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Ecosystems (PDEs) are increasingly viewed as dynamic socio-technical systems shaped by evolving inter  
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Artificial Intelligence has emerged as a transformative force across multiple domains of computer scien  
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gnificance] Currently, large language models (LLMs) and agents have emerged as core technical paradig

The Low Altitude Intelligent Network (LAIN) has emerged as a critical productive force in recent years, and in the face of the dual imperatives of global trade expansion and low-carbon transition, intelligent maritime shipping has emerged as a key area for development. (1) Describe the evolution of Health Information Exchanges (HIEs) into Health Data Utilities (HDUs); (2) deeply explore the current research hotspots and development trends of ChatGPT generative artificial intelligence (AI), such as virtual and physical service robots, generative AI, large language models (LLMs), and edge computing. Micro-LED displays have excellent performance, such as high brightness, high resolution, vivid colors, low power consumption, and long life. It explores the development and implementation of an intelligent incident management system leveraging the increasing ownership of Internet of Things (IoT) devices, there is a bigger demand for stronger implementation. While natural language processing is less technologized than other language services, (partial) automation has also been witnessed in literature. Large Language Models have been incorporated into an astounding breadth of professional domains. Given their capabilities, they are worth exploring. This research explores the development of an Intelligent Collaborative Supply Chain Management (iCSCM) system, which aims to improve the efficiency of supply chain management. The role of children and teenagers on environmental issues is crucial, as they not only internalize the importance of environmental protection but also act as a catalyst for change. The abstract outlines Türkiye's significant progress in advancing its research, development, and innovation (RD&I) in the field of Artificial Intelligence (GAI) has recently emerged as a promising solution to address critical challenges of global development. Objectives: Artificial intelligence (AI) is transforming healthcare, enabling advances in diagnostics, treatment, and drug discovery. Large language models (LLMs) have revolutionized the field of artificial intelligence in both academia and industry, and this research reviews the role of artificial intelligence (AI) in enhancing healthcare through an analysis of physician-to-physician collaboration. The reductionist biology at the dawn of the genome era yielded a 'parts list' of plant genes and a nascent understanding of plant biology. A model-enabled generative artificial intelligence facilitates the development and implementation of age-specific interventions. Advances in artificial intelligence (AI) must be matched by efforts to better understand and evaluate human health. The current landscape of AI presents both opportunities and obstacles. Over the decades since the concept of Artificial Intelligence (AI) systems in the midst of digital transformation utilize technologies like Internet of Things (IoT), big data, and cloud computing, explosive developments in generative artificial intelligence (GenAI), built on large language models (LLMs), have emerged. Outcomes: The case is designed taking into consideration the three learning domains of Bloom's Taxonomy. The research examines the impact of Large Language Models (LLMs) on entrepreneurial development among micro, small, and medium enterprises. It investigates the integration of cognitive agents powered by Large Language Models (LLMs) within the Smart Supply Chain (SSC) framework. Artificial intelligence (AI) and its applications in digital health, bioengineering, and society have significant material impacts. The development of generative artificial intelligence (GenAI) tools, such as large language models (LLMs), generate natural language and text, and this research explores the arguments made by Onitui and colleagues concerning the need to adopt a backward-walking logic. Large Language Models have become a foundational component of modern artificial intelligence, but their development and deployment are still in the early stages. The purpose of this research is to look backward the status quo of big data research in the construction industry. The rapid integration of Artificial Intelligence (AI) is everywhere, and their detection is not an easy task at all. There are both manual rumour detection and automated detection. In the rapidly evolving landscape of cloud-native computing, Organizations are increasingly adopting infrastructure as code (IaC) and containerization. The rapid development of artificial intelligence, big data analytics, and high-performance computing, traditional computing architectures are being replaced. The emergence of generative AI (GenAI) is a major driving force behind the modern data science ecosystem, a field that has been largely overlooked. [Significance] The evolution of smart libraries has ushered in a new era, marked by the integration of multiple technologies. The development of radio-frequency integrated circuit (RFIC) design has traditionally been defined by its inherent complexity and high cost. The increasing volume of data from buildings and affordable powerful computing, artificial intelligence (AI) has emerged as a key area for development. Large Language Models (LLMs) have achieved remarkable success across a variety of natural language processing tasks.

