## Molecular Co-assembly of a Peptide/protein 3D Vessel for Bioengineering Applications

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Developing new bioinspired processes based on dynamic selfassembly could facilitate fabrication synthetic materials enhanced complexity, dynamic properties and functionality[1]. Nonetheless, the capacity to accurately control self-assembly multiple building-blocks across scales with significant spatial and temporal control is still limited. Peptide Amphiphiles (PA)[2] and Elastin-Proteins (ELP) molecularly designed buildingblocks known to self-assemble into 3D nanostructures, with a well-known biocompatibility and stability that make them good candidates for dynamic selfassembly approaches.

The interaction of ELP and PA molecules led to the fabrication of robust and dynamic tubular networks by directed self-assembly without the use of

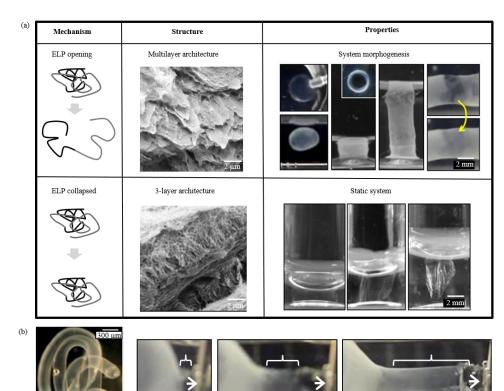


Figure 1. (a) Summary of the potential to generate a static or dynamic system based on the capacity to modulate ELP conformation at the molecular scale. (b) This system has the capacity to grow.

predefined moulds. The interfacial phenomena reported here may provide a novel fabrication platform for developing a new kind of hybrid peptide/protein nanomaterials of unprecedented complexity and functionality. The ability to modulate building-blocks molecules interactions at the nanoscale would represent a major break-through in nanomaterials and tissue engineering.

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