

Topic- Thread Control and Priorities

Assignment-1

1) Create a thread which prints 1 to 10. After printing 5, there should be a delay of 5000 milliseconds before printing 6

Ans

```
class NumberPrinter extends Thread {  
    @Override  
    public void run() {  
        for (int i = 1; i <= 10; i++) {  
            System.out.println(i);  
  
            // delay after printing 5  
            if (i == 5) {  
                try {  
                    System.out.println("Delaying for 5 seconds...");  
                    Thread.sleep(5000); // 5000 milliseconds = 5 seconds  
                } catch (InterruptedException e) {  
                    System.out.println("Thread interrupted");  
                }  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}  
  
public class DelayDemo {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        NumberPrinter printer = new NumberPrinter();  
        printer.start();  
    }  
}
```

```
}
```

Output

1

2

3

4

5

Delaying for 5 seconds...

6

7

8

9

10

Assignment-2

Q2) Create two threads, one thread to display all even numbers between 1 & 20, another to display odd numbers between 1 & 20.

```
class EvenThread extends Thread {  
  
    @Override  
  
    public void run() {  
  
        System.out.println("Even numbers:");  
  
        for (int i = 2; i <= 20; i += 2) {  
  
            System.out.print(i + " ");  
  
        }  
  
        System.out.println();  
  
    }  
}
```

```
class OddThread extends Thread {  
  
    @Override  
  
    public void run() {  
  
        System.out.println("Odd numbers:");  
  
        for (int i = 1; i <= 20; i += 2) {  
  
            System.out.print(i + " ");  
  
        }  
  
        System.out.println();  
  
    }  
}
```

```
public class EvenOddDemo {  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
  
        EvenThread evenThread = new EvenThread();  
  
    }  
}
```

```
OddThread oddThread = new OddThread();

evenThread.start();

try {
    // Wait for even thread to complete before starting odd thread
    evenThread.join();
} catch (InterruptedException e) {
    System.out.println("Main thread interrupted");
}

oddThread.start();
}}
```

Output

Even numbers:

2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20

Odd numbers:

1 3 5 7 9 11 13 15 17 19

Assignment-3

3) Create three threads- with different priorities - MAX, MIN, NORM- and start the threads at the same time. Observe the completion of the threads.

Ans class PriorityThread extends Thread {

private String threadName;

public PriorityThread(String name) {

 this.threadName = name;

}

@Override

public void run() {

 for (int i = 1; i <= 5; i++) {

 System.out.println(threadName + " - Count: " + i +

 " (Priority: " + getPriority() + ")");

 try {

 Thread.sleep(100);

 } catch (InterruptedException e) {

 System.out.println(threadName + " interrupted");

 }

 }

 System.out.println(threadName + " completed execution");

}

}

public class PriorityDemo {

 public static void main(String[] args) {

 PriorityThread maxThread = new PriorityThread("MAX_PRIORITY");

```

PriorityThread minThread = new PriorityThread("MIN_PRIORITY");
PriorityThread normThread = new PriorityThread("NORM_PRIORITY");

// Setting different priorities
maxThread.setPriority(Thread.MAX_PRIORITY); // 10
minThread.setPriority(Thread.MIN_PRIORITY); // 1
normThread.setPriority(Thread.NORM_PRIORITY); // 5

// Starting all threads at the same time
maxThread.start();
minThread.start();
normThread.start();

System.out.println("All threads started with different priorities");
}
}

```

Ouptut

All threads started with different priorities

MAX_PRIORITY - Count: 1 (Priority: 10)

NORM_PRIORITY - Count: 1 (Priority: 5)

MIN_PRIORITY - Count: 1 (Priority: 1)

MAX_PRIORITY - Count: 2 (Priority: 10)

NORM_PRIORITY - Count: 2 (Priority: 5)