WEEK 1

NAME: Nandhini V

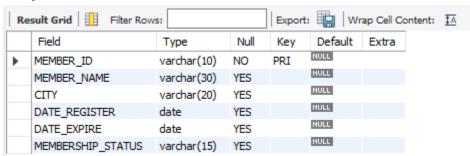
DATE: 12-07-2025 & 13-07-2025

Table Creation:

```
Query:
```

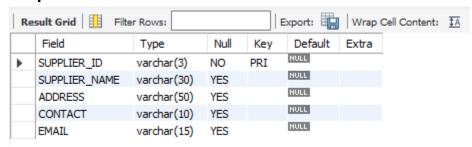
```
CREATE TABLE LMS_MEMBERS (
    MEMBER_ID VARCHAR(10) PRIMARY KEY,
    MEMBER_NAME VARCHAR(30),
    CITY VARCHAR(20),
    DATE_REGISTER DATE,
    DATE_EXPIRE DATE,
    MEMBERSHIP_STATUS VARCHAR(15)
);
desc LMS_MEMBERS;
```

Output:



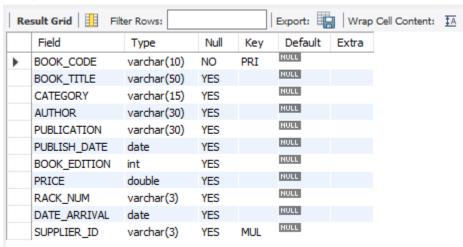
Query:

```
CREATE TABLE LMS_SUPPLIERS_DETAILS (
SUPPLIER_ID VARCHAR(3) PRIMARY KEY,
SUPPLIER_NAME VARCHAR(30),
ADDRESS VARCHAR(50),
CONTACT VARCHAR(10),
EMAIL VARCHAR(15)
);
desc LMS_SUPPLIERS_DETAILS;
```



Query:

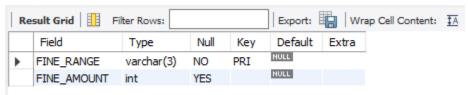
```
CREATE TABLE LMS_BOOK_DETAILS (
 BOOK CODE VARCHAR(10) PRIMARY KEY,
 BOOK TITLE VARCHAR(50),
 CATEGORY VARCHAR(15),
 AUTHOR VARCHAR(30),
 PUBLICATION VARCHAR(30),
 PUBLISH DATE DATE,
 BOOK EDITION INT,
 PRICE DOUBLE,
 RACK NUM VARCHAR(3),
 DATE ARRIVAL DATE,
 SUPPLIER ID VARCHAR(3),
 FOREIGN KEY (SUPPLIER_ID) REFERENCES
LMS_SUPPLIERS_DETAILS(SUPPLIER_ID)
);
desc LMS_BOOK_DETAILS;
```



Query:

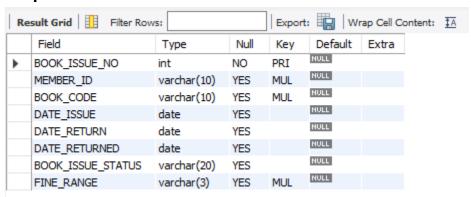
```
CREATE TABLE LMS_FINE_DETAILS (
    FINE_RANGE VARCHAR(3) PRIMARY KEY,
    FINE_AMOUNT INT
);
desc LMS_FINE_DETAILS;
```

Output:



Query:

```
CREATE TABLE LMS_BOOK_ISSUE (
BOOK_ISSUE_NO INT PRIMARY KEY,
MEMBER_ID VARCHAR(10),
BOOK_CODE VARCHAR(10),
DATE_ISSUE DATE,
DATE_RETURN DATE,
DATE_RETURNED DATE,
BOOK_ISSUE_STATUS VARCHAR(20),
FINE_RANGE VARCHAR(3),
FOREIGN KEY (MEMBER_ID) REFERENCES LMS_MEMBERS(MEMBER_ID),
FOREIGN KEY (BOOK_CODE) REFERENCES LMS_BOOK_DETAILS(BOOK_CODE),
FOREIGN KEY (FINE_RANGE) REFERENCES LMS_FINE_DETAILS(FINE_RANGE)
);
desc LMS_BOOK_ISSUE;
```



