

29**Code : 15EC01T**Register
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I Semester Diploma Examination, March/April-2022**CONCEPTS OF ELECTRICAL AND
ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING****[: 3 Hours]****[Max. Marks : 100**

- Instructions :** (i) Answer any **six** questions from **Part-A**. Each question carries **5** marks.
(ii) Answer any **seven** questions from **Part-B**. Each question carries **10** marks.

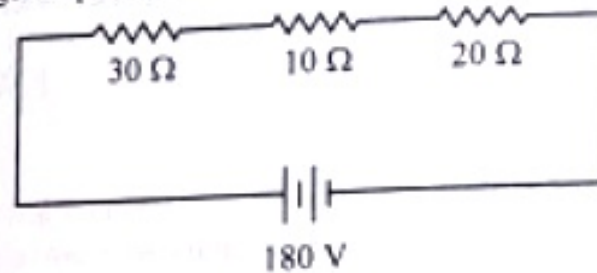
PART - ADefine Electric current and Electromotive force. Write the SI units. **5**State and explain Kirchhoff's voltage law. **5**State and explain Faraday's laws of electromagnetic induction. **5**Draw AC voltage waveform and mark all the parameters. **5**Calculate the maximum, RMS and average value of an AC voltage $V = 10 \sin 50t$. **5**Explain the different types of Transformers. **5**Explain the working of transistor as a switch. **5**What is a transistor ? Explain the types of transistor with symbols. **5**Define an op-amp and explain op-amp as a non-inverting amplifier. **5**

PART - B

10. (a) State Ohm's law and write the three equations.

(b) In the given ckt find :

- (i) Equivalent resistance
- (ii) Current
- (iii) Voltage drop across $30\ \Omega$.



11. (a) Find the current flowing through an electric bulb of 100 watts, when connected to a 250 V supply.

(b) Define electric power and energy. Mention their practical units.

12. (a) List the comparison of DC and AC current.

(b) Define :

- (i) Self-inductance
- (ii) Mutual inductance

13. (a) Calculate :

- (i) Capacitive Reactance
- (ii) Impedance
- (iii) Power Factor
- (iv) Current in RC series circuit with $C = 20\ \mu\text{F}$, $R = 50\ \Omega$ connected to an AC supply of 230 V and 50 Hz.

(b) Define Power factor.



analyse behaviour of RLC series circuit for AC input.

10

a) Define impedance, inductive reactance and capacitive reactance.

6

b) List the applications of Stepper motor.

4

a) What is a Switch ? List the types of Switches with symbols.

6

b) What is a fuse ? Mention the type and ratings of fuse.

4

a) Explain the block diagram of op-amp.

6

b) Explain intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors with examples.

4

a) Explain the working of full wave rectifier.

5

b) List the ideal characteristics of op-amp.

5

a) Explain conductors, insulators and semiconductors with examples.

6

b) Define UPS and explain the block diagram of UPS.

4