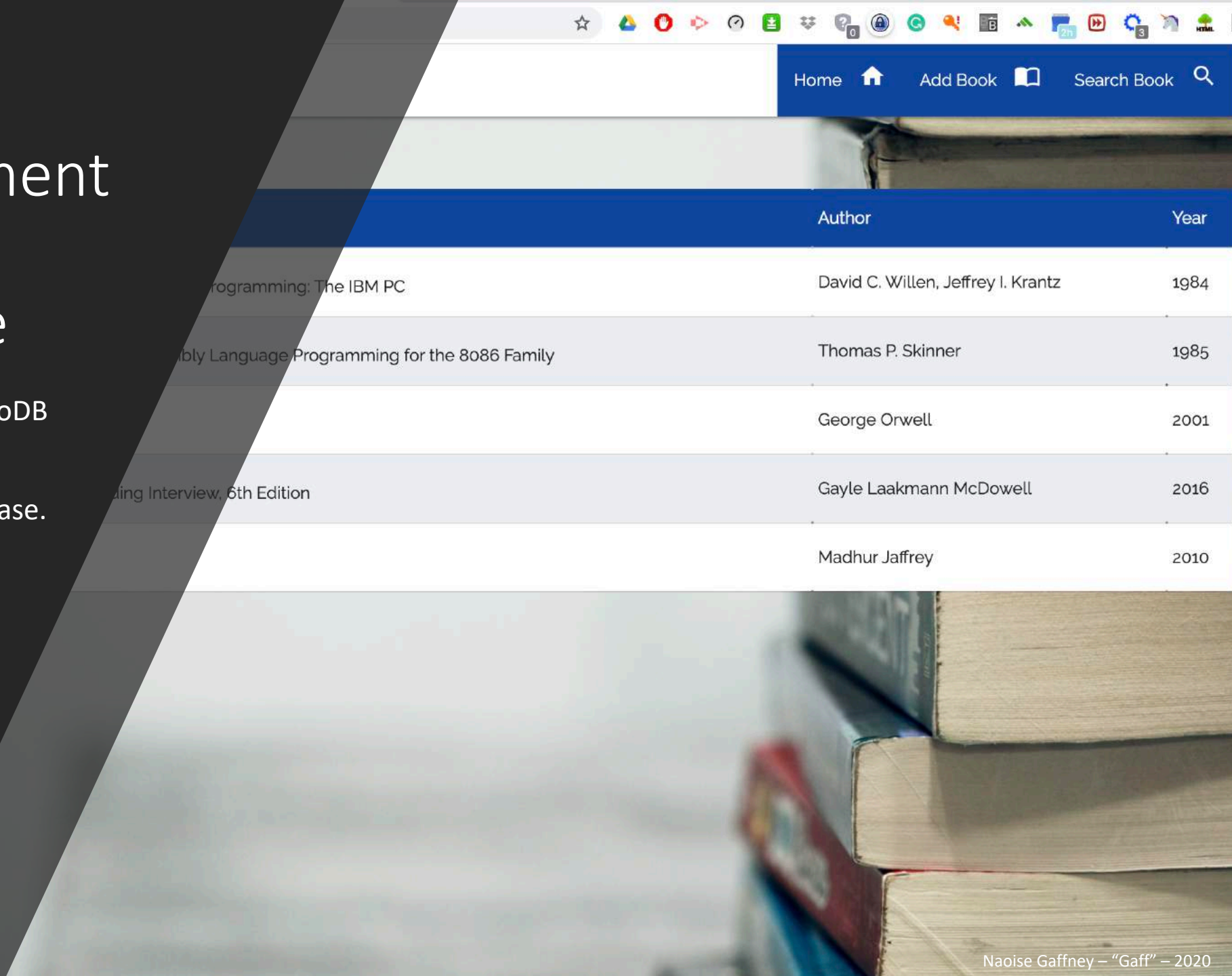
Object Document Mapper: MongoEngine

Using MongoEngine for MongoDB CRUD functions, and Flask-MongoEngine for Pagination, based on a simple Book database.