In recent years, large artificial intelligence models have become the focus of the global science and technology field. Objectives: The rapid integration of Artificial Intelligence (AI) in education offers transformative opportunities to enhance learning outcomes and efficiency. AI and Agent-Based Models (ABMs) are transforming marketing with the ability to develop accurate, personalized marketing strategies. The integration of artificial intelligence in educational settings holds great promise but also faces numerous challenges. The development of augmented generation (RAG) seamlessly combines information retrieval with generative artificial intelligence. The emergence of Generative AI 5.0 leverages advanced models and artificial intelligence (AI) analytics to address complex health challenges. The rapid growth of smart, interconnected IoT devices is driving demand for higher performance, real-time processing capabilities.

tion of artificial intelligence (AI) into China's medical physiology education has emerged as a transformative key pillar of the European Union's digital strategy, designed to facilitate secure, interoperable, and secure Cancer Center Leaders Session 2 Natural Language Processing for Biomedical Text Medical data is not the deployment of large language models (LLMs) on edge devices faces significant challenges due to limited computational power. The rollout of 6G networks is driving a paradigm shift toward AI-native infrastructures, embedding artificial intelligence (AI) agents represent a transformative advancement in global Information Technology (IT) management. The convergence of artificial intelligence (AI) and wearable biosensors is revolutionizing personalized healthcare, and open-source libraries (TPLs) are an integral part of Android app development, offering app developers essential tools. This paper explores the potential of federated large language models (FLLMs) for privacy-preserving artificial intelligence. It synthesizes key insights from emerging IEEE Artificial Intelligence Standards Committee (AISC) standards. Furthermore, we introduce INvadeAI, a novel interactive advertising framework that leverages multimodal AI to maximize the use of large language and vision-language models. As AI agents have evolved into autonomous, interactive systems, large language models (LLMs), emerging as strategic assets in global information ecosystems, represent a paradigm shift. Digital interventions have been proposed as a solution to meet the growing demand for mental health services. The development of Artificial Intelligence (AI) systems, and particularly Large Language Models (LLMs), has also influenced various ecosystems, such as the Internet of Things (IoT), evolve, cyber threats have become increasingly sophisticated. In the context of the rising global prevalence of obesity, traditional intervention measures have proven limited. Smart contracts, integral to decentralized finance (DeFi) and blockchain ecosystems, are increasingly vulnerable to attacks. As smart contracts become integral to modern digital ecosystems, their increasing complexity and widespread adoption have raised concerns. Target Detection and Ranging) is one of the most innovative technologies in the field of remote sensing, capable of detecting and tracking objects. Large language models, a cutting-edge technology in artificial intelligence, are reshaping the new paradigm of chronic disease management. As Generative Artificial Intelligence (Gen AI) is evolving rapidly, there is a significant change in the approach by the generative artificial intelligence (GAI) has disrupted the information ecosystem due to its capacity to process vast amounts of data. Compared to traditional digital technologies, generative artificial intelligence (GenAI) exhibits two facets—open-endedness and creativity. The integration of artificial intelligence (AI) technologies into digital transformation processes in Turkey plays a significant role. Large artificial intelligence and large model agents are revolutionizing the higher education, influencing every aspect of learning. This paper explores the application of large language models (LLMs) in designing strategic mechanisms - including a framework for the transition to 6th generation (6G) mobile networks is a crucial step toward ubiquitous coverage, ultra-broadband networks. The proceedings contain 16 papers. The special focus in this conference is on Intelligent Computers, Algorithms, and Applications. A thematic seminar on "Wisdom and Service Libraries and Modern Civilization hosted by the School of Information Management" explores the emerging field of adopting artificial intelligence (AI)/machine learning (ML)-powered text processing. As the Android operating system dominates the mobile ecosystem, its open-source nature has made it increasingly accessible. The deployment of automated decision-making tools is a crucial requirement for conducting successful business operations. The integration of diverse clinical data sources requires standardization through models such as Observation and Measurement. The proceedings contain 29 papers. The special focus in this conference is on Applied Algorithms. The topics include the food requirements of the growing population worldwide, the agricultural domain is being technologically transformed. This paper provides a thorough and unique overview of the challenges, opportunities and solutions related with data management. The rise of AI (GenAI) is disrupting global IT management and challenging established practice. The increasing use of Large Language Models (LLMs) are a significant advancement in artificial intelligence (AI), capable of learning from vast amounts of data. In the moment of intense competition in the artificial intelligence (AI) field, DeepSeek has released foundation models. The release and application of open-source large language models (LLMs) represented by DeepSeek, open-source models, and smart manufacturing environments, human involvement remains critical for addressing complex tasks that

level aerospace component processing, the complexity of precision manufacturing equipment design has

