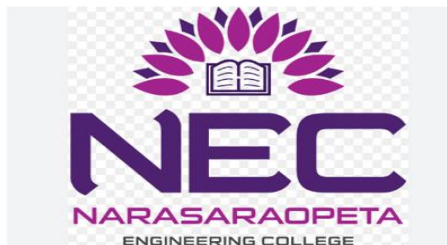


A Micro Project Report

on

Problem Solving using C Language

Submitted by
Katepalli Nandini (23471A05DW)



DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

NARASARAOPETA ENGINEERING COLLEGE : NARASARAOPET

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CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that **Katepalli Nandini**, **Roll No: 23471A05DW**, a Second Year Student of the Department of Computer Science and Engineering, has completed the Micro Project Satisfactorily in “Problem Solving using C Language” for the Academic Year 2024-2025..

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Read a number and Displaying Its Digit in Words

Source code:

```
#include <stdio.h>

#include <math.h>

int main()
{
    int x, digit = 0, num;
    printf("Enter a number: ");
    scanf("%d", &x);

    num = (int)log10(x) + 1;

    int original = x;
    while (x != 0)
    {
        digit = (digit * 10) + (x % 10);
        x = x / 10;
    }

    int reversedNumDigits = (digit == 0) ? 1 : (int)log10(digit) + 1;

    while (digit != 0)
    {
        switch (digit % 10)
        {
            case 0:
                printf("zero ");
                break;
            case 1:
```

```
        printf("one ");
        break;
    case 2:
        printf("two ");
        break;
    case 3:
        printf("three ");
        break;
    case 4:
        printf("four ");
        break;
    case 5:
        printf("five ");
        break;
    case 6:
        printf("six ");
        break;
    case 7:
        printf("seven ");
        break;
    case 8:
        printf("eight ");
        break;
    case 9:
        printf("nine ");
        break;
    }
    digit = digit / 10;
}

for (int i = 0; i < num - reversedNumDigits; i++) {
    printf("zero ");
}

return 0;
```

}

Input:

Enter a number : 1020

Output:

One zero two zero

```
Enter a number: 1020
one zero two zero
```

Convert binary number to decimal

Source code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<string.h>
long long convert(long long n);
int main()
{
    long long num;
    printf("enter a binary number:");
    scanf("%lld",&num);
    printf("%lld in binary=%lld in decimal",n,convert(n));
    return 0;
}
long long convert(long long n)
{
    long long dec =0;
}
int i=0,rem;
while(n!=0)
{
    rem=n%10;
    dec=dec+rem power(2,i);
    n=n/10;
    ++i;
}
return dec;
}
```

Input :

Enter a binary number : 1010

Output :

1010 in binary = 10 in decimal

Convert decimal numbers to binary

Source code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<math.h>
long long convert(int n);
int main()
{
    int num;

    printf("enter a decimal number:");
    scanf("%d",&num);
    binary=convert(num);
    printf("%d in decimal=%lld in binary",num,binary);
    return 0;
}
long long convert(int n)
{
    long long binary=0;
    int i=1,rem;
    while(n!=0)
    {
        rem=num%2;
        binary=binary+rem*i;
        num=num/2;
        i=i*10;
    }
    return binary;
}
```


Input :

Enter a decimal number : 10

Output :

10 in decimal = 1010 in binary

```
Enter a decimal number: 10
10 in decimal = 1010 in binary
```

Convert decimal to octal and hexa decimal

Source code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
int k,j,a[20];
Void oct(int num)
{
    int i=0;
    while(num>0)
    {
        a[i]=num%8;
        i++;
        num=num/8;
    }
    k=i-1;
    printf("The octal number is:");
    for(j=k;j>=0;j--)
    {
        printf("%d",a[j]);
    }
    printf("\n");
}
void hexa(int n)
{
    printf("Hexadecimal number is:%x\n",n);
}
int main()
{
    oct(4324);
    hexa(500);
    return 0;
}
```

}

Input:

The octal number is : 10344

Output:

Hexadecimal number is : 1f4

```
The octal number is: 10344  
Hexadecimal number is: 1f4
```