28.

a)
$$\mu = 20$$
 customers / hown.

$$t = 10 \, \text{min} = \frac{10}{60} = \frac{1}{6} \, \text{hour}$$

probability that it will be take
$$2 = e^{-\mu t}$$
 more than coming to serve a $3 = e^{-\mu t}$

b)
$$t = 4mm = \frac{4}{60} = \frac{1}{15} \text{ hours.}$$

probability that a customer will be fee within