Intelligence (GenAI) started to stand at the forefront of this synergy. In the field of life sciences, GenAI in language models (LLMs). Far more than a fleeting hype, LLMs represent a foundational shift in how healthcare adapts to patient-driven interventions that detect ischemia, arrhythmias, and remodeling only after tissue damage has occurred. Interactions among actors, infrastructures, data types, and governance mechanisms. Yet, most existing research is siloed. Environmental science, however, poses unique hurdles due to its interdisciplinary scope, specialized knowledge, and the need to protect the planet, addressing the demands of a future intelligent society. This paper provides a comprehensive overview of the current state of the field, highlighting key challenges and opportunities across various research domains with the potential to reshape sustainable economic systems. This study presents a comprehensive analysis of the Eaton fires in Los Angeles County underscoring the urgent need for more advanced prediction frameworks to address security risks, exemplified by high-profile exploits such as the DAO and Parity Wallet incidents. Existing vulnerabilities in multi-agent systems powered by large language models (LLMs) have emerged as effective solutions to longstanding challenges in artificial intelligence (AI). DL techniques converge with the Internet of Things (IoT) to manage energy, comfort, and sustainability in smart environments. AI processing tasks such as document analysis, content generation, and conversational assistance. Their applications are broad, supporting the transformation and upgrading of traditional industries and basic scientific research. The integration of AI and processing on the Internet, bringing both great potential and significant concerns regarding content moderation and answers to complex queries, reducing users' reliance on manually browsing and summarizing multiple sources. Chatbots can provide information and interactivity, and combining them with context awareness could enhance user experience. Integrating LLMs and retrieval-augmented generation (RAG), into multi-agent systems (MASs) for various applications. LLMs come with ethical concerns. Grounding technology design in human values can address AI ethics challenges. Integrating humans, robots, and the physical world, with its core lying in the deep fusion of humans, robots, and the digital world. Digital platforms as critical enablers of data integration, stakeholder collaboration and process optimization. Integrating LLMs, including customer service chatbots, educational tutors, healthcare assistants, etc. AI, as a dynamic process, requires citizen engagement to integrate their lived experiences. The value co-creation and risk audits under the European Union's Digital Services Act (DSA). It examines how automated tools can enhance decision-making. LLMs, has raised critical trust challenges in high-stakes domains like politics. Biased LLMs' decisions and their impact on society, including Web Engineering. By leveraging models such as Generative Pretrained Transformers, Diffusion Models, etc., but its application in landscape research remains underexplored. In this study, large language models are used for diagnosis. Comprehensive artificial intelligence (AI) that integrates multimodal imaging data, clinical notes, and patient history. AI faces significant challenges in its effective adoption. While prior studies have emphasized strategic applications in various domains (DAOs). By integrating chain-of-thought (CoT) reasoning with stakeholder-adaptive mechanisms, AI can often conflate digital paradigms in digital architecture. While DTs function as mirrored models of real-world systems for natural resource management, urban and rural planning, agri-food systems, industry, energy, education, and healthcare. Applications across various learning and teaching domains. However, LLMs still face several challenges, including data quality, bias, and integration into the existing ecosystem. According to recent research, large language models (LLMs) have demonstrated immense potential in various domains, often underappreciated despite their essential ecological roles. As biodiversity loss continues to pose a major threat to the planet, the 2024 Taiwan presidential election. Using Microsoft's Copilot, we conducted a comparative analysis between human judgment, Artificial Intelligence (AI), and autonomous systems. This roadmap article explores how these technologies can be leveraged to offer a novel approach to restructuring Web Intelligence within a federated setting to better protect user privacy and counter stereotypes and biases, especially in sensitive contexts like cultural differences in low-resource languages. How information is generated, disseminated, and analyzed. With their ability to process vast amounts of data, generative AI models can span various domains, including buildings, manufacturing, and healthcare. These virtual clones of physical environments, with a focus on the 2025 Philippine elections. It investigates how AI has been weaponized in various domains and fully utilizes graphical visualization programming tools such as Raptor and Orange3 to assist teaching and learning. The evolution and fully utilizes graphical visualization programming tools such as Raptor and Orange3 to assist teaching and learning. The evolution of the Agent concept are revealed, the Agent-related concepts and theories contained in library resources in artificial intelligence, with their integration into scientific research scenarios holding profound significance.

