

# INF367A Exercise 10

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## 1 Introduction

This exercise is about using Gibbs sampling to estimate the posterior even with missing data.

## 2 Gibbs sampler

### 2.1 Deriving conjugate prior for $\mu$

We assume here that we have the missing values, so we simply need to derive the conjugate prior of the likelihood of the "assumed complete data".

$$\begin{aligned}\log P(\mu|x, z) &= \sum_{i=1}^n \left[ -\frac{1}{2}(x_i - \mu)^T \Sigma^{-1}(x_i - \mu) \right] \\ &= -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \mu)^T \Sigma^{-1}(x_i - \mu) \\ &= -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^T \Sigma^{-1} x_i - x_i^T \Sigma^{-1} \mu - \mu^T \Sigma^{-1} x_i + \mu^T \Sigma^{-1} \mu \\ &\propto -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^n -2x_i^T \Sigma^{-1} \mu + \mu^T \Sigma^{-1} \mu \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^T \Sigma^{-1} \mu - \frac{1}{2} \mu^T \Sigma^{-1} \mu \\ &= N \bar{X}^T \Sigma^{-1} \mu - \frac{1}{2} \mu^T N \Sigma^{-1} \mu \\ &= -\frac{1}{2} \mu^T \underbrace{\Sigma^{-1}}_{=A} \mu + \underbrace{\bar{X}^T \Sigma^{-1}}_{=b^T} \mu\end{aligned}$$

Completing the square:

$$\begin{aligned}S &= A^{-1} = \Sigma \\ m &= Sb = \Sigma \Sigma^{-1} \bar{X} = \bar{X} \\ &\Rightarrow \underline{\underline{\mu \sim \mathcal{N}(\bar{X}, \Sigma)}}$$

For future self: think before deriving something obvious!!!

## 2.2 Deriving conjugate prior for $Z$

Conveniently, marginalizing away features from multivariate gaussians is simply done by dropping said features from the multivariate function [1]. In this case we will remain with a univariate Gaussian. Let  $\sigma^2 = \Sigma_{11}$

$$\begin{aligned} P(Z|X, \mu) &= \prod_{j=1}^k N(z_{j1}|\mu_1, \sigma) \\ &\Rightarrow \underline{\underline{P(z_{j1}|\mu_1, \mu) = N(\mu_1, \Sigma_{11})}} \end{aligned}$$

## 2.3 Implementation

The implementation of the Gibbs sampler is then very simple.

1. Initialize values for  $Z$  and  $\mu$
2. For iterations  $t$  in  $T$  do:
  - 2.1. Sample  $\mu_t \sim \mathcal{N}(\bar{X}, \Sigma)$  ( $X$  here is data with sampled  $Z$  for missing data)
  - 2.2. Sample  $Z_t$  by sampling for each  $z_{i1} \sim N(\mu_1, \Sigma_{11})$

## References

- [1] Ruye Wang, “Marginal distribution of multivariate gaussian,” 2020, [accessed 22-March-2020]. [Online]. Available: <http://fourier.eng.hmc.edu/e161/lectures/gaussianprocess/node7.html>