## **SAMPLE**



# **OpenCL C++ Wrapper**

## 1 Overview

- 1.1 Location \$(AMDAPPSDKSAMPLESROOT)\samples\opencl\cpp\_cl\app
- 1.2 How to Run See the Getting Started guide for how to build samples. You first must compile the sample.

Use the command line to change to the directory where the executable is located. The default executables are placed in  $\$  (AMDAPPSDKSAMPLESROOT) \samples \opencl\bin\x86 for 32-bit builds, and  $\$  (AMDAPPSDKSAMPLESROOT) \samples \opencl\bin\x86\_64 \ for 64-bit builds.

### 2 Introduction

This is an introductory sample to show how to program using the OpenCL C++ Wrapper API.

# 3 Implementation Details

To use the OpenCL C++ Wrapper API, the source file must include the cl.hpp header file. The sample program starts by compiling the OpenCL source file. Note that there is no code to initialize the device and to create an OpenCL context in this sample. This is because a default device has been chosen and initialized behind the scene. Optionally, developers who want greater control over the device selection can achieve that using the C++ API.

One of the features introduced by the C++ API is the C++ exception mechanism. Instead of returning an error code, the API functions throw an exception in case of an error. To enable C++ exceptions for the C++ wrapper API, add a #define \_\_CL\_ENABLE\_EXCEPTIONS before including the cl.hpp header file:

```
#define __CL_ENABLE_EXCEPTIONS
#include<CL/cl.hpp>
...
try
{
vectorAddProgram.build("");
}catch(cl::Errore) {
    std::cout<<e.what()<<std::endl;
}</pre>
```

Another feature in the C++ wrapper API is that the kernel can be created as a functor, and launching a kernel looks similar to calling a normal C++ function:

```
typedefcl::make_kernel<cl::Buffer&, cl::Buffer&, cl::Buffer&>KernelType;
//create kernel as a functor
KernelTypevectorAddKernel(vectorAddProgram, "vectorAdd");
...
//execute the kernel by calling the kernel functor
e=vectorAddKernel(arg, outputBuffer, inputABuffer, inputBBuffer);
```

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There is no clean-up code in the sample to release OpenCL-related resources; they are implicitly handled by the destructor of the OpenCL objects.

Contact

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