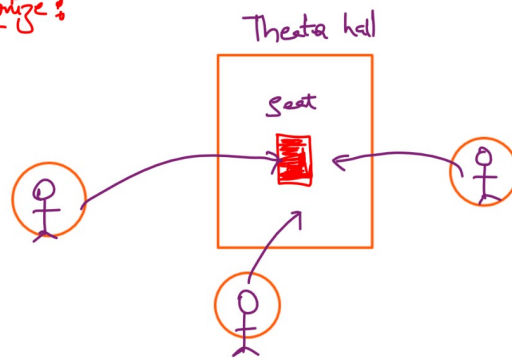


# Class level Thread Synchronize:

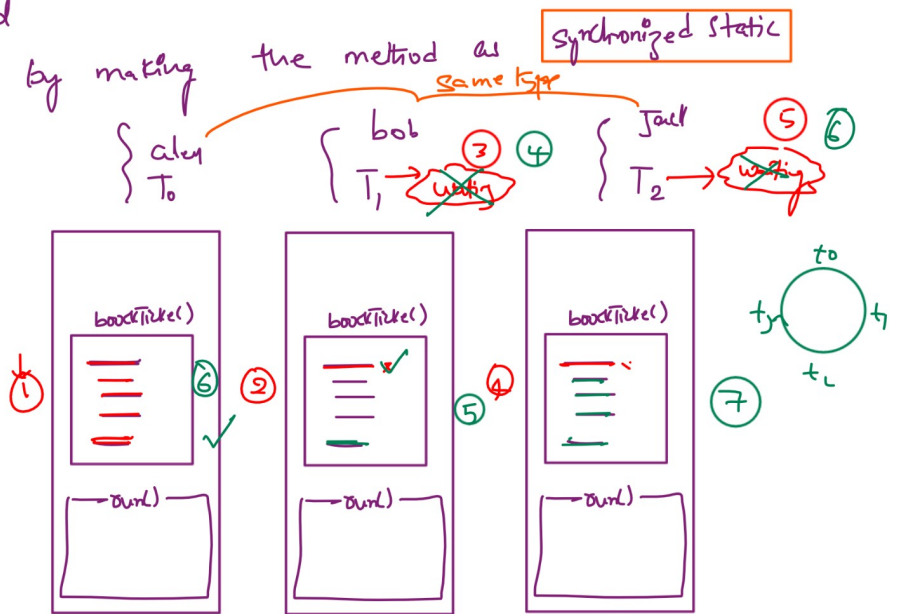
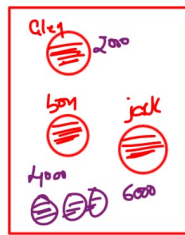
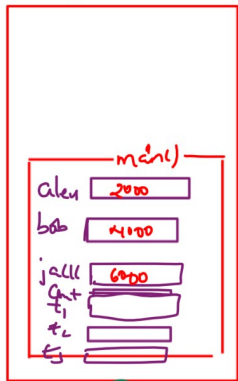


## Notes:

- 1, In the above case, 3 different users are trying to access the same seat at a time
- 2, which is not allowed in real world scenario
- 3, To achieve this, when one user tries to book the seat, other users of the type [Class] should get locked
- 4, This can be implemented by making the method as synchronized static

## Memory mapping

{ main



# Synchronized Hack

## Notes

→ When we make use of synchronized methods(), The efficiency of program/application would be reduced

→ If one thread is executing the synchronized(), then other threads who want the synchronized method() will be in waiting state

→ In case if we don't want the whole method to be synchronized, but only few lines to be synchronized then going for synchronized method would be bad approach

→ The better approach would be go with synchronized block

To achieve object level lock

```
void withdraw() {
```

```
    _____
    _____
    _____
    _____

```

```
    synchronized(this)
    {
```

```
        _____
        _____
        _____
    }
    _____
    _____
    _____

```

```
}
```

To achieve class level lock

```
void bookTicket() {
```

```
    _____
    _____
    _____
    _____

```

```
    synchronized(className.class)
    {
```

```
        _____
        _____
        _____
    }
    _____
    _____
    _____

```

```
}
```

