CI/CD Documentation for Azure Data Factory with Azure DevOps

Overview

This documentation describes the implementation of a Continuous Integration and Continuous Deployment (CI/CD) process for Azure Data Factory using Azure DevOps as both the repository and automation engine (deployment pipeline).

Architecture Overview

• Git Repository: Azure DevOps Repos

• Environments: Dev and QA

• Pipelines:

o CI/CD: Automatic deployment to QA environment

• Deployed Resources:

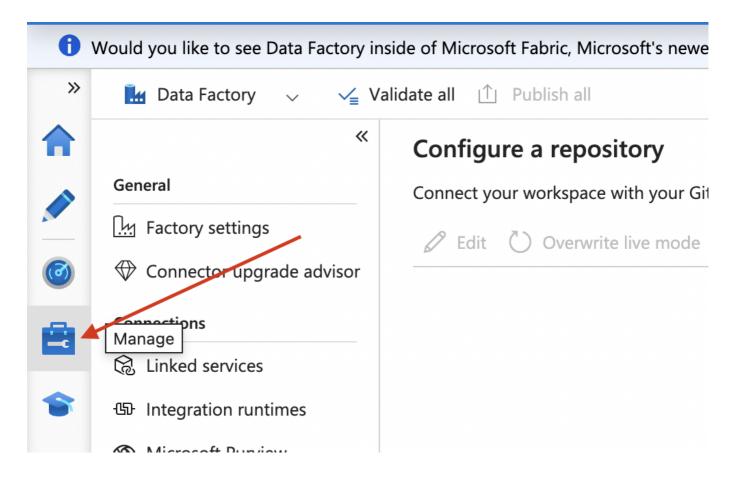
Main Artifacts

Secondary Artifacts

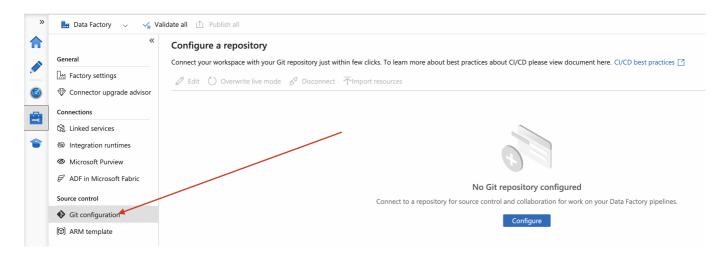
Git Configuration

The Git integration with Azure DevOps is straightforward and easy to set up. It's important to understand the roles of the **collaboration** and **publish** branches. The **collaboration** branch is where all artifacts are organized in a folder-based structure during **development**. In contrast, the **publish** branch is used by the deployment pipeline and contains all necessary artifacts derived from the **collaboration** branch but transformed into a JSON template format that simplifies the deployment process. Therefore, it's considered a good practice to keep these two branches separate.

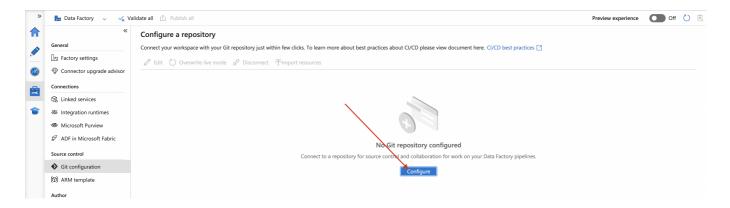
Step 1: Open Data Factory and Click Manage



Step 2: Click Git Configuration



Step 3: Click Configure



Step 4: Configure both repository and Microsoft Entra ID. When done, click continue

