Name:	******************************	Index No:/
233/1 CHEMISTRY	•	Candidate's signature:
Paper 1 (THEORY)		Date:
Oct./Nov. 2015		
2 hours		





THE KENYA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education CHEMISTRY

Paper 1 (THEORY)

2 hours

Instructions to Candidates

- (a) Write your name and index number in the spaces provided above.
- (b) Sign and write the date of examination in the spaces provided above.
- (c) Answer ALL the questions in the spaces provided in the question paper.
- (d) KNEC mathematical tables and silent non-programmable electronic calculators may be used.
- (e) All working MUST be clearly shown where necessary.
- (f) This paper consists of 15 printed pages.
- (g) Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that all the pages are printed as indicated and that no questions are missing.
- (h) Candidates should answer the questions in English.

For Examiner's Use Only

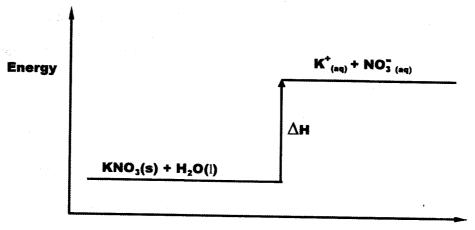
Questions	Maximum Score	Candidate's Score
1 - 29	80	





l	(a)	Give the name of the first member of the alkene homologous series.	(1 mark)
	(b)	Describe a chemical test that can be used to distinguish butanol from bu	(2 marks)
	••••••		
	•••••		
2	(a)	Name the raw material from which sodium is extracted.	(1 mark)
	•••••		
	(b)	Give a reason why sodium is extracted using electrolysis.	(1 mark)
	(c)	Give two uses of sodium metal.	(1 mark)
		NAT. 4 in a set has letting onergy?	(1 mark)
3	(a)	What is meant by lattice energy?	•
			••••

(b) Study the energy level diagram below and answer the question that follows:



Reaction co-ordinate

	What type of reaction is represented by the diagram?	(1 mark
(a)	State the Boyles law.	(1 mark
(b)	A gas occupies 500 cm ³ at 27°C and 100,000 Pa. What will be i 101325 Pa?	ts volume at 0°C and (2 marks)
	A ·	•••••
	A	·····
*******		••••••

Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education, 2015 233/1 02315200

915032

Turn over

late the mass of Zinc oxide that will just neutralise dilute nitric (V) acid contains of nitric (V) acid in water. ($Z_n = 65.0$; O = 16.0, H = 1.0, N = 14.0).	(3 marks)
	•••••
the state of the s	(2 marks)
ibe how sodium carbonate is used to remove water nardness.	(2 marks) (2 marks) (1 mark)
	•••••
	••••••
ogen chloride gas can be prepared by reacting sodium chloride with an acid.	
	(1 mark)
Write an equation for the reaction between sodium emoriae and the deter-	(+)
gu i la	(1 mark)
Give two chemical properties of hydrogen chloride gas.	(1 mark)
	••••
	••••••
	(1 mark)
State two uses of hydrogen chloride.	(1 mark)
	ogen chloride gas can be prepared by reacting sodium chloride with an acid. Write an equation for the reaction between sodium chloride and the acid. Give two chemical properties of hydrogen chloride gas.

When solid A was heated strongly, it gave off-water and a solid residue. When water was 8 added to the solid residue, the original solid A, was formed. (a) What name is given to the process described? (1 mark) (b) Give one example of solid A. (1 mark) The set up below was used to investigate the reaction between dry hydrogen gas and copper (II) oxide. Flame Copper (II) Oxide Hydrogen-Substance A (a) Name substance A. (1 mark) (b) State the observation made in the combustion tube. (1 mark) Explain the observation stated in (b) above. (c) (1 mark) Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education, 2015 233/1 02315200

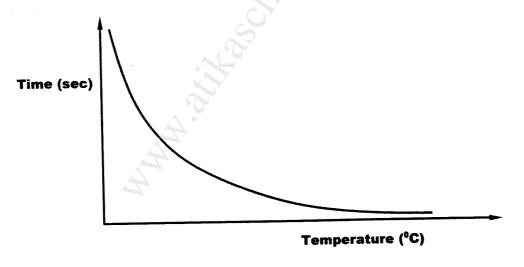
915032

Turn over

10 The atomic number of an element, T is 15.

	(a)	Write the electronic configuration of the ion T ³ .	(1 mark)
	(b)	Write the formula of an oxide of T.	(1 mark)
11	Dilu Nam	ate sulphuric (VI) acid was electrolysed using platinum electrodes. ne the product formed at the anode and give a reason for your answer.	(2 marks)
	•••••		***************************************
	•••••		
	••••••		

The curve shown below shows the variation of time against temperature for the reaction between sodium thiosulphate and hydrochloric acid.



(a) Write the equation for the reaction between sodium thiosulphate and dilute hydrochloric acid. (1 mark)

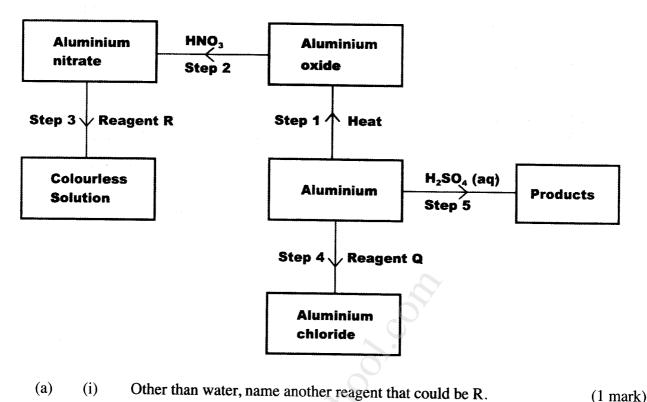
	(b)	Explain the shape of the curve.	(2 marks
	******		••••
	••••••	······································	•••••
13	Dry a	ammonia and dry oxygen were reacted as shown in the diagram below.	
		Glass wool Dry ammonia Dry oxy	anis ana ana ana ana ana ana ana ana ana an
	(a)	What is the purpose of the glass wool?	(1 mark)
	(b)	What products would be formed if red hot platinum was introduced in ammonia and oxygen?	to a mixture of (1 mark)

