README: Twitter Data Fetching and Sentiment Analysis

This script fetches recent tweets using Twitter API v2, analyzes the sentiment of the tweets using TextBlob, and stores the results in a CSV file.

Main Features

1. Fetch Tweets:

Retrieves recent tweets based on a specified keyword using the Twitter API v2.

2. Sentiment Analysis:

Uses **TextBlob** to calculate the sentiment polarity of each tweet:

Polarity ranges from -1 (negative) to 1 (positive).

3. Save Results:

Stores the tweets along with their sentiment scores in a CSV file (tweets_with_sentiment.csv).

Setup and Requirements

1. Python 3.8+:

Ensure Python is installed on your system.

2. Twitter Developer Account:

Get a Bearer Token from Twitter's Developer Portal. Set up a project here.

3. Required Libraries:

Install the following libraries using pip:

4. pip install tweepy pandas textblob

To use **TextBlob**, ensure that nltk is set up by downloading its corpora if not already done:

python -m textblob.download_corpora

How to Use

1. Replace Bearer Token:

Update the bearer_token variable in the script with your own Bearer Token:

2. bearer_token = "YOUR_BEARER_TOKEN"

3. Run the Script:

Use the command:

4. python sentiment_analysis.py

5. Input Parameters:

Modify the following variables:

- keyword: The search term for fetching tweets (e.g., "Python").
- o count: The number of tweets to fetch (max 100 per request).

6. Output:

o The fetched tweets with their sentiment scores are displayed in the terminal.

 A CSV file (tweets_with_sentiment.csv) containing tweet text, creation time, and sentiment scores is saved.

Script Workflow

1. Initialize Twitter API v2 Client:

o Authenticates the request using your Bearer Token.

2. Fetch Tweets:

o Uses the search_recent_tweets endpoint to collect tweets containing the specified keyword.

3. Analyze Sentiment:

o Uses TextBlob to calculate the sentiment polarity of each tweet.

4. Save and Display:

- o Outputs the tweets and sentiment scores.
- o Optionally saves them to a CSV file.

Notes

1. Rate Limits:

The Twitter API limits the number of requests. For the search_recent_tweets endpoint, the cap is 450 requests per 15 minutes.

2. Empty Results:

o If no tweets match the keyword, the script will display an appropriate message.

3. Extensibility:

 Enhance by adding features like advanced sentiment metrics, keyword automation, or real-time monitoring.

4. Data Privacy:

o Respect Twitter's Developer Agreement when using or sharing data.

Future Enhancements

- Integrate a machine learning model for advanced sentiment analysis.
- Store data in a database for scalability.
- Create a web app for real-time sentiment visualization using Flask or Django.