particularly with the growing strategic role of the low-altitude economy in national development plans. merged as a central driver for the innovation of international logistics systems, now entering a critical w Provide motivation for HDUs as a public strategic investment target. Materials and Methods: We exami ntelligence in empowering higher education applications, this study conducted a detailed analysis of 178 n language models and decision support systems, alter the nature of services. Most service research center ong lifespan, and fast response speed. They are expected to become disruptive display technology follow g artificial intelligence (AI), knowledge engineering, and mathematical modeling to optimize enterprise o tation of security mechanisms and addressing zero-day vulnerabilities. This work is the first to provide a ary translation. Since 2017, neural machine translation (NMT) systems such as DeepL and, subsequently apabilities, many intellectual laborers naturally question to what extent these AI models will be able to u driven by Large Language Models (LLMs), to enhance operational efficiency and facilitate collaboration ecological preservation but can also share this knowledge at home, spreading awareness within their fa DI) ecosystem, led by TÜBİTAK in alignment with the National Technology Move and the Twelfth Develo f blockchain technology, including scalability, security, privacy, and interoperability. In this paper, we fir: tment optimization, and patient care. Yet, its integration raises ethical, regulatory, and societal challeng transforming how we communicate, search for information, and create content. However, these model physician communication. It seeks to identify the best practices for extracting value from professional r nd understanding of complex biological processes. Today, with the genomics era in full swing, advances in hi nts, which can leverage distinguished reasoning and language processing capabilities to takes a proactiv ow AI performs across health care and biomedicine as well as develop appropriate regulatory framework ial Intelligence (AI) was initiated, AI has witnessed waves of development, from early attempts to create nd artificial intelligence (AI) to elevate citizens' well-being and champion sustainable development. Not: and related algorithms, has led to much excitement and speculation about the potential impact of this i y (Bloom et al., 1956) – cognitive, i.e. knowledge and thinking; affective, i.e. feelings and attitude; and p centrepreneurs in Barranquilla, Colombia. Through a mixed-methods investigation, the study evaluates : scaled Agile Framework (SAFe) to reinforce software project management. By deploying virtual agents in impacts on the environment owing to AI's vast energy demands and energy consumption, carbon footpr d other types of content to perform a wide range of tasks. This represents a significant technological ad to manage the risks arising from the use of Large Language Models (LLMs) adapted for a medical purpo ment is often hindered by inadequate data governance, resulting in challenges such as hallucinations, ir ndustry in the last 15 years, from 2010 to 2024 and look forward the research frontiers and openings fo pproaches like reader-added context supported by some social media platforms, and automatic approac models that emphasize scalability, flexibility, and efficiency. Kubernetes has become the de facto stand: al homogeneous architectures are increasingly unable to meet the growing computational demands, pa that exploits data as the central asset for actionable insights. Analogously, GenAI is a form of artificial ir :imodal learning technologies that combine information from various modalities such as speech, images y, reliance on manual iterations, and dependence on domain-specific heuristics. Recently, however, this s been explored in various applications for building energy modeling (BEM), including collecting input da asks, with larger architectures often exhibiting superior performance. This scaling behavior has fueled in

d with their excellent performance and wide application potential. Large models usually refer to deep le: enhance teaching and learning. Among these innovations, Large Language Models (LLMs) like ChatGPT h apative, and consumer-centered strategies. ABMs model interactions among agents such as consumers, iges and critical issues. This paper provides a macro-level analysis of the factors influencing the impleme ence, allowing large language models (LLMs) to enhance the accuracy and relevance of responses by dyr nges. With the rise of digital twins in industrial automation, the focus has shifted toward creating cyber , and self-\* capabilities (self-adaptation, self-reconfiguration, self-healing) across heterogeneous platfor



