

ELEC0144 Machine Learning for Robotics

Assignment 2

Year 2023/2024

Dr. Chow Yin Lai & Dr. Yu Wu

Guidelines:

- All deadlines are specified in Moodle, under the assessment section. Penalties will be applied for late submissions in accordance with the guidelines:
 https://www.ucl.ac.uk/academic-manual/chapters/chapter-4-assessment-framework-taught-programmes/section-3-module-assessment#3.12
- Please also be aware of UCL's Academic Misconduct policy:
 https://www.ucl.ac.uk/academic-manual/chapters/chapter-6-student-casework-framework/section-9-student-academic-misconduct-procedure.
 Collaboration with other teams via exchange of ideas, sharing of codes, re-using portions of the reports etc. are not allowed and will be considered as collusion.

1 Assignment 2: Backpropagation in Multilayer Perceptron & Transfer Learning in Convolutional Neural Network

1.1 Objective Summary

In the "MLP and Backpropagation" lecture, two examples have been shown — One on regression and another on classification. However, both were achieved using Matlab's Neural Network Toolbox. In the first part of the assignment, you are required to code the Multilayer Perceptron "from scratch", to demonstrate your understanding of the theory of backpropagation and optimisation.

In the second part of the assignment, you are required to perform transfer learning to train a pre-trained CNN to classify new classes which were not in the original training set. This will be done using Matlab deep learning toolbox.

In the last part of the assignment, you are required to write a two-page literature review about latest development in image classification.

1.2 Task 1: Regression

The following data (Figure 1) is generated using the code in Figure 2.

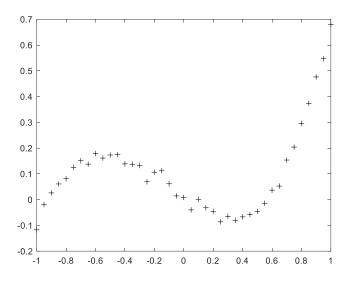


Figure 1: Training data for regression

```
%% the training data input x [-1, -0.95, -0.9, ..., 0.95, 1]
x=-1:0.05:1; % Note: need to put as row vector
len = length(x);

%% the training data output y, added with noise
d=0.8*x.^3 + 0.3 * x.^2 -0.4 * x + normrnd(0,0.02,[1,len]);
figure,plot(x,d,'k+')
```

Figure 2: Code for regression training data

- a) Derive the backpropagation algorithm for a 1-3-1 network (1 input node, 3 nodes with tanh activation function in hidden layer, 1 linear output node) using stochastic gradient descent, and detail this in your report. You should provide the details of your calculation for ALL nodes.
- b) Write a Matlab code (.m preferred, or .mlx) from scratch, i.e. not using Matlab NN toolbox, to train the above network for regression of the data. After training, plot the network output for the unseen test data (Figure 3). The expected output should be similar to that shown in Figure 4. Discuss your results in the report.

xtest=-0.97:0.1:0.93;

Figure 3: Test data for regression

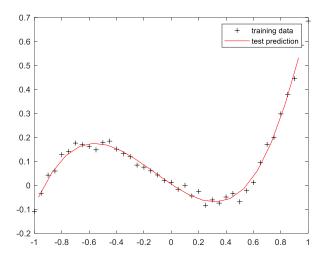


Figure 4: Expected outcome for regression

- c) In a separate Matlab code, try using less or more hidden layer nodes, and compare the results with the network in part a) and b). Discuss the results in your report.
- d) In a separate Matlab code, try using different activation functions for hidden and output layer, and compare the results with the network in part a) and b). You must try out ReLU in at least in one of your test cases. Discuss the results in your report. Also, please detail the changes in the local gradients when using these different types of activation functions.
- e) In a separate Matlab code, try using different training algorithms (for e.g. ADAM instead of Stochastic Gradient Descent), and compare the results with the network in part a) and b). Discuss the results in your report.
- f) Please use back to the original network (1-3tanh-1linear) network and by using stochastic gradient descent. However, this time, reduce the training data by 20% and 50% by removing 20%/50% samples randomly. Train the network and discuss the results.
- g) In your report, sketch how you would use ReLU in the hidden layer to approximate the data.

