and exploratory data analysis techniques.
- Learnt to visualize data distributions and relationships using appropriate plots and charts.
- Learnt to identify suitable machine learning tasks such as classification and regression for different datasets.