Configure a repository

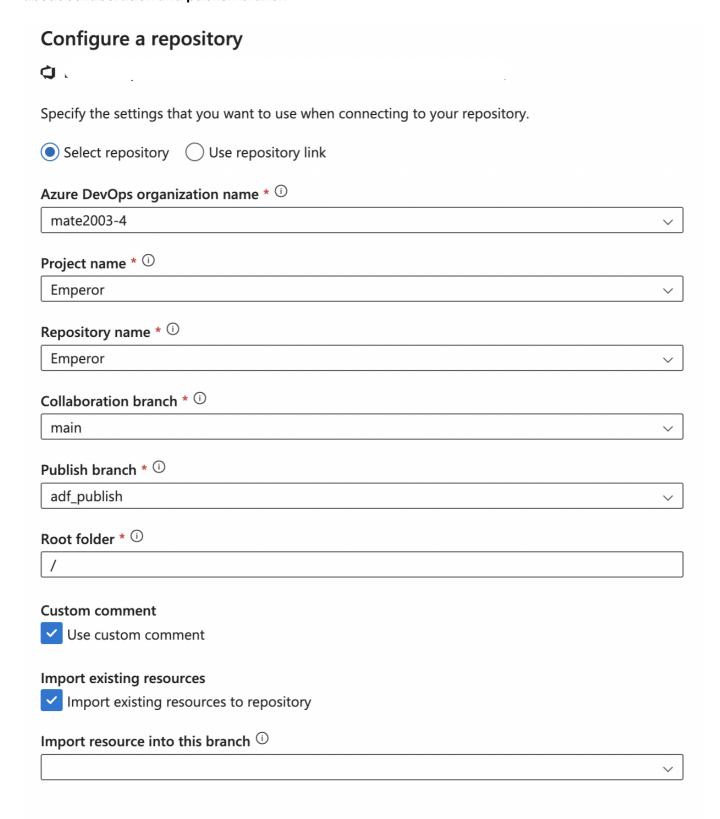
Specify the settings that you want to use when connecting to your repository.



Continue

Cancel

Step 5: Configure your repository with its corresponding data, have in mind what's been explained about collaboration and publish branch





Final step: click on Apply and that's it!

Repository Structure

CI/CD Pipeline in Azure DevOps

- Location: /azure-pipelines.yml
- Goals:
- Deploy artifacts into QA workspace

```
name: Release-$(rev:r)
trigger:
  branches:
    include:
    - adf_publish
resources:
  repositories:
  - repository: jkDataFactory
    type: git
    name: jkDataFactory
    ref: adf_publish
variables:
  - group: DF_variables
stages:
- stage: Release
  displayName: Release stage
  jobs:
    - job: Release
      displayName: Release job
```

```
pool:
        vmImage: 'Windows-2019'
      steps:
        - checkout: jkDataFactory
        - task: AzurePowerShell@5
          displayName: Stop Triggers
          inputs:
            azureSubscription: '$(azureSubscription)'
            ScriptType: 'InlineScript'
            Inline:
              $triggersADF = Get-AzDataFactoryV2Trigger -DataFactoryName
              "$(DeployDataFactoryName)" -ResourceGroupName
"$(DeploymentResourceGroupName)";
              $triggersADF | ForEach-Object { Stop-AzDataFactoryV2Trigger
              ResourceGroupName "$(DeploymentResourceGroupName)" -
DataFactoryName
              "$(DeployDataFactoryName)" -Name $ .name -Force }
            azurePowerShellVersion: 'LatestVersion'
        - task: AzureResourceManagerTemplateDeployment@3
          inputs:
            deploymentScope: 'Resource Group'
            azureResourceManagerConnection: '$(ServiceConnectionName)'
            subscriptionId: '$(subscriptionID)'
            action: 'Create Or Update Resource Group'
            resourceGroupName: '$(resourceGroupName)'
            location: 'Australia East'
            templateLocation: 'Linked artifact'
            csmFile:
'$(System.DefaultWorkingDirectory)/$(SourceDataFactoryName)/ARMTemplateFor
Factory.json'
            csmParametersFile:
'$(System.DefaultWorkingDirectory)/$(SourceDataFactoryName)/ARMTemplatePar
ametersForFactory.json'
            overrideParameters: '-factoryName $(DeployDataFactoryName)'
            deploymentMode: 'Incremental'
        - task: AzurePowerShell@5
          displayName: Restart Triggers
          inputs:
            azureSubscription: '$(azureSubscription)'
            ScriptType: 'InlineScript'
            Inline:
              $triggersADF = Get-AzDataFactoryV2Trigger -DataFactoryName
"$(DeployDataFactoryName)" -ResourceGroupName
"$(DeploymentResourceGroupName)";
              $triggersADF | ForEach-Object { Start-AzDataFactoryV2Trigger
-ResourceGroupName "$(DeploymentResourceGroupName)" -DataFactoryName
"$(DeployDataFactoryName)" -Name $_.name -Force }
            azurePowerShellVersion: 'LatestVersion'
```

