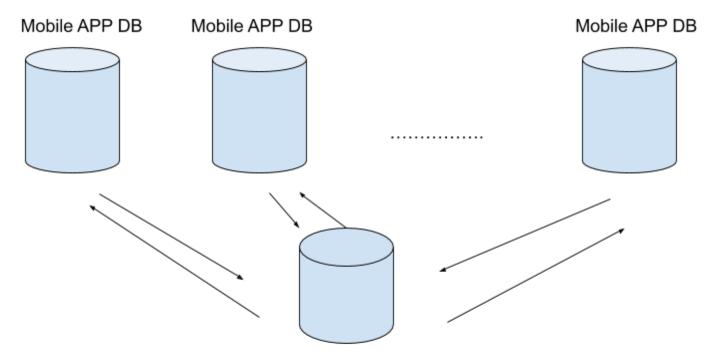
Introduction

EntitySyncing synchronizes entities of different types between the server and the clients, using DBreeze techniques (made for .NET C# Xamarin Core Standard).



Server resolves possible entity ID mixture from different clients

Typical case is a mobile application (APP) that wants to have in a local database a list of TODO-tasks for the concrete user. Local database gives an ability to read and create tasks being offline from the server.

Users can install such APP on several mobile devices.

EntitySyncingServer nuget package must be installed on the server, EntitySyncingClient must be installed on the client and both must be configured.

The transfer data mechanizm is not implemented in this project (let's imagine that there is an open tcp/http channel between clients and the server), there are examples how to supply incoming data from the client to the server and which data to supply back.

General Provisions

Transferrable entities must be serializable and the serializer attached to DBreeze will be used to serialize and deserialize entities on both (client/server) sides.

Synchronization is based on the data that is stored in DBreeze tables. For each entity must be created one DBreeze table. Where first bytes 0xC8, 0xC9, 0xCA (200, 201, 202) will be used by sync mechanizm. Entity itself must be stored in the same (or in another table also possible) table as BLOB using InsertDataBlockWithFixedAddress.

The best new EntityID for the client (and server) is DateTime.UtcNow.Ticks, though the server can fix such IDs and even suggest a monotonically grown ID strategy.

Synchronization is always initiated from the client.

Synchronization lasts by chunks and repeats automatically, a maximal chunk that can be sent via wire is configured to 10K entities.

Entities can be synchronized in one of the following directions: both, from the client, from the server.

In case of an entity version conflict wins the newest entity.

There is a working example (just specify correct paths for DBreeze databases)