14 The table below shows behaviour of metals R, X, Y and Z. Study it and answer the questions that follow:

Metal	Appearance on exposure to air	Reaction in water	Reaction with dilute hydrochloric acid
R	slowly tarnishes	Slow	Vigorous
X	Slowly turns white	Vigorous	Violent
Y	No change	Does not react	Does not react
Z	No change	No reaction	Reacts moderately

	(a)	Arrange	e the metals in the c	and All Control	ing with the most reactive	(2 marks)
	(b)		metal which is like	ely to be:	8	(1 mark)
		(i)	X			•••••
		(ii)	Υ)	
15	(a)	Name o	ne commercial ind	vood ash, lemon juice a icator that can be used loride are acidic, basic	to show whether wood as	h, (1 mark)
	•••••	************				••••••
	(b)	Classify	the substances in	15(a) above as acids, ba	ases or neutral.	(2 montro)
			Acid	Base	Neutral	(2 marks)
			., .,	 		

The flow chart below shows various reactions of aluminium metal. Study it and answer the questions that follow:



			(1 mark
	(ii)	Write the formula of reagent Q.	(1 mark
(b)	Write	e an equation for the reaction in step 5.	
		e an equation for the reaction in step 3.	(1 mark

17	(a)	One of the allotropes of	sulphur is rhombic sulphur, name the other allotr	ope. (1 mark)
	(b)	Concentrated sulphuric State the property of the	(VI) acid reacts with ethanol and copper. e acid shown in each case.	(2 marks)
		(i) Ethanol .		
		(ii) Copper		••••••
18	Study	, ,	otentials in the table below and answer the questi	ons that follow.
	Cu^{2+} Mg^{2+} Ag^{2+} Ca^{2+}	(aq) + 2e \rightarrow Cu _(s) ; + 2e \rightarrow Mg _(s) ; + e \rightarrow Ag _(s) ;	E ^θ volts + 0.34 - 2.38 + 0.80 - 2.87	
	(a)		s the strongest reducing agent?	(1 mark)
	•••••			
	(b)	What observations wicopper (II) sulphate?	ill be made if a silver coin was dropped into an aq Explain.	ueous solution of (2 marks)
	. 1 . 	······································		
	•••••			

	(a)	Given that the half life of the radioactive substance is 380 years; Determine the original mass of the radioactive substance.	(2 marks)
	•••••		
	(b)	State two uses of radioactivity in medicine.	
	•••••		
	A cry	ystal of iodine, heated gently in a test tube gave off a purple vapour.	
	(a)	Write the formula of the substance responsible for the purple vapour.	(1 mark
	(b)	What type of bond is broken when the iodine crystal is heated gently?	(1 marl
	(c)	State one use of iodine.	(1 mar
1	Des	scribe how samples of lead (II) sulphate, ammonium chloride and sodium chlor cained from a mixture of the three.	
	••••		
	••••		
	•••		

22 Study the flow chart below and use it to answer the questions that follow.

CH ₃ CH ₂ OH	sulph			(1 mar 1 mar
eriodic table. The	sulph	uric (VI)		((1 ma:
eriodic table. The				((1 ma
eriodic table. The	letters are			((1 ma
eriodic table. The	letters are	•••••		`	`
eriodic table. The	letters are	•••••			
	e letters are	441			
the questions that		not the act	ual symb	ols of th	ie
4.					
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	G	D	E	F	
-					
	n is stored in para		c D is stored in paraffin in the laboratory.		

23

The gr	aph below is a cool	ing curve for wate	r. Study it and	answer the qu	estions that	follow.
		A B		and the second of the second o	en de la composition della com	
	Temperature (°C)		c D	→		
	·		9.	Time (minute	:S)	
(a)	Explain what hap theory.	pens to the molecu	ales of water in	the region BO	in terms of	kinetic (2 ma
*******		A.		•••••		
(b)	In what state is the	ne water in the reg				(1 m
Start	ing with barium nit	rate solution, descr	ribe how a pure		rium carbon	ate can

•••••		
•••••		•••••••
		•
		a tea a sa
••••••		
(a)	Describe how carbon (IV) oxide can be distinguished from Carbon II O	xide using
	calcium hydroxide solution.	(2 ma
•••••		•
•••••		•
(b)	What is the role of carbon (IV) oxide in fire extinguishing?	(1 m
•••••		•••••
(a)	State one source of alkanes.	(1 m
		(
•••••		••••••
(b)	Ethane gas was reacted with 1 mole of bromine gas. State one observation this reaction.	
	uns reaction.	(1 m

29 An electric current was passed through several substances and the results obtained recorded in the table below.

Substance	Physical state at	Conductivity	Products		
	room temperature		Anode	Cathode	
A	Liquid	Does not conduct	_	-	
В	Solid	Conducts	-	-	
C	Liquid	Conducts	Green gas	Grey solid	
D	Liquid	Conducts	Brown gas	Grey solid	
Е	Liquid	Conducts	-	[-	

Which of these substances is likely to be:

(a)	magnesium	 (1 mark)
(b)	hexane	 (1 mark)
(c)	lead (II) bromide?	(1 mark)

THIS IS THE LAST PRINTED PAGE