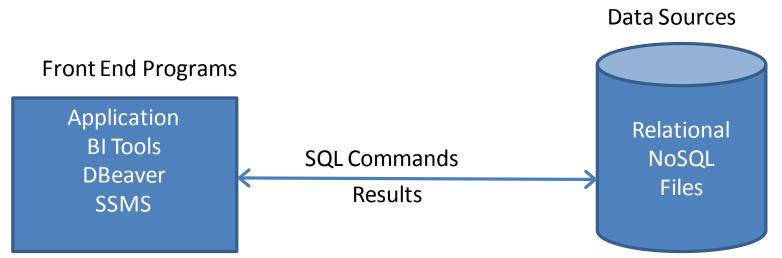
SQL

- Invented and deployed to support Relational Database Management Systems
- Becoming common interface for NoSQL databases
- De facto universal data language

Role of SQL



- SQL commands are sent from front-end programs to back-end server
- Back end server:
 - Parses command to determine action to be taken
 - Completes the action
 - Returns results

SQL Commands

- Not all Database Management Systems adhere 100% to SQL standards
- All Database Management Systems have their own proprietary enhancements to SQL standards
- TSQL: Transact SQL
 - Standard SQL + Microsoft's SQL Enhancements

SQL Command Categories

DML	DDL	DCL
SELECT	CREATE TABLE	GRANT
INSERT	ALTER TABLE	REVOKE
UPDATE	DROP TABLE	DENY
DELETE	CREATE VIEW	
	ALTER VIEW	
	DROP VIEW	

- DML: Data Manipulation Language
 - Selects and alters data
- DDL: Data Definition Language
 - Creates, alters, and drops database objects
- DCL: Data Control Language
 - Controls users' permissions

SELECT (Transact-SQL)

```
[ WITH <common_table_expression>]
SELECT select_list [ INTO new_table ]
[ FROM table_source ]
[ WHERE search_condition ]
[ GROUP BY group_by_expression ]
[ HAVING search_condition ]
[ ORDER BY order_expression [ ASC | DESC ] ]
```

WHERE Clause

- Optional
- After the FROM clause in a SELECT command
- Filters rows
- All rows will be returned when not present

SQL Comparison Operators

Operator	Meaning
= (Equals)	Equal to
> (Greater Than)	Greater than
< (Less Than)	Less than
>= (Greater Than or Equal To)	Greater than or equal to
<= (Less Than or Equal To)	Less than or equal to
<> (Not Equal To)	Not equal to
!= (Not Equal To)	Not equal to (not ISO standard)
!< (Not Less Than)	Not less than (not ISO standard)
!> (Not Greater Than)	Not greater than (not ISO standard)

SQL Logical Operators

Operator	Meaning	
ALL	TRUE if all of a set of comparisons are TRUE.	
AND	TRUE if both Boolean expressions are TRUE.	
ANY	TRUE if any one of a set of comparisons are TRUE.	
BETWEEN	TRUE if the operand is within a range.	
EXISTS	TRUE if a subquery contains any rows.	
IN	TRUE if the operand is equal to one of a list of expressions.	
LIKE	TRUE if the operand matches a pattern.	
NOT	Reverses the value of any other Boolean operator.	
OR	TRUE if either Boolean expression is TRUE.	
SOME	TRUE if some of a set of comparisons are TRUE.	