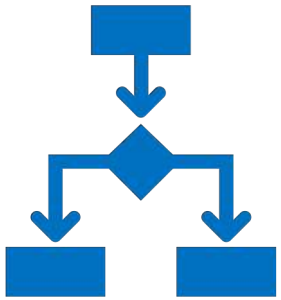


Naoise Gaffney – “Gaff”

- Code Institute Diploma in Full Stack Development Student since February 2020
- Book ODM Example is a Sub-Set of My MS3
- Worked in IT and the Business of IT since 1986; Unemployed
- Married to Fiona
- Grew up in Stockholm, Sweden, and living in Dublin, Ireland

Object Document Mapper – MongoEngine

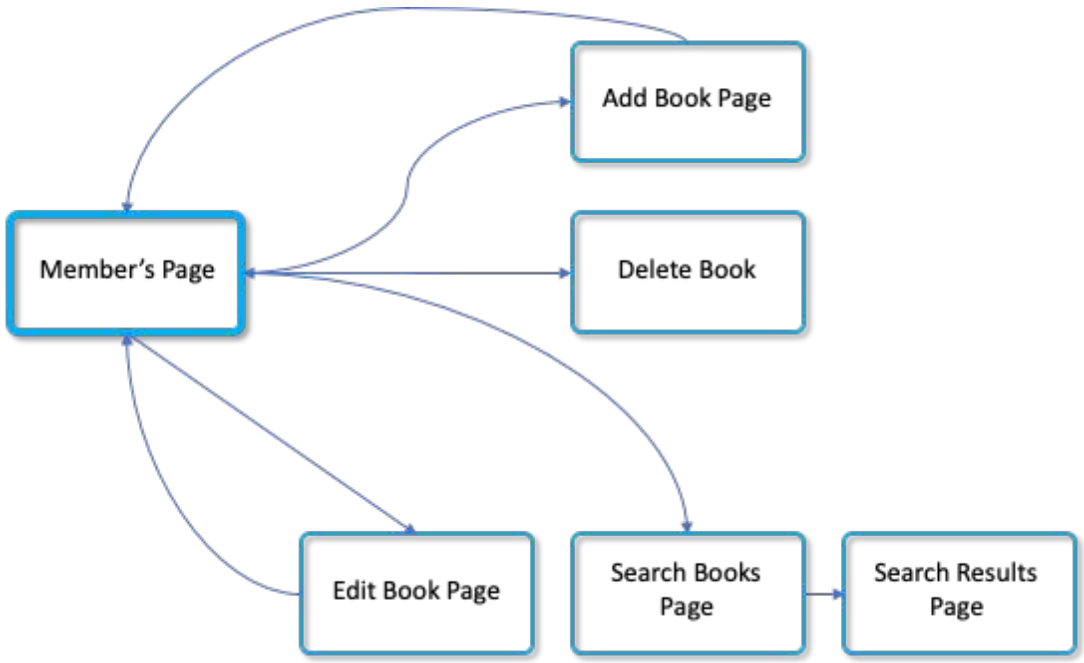
- Agenda
  - Overview
  - Book ODM Example
    1. Initial Setup, Minimum Viable Flask, and CDD Workflow
    2. MongoDB and Flask-MongoEngine / MongoEngine
    3. Book Class
    4. Flask Templates and CRUD
    5. Flask DebugToolbar
    6. Pagination
    7. Search, Pagination, and Session
  - Summary