Initializations of the Client and the Server

EntitySyncing is a namespace for the server-side dll. **EntitySyncingClient** is a namespace for the client-side dll.

```
public static EntitySyncingClient.Engine SyncEngineClient = null;
public static EntitySyncingClient.Engine SyncEngineClient2 = null;
public static EntitySyncing.Engine SyncEngine = null;
DBreeze.DBreezeEngine DBEngineClient = null;
DBreeze.DBreezeEngine DBEngineClient2 = null;
DBreeze.DBreezeEngine DBEngine = null;
void InitDBEngines()
                                                                                                        Init of DBreeze databases for the client
                                                     B
   if (DBEngineClient != null)
                                                                                                      and the server. Of course it must be done
                                                                                                                      in different projects.
   DBEngineClient = new DBreezeEngine(textBox1.Text);
   DBEngineClient2 = new DBreezeEngine(textBox3.Text);
   DBEngine = new DBreezeEngine(textBox4.Text);
   //Specifying byte[] serializator / deserializator for DBreeze - it will be used internally by SyncEngines for deserializing incoming entites
   DBreeze.Utils.CustomSerializator.ByteArraySerializator = EntitySyncingClientTester.ProtobufSerializer.SerializeProtobuf;
   DBreeze.Utils.CustomSerializator.ByteArrayDeSerializator = EntitySyncingClientTester.ProtobufSerializer.DeserializeProtobuf;
                                                                                                                              Attaching serializers to DBreeze
void InitSyncEngine()
                                                                                                                                                 (static)
   if (SyncEngineClient != null)
       return;
                                                                      For the client special function stub must be supplied
  // LoggerClient = new LoggerWrapper();
   InitDBEngines();
   SyncEngineClient = new EntitySyncingClient.Engine(DBEngineClient, SendToServer, null, null);
                                                                                                         Ones per program lifecycle creating SyncEngine
   SyncEngineClient2 = new EntitySyncingClient.Engine(DBEngineClient2, SendToServer, null, null, null);
   SyncEngine = new EntitySyncing.Engine(DBEngine, null);
   //Adding entites to be synced by this client
   //This is usually a one time operation, that is done in the beginning of the program, all entites must be specified here.
   //Each time those entites will start to sync after calling: await SyncEngineClient.SynchronizeEntities();
                                                                                 For the client preparing a listing of all entites that must be synchronized
   SyncEngineClient.AddEntity4Sync<Entity Task>(new SyncEntity Task Client() {
       urlSync = "/modules.http.GM PersonalDevice/IDT Actions",
                                                                                                                          with the server.
       entityTable = "Task1",
       //entityContentTable - set up when necessary, DBreeze table for the Entity content differs from table with indexes
   });
   SyncEngineClient2.AddEntity4Sync<Entity_Task>(new SyncEntity_Task_Client()
       urlSync = "/modules.http.GM_PersonalDevice/IDT_Actions",
       entityTable = "Task1"
       //entityContentTable - set up when necessary, DBreeze table for the Entity content differs from table with indexes
   });
```

Start of synchronization on the Client and the Server

```
/// <summary>
/// Emulates sending entity to server and returning back an aswer from the server
/// </summary>
/// <param name="url"></param>
                                                                      This stub will be called by Client
/// <param name="data"></param>
                                                                      synchronizer, when "data" must be
/// <returns></returns>
public async Task<byte[]> SendToServer(string url, byte[] data)
                                                                      transferred to the server for
                                                                      synchronization to the specified "url"
   //Data must be sent to server url by POST http method.
   //Server must receive it like this
   //Emulating server received that data on specified url:
                                                                 Starting from this line there is a part of the Server-Side code that will
                                                                  return to the client a byte[]
    //Here can be connected to the server APP user session check, if it fails we have to return
    bool userAuthFailed = false;
                                                        Return that if MobileApp user authorisation has failed
   if(userAuthFailed)
       return SyncEngine.GetAuthFailed();
   byte[] returnData = null; //This should be returned back to the client as a httpResponse.Content
   var payload = SyncEngine.GetPayload(data);
                                                   //data from POST to be supplied later to the SyncEngine
    switch (SyncEngine.GetEntity4Sync(payload))
                                                   //analyzing which entity came for synchronization
       case "EntitySyncingClientTester.Entity Task":
           //Choosing Syncing strategy, instantiating new entity handler
           returnData = SyncEngine.SyncEntityStrategyV1(payload, new SyncEntity_Task_Server()
               entityTable = "TaskSyncUser1",
               //entityContentTable - can be also setup
           //supplying user token (any user token (for example authenticated user information from websession) it will appear in handler (in this case SyncEntity_Task
           , new byte[] { 1, 1, 1, 1 }
           //more setups about the entity
           , EntitySyncing.eSynchroDirectionType.Both,
           //in case if server wants to fix some non-writable by client side fields
           entityMustBeReturnedBackToClientAfterCreation: true);
           return returnData;
       default:
                                                                      Returned back from the Server to the Client into the SendtoServer
           //No such entity
                                                                      procedure. Returned byte[] will be transferred to Client synchronizer.
           break;
   return null;
```