Value Insertion:

Query:

Insert into LMS_MEMBERS Values

('LM001', 'AMIT', 'CHENNAI', ('2012-02-20'), ('2013-11-02'), 'Temporary'),

('LM002', 'ABDHUL', 'DELHI', ('2012-04-10'),('2013-04-09'), 'Temporary'),

('LM003', 'GAYAN', 'CHENNAI', ('2013-05-12'),('2013-05-14'), 'Permanent'),

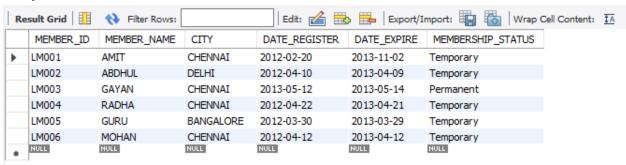
('LM004', 'RADHA', 'CHENNAI', ('2012-04-22'), ('2013-04-21'), 'Temporary'),

('LM005', 'GURU', 'BANGALORE', ('2012-03-30'), ('2013-03-29'), 'Temporary'),

('LM006', 'MOHAN', 'CHENNAI', ('2012-04-12'), ('2013-04-12'), 'Temporary');

select * from LMS_MEMBERS;

Output:



Query:

Insert into LMS SUPPLIERS DETAILS Values

('S01', 'SINGAPORE SHOPPEE', 'CHENNAI', 989412355, 'sing@gmail.com'),

('S02','JK Stores', 'MUMBAI', 994012345 ,'jks@yahoo.com'),

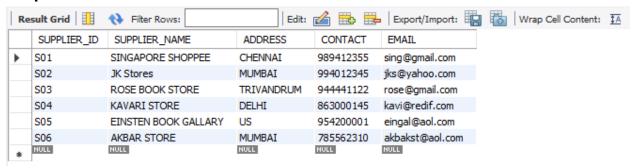
('S03','ROSE BOOK STORE', 'TRIVANDRUM', 944441122,'rose@gmail.com'),

('S04','KAVARI STORE', 'DELHI', 863000145,'kavi@redif.com'),

('S05', 'EINSTEN BOOK GALLARY', 'US', 954200001, 'eingal@aol.com'),

('S06','AKBAR STORE', 'MUMBAI',785562310 ,'akbakst@aol.com');

select * from LMS SUPPLIERS DETAILS;

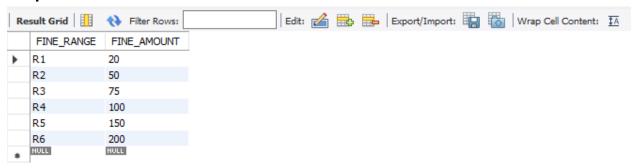


Query:

```
Insert into LMS_FINE_DETAILS Values ('R1', 20), ('R2', 50), ('R3', 75), ('R4', 100), ('R5', 150), ('R6', 200);
```

select * from lms_fine_details;

Output:



Query:

Insert into LMS BOOK DETAILS Values

('BL000001', 'Java How To Do Program', 'JAVA', 'Paul J. Deitel', 'Prentice Hall', ('1999-10-12'), 6, 600.00, 'A1', ('2011-10-05'), 'S01'),

('BL000002', 'Java: The Complete Reference ', 'JAVA', 'Herbert Schildt', 'Tata Mcgraw Hill ', ('2011-10-10'), 5, 750.00, 'A1', ('2011-10-05'), 'S03'),

('BL000003', 'Java How To Do Program', 'JAVA', 'Paul J. Deitel', 'Prentice Hall', ('1999-02-10'), 6, 600.00, 'A1', ('2012-05-12'), 'S01'),

('BL000004', 'Java: The Complete Reference ', 'JAVA', 'Herbert Schildt', 'Tata Mcgraw Hill ', ('2011-10-10'), 5, 750.00, 'A1', ('2012-05-12'), 'S01'),