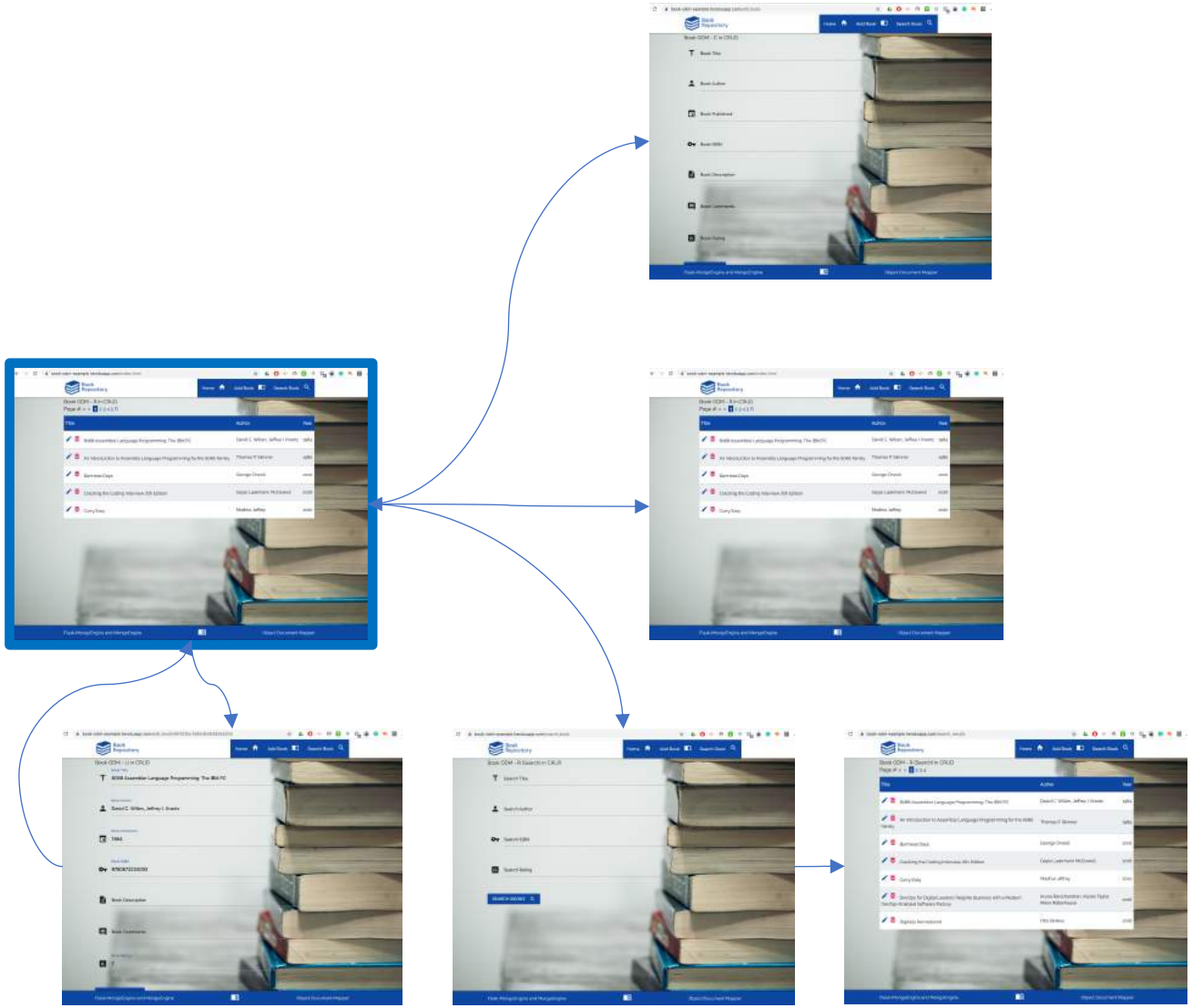


- Outcomes
  - ODM CRUD Functions using MongoEngine for MongoDB for Your MS3 or On-the-Job.
  - Pagination, Flask DebugToolbar, Session Cookies.
  - Configure a CDD Workflow.

- Assumptions
  - Some experience with GitHub, Visual Studio Code, and Heroku (helpful, not essential) as well as Flask and Templates.

Information Architecture and Navigation:
Book ODM Example

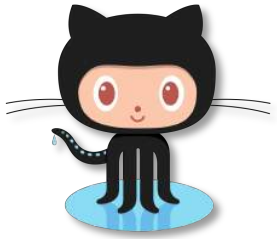





hands
on

1. Initial Setup, Minimum Viable Flask, and Continuous Development & Deployment

1. GitHub Repository using CI-full-template -> BookODMexample -> master
2. VSCode Repository: Clone Repository, create development branch
3. Create Python Virtual Environment: python3 –m venv .venv, select VSCode Python virtual environment
4. Configuration Files: .gitignore, .env (SECRET_KEY, MONGO_URI_BOOKODM, PRODUCTION, FDT, APPDEBUG)
5. Minimal Viable Flask Application: pip install pip –upgrade, pip install gunicorn, pip install Flask, pip install python-dotenv
6. Run Python File in Terminal -> SCM: Stage All Changes -> Commit All Changes -> Push
7. Heroku: Rev App, Staging, Production: pip freeze > requirements.txt, echo web: gunicorn app:app > Procfile, echo python-3.6.12 > runtime.txt, .slugignore
8. Continuous Development & Deployment: Local development -> GitHub development -> Pull Request -> Heroku Review Application -> GitHub master -> Heroku Staging -> Heroku Production