Entity definition

```
[ProtoBuf.ProtoContract]
public partial class Entity Task
    [ProtoBuf.ProtoMember(1, IsRequired = true)]
   public long Id { get; set; }
   [ProtoBuf.ProtoMember(2, IsRequired = true)]
   public long SyncTimestamp { get; set; }
   [ProtoBuf.ProtoMember(3, IsRequired = true)]
   public bool Deleted { get; set; } = false;
    [ProtoBuf.ProtoMember(4, IsRequired = true)]
   public string Description { get; set; }
/// <summary>
/// Add on the client-side together with entity itself
/// </summary>
public partial class Entity_Task : EntitySyncingClient.ISyncEntity
///// <summary>
//// !!!!!!!!! Add on the client side together with entity itself
//// </summary>
//public partial class Entity_Task : Entity_Task, EntitySyncing.ISyncEntity
//{
//}
```

On shared entity definition example between clientside and server-side

> Such partial stub of ISyncEntity must be added on the clientside

Such partial stub of ISyncEntity must be added on the server-side (unremarked, of course)

Removing entities

Entities must not be deleted, but marked as Deleted using ISyncEntity. Deleted = true, so on any side it will be possible to distinguish between non-deleted ones.

Inserting entities

Entity can be inserted from 2 different points:

Arbitrary / Random - practically from any part of the client software or via **SyncHandler**.

Inserting Arbitrary entities on the client

```
/// <summary>
/// Inserting normal ID
/// </summary>
/// <param name="sender"></param>
/// <param name="e"></param>
private void button10_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
                                                                SyncTimestampl must be specified like that
   DateTime now = DateTime.UtcNow;
   string table = "Task1";
   Entity_Task entity = new Entity_Task()
                                                                      When inside of 1 procedure it is necessary to create
      Description = "Client 1 " + now. Ticks,
                                                                     many entites, use ++now. Ticks for each new inserting
      Id = now.Ticks,
       SyncTimestamp = now.Ticks
                                                                                                     EntityID
   using (var tran = DBEngineClient.GetTransaction())
       //tran.SynchronizeTables() - must be called when necessary also add
                                                                    First save Entity itself to get pointer on blob
       byte[] pBlob = null;
       //First inserting blob (entity content)
       pBlob = tran.InsertDataBlockWithFixedAddress<Entity_Task>(table, pBlob, entity); //Entity is stored in the same table
       //Then calling sync indexes also with the pointer to the entity content (row.Value in this case)
       EntitySyncingClient.SyncStrategyV1<Entity Task>.InsertIndex4Sync(tran, table, entity, pBlob, null);
                                                           On the client such function must be called after saving blob and before commit
       tran.Commit();
```

Inserting/Updating Arbitrary entities on the server

```
/// <summary>
/// Insert server
/// </summary>
/// <param name="sender"></param>
/// <param name="e"></param>
private void button2_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
                                                                        On the server all IDs are by default OK
   DateTime now = DateTime.UtcNow;
   string table = "TaskSyncUser1";
   //Adding task
   using (var tran = DBEngine.GetTransaction())
       //tran.SynchronizeTables() - must be called when necessary also adding sync indexes table
       Entity_Task_Server entity = new Entity_Task_Server()
                                                                                            Such function must be called
           Description = "w1 " + now.Ticks,
                                                                                              on the server after getting
          //Id = 1,
           Id = now.Ticks,
                                                                                               pointer to blob an before
           SyncTimestamp = now.Ticks
                                                                                                           Commit
       };
       byte[] pBlob = null;
       pBlob = tran.InsertDataBlockWithFixedAddress<Entity_Task_Server>(table, pBlob, entity); //Entity is stored in the same table
       //must be called to insert synchro indexes
       EntitySyncing.SyncStrategyV1<Entity Task Server>.InsertIndex4Sync(tran, table, entity, pBlob, null);
       tran.Commit();
```

```
private void UpdateServerID(long id)
   string table = "TaskSyncUser1";
   DateTime now = DateTime.UtcNow;
   using (var tran = DBEngine.GetTransaction())
       //tran.SynchronizeTables() - must be called when necessary also adding sync indexes table
       var row = tran.Select<byte[], byte[]>(table, 200.ToIndex(id));
       if (row.Exists)
           var oldEnt = tran.SelectDataBlockWithFixedAddress<Entity_Task_Server>(table, row.Value);
           var newEnt = oldEnt.CloneProtobuf();
           newEnt.SyncTimestamp = now.Ticks;
           newEnt.Description = "by Server" + newEnt.SyncTimestamp;
           tran.InsertDataBlockWithFixedAddress<Entity_Task_Server>(table, row.Value, newEnt); //Entity is stored in the same table
           //must be called to insert synchro indexes
           EntitySyncing.SyncStrategyV1<Entity_Task_Server>.InsertIndex4Sync(tran, table, newEnt, row.Value, oldEnt);
           tran.Commit();
                                                                   Old entity must be supplied, when updates
```