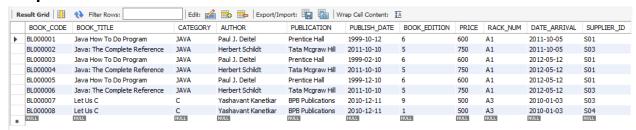
('BL000005', 'Java How To Do Program', 'JAVA', 'Paul J. Deitel', 'Prentice Hall', ('1999-12-10'), 6, 600.00, 'A1', ('2012-05-12'), 'S01'),

('BL000006', 'Java: The Complete Reference ', 'JAVA', 'Herbert Schildt', 'Tata Mcgraw Hill ', ('2011-10-10'), 5, 750.00, 'A1', ('2012-05-12'), 'S03'),

('BL000007', 'Let Us C', 'C', 'Yashavant Kanetkar', 'BPB Publications', ('2010-12-11'), 9, 500.00, 'A3', ('2010-01-03'), 'S03'),

('BL000008', 'Let Us C', 'C', 'Yashavant Kanetkar ','BPB Publications', ('2010-12-11'),.9, 500.00, 'A3', ('2010-01-03'), 'S04');

select * from LMS BOOK DETAILS;



Query:

Insert into LMS BOOK ISSUE Values

(001, 'LM001', 'BL000001', ('2012-05-01'), ('2012-05-16'), ('2012-05-16'), 'N', 'R1'),

(002, 'LM002', 'BL000002', ('2012-02-12'),('2012-06-06'), ('2012-11-01'), 'N', 'R2'),

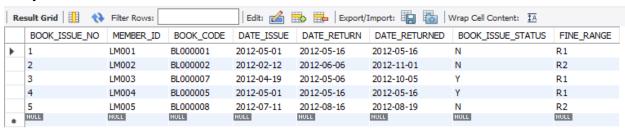
(003, 'LM003', 'BL000007', ('2012-04-19'),('2012-05-06'), ('2012-10-05'),'Y','R1'),

(004, 'LM004', 'BL000005', ('2012-05-01'), ('2012-05-16'), ('2012-05-16'), 'Y', 'R1'),

(005, 'LM005', 'BL000008', ('2012-07-11'), ('2012-08-16'), ('2012-08-19'), 'N', 'R2');

select * from LMS BOOK ISSUE;

Output:



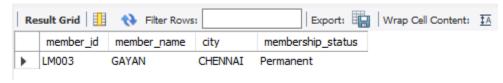
Simple Questions

Problem #1

Write a query to display the member id, member name, city and membership status who are all having life time membership. Hint: Life time membership status is "Permanent".

Query:

select member_id, member_name, city, membership_status from lms_members where membership_status = 'Permanent';



Write a query to display the member id, member name who have not returned the books. Hint: Book return status is book_issue_status ='Y' or 'N'.

Query:

select member_id, member_name from lms_members join lms_book_issue using(member_id) where Book_issue_status = 'N';

Output:



Problem #3

Write a query to display the member id, member name who have taken the book with book code 'BL000002'.

Query:

select member_id, member_name from lms_members join lms_book_issue using(member_id) where book_code = 'BL000002';

Output:

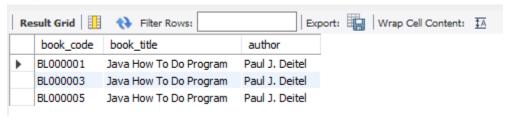


Problem #4

Write a query to display the book code, book title and author of the books whose author name begins with 'P'.

Query:

select book code, book title, author from lms book details where author like 'P%';



Problem #5

Write a query to display the total number of Java books available in library with alias name 'NO_OF_BOOKS'.

Query:

select count(book_code) as 'NO_OF_BOOKS' from Ims_book_details where category = 'Java';

Output:



Problem #6

Write a query to list the category and number of books in each category with alias name 'NO_OF_BOOKS'.

Query:

select category, count(book_code) as 'NO_OF_BOOKS' from lms_book_details group by category;



Write a query to display the number of books published by "Prentice Hall" with the alias name "NO_OF_BOOKS".

Query:

select count(book_code) as 'NO_OF_BOOKS' from Ims_book_details where publication = 'Prentice Hall';

Output:



Problem #8

Write a query to display the book code, book title of the books which are issued on the date "1 st April 2012".