Key notes

Pipeline has 3 tasks, two of them (AzurePowerShell@5) are in other words, a traffic light functionality
to avoid pipeline to run too many times when not desired. But both tasks won't affect pipeline's main
goal. for more information visit: https://techcommunity.microsoft.com/blog/azuredatablog/azuredata-factory-ci-cd-using-yaml-template/3107341

- Main task: AzureResourceManagerTemplateDeployment@3. This is task will deploy all corresponding artifacts into the QA workspace.
- DO NOT CHANGE:

Library Variables

Check the following part of the code above:

```
variables:
- group: DF_variables
```

Variable group name is DF_variables you should create a **Variable Group** under Library Section in Azure Devops with that name. Variables:

- azureSubscription = it's value must be your Suscription Name
- ServiceConnectionName = it's value must be your Service Connection Name linked to the corresponding QA Data Factory workspace
- subscriptionID = it's value must be your **Suscription ID**
- resourceGroupName = it's value must be your **Resource Group Name** which is where the **QA Data**Factory workspace is located at
- DeployDataFactoryName = it's value must be your **QA Data Factory Workspace Name** which is the one you where you want to deploy artifacts

overrideParameters Feature

In some scenarios you would like to override some parameters as **Linked Service's connection strings** so this feature allows you to change the values you specify for those artifacts you'd like to change between different workspaces.

How to do it?

The logic behind this is: Linked Services have unique values and they are most likely to be different between workspaces. So there is an **ARMTemplateParametersForFactory.json** file that will contain all artifacts definition and it's main value, you are suppose to copy the corresponding name of the artifact that might differ between environments and copy it's value from the Azure Portal GUI.

• IMPORTANT: This should be done BEFORE publishing any changes to the ADO repo.

Step 1:

Head to datafactoryname/ARMTemplateParametersForFactory.json and copy the name of the artifact you desire

```
{\mathbb P} adf_publish {\hspace{.1em}	extstyle {\hspace{.1em}
                                                                                              🖒 / jk-napsy-df / ARMTemplateParametersForFactory.json
ARMTemplateParametersForFactory.json
Contents History Compare Blame
          (i) You updated $9 adf_publish Jun 12
                                      "$schema": "https://schema.management.azure.com/schemas/2015-01-01/deploymentParameters.json#",
                                      "contentVersion": "1.0.0.0",
                                      "parameters": {
                                                    "factoryName": {
                                                           "value": "jk-napsy-df"
⇔
                                                      "HadiTest_connectionString": {
             8
                                                                     "value":
                                                     "hadi_linked_service_connectionString": {
                                                     "hadi\_linked\_service\_noConnectionString\_connectionString": \{ \\
                                                                   "value": ""
                                                     "test_connectionString": {
                                                                   "value": ""
                                                     "test_blob_storage_connectionString": {
                                                                   "value": ""
                                                     "DbTest_password": {
                                                                   "value": ""
                                                     "AzureKeyVaultTest_properties_typeProperties_baseUrl": {
                                                                   "value": "https://dfkvdev.vault.azure.net/"
                                                     "DbTest_properties_typeProperties_server": {
                                                                   "value": "synapsedbserver.database.windows.net"
                                                     "DbTest_properties_typeProperties_database": {
                                                                   "value": "synapsedb"
                                                     "DbTest_properties_typeProperties_userName": {
                                                                    "value": "root123"
          39 }
```

Step 2:

Go to the Pipeline and add the corresponding artifact with its corresponding value as shown in the picture

```
task: AzureResourceManagerTemplateDeployment@3

inputs:

deploymentScope: 'Resource Group'

azureResourceManagerConnection: '$(ServiceConnectionName)'

subscriptionId: '$(subscriptionID)'

caction: 'Create Or Update Resource Group'

resourceGroupName: '$(resourceGroupName)'

location: 'Australia East'

templateLocation: 'Linked artifact'

csmFile: '$(System.DefaultWorkingDirectory)/$(SourceDataFactoryName)/ARMTemplateForFactory.json'

csmParametersFile: '$(System.DefaultWorkingDirectory)/$(SourceDataFactoryName)/ARMTemplateParametersForFactory.json'

overrideParameters: '-factoryName $(DeployDataFactoryName)

deploymentMode: 'Incremental'
```

Connections

• Service Connection: Service connection in Azure DevOps with RBAC permissions

Resources

• Official Data Factory CI/CD Documentation

Notes

• Pipeline won't work the first time: when running the pipeline for the first time it will ask for an authorization it only takes a click into the UI