Inserting/Updating via SyncHandler

```
SyncEngineClient2.AddEntity4Sync<Entity Task>(new SyncEntity Task Client()
       urlSync = "/modules.http.GM PersonalDevice/IDT Actions",
       entityTable = "Task1"
       //entityContentTable - set up when necessary, DBreeze table for the Entity content differs from table with indexes
   });
                                  For each entity must be created SyncHandler in both sides
/// <summary>
/// Emulates sending entity to server and returning back an aswer from the server
/// </summary>
/// <param name="url"></param>
/// <param name="data"></param>
/// <returns></returns>
 104
                  var payload = SyncEngine.GetPayload(data);
                                                                   //data from POST
 105
                  switch (SyncEngine.GetEntity4Sync(payload))
                                                                   //analyzing which entity came for synchronization
 106
107
                      case "EntitySyncingClientTester.Entity Task":
 108
109
                          //Choosing Syncing strategy, instantiating new entity handler
110
                          returnData = SyncEngine.SyncEntityStrategyV1(payload, new SyncEntity_Task_Server()
111
112
                              entityTable = "TaskSyncUser1",
113
                              //entityContentTable - can be also setup
114
 115
116
                          //supplying user token (any user token (for example authenticated user information from websession) it will appear in h
117
                          , new byte[] { 1, 1, 1, 1 }
118
                          //more setups about the entity
119
                          , EntitySyncing.eSynchroDirectionType.Both,
 120
                          //in case if server wants to fix some non-writable by client side fields
 121
                          entityMustBeReturnedBackToClientAfterCreation: true);
 122
```

```
using DBreeze;
using DBreeze.Utils;
using EntitySyncing;
namespace EntitySyncingClientTester
   class SyncEntity_Task_Server : EntitySyncingBaseV1<Entity_Task_Server>
       //List<GM IDoThings.TaskDescriptionTemplate> ents = new List<GM IDoThings.TaskDescriptionTemplate>();
       //string tblText = "";
       //string mcTbl = "";
       //long companyId = -1;
                                                                 This will be called by synchronizer right after starting transaction, it
       public override void Init()
                                                                 is possible to preapre tran. Synchronize Tables when more than one
                                                                              tables must be covered (except tran.entityTable)
          //Available:
          //this.tran
          //this.entityTable
          //this.GetContentTable
          //this.SyncingEngine
          //this.ptrContent
                                           this.userToken is also available
                                                                                 nd probably this.entityContentTable (if it differes) must be also added in the Synch
          //Here extra DBreeze transaction tab
          //List<string> tbls = new List<string>();
          //tbls.Add(this.entityTable);
          //tbls.Add(tblText);
          //tran.SynchronizeTables(tbls);
                                                       Will be called as many times as many entites arrived to be saved
       public override bool OnInsertEntity(Entity_Task_Server entity, Entity_Task_Server oldEntity)
          //at this moment
                                                                                Contains previous entity state, when null - entity is new
          if(oldEntity == null)
              //It is possible (but not necessary by default) to re-assign entity.Id right here
                                                                                                                                Save blob here and assign it to
                                                                                                                                          this.ptrContent.
          //this.entityValueTable in case if entity content is stored in the other table then indexes for sync operations
                                                                                                                       Don't take care about calls like with Arbitrary
           this.ptrContent = tran.InsertDataBlockWithFixedAddress<Entity Task Server>(this.entityTable, this.ptrContent, entity);
                                                                                                                                                  type.
          //Sync indexes will be handled automatically if return true, also based on entity and this.refToValueDataBlockWithFixe
          //Other indexes can be handled here
           //tran.TextInsert(tblText, entityKey.To_8_bytes_array_BigEndian(), entity.GetSearchWordsContains() ?? String.Empty, entity.GetSearchWordsFull() ?? String.Empty,
          // deferredIndexing: true);
          return true; //Yes we insert new entity
                                                                   Other useful overrides like BeforeCommit, AfterCommit can be used
```



```
class SyncEntity_Task_Client: EntitySyncingClient.EntitySyncingBaseV1<Entity_Task>
        public override void Init()
                  //Available:
                  //this.tran
                  //this.entityTable
                  //this.GetContentTable
                  //this.SyncingEngine
                  //this.ptrContent
                  //Here extra DBreeze transaction tables can be synchronized (this.entityTable and probably this.entityColor labels transaction tables can be synchronized (this.entityTable and probably this.entityColor labels lab
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       created entity has changed, this changedID (is an old id)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       will be > o, entity itself will contain already new suggested
                  //List<string> tbls = new List<string>();
                  //tbls.Add(this.entityTable);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       ID and timestamp
                  //tbls.Add(tblText);
                  //tran.SynchronizeTables(tbls);
        public override void OnInsertEntity(Entity_Task entity, Entity_Task oldEntity, byte[] nonDeserializedEntity, long changedID)
                  //That must be set first
                  this.ptrContent = tran.InsertDataBlockWithFixedAddress(this.entityTable, this.ptrContent, entity); //Entity is stored in the same table
                  //All sync indexes from here will be automatically filled up
        //more overrides are available
        //public override void OnEntitySyncIsFinished()
                                                                                                                                                  Here is no way to return false, like on the server-side, when entity must not be skipped for storing.
        1/{
        11
                      base.OnEntitySyncIsFinished();
        //}
        //public override void BeforeCommit()
        //{
                      base.BeforeCommit();
        //}
```