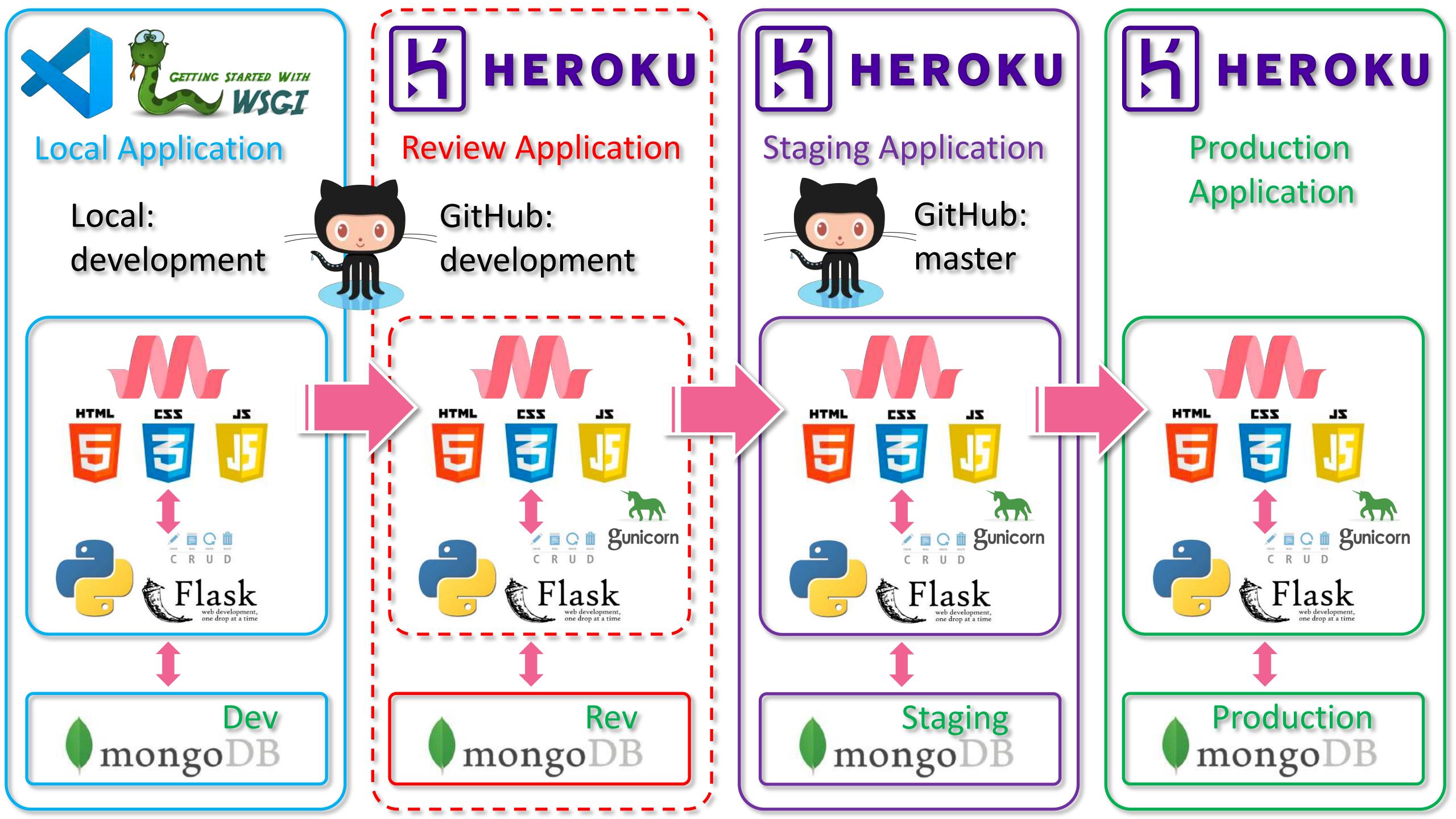


1. Use <gitpod-full-template>
2. New Repo: NaoiseGaffney / BookRepository (public)
3. Branch: master + development

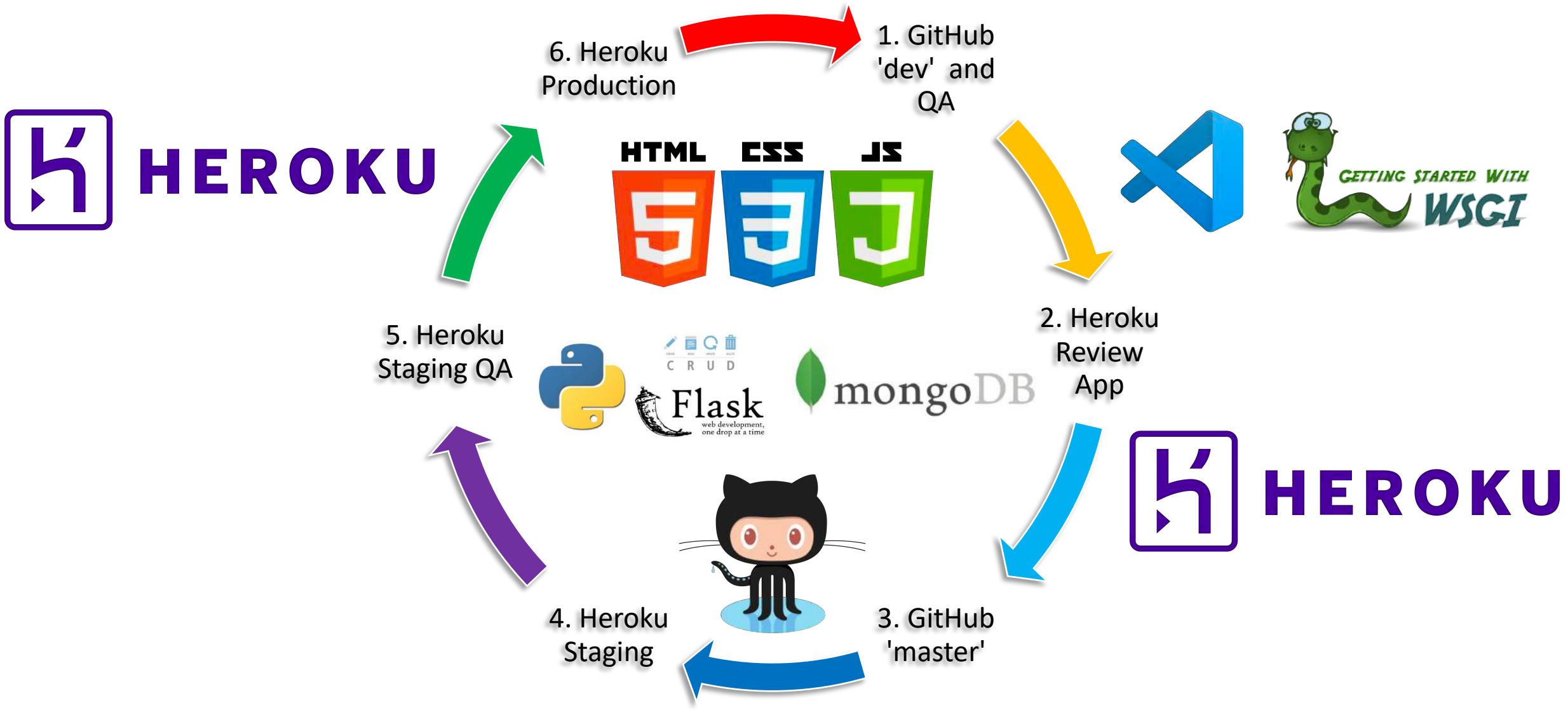
4. Clone Repo: BookRepository
5. Create Python Virtual Environment (. venv/bin/activate)
6. Install Frameworks: pip install pip –upgrade → pip install gunicorn → pip install Flask → pip install python-dotenv
7. Requirements: pip freeze > requirements.txt
8. Configure Heroku Dyno: echo web: gunicorn app:app > Procfile
9. Create Minimum Flask App
10. Development: git add. → git commit –m “Initial commit” → git push (VS Code: Stage, Commit, Sync)
11. Master: git checkout master → git merge development → git push (VS Code: Pull Request)