Note: You may also use Python if your whole group agrees to it. However, you may only use basic package including panda, numpy and matplotlib. No advanced packages are required for this task.

1.3 Task 2: Classification

You are given the IrisData.txt file. Write your code to change the iris types into numbers, randomize the orders, then choose the first 70% of the data as training data and the remaining 30% as validation data.

Following that:

- a) Derive the backpropagation algorithm for a 4-5-3-3 network (4 input node, 5 nodes in first hidden layer with tanh function, 3 nodes in second hidden layer with tanh function, and 3 output nodes) using **stochastic gradient descent**, and detail this in your report. Because this is a bigger network, you do not need to show the derivation of all nodes in your report. Instead, just pick one node for each layer as an example (similar to what I did in my lecture notes) and then write down the generalization of the formula.
- b) Write a Matlab code (.m preferred, or .mlx) from scratch, i.e. not using Matlab NN toolbox, to train the above network to classify the iris data into the correct classes. Discuss your results in the report.
- c) In a separate Matlab code, try using less or more hidden layer nodes, and compare the results with the network in part a) and b). Discuss the results in your report.
- d) In a separate Matlab code, try using different activation functions for hidden and output layer, and compare the results with the network in part a) and b). You must try out ReLU in at least in one of your test cases. Discuss the results in your report. Unlike in the regression task earlier, there is no need to detail the changes in the local gradients when using these different types of activation functions.
- e) In a separate Matlab code, try using different training algorithms (for e.g. ADAM instead of Stochastic Gradient Descent), and compare the results with the network in part a) and b). Discuss the results in your report.

Note: You may also use Python if your whole group agrees to it. However, you may only use basic package including panda, numpy and matplotlib. No advanced packages are required for this task.

1.4 Task 3: Transfer Learning

Towards the end of the "CNN and Image Classification" lecture notes, an example code on performing transfer learning using Matlab has been provided. Another example which is similar can be found on this page:

https://uk.mathworks.com/help/deeplearning/ug/transfer-learning-using-alexnet.html

The "only" thing which has not been fully discussed is the Image Datastore, which is how images should be stored in Matlab. It is quite easy to set this up: Just create a folder with one subfolder for each label. For e.g.



Figure 5: Image Datastore

And then run the command:

```
imds = imageDatastore('MerchData', ...
'IncludeSubfolders',true, ...
'LabelSource','foldernames');
```

Figure 6: Code to create Image Datastore

This assignment will allow you to understand the full process of performing transfer function on new image classes. Your tasks:

- a) Download from the internet your own set of fruits data, comprising 5 different classes: Durian, papaya, kiwi fruits, mangosteen and mango. Collect 15 images for each category. You will need to resize them into 227 x 227 x 3 uint8. Then create the image datastore with meaningful names.
- b) Perform transfer learning on the data, using AlexNet as the pre-trained network. Use 70% of the data for training and 30% of the data for validation. Discuss the results, and submit your code as well as your image folder.
- c) Try varying the number of layers to be replaced and discuss the results. (Note: The last two layers will still be softmax and classification, so you will be varying the number of layers before the softmax layer).
- d) Perform transfer learning on the data, using GoogLeNet as the pre-trained network. Use 70% of the data for training and 30% of the data for validation. Discuss the results, and submit your code as well as your image folder.
- e) Perform transfer learning on the data, using GoogLeNet as the pre-trained network. Use 60% of the data for training and 40% of the data for validation. Discuss the results, and submit your code as well as your image folder.
- f) For each of the subtasks above, please also try varying the learning parameters and discuss the effects on the outcomes.

Note: You may also use Python if your whole group agrees to it. For this task, you are allowed to use KERAS or Pytorch.

1.5 Literature Review

In this task, you will write a **two-page** literature review about the latest development or algorithms for image classification. Please do not include any of the algorithms or network structure which have already been taught in the lecture. You may include one or two "older" algorithms for historical reasons, but emphasis should be given to newer algorithms since 2018.

