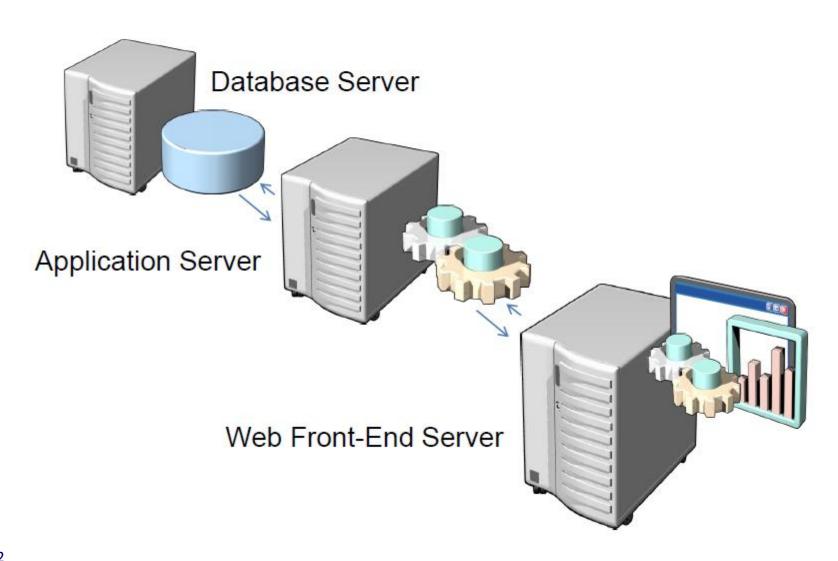
### What's covered here?

- How does database fit in the overall application infrastructure?
- Stages of database development lifecycle
- Software tools to facilitate database development
- Industry best practices

# Importance of Database



## Database Design Process

- 1 Identify and record database requirements
- 2 Create a conceptual model
- Transform the conceptual model into a logical model
- Implement a physical model from the logical model
- 5 Refine the physical model
- Build a prototype and test the database design

# Database Planning – Mission Statement

• *Mission statement* for the database project defines major goals of database application.

#### **Example:**

Database will contain information on employees and benefit plan enrollment. It will be used by HR staff only. It will not duplicate information already contained in the payroll information database.

# Database Planning – Mission Objectives

- Once mission statement is defined, *mission* objectives are defined.
- Each objective should identify a particular task that the database must support.

## **Gather Information**

- Examine existing data
- Interview potential users and management

# **Database Design**

- Three phases of database design:
  - Conceptual database design
  - Logical database design
  - Physical database design

# **Database Design**

- Main approaches include:
  - Top-down
    - 1. Identify high-level entities
    - 2. Gather required attributes and place them in entities
    - 3. Fine tune
  - Bottom-up
    - 1. Gather required attributes
    - 2. Group attributes into entities
    - 3. Fine tune

# **Application Design**

- Design of application that uses and processes the database
- Database design and application design are parallel activities

## **CASE Tools**

- Features provided by CASE tools include:
  - Data dictionary
  - Support data analysis
  - Develop conceptual, logical, and physical models

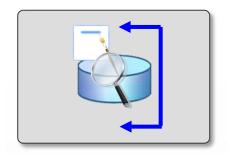
### **CASE Tools**

- Provide following benefits:
  - Standardization
  - Integration
  - Consistency
  - Automation

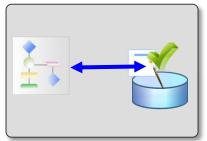
### **CASE Tools**

- Forward Engineering
  - Generate code to implement database based on design
- Reverse Engineering
  - Read an existing database and create ERD

#### **Best Practices for Database Design**



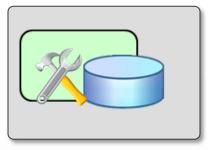
Ensure a clear definition of the database portion



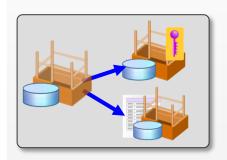
Validate database design goals against project scope



Choose a database design methodology



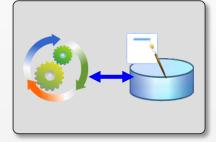
Choose a professional data-modeling tool



Begin with a conceptual model



Use a source control system

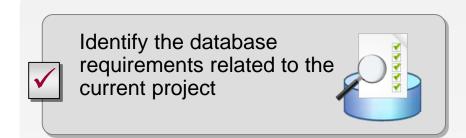


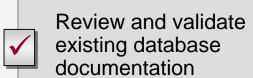
Retain application features of the existing database in the new design



Compare business needs against the ideal design and quality

#### **Considerations for Modifying an Existing Database**









Reverse engineer the existing database design, if required





Plan for migrating the data to the new design





Develop a deployment strategy