Query:

select book_code, book_title from lms_book_details join lms_book_issue using(book_code) where date_issue = '2012-04-01';

Output:



Problem #9

Write a query to display the member id, member name, date of registration and expiry date of the members whose membership expiry date is before APR 2013.

Query:

select member_id, member_name, date_register, date_expire from lms_members where date_expire < '2013-04-01';

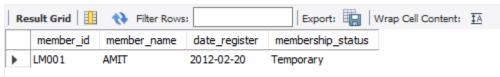


write a query to display the member id, member name, date of registration, membership status of the members who registered before "March 2012" and membership status is "Temporary"

Query:

select member_id, member_name, date_register, membership_status from lms_members where date_register < '2012-03-01' and membership_status = 'Temporary';

Output:



Problem #11

Write a query to display the member id, member name who's City is CHENNAI or DELHI. Hint: Display the member name in title case with alias name 'Name'.

Query:

select member_id, member_name as 'Name' from Ims_members where city = 'Chennai' or city = 'Delhi';

Output:



Problem #12

Write a query to concatenate book title, author and display in the following format. Book_Title_is_written_by_Author Example: Let Us C_is_written_by_Yashavant Kanetkar Hint: display unique books. Use "BOOK_WRITTEN_BY" as alias name.

Query:

select distinct concat(book_title,'_is_written_by_',author) as 'BOOK_WRITTEN_BY' from lms_book_details;



Problem #13

Write a query to display the average price of books which is belonging to 'JAVA' category with alias name "AVERAGEPRICE".

Query:

select avg(price) as 'AVERAGEPRICE' from Ims book details where category = 'Java';

Output:

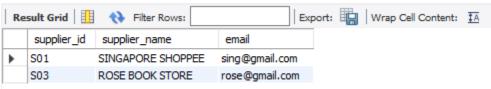


Problem #14

Write a query to display the supplier id, supplier name and email of the suppliers who are all having gmail account.

Query:

select supplier_id, supplier_name, email from lms_suppliers_details where email like '%gmail%';

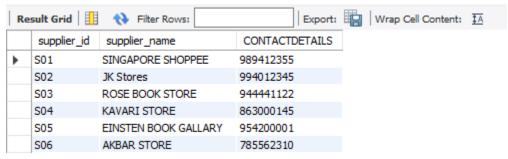


Write a query to display the supplier id, supplier name and contact details. Contact details can be either phone number or email or address with alias name "CONTACTDETAILS". If phone number is null then display email, even if email also null then display the address of the supplier. Hint: Use Coalesce function.

Query:

select supplier_id, supplier_name, coalesce(contact, email, address, 'N/A') as 'CONTACTDETAILS' from Ims_suppliers_details;

Output:



Problem #16

Write a query to display the supplier id, supplier name and contact. If phone number is null then display 'No' else display 'Yes' with alias name "PHONENUMAVAILABLE". Hint: Use NVL2.

Query:

select supplier_id, supplier_name, if(contact is null,'No','Yes') as 'PHONENUMAVAILABLE' from lms_suppliers_details;



Average Questions

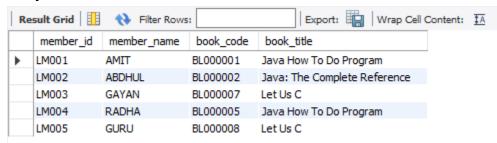
Problem #1

Write a query to display the member id, member name of the members, book code and book title of the books taken by them.

Query:

select member_id, member_name, book_code, book_title from lms_members join lms_book_issue using(member_id) join lms_book_details using(book_code);

Output:



Problem #2

Write a query to display the total number of books available in the library with alias name "NO_OF_BOOKS_AVAILABLE" (Which is not issued). Hint: The issued books details are available in the LMS BOOK ISSUE table.

Query:

select count(book_issue_no) as 'NO_OF_BOOKS_AVAILABLE' from lms_book_issue where book_issue_status = 'N';

Output:

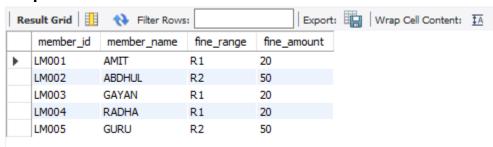


Problem #3

Write a query to display the member id, member name, fine range and fine amount of the members whose fine amount is less than 100.

