# **Port Numbers Quick Reference Card**

# **Security+ Essential Ports - MEMORIZE THESE!**

### **Web Traffic**

Port	Protocol	Encrypted?	Purpose
80	HTTP	<b>X</b> NO	Unencrypted web traffic
443	HTTPS	<b>✓</b> YES	Encrypted web traffic (SSL/TLS)

### **Remote Access**

Port	Protocol	Encrypted?	Purpose
22	SSH	✓ YES	Secure remote access & SFTP
23	Telnet	<b>X</b> NO	Unencrypted remote access (DON'T USE)
3389	RDP	✓ YES*	Remote Desktop Protocol (*if configured properly)

### **File Transfer**

Port	Protocol	Encrypted?	Purpose
20/21	FTP	<b>X</b> NO	Unencrypted file transfer (DON'T USE)
22	SFTP	✓ YES	Secure file transfer (uses SSH)
989/990	FTPS	✓ YES	FTP over SSL/TLS

### **Email**

Port	Protocol	Encrypted?	Purpose
25	SMTP	<b>X</b> NO	Send email (outgoing)
587/465	SMTPS	✓ YES	Secure SMTP
110	POP3	<b>X</b> NO	Receive email (downloads & deletes)

Port	Protocol	Encrypted?	Purpose
995	POP3S	✓ YES	Secure P0P3
143	IMAP	<b>X</b> NO	Receive email (syncs)
993	IMAPS	✓ YES	Secure IMAP

### **Network Services**

Port	Protocol	Purpose
53	DNS	Domain name resolution
<b>67/68</b> DHCP		Automatic IP address assignment

## **Directory Services**

Port	Protocol	Encrypted?	Purpose
389	LDAP	<b>X</b> NO	Directory queries (like Active Directory)
636	LDAPS	<b>✓</b> YES	Secure LDAP

### File Sharing & Database

Port	Protocol	Purpose
445	SMB	Windows file sharing (BLOCK AT FIREWALL!)
1433	MS SQL	Microsoft SQL Server
3306	MySQL	MySQL Database
161	SNMP	Network device management

# **Memory Tips**

### **Pattern Recognition:**

- Protocols ending in "S" are usually encrypted (HTTPS, FTPS, LDAPS, etc.)
- SSH (22) is one less than Telnet (23) and infinitely more secure!
- Common web: 80 (HTTP) and 443 (HTTPS)
- Email receiving: 110 (POP3) and 143 (IMAP)

#### **Critical Security Ports:**

- 22 SSH (secure remote access)
- 443 HTTPS (secure web)
- 445 SMB (ransomware spreads here BLOCK IT!)
- 3389 RDP (common attack target)

#### **Port Ranges:**

- 0-1023: Well-known ports (memorize these!)
- 1024-49151: Registered ports
- 49152-65535: Dynamic/ephemeral ports

## **Study Strategy**

- Make flashcards for each port
- ✓ Quiz yourself daily: "What port is HTTPS?"
- ✓ Practice scenario questions: "Port 3389 is being scanned what service?"
- Group by function: web, email, file transfer, etc.

**Security+ Exam Reality:** You WILL see multiple questions about port numbers. This is non-negotiable memorization!