State Of M.P vs Raghuveer Singh Yadav on 8 August, 1994

Equivalent citations: 1994 SCC (6) 151, JT 1994 (5) 235, AIRONLINE 1994 SC 157, 1994 (6) SCC 151, 1994 SCC (L&S) 1317, (1994) 2 CUR LR 638, (1994) JAB LJ 646, (1994) 5 SERV LR 176, (1994) 3 UPLBEC 1848, (1994) 69 FAC LR 636, (1994) 4 SCT 244, (1995) 1 SERV LJ 11, (1994) 5 JT 235, (1994) 28 ATC 255, (1994) 5 JT 235 (SC), 2018 (9) SCC 342, (2019) 1 SCALE 422

Author: K. Ramaswamy

Bench: K. Ramaswamy, N Venkatachala

PETITIONER: STATE OF M.P.
Vs.
RESPONDENT: RAGHUVEER SINGH YADAV
DATE OF JUDGMENT08/08/1994
BENCH: RAMASWAMY, K. BENCH: RAMASWAMY, K. VENKATACHALA N. (J)
CITATION: 1994 SCC (6) 151 JT 1994 (5) 235 1994 SCALE (3)766
ACT:
HEADNOTE:
JUDGMENT:
ORDER

1. Delay condoned.

2. Leave granted.

3. This appeal arises from the order of the M.P Administrative Tribunal, Jabalpur in OA No. 2484 of 1989 dated 12-10-1993 directing the appellant to proceed with the selection of the candidates without taking into account the amendment made to the rules, introducing the B.Sc. as a qualification for consideration of the applications of candidates. The facts lie in a short compass.

4. For recruitment to the posts of Inspectors, Department of Weights and Measures in the State of M.P, an advertisement was issued on 27-7-1987 calling for applications from eligible candidates. The qualification prescribed for eligibility was degree in Arts or Commerce or Science or Engineering or Diploma in Engineering. It would appear that written examinations were held and results were declared on 26-8-1989. Thereafter, the Board issued interview cards to the successful candidates. In the meanwhile, the Government amended the rules by M.P. Standard of Weights and Measurement (Enforcement) Rules, 1989 in consultation with Government of India and Public Service Commission and altered the eligibility qualification for appointment to those posts by presenting degree in Science with Physics as a subject or Degree in Engineering or Technology or Diploma in Engineering. The respondents challenged the amended rules on the ground that having issued the notification for filling up the posts of Inspectors with Degree of Arts and Commerce the State had to proceed with the recruitment only as per the qualification prescribed in the notification and the subsequent amendment to the rules should not stand in the way of the Recruitment Board to consider the claims on the basis of marks secured in the examination and also interview to be held. In other words the amended rules have no retrospective operation. This contention found favour with the Tribunal and accordingly the Tribunal allowed the application.

5.It is not in dispute that Statutory Rules have been made introducing Degree in Science or Engineering or Diploma in Technology as qualifications for recruitment to the posts of Inspector of Weights and Measures. It is settled law that the State has got power to prescribe qualifications for recruitment. Here is a case that pursuant to amended Rules, the Government has withdrawn the earlier notification and wants to proceed with the recruitment afresh. It is not a case of any accrued right. The candidates who had appeared for the examination and passed the written examination had only legitimate expectation to be considered of their claims according to the rules then in vogue. The amended Rules have only prospective operation. The Government is entitled to conduct selection in accordance with the changed rules and make final recruitment. Obviously no candidate acquired any vested right against the State. Therefore, the State is entitled to withdraw the notification by which it had previously notified recruitment and to issue fresh notification in that regard on the basis of the amended Rules.

6.The ratio in P Mahendran v. State of Karnatakaı has no application to the facts in this case. In that case, for the posts of Motor Vehicles Inspector, apart from the qualifications prescribed, they issued additional qualifications and selection was sought to be made on the basis of additional qualifications. It was held that since recruitment was sought to be made on the basis of the qualifications prescribed, the additional qualifications prescribed thereafter have no retrospective effect to the recruitment already set in motion. Under those circumstances, additional qualifications were directed not to be taken into account for considering the claims of the candidates on the basis

of the original advertisement. The ratio therein is clearly inapplicable to the facts in this case.

7. The appeal is accordingly allowed but in the circumstances without costs. The State is directed to issue fresh notification within a period of six weeks from the date of the receipt of this order for recruitment in accordance with the amended Rules.

1 (1990) 1 SCC 411: 1990 SCC (L&S) 163: (1990) 12 ATC 727:

AIR 1990 SC 405