1.6 What to Submit

- Your Matlab codes, with proper comments. The code will be tested! Please name your code in simple-to-follow manner, e.g. "Task1a.m".
- A written report which details the implementation of your algorithms (e.g. how the derivatives of the activation function are implemented in the codes), results, comparisons, discussions, literature review etc.
- You should **put everything (Matlab codes AND your written report) into a zip folder**, then submit the zip folder onto the submission point on Moodle. Note: please do not submit .rar file only .zip is allowed.
- Only one member per team needs to submit the zip folder.

1.7 More about the Report

The report should have a cover page clearly indicating the following details:

- Report title.
- Team number.
- Full name, student number and email address for each team member.
- Submission date.

The body of the report must be organized under the following section headings:

- Executive summary
- Regression
- Classification
- Transfer Learning
- Literature Review
- Teamwork How the tasks have been split among the team members.
- Conclusion

The list of references should appear on separate pages. References should be formatted using the IEEE Citation Style. It is extremely important that all third party sources of information are properly credited and referenced in the correct manner. The inclusion of any text or diagrams from websites or documents must be clearly indicated and referenced.

Font size should be exactly 11 points. Recommended font type is Calibri or Arial. Text should be both left and right aligned (justified text). All figures should have captions, axes labels and legends where appropriate. Curves should be distinguishable even if printed in black and white.

1.8 Marking Criteria

This assignment contributes 40% to the overall score of the module. The marking criteria are described in the following table:

	Criteria	Mark
		Weight
Regression code	Code works properly, with good comments.	5%
Regression report	Details of the algorithm, derivation, discussions and	6%
	comparisons clear and comprehensive.	
Classification code	Code works properly, with good comments.	5%
Classification report	Details of the algorithm, derivation, discussions and	6%
	comparisons clear and comprehensive.	
Transfer learning code	Code works properly, with good comments.	5%
Transfer learning report	Details of the algorithm, derivation, discussions and	6%
	comparisons clear and comprehensive.	
Literature Survey	Evidence of reading a wide range of literature, clear	5%
	evidence of critical thinking, good organization.	
Report (Format)	English syntax and style, general organization and	2%
	formatting, figure, table and equation presentation	
	and use, literature citations are use all appropriate.	

For each of the categories above, the marking rubric is as follows:

	0-39%	40-49%	50-59%	60-69%	70-79%	80-100%
Codes (regressio n / classificati on / transfer learning)	Program does not work, or has major flaws that prevent its intended use. Program is very difficult to read. Code contains lines that do not work or are out of order.	Program mostly work, but has major flaws. Program is difficult to read.	Program works in the way the student intended, but has minor flaws. Program is slightly difficult to read.	Program works in the way the student intended. Program is well organized, easy to read and understand.	Program is functional and refined. Program is well organized, makes good use of white space and comments.	Program is functional and exceptionally refined, with extra features that exceed the requirements. Program is extremely well organized, makes good use of white space and comments. Variables have helpful names.

	0-39%	40-49%	50-59%	60-69%	70-79%	80-100%
Report (regressio n / classificati on / transfer learning)	Missing or very poor written-report.	Details and examples are not organized, are hard to follow and understand. Unable to find specific details.	Information is scattered and needs further development. Details are somewhat sketchy.	Information is logically ordered with paragraphs and transitions. Some details don't support the report topic.	Information is presented in effective order. Good structure of paragraphs and transitions enhances readability and comprehension. Supporting details are specific to topic and provide the necessary information. Good discussions which demonstrates critical thinking and analytical skills.	Information is presented in effective order, and is of award of publication quality. Excellent structure of paragraphs and transitions enhances readability and comprehension. Supporting details are specific to topic and provide the necessary information. Exceptional discussions which demonstrates excellent critical thinking and analytical skills.
Literature	Missing or poor bibliography, e.g. unrelated or irrelevant to project. Missing or Poor literature review.	Basic bibliography with a very limited selection of literature or disproportionat e use of grey literature. Basic or no justifications of choices. Basic literature review, with significant gaps.	Reasonable bibliography with some gaps and limited justifications of choices. Reasonable literature review, with some weaknesses.	Good bibliography covering breadth and/or depth. Good justifications of choices. Sound literature review, with minor gaps.	Very good bibliography covering breadth and depth. Very good justifications of choices. Very critical literature review.	Exceptionally good bibliography covering breadth and depth near the forefront of knowledge. Exceptionally good justifications of choices. Exceptionally critical literature review.