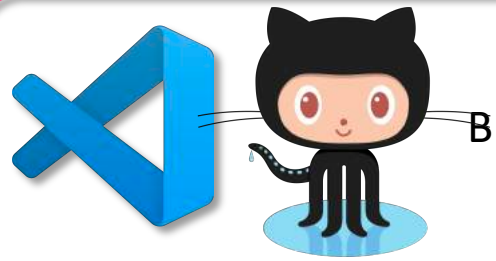
12. Create Pipeline: BookODMPipeline
13. Create Staging App and Link it to GitHub master, Configure Vars (staging, debug=on), AutoDeploy
14. Create Production App to Allow Promotion from Staging, Configure Vars (production, debug=off)
15. Review Apps linked to GitHub development branch
16. Environment Variables and MongoDB Databases (MONGO_URI_BOOKODM):

- VS Code: BookODMDev
- Heroku Review App: BookODMRev
- Heroku Staging App: BookODMStaging
- Heroku Production App: BookODM


Getting Started With WSGI
Local Application
Local:
development
HEROKU
Review Application
GitHub:
development
HEROKU
Staging Application
GitHub:
master
HEROKU
Production
Application
HTML
CSS
JS
C R U D
Flask
web development, one drop at a time
gunicorn
Dev
mongoDB
Rev
mongoDB
Staging
mongoDB
Production
mongoDB

Development & Test Cycle





Branch: development

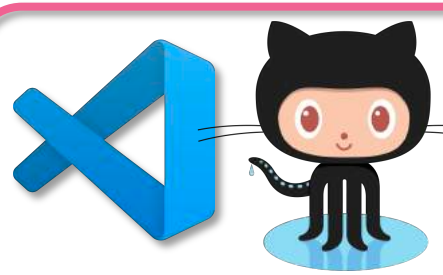
1. VS Code: development
2. Source Control: [“Message…”] + Stage All Changes + Commit All + Push
3. Pull Request: Create Pull Request -> master + [“Message…”] -> Heroku Review App.

HEROKU

4. GitHub development → Heroku Review App (Unit Test!)

HEROKU

7. GitHub master → Heroku Staging App Deployed Automatically (Integration / System Test!)
8. Heroku Staging App Manually Promoted to Production



