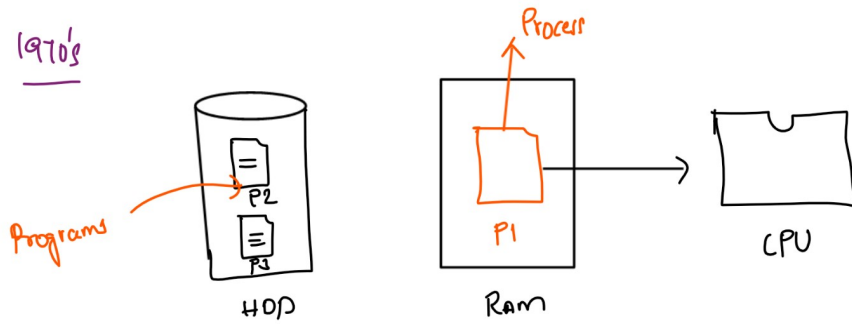
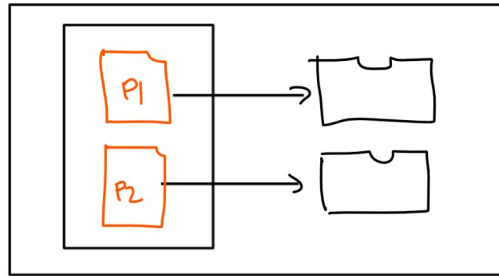


# Multi Tasking

1970's



1980's

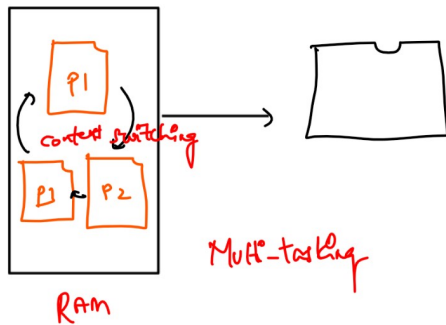


Motherboard [parallel processing]

1990's

< 0.5's

< 1 us  $\frac{1}{1000}$  sec



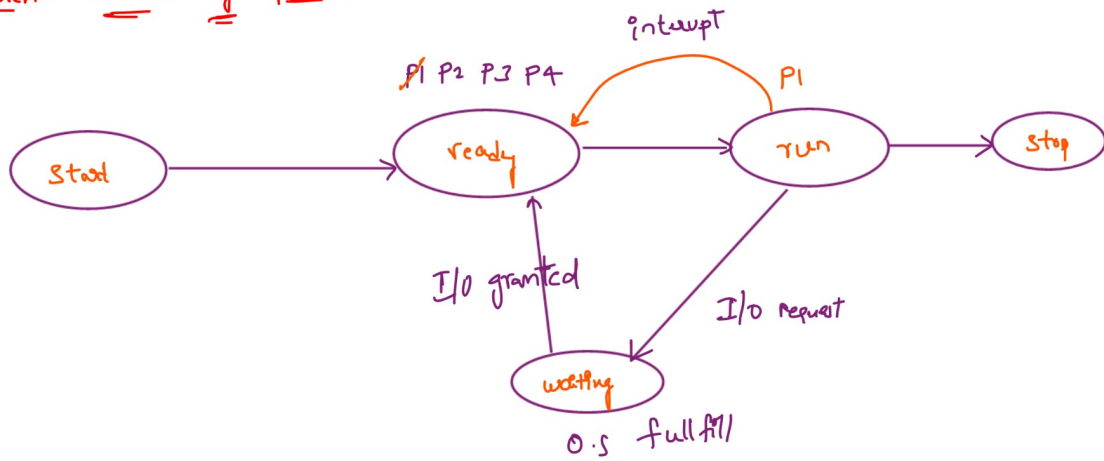
Process % A program under execution is referred as "process"

→ Executing more than one process simultaneously by a single processor

is referred as "multi-tasking"

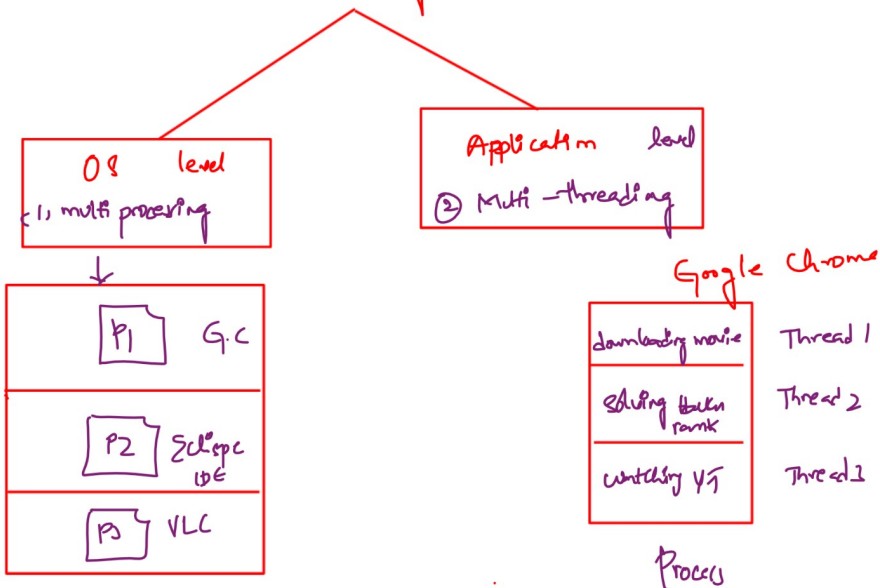
- \* The main use of multi-tasking is to utilize the CPU efficiently
- \* The process of shifting from one program to another program is referred as 'Content switching' which is performed by 'O.S'

## Different states of process



Mutually Exclusive Resources: are such resources which can be used by only process at a time

Multi-tasking has 2 levels



Multi-processing: It happens on O.S level, i.e O.S is going to control all different processes

→ In the above example, all are executing at same time, is considered as multi-processing

→ all the processes above is controlled by O.S

Multi-threading: It happens at application level

Thread: A thread is a light weight process (or) It is a smallest unit in a process

How Computers count?  
→ How many processes?  
→ How many threads?