	0-39%	40-49%	50-59%	60-69%	70-79%	80-100%
Format	A (very) large	Frequent	Report is	Report	Report well	Error free
	number of	language errors	generally	generally well	written	Report, with
	language errors.	and/or	readable, but	written, using	throughout,	excellent use of
	Inappropriate	inconsistent use	with significant	scientific/techni	always using of	scientific/techni
	language style.	of language	number of	cal language,	scientific/techni	cal language.
	Significant	style distract	language errors.	but with some	cal language. No	Correct
	proportion of	from the	Language style	language errors.	or only minor	citations and
	the report(very)	content.	requires some	Correct	language errors.	formatting
	difficult to	Citations	reworking.	citations and	Correct	without errors
	follow.	accessible, but	Mostly correct	formatting with	citations and	or
	Literature	significant	citations and	minor errors or	formatting	inconsistencies.
	missing or	formatting	formatting	inconsistencies.	without errors	Citations might
	incorrectly	errors distract	following		or	be hyperlinked
	cited,	from the	guidelines, with		inconsistencies.	to online
	unsuitable	content.	some errors or			version where
	formatting, or		inconsistencies.			possible.
	not accessible,					
	e.g. wrong or					
	broken links,					
	non-English					
	language.					

1.9 Peer Review

Your group will receive a group mark for this assignment.

Individual students will then receive a different mark based on peer review. In the peer review (which will happen at the end of the term), you will be assessed by your team members on your attendance, effort, communication, contribution, respect, collaboration and standard of work.

The calculation is as follows:

- Group mark: Numerical score out of 40 (e.g. 30)
- Peer Review: Average percentage given by other students (e.g. 70%)
- Individual mark = Group mark x Peer Review (e.g. 30 x 70% = 21)

Note: Peer review submission is **compulsory**. Students who do not submit the peer review will have their individual peer review score capped at 70%.

You will be using the following peer review rubric:

Criteria	No submission	Poor (40%)	Satisfactory	Good (100%)
	(0%)		(70%)	
Attendance to	Never turns up	Miss several	Always attend	Always attend
meetings.	to meetings.	meetings or	meetings but	meetings,
		late to several	late for several	always
		meetings,	times.	punctual.
		without	Teammates	Teammates
		notifying	notified if	notified if
		teammates.	cannot attend	cannot attend
			or late (with	(with reasons
			reasons	provided).
			provided).	
Participation	No	Seldom	Actively	Always actively
during	participation	actively	providing	providing
meetings.	during	providing	suggestions,	suggestions,
	meetings.	suggestions,	ideas,	ideas,
		ideas,	comments	comments.
		comments.	most of the	Always
		Seldom	time.	participate in
		participate in	Participate in	discussions.
		discussions.	discussions	Always
		Seldom	most of the	respectful to
		respectful to	time.	other students'
		other students'	Respectful to	ideas.
		ideas.	other students'	
			ideas most of	
			the time.	
Contribution to	No	Minimal	Works	Excellent
project and	contribution to	contributions,	independently	quality of
standard of	the project.	frequently	but quality is	work, can work
work.		needs help	not very high,	independently
		from others.	needs some	and able to
			help with	help others if
			work.	needed.

Communication	No	Huge delay in	Slight delay in	Keep others
	communication	replying	replying	up-to-date
	at all.	messages /	messages /	with the
		emails. Huge	emails. Slight	progress. Seek
		delay in	delay in	help early on
		seeking help,	seeking help,	(if needed) so
		thereby	thereby	as not to delay
		delaying	delaying	the project or
		progress badly	progress	create stress
		or create huge	slightly or	towards
		stress towards	create some	deadline. Fast
		deadline.	stress towards	in replying
			deadline.	messages /
				emails.