Branch: development

5. VS Code: development
6. Pull Request: Merge Commit (from development to master)
9. VS Code: master → Source Control: Pull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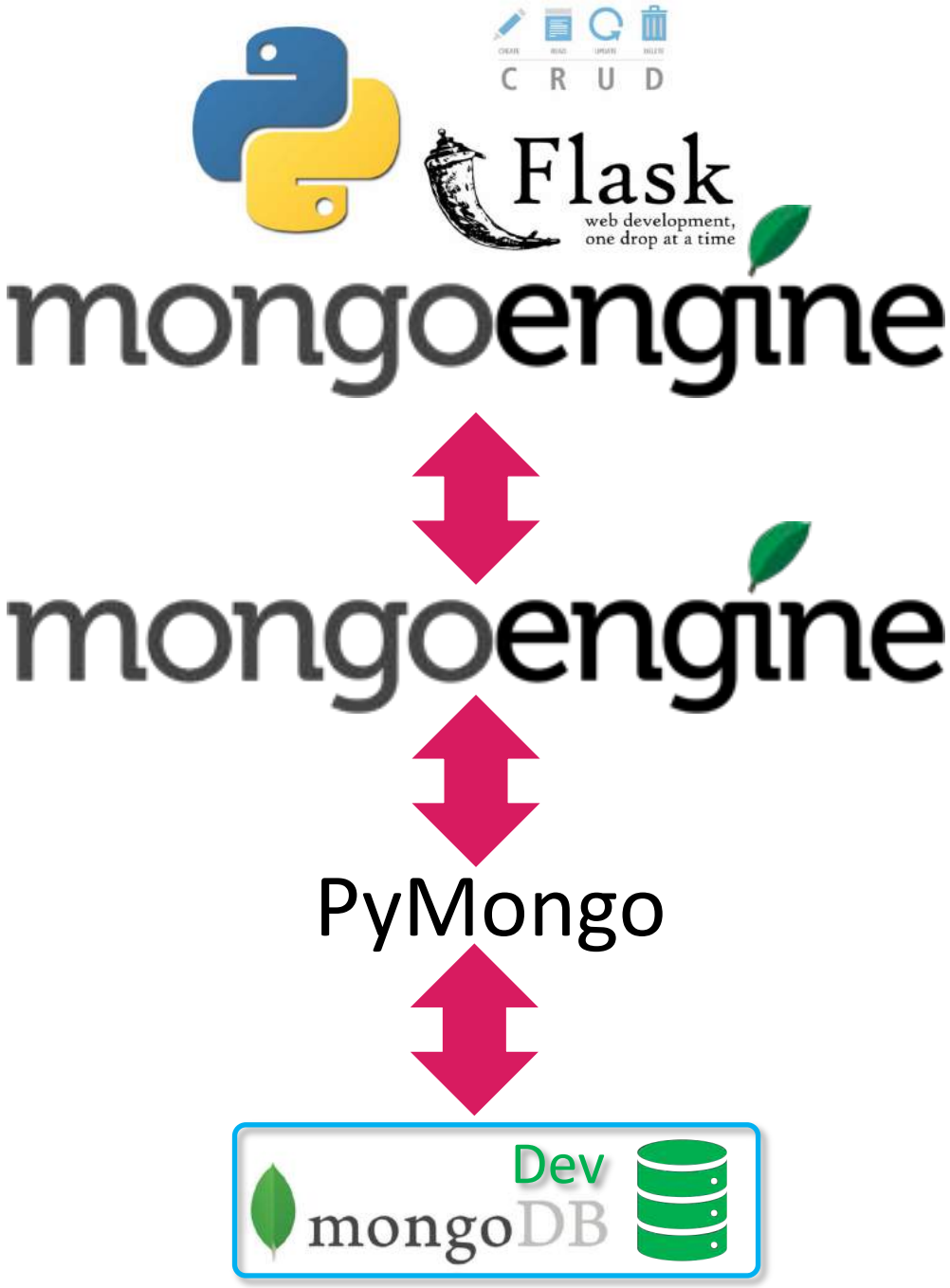
2. MongoDB with Flask-MongoEngine and MongoEngine

- “Hands-Off”!
  - Define URI
  - Database Creation
  - Connect, Disconnect to Database
  - Create Collections and Documents
- pip install flask-mongoengine
- pip install dnspython
- MongoDB URI in Python, ’.env’, and Heroku

```
# ‘.env’ and Heroku Variables
MONGO_URI_BOOKODM =
"mongodb+srv://mdb_c_root:**********
@mdbcluster-
vhvci.mongodb.net/BookODM?retryWrite
s=true&w=majority"

# Flask-MongoEngine settings
MONGO_URI_BOOKODM =
os.environ.get("MONGO_URI_BOOKODM")
app.config["MONGODB_SETTINGS"] = {
'host': MONGO_URI_BOOKODM
}
db = MongoEngine(app)
```



Connection Management
Custom Queryset
Paginate
Session

Object Document Mapper
C: Collection.save()
R: Collection.objects(), Collection.objects.get()
U: Collection.update(**dict)
D: Collection.delete()

PyMongo is a Native
MongoDB Driver

noSQL Database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3. Define the Book Class (Collection)