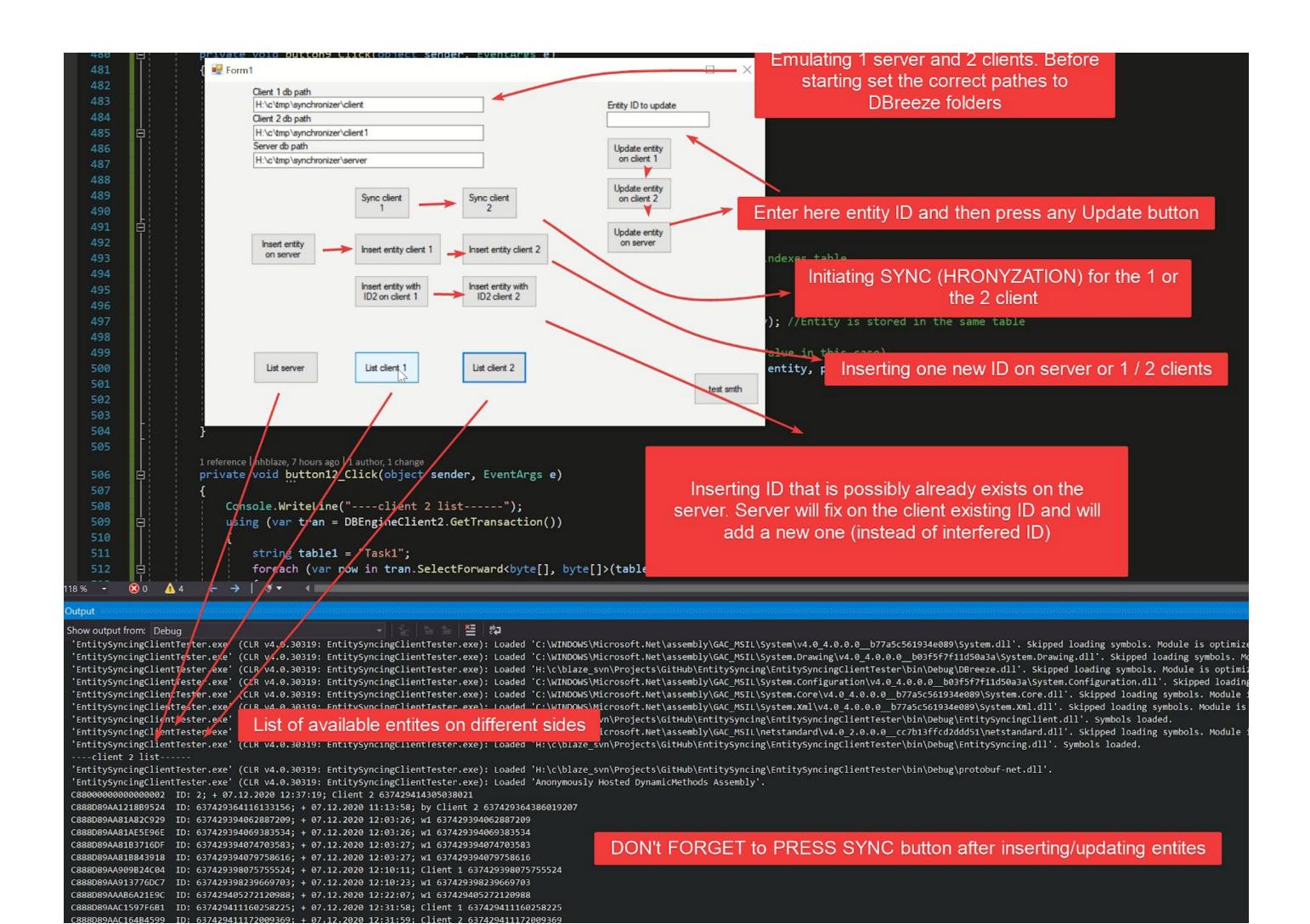
Inside of OnInsertEntity server can try to fix the newly arrived EntityID or just let it work automatically.

