



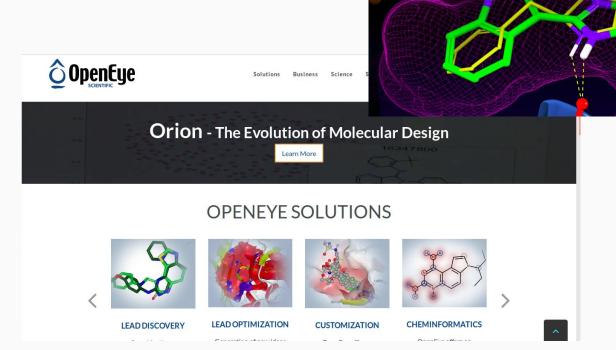
Binding site characteristics in structure-based virtual screening: evaluation of current docking tools

Tanja Schulz-Gasch · Martin Stahl

María Belén Reyes Cuevas

Introducción

- FRED (OpenEyeScientific Software)
- Glide (Schrödinger, Inc.)



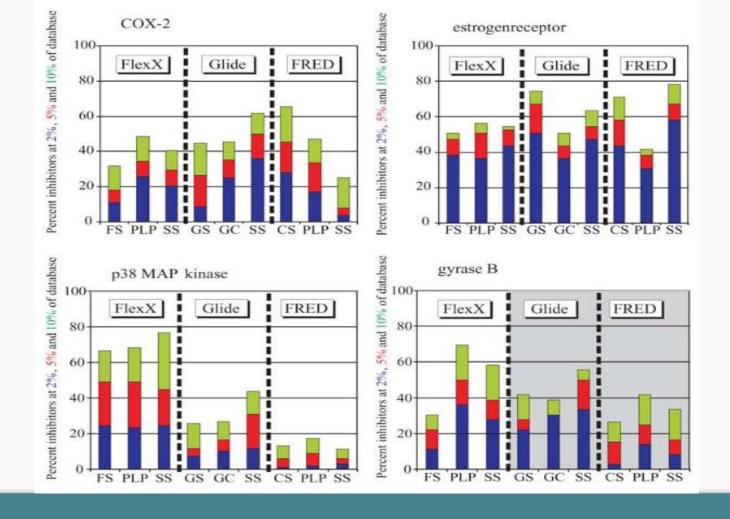
Glide

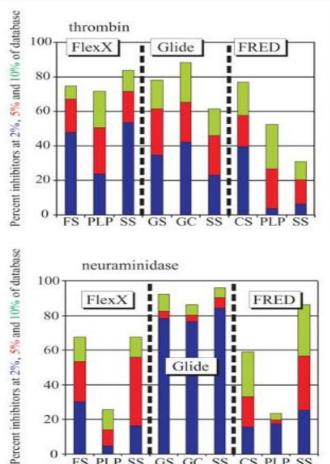
A complete solution for ligand-receptor docking

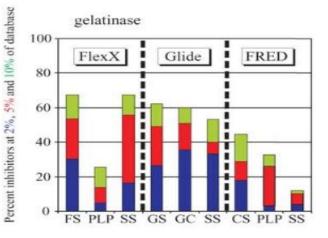
Resultados

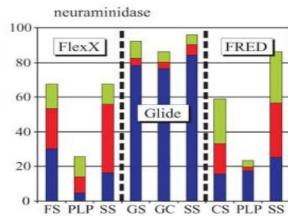
Table 1 Number and origin of active compounds used in this docking study [20]

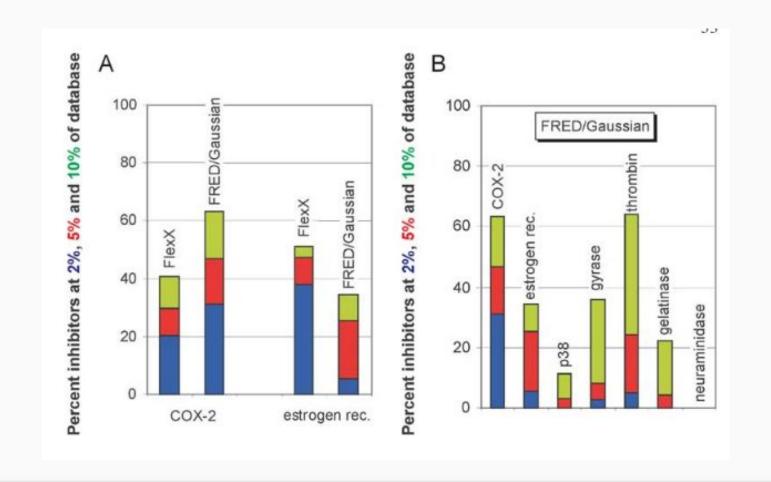
Number of compounds	Target	Origin [38, 39, 40]	
128	Cyclooxygenase 2		
55	Estrogen receptor	[41, 42, 43]	
72	p38 MAP kinase	Roche, [44]	
36	Gyrase B	Roche	
67	Thrombin	[45, 46]	
43	Gelatinase A and general MMP	WDI, PDB, [47]	
51	Neuraminidase	PDB, Roche	

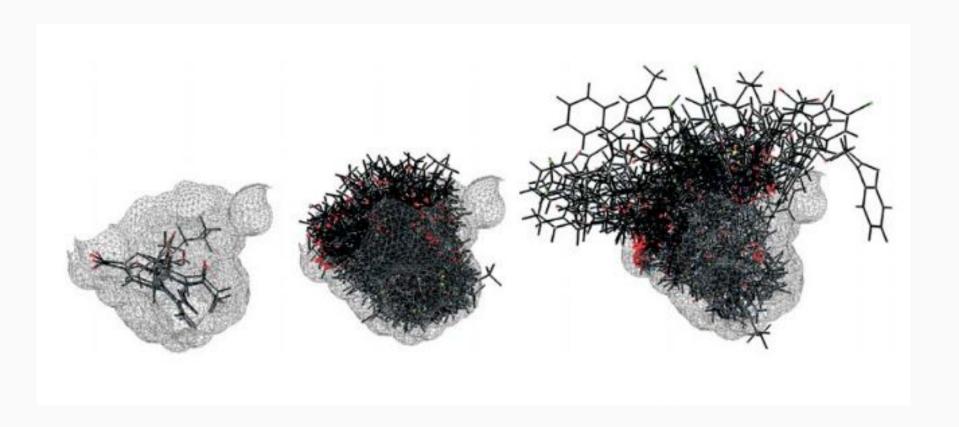












Receptor	Average no. of rotors	Average no. of heavy atoms	FRED average docking time (s)	Glide average docking time (s)
COX-2	4.1	24.7	5	134
Estrogen rec.	4.2	26.7	15	290
p38 MAP kinase	4.7	26.6	9	133
Gyrase B	5.6	27.5	13	144
Thrombin	9.7	32.2	15	562
gel-A	9.9	30.6	13	513
Neuraminidase	6.5	21.1	8	207
WDI subset	5.6	24.2	13	400

Conclusiones