- Fields
  - Title, Author, Year, ISBN, Description, Comments, Rating, Genre, Private
- Field Parameters
- Meta
  - auto_create_index
  - index_background
  - indexes
  - ordering

```
class Book(db.Document):
      title = db.StringField(default="", maxlength=250)
      author = db.StringField(default="", maxlength=250)
      year = db.IntField(maxlength=4)
      ISBN = db.IntField(maxlength=13)
      short_description = db.StringField(default="", maxlength=2000)
      user = db.StringField(required=True, default="BookODM")
      creation_date = db.DateTimeField(default=datetime.datetime.now)
      comments = db.StringField(default="", maxlength=3500)
      rating = db.IntField(choices=[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10])
      genre = db.StringField(default="")
      private_view = db.StringField(default="off")
      book_thumbnail = db.StringField(default="")

      meta = {
            "auto_create_index": True,
            "index_background": True,
            "indexes": ["title"],
            "ordering": ["title"]
}
```


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4. Flask Templates and CRUD

- Base.html
  - Navigation Bar
  - Flash Messages
  - Fixed Footer
- Index.html
  - Home_page(page=1)
  - Edit_book(book_id)
  - Delete_book(book_id)
- Add_book.html
  - Add_book()
  - Save_book()
- Edit_book.html
  - Edit_book(book_id)
  - Update_book(book_id)

- Create: Book.save()
- Read: Book.objects(), Book.objects.get(id=id)
- Update: Book.update(**dictionary)
- Delete: Book.delete()


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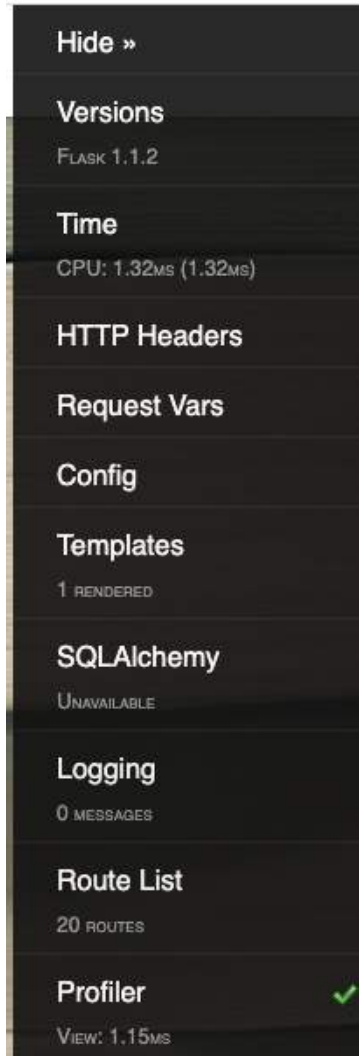
5. Flask DebugToolbar




```
# FDT Extension Load IF FDT == ON.
if os.environ.get("FDT") == "ON":
from flask_debugtoolbar import
DebugToolbarExtension

# FDT Extension app.debug = True IF
FDT == ON.
if os.environ.get("FDT") == "ON":
app.debug = True

# FDT Extension App IF FDT == ON.
if os.environ.get("FDT") == "ON":
toolbar = DebugToolbarExtension(app)
```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6. Pagination


```
@app.route("/index.html/<int:page>")
def home_page(page=1):


books_pagination =
Book.objects.paginate(page=page, per_page=5)


return render_template("index.html",
books_pagination=books_pagination,
page_prev=(page - 1), page_next=(page + 1))
```


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7. Search, Pagination, and Session


```
fields = {
    "title": request.form.get("title"),
    "author": request.form.get("author"),
    "year": request.form.get("year"),
    "ISBN": request.form.get("isbn"),
    "short_description":
    request.form.get("short_description"),
    "comments":
    request.form.get("comments"),
    "rating": request.form.get("rating"),
    "genre": request.form.get("genre"),
    "private_view":
    request.form.get("private_view")
}
session["fields"] = fields
return
redirect(url_for("search_results"))
```

```
book_query_results =
Book.objects.filter(title__icontains=form
_title, author__icontains=form_author,
rating__gte=form_rating,
private_view="off").order_by("+title",
"+author", "-rating")


book_query_results =
book_query_results.paginate(page=page,
per_page=7)


return
render_template("search_results.html",
book_query_results=book_query_results,
page_prev=(page - 1), page_next=(page +
1))
```


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Summary

Information Architecture and Navigation:
Book ODM Example