Client side dependent entities

It can happen that a new entity on the client side receives a new ID (updates its ID). That's why client-side inside of SyncHandler.OnInsertEntity must try to solve possible dependent entities problems. There are many ways to do that, e.g. holding dependent objects references inside the updated entity. Client-side OnInsertEntity inside the EntitySyncHandler returns changedID.

Different scenarios can be discussed later to fill up this chapter.

Example application



In List server/client functions it is possible to see how to retrieve entity by ID:

```
private void button12_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
                                                                           var row = tran.Select<byte[],byte[]>(table,
   Console.WriteLine("----client 2 list-----");
                                                                                     200.ToIndex((long)12345));
   using (var tran = DBEngineClient2.GetTransaction())
       string table1 = "Task1";
                                                                    var entity=tran.SelectDataBlockWit...<MyEntityType>
       foreach (var row in tran.SelectForward<byte[], byte[]>(table1))
                                                                                            (table, row.Value);
          //if (row.Key[0] != 200)
               continue;
                                                                           ...retrieving Entity from table with ID 12345
          if (row.Key[0] == 200)
              var ent = tran.SelectDataBlockWithFixedAddress<Entity Task>(table1, row.Value);
             Console.WriteLine(row.Key.ToBytesString() + $" ID: {row.Key.Substring(1, 8).To_Int64_BigEndian()}; + { new DateTime(ent.SyncTimestamp).ToString("dd.MM
          else
               Console.WriteLine(row.Key.ToBytesString() + " ex");
#endregion
```