命令行工具开发

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JCBioinformatics-2019-Python

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Contents

- 简介
- 常见概念
- argparse
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Command Line Interface

- 提供一个给 shell 用户的调用接口。
- 向脚本传递比较复杂的参数。
- 向用户提供详细的脚本使用说明。

Conceptions

- Arguments
 - positional
 - options (--arg / -a)
 - flag
 - default value
 - type
 - number of args
 - help
- Sub-command
 - command group
- Documents
- Complete (tab 补全)

cutadapt -o output.fasta.gz input.fastq.gz

```
→ git
usage: git [--version] [--help] [-C <path>] [-c <name>=<value>]
           [--exec-path[=<path>]] [--html-path] [--man-path] [--info-path]
           [-p | --paginate | --no-pager] [--no-replace-objects] [--bare]
           [--git-dir=<path>] [--work-tree=<path>] [--namespace=<name>]
           <command> [<args>]
These are common Git commands used in various situations:
start a working area (see also: git help tutorial)
              Clone a repository into a new directory
   clone
             Create an empty Git repository or reinitialize an existing one
   init
work on the current change (see also: git help everyday)
             Add file contents to the index
             Move or rename a file, a directory, or a symlink
             Reset current HEAD to the specified state
   reset
              Remove files from the working tree and from the index
```

argparse

- 属于Python标准模块:
 - 文档
 - 意味着更容易移植

```
import argparse

parser = argparse. ArgumentParser(description='Process some integers.')
parser. add_argument('integers', metavar='N', type=int, nargs='+', help='an integer for the accumulator')
parser. add_argument('--sum', dest='accumulate', action='store_const', const=sum, default=max, help='sum the integers (default: find the max)')

args = parser. parse_args()
print(args. accumulate(args. integers))
```

解析输入的 arguments, 存入 args

帮助信息

使用示例

```
$ python prog.py 1 2 3 4
4
$ python prog.py 1 2 3 4 --sum
10
```

Click

- https://github.com/pallets/click/
- · 装饰器语法,直接将函数包装为CLI

```
$ python hello.py --count=3
Your name: John
Hello John!
Hello John!
Hello John!
```

Fire

- https://github.com/google/python-fire
- 根据对象生成CLI, 使用非常简单
- 可以作为 debug 工具

```
import fire

def add(x, y):
    return x + y

def multiply(x, y):
    return x * y

if __name__ == '__main__':
    fire.Fire()
```

```
$ python example.py add 10 20
30
$ python example.py multiply 10 20
200
```

```
import fire
class BrokenCalculator(object):
  def init (self, offset=1):
     self. offset = offset
  def add(self, x, y):
   return x + y + self. offset
  def multiply(self, x, y):
   return x * y + self. offset
if name == ' main ':
  fire.Fire(BrokenCalculator)
$ python example.py add 10 20 --offset=0
30
$ python example.py multiply 10 20 --offset=0
200
```

```
class IngestionStage(object):
  def run(self):
    return 'Ingesting! Nom nom nom...'
class DigestionStage(object):
  def run(self, volume=1):
    return ' '.join(['Burp!'] * volume)
  def status(self):
    return 'Satiated.'
class Pipeline(object):
  def init (self):
    self.ingestion = IngestionStage()
    self.digestion = DigestionStage()
  def run(self):
    self.ingestion.run()
    self.digestion.run()
if _ name _ == '_ main__':
  fire.Fire(Pipeline)
```

```
$ python example.py run
Ingesting! Nom nom nom...
Burp!
$ python example.py ingestion run
Ingesting! Nom nom nom...
$ python example.py digestion run
Burp!
$ python example.py digestion status
Satiated.
```

docopt

- https://github.com/docopt/docopt
- 根据 Help(Docstring) 生成 CLI

```
"""Naval Fate.
Usage:
  naval fate.py ship new <name>...
  naval_fate.py ship <name> move <x> <y> [--speed=<kn>]
  naval_fate.py ship shoot <x> <y>
  naval fate.py mine (set remove) <x> <y> [--moored | --drifting]
  naval_fate.py (-h | --help)
  naval fate.py --version
Options:
  -h --help
                Show this screen.
  --version
                Show version.
  --speed=<kn> Speed in knots [default: 10].
  --moored
                Moored (anchored) mine.
  --drifting
               Drifting mine.
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from docopt import docopt
if name == ' main ':
    arguments = docopt(__doc__, version='Naval Fate 2.0')
    print(arguments)
```