PS 4 1) 1/3 * 1.) EM for MAP e(0) = E log E p(x(i), z(i) 0)-p(0) = un(og(p(0)) + (og \sum_{i=1}^{6} \log \sum_{\tau_{i}}^{6}) p(x^{(i)} | \tau_{i}^{6} | \tau) \p(\tau_{i}^{6} | \tau) \p(\tau_{i}^{6} | \tau) New start: Elog p(x(i), θ)-p(θ) ε log ξ(i) p(x(i)| z(i), θ) · p(z(i)|θ)-p(θ) Nov: { Q:(2)= | (some dist on 2) U/ Zensen: P(E(X))> E(f(X))> f(E(X)) if ficonvex Since Log. Concure:

=> formale lower bound tight: Q:(zhi) = p(xhi), zhi). p(d)

(so log km is const)

P54 121 2/3 & p(x(i), z(i), 0) . p0 heads to be constant for all z(i) =) Q; (3(1)) = P(x(1), 2(1), 0) $\mathcal{L} = \left\{ \rho(x^{(i)}, z^{(i)}, 0) \right\}$ =) = \(\xi p(x(i), \frac{10}{2}) \cdot p(0) = \const for any \frac{2}{2}(i) \cdot \chi_{\text{6}} => E-Skp: for each ;: Q; (z(i)) = p (z(i) | X(i), 0) $\theta := arg max$ $\mathcal{E} \mathcal{E} \mathcal{Q}_{i}(\mathcal{Z}^{(i)}) \cdot (ag \mathcal{P}(x^{(i)}, \mathcal{Z}^{(i)}, \theta) \cdot \mathcal{P}(\theta)$ = M- Step = tradrable theanse (in combo of log plx, 210) and log plb) Monoton (neuesse Game

erachil) 3 E 8 1 3/3 / R(0(1)) = { { (1) (2(1)) (09 p(x(1),2(1)) p(0)) in ++ | we mor inize bright side w/ 0 Tholds beause $\ell(0) \ge \xi \xi$ Q: $(t)(2^{G'})$ for any 0 and Q_i = { { { (i) { {2(i) } {(0) } { = ((0(+)); holds because we set Q; (+) (had way