Query:

select member_id, member_name, fine_range, fine_amount from lms_members join lms_book_issue using(member_id) join lms_fine_details using(fine_range) where fine_amount < 100;



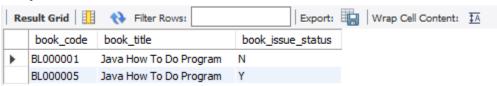
Problem #4

Write a query to display the book code, book title and availability status of the 'JAVA' books whose edition is "6". Show the availability status with alias name "AVAILABILITYSTATUS". Hint: Book availability status can be fetched from "BOOK_ISSUE_STATUS" column of LMS_BOOK_ISSUE table.

Query:

select book_code, book_title, book_issue_status from Ims_book_details join Ims_book_issue using(book_code) where category = 'Java' and book_edition = 6;

Output:

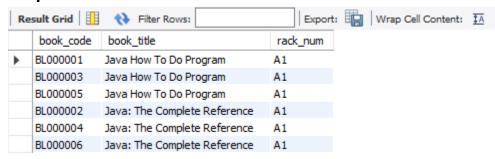


Problem #5

Write a query to display the book code, book title and rack number of the books which are placed in rack 'A1' and sort by book title in ascending order.

Query:

select book_code, book_title, rack_num from lms_book_details where rack_num = 'A1' order by book_title;



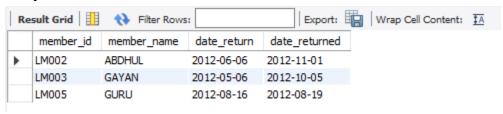
Problem #6

Write a query to display the member id, member name, due date and date returned of the members who has returned the books after the due date. Hint: Date_return is due date and Date_returned is actual book return date.

Query:

select member_id, member_name, date_return, date_returned from Ims_members join Ims_book_issue using(member_id) where date_returned > date_return;

Output:

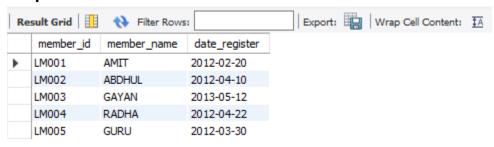


Problem #7

Write a query to display the member id, member name and date of registration who have not taken any book.

Query:

select member_id, member_name, date_register from lms_members where member_id in (select member_id from lms_book_issue);



Problem #8

Write a Query to display the member id and member name of the members who has not paid any fine in the year 2012.

Query:

select member_id, member_name from lms_members where member_id not in (select member_id from lms_book_issue where fine_range is not null and year(date_returned) = 2012);

Output:



Problem #9

Write a query to display the date on which the maximum numbers of books were issued and the number of books issued with alias name "NOOFBOOKS".

Query:

select date_issue, count(book_issue_no) as 'NOOFBOOKS' from lms_book_issue group by date_issue having count(book_issue_no) = (select max(max_book) from (select count(book_issue_no) as 'max_book' from lms_book_issue group by date_issue) as sub);

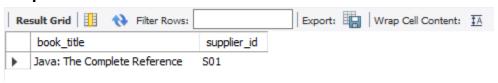


Write a query to list the book title and supplier id for the books authored by "Herbert Schildt" and the book edition is 5 and supplied by supplier 'S01'.

Query:

select book_title, supplier_id from lms_book_details join lms_suppliers_details using(supplier id) where author = 'Herbert Schildt' and book_edition = 5 and supplier id = 'S01';

Output:



Problem #11

Write a query to display the rack number and the number of books in each rack with alias name "NOOFBOOKS" and sort by rack number in ascending order.

Query:

select rack_num, count(book_code) as 'NOOFBOOKS' from lms_book_details group by rack_num order by rack_num;

Output:



Problem #12

Write a query to display book issue number, member name, date or registration, date of expiry, book title, category author, price, date of issue, date of return, actual returned date, issue status, fine amount.

Query:

select book_issue_no, member_name, date_register, date_expire, book_title, category, author, price, date_issue, date_return, date_returned, book_issue_status, fine_amount from lms_members join lms_book_issue using(member_id) join lms_book_details using(book_code) join lms_fine_details using(fine_range);



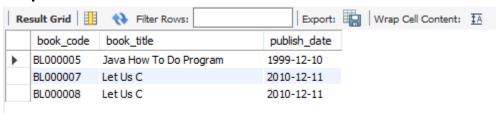
Problem #13

Write a query to display the book code, title, publish date of the books which is been published in the month of December.

Query:

select book_code, book_title, publish_date from lms_book_details where monthname(publish_date) = 'December';

Output:

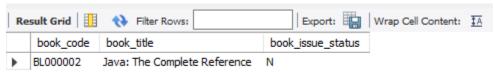


Problem #14

Write a query to display the book code, book title and availability status of the 'JAVA' books whose edition is "5". Show the availability status with alias name "AVAILABILITYSTATUS". Hint: Book availability status can be fetched from "BOOK_ISSUE_STATUS" column of LMS_BOOK_ISSUE table.

Query:

select book_code, book_title, book_issue_status from Ims_book_details join Ims_book_issue using(book_code) where category = 'Java' and book_edition = 5;



Complex Questions

Problem #1

Write a query to display the book code, book title and supplier name of the supplier who has supplied maximum number of books. For example, if "ABC Store" supplied 3 books, "LM Store" has supplied 2 books and "XYZ Store" has supplied 1 book. So "ABC Store" has supplied maximum number of books, hence display the details as mentioned below.

Example: BOOK_CODE BOOK_TITLE SUPPLIER_NAME BL000008 Easy Reference for Java ABC STORE BL000001 Easy Reference for C ABC STORE BL000003 Easy Reference for VB ABC STORE

Query:

select book_code, book_title, supplier_name from Ims_book_details join Ims_suppliers_details using(supplier_id) where supplier_id in (select supplier_id from Ims_book_details group by supplier_id having count(book_code) = (select max(max_count) from(select count(book_code) as 'max_count' from Ims_book_details group by supplier_id) as sub));

Output:

Result Grid			
	book_code	book_title	supplier_name
•	BL000001	Java How To Do Program	SINGAPORE SHOPPEE
	BL000003	Java How To Do Program	SINGAPORE SHOPPEE
	BL000004	Java: The Complete Reference	SINGAPORE SHOPPEE
	BL000005	Java How To Do Program	SINGAPORE SHOPPEE

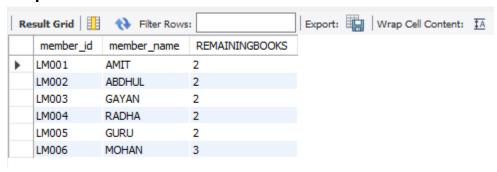
Problem #2

Write a query to display the member id, member name and number of remaining books he/she can take with "REMAININGBOOKS" as alias name. Hint: Assuming a member can take maximum 3 books. For example, Ramesh has already taken 2 books; he can take only one book now. Hence display the remaining books as 1 in below format.

Example: MEMBER_ID MEMBER_NAME REMAININGBOOKS LM001 RAMESH 1 LM002 MOHAN 3

Query:

select member_id, member_name, 3-count(book_issue_no) as 'REMAININGBOOKS' from Ims_members left join Ims_book_issue using(member_id) group by member_id;



Problem #3

Write a query to display the supplier id and supplier name of the supplier who has supplied minimum number of books. For example, if "ABC Store" supplied 3 books, "LM Store" has supplied 2 books and "XYZ Store" has supplied 1 book. So "XYZ Store" has supplied minimum number of books, hence display the details as mentioned below.

Example: SUPPLIER_ID SUPPLIER_NAME S04 XYZ STORE

Query:

select supplier_id, supplier_name from Ims_suppliers_details where supplier_id in (select supplier_id from Ims_book_details group by supplier_id having count(book_code) = (select min(min_count) from (select count(book_code) as 'min_count' from Ims_book_details group by supplier_id) as sub));