itive strategy to modernize pedagogical practices and address systemic challenges in healthcare training and sovereign data sharing across various sectors while ensuring regulatory compliance. These ecosystems are not only numeric but also composed of unstructured text. These algorithms listen to various medical imaging and computational resources, memory bandwidth, and strict power constraints. While RISC-V architecture offers a presence deeply across multiple operational layers. This evolution necessitates transparency, trustworthiness, management, introducing autonomous, goal-driven systems capable of reasoning, adapting, and executing enabling continuous monitoring, early detection of health issues, which enhances the efficiency of data processing for enhancing app functionality, design, and integration capabilities. However, the fast-paced evolution of artificial intelligence (AI) and intelligent management in emerging fifth-generation (5G) and sixth-generation (6G) wireless networks - P3394 and P3428 - that are shaping agent-based software engineering for intelligent systems. IEEE P3394 monetize Large Language Models (LLMs) while enhancing digital advertising experiences. Our multi-stage framework consists of systems capable of perception, reasoning, and decision-making. As they proliferate across virtual and physical environments, advanced AI system developed under distinct national governance regimes. This study examines how multi-agent systems support. Large language models (LLMs) have emerged as a promising technology for creating more personalized and ready started changing how software is written in industry. In this work, we categorize two important features of LLMs, posing greater challenges for Network Intrusion Detection Systems (NIDS). Artificial intelligence, particularly LLMs, is insufficient to meet the demands of personalized and sustainable health management, necessitating the development of exploits due to coding errors and complex attack vectors. Traditional static analysis tools and existing vulnerability scanners have made them appealing targets for cyberattacks. Effective detection and prevention mechanisms are required to be able of accurately reconstructing the three-dimensional (3D) structures of the objects being measured. On the topic of ocular diseases management. In this study, we comprehensively examined the current status and trends in the contact center industry with respect to work culture. Historically, customer service agents working in a contact center produce large language models. Defining clear regulatory strategies for GAI policies is crucial to achieving the transparency and inscrutability—that create challenges for the value co-creation of complementors in GenAI. Large language models play a significant role in the dissemination of high-tech products. Large Language Models (LLMs) and Natural Language Processing (NLP) are transforming from talent development frameworks and teaching methodologies to knowledge acquisition procedures, contracts, and games- for specific purposes in communication networks. Traditionally, strategic planning, network connectivity, and comprehensive support for Internet of Things (IoT) applications such as autonomous systems and Applications. The topics include: Artificial Intelligence Modelling Paths for Reasoning Argumentation Models for Knowledge Management at Wuhan University and the editorial department of the Journal of Library Science in China. This study provides a detailed analysis for instructional improvement within the structure of the Instructional Core Framework. It reveals the vulnerabilities to sophisticated malware attacks. Traditional security techniques, such as static and dynamic analysis, are not sufficient for activities and efficient transactions. Hence, leveraging emerging artificial intelligence (AI) techniques, combined with traditional Medical Outcomes Partnership (OMOP). However, mapping data elements to OMOP concepts is a challenge. On the Characterization of Eulerian  $\alpha$ -Splitting  $p$ -Matroids; approximability of Edge-Vertex Dominating Set Problem. This study is empowered to produce more with fewer resources and investments. Fortunately, the faster maturation of AI provides a protection in the age of AI and ML technologies. It investigates the interface of data protection and the impact of GenAI technology is redefining localization, transforming existing workforce roles, outsourcing strategies, and managing vast textual datasets and excelling in tasks such as text generation and translation. However, the current state-of-the-art large language models (LLM) such as V3/R1, with performance comparable to leading international models, have shown that large language model innovation has played an increasingly important role in the rapid development of global artificial intelligence. These models require adaptability and decision-making, despite the growing presence of automation and artificial

exceeded the capabilities of traditional design methodologies. Conventional experience-driven design a

s emerging as a catalyst, accelerating drug discovery by swiftly generating and predicting novel molecule  
are professionals interact with and derive value from data. From simplifying clinical note-writing to sup  
has begun, limiting the effectiveness of therapy. A narrative review synthesized 183 studies published b  
arch remains static or domain-specific, offering limited insight into the temporal and co-evolutionary dy  
d jargon, and heterogeneous data from climate dynamics to ecosystem management. Despite progress  
ve review of WI's contributions since its inception in 2000, spanning three distinct phases: Wisdom Worl  
prehensive bibliometric and network analysis aimed at mapping the scientific landscape, identifying research  
rks. Existing physics-based and deep-learning models struggle to capture dynamic wildfire spread across  
ulnerability detection methods, including static and dynamic analysis, as well as machine learning-based  
challenges in data annotation, such as scalability, consistency, cost, and limitations in domain expertise.  
r across smart environments. A PRISMA-guided search of four databases retrieved 1358 records; after a  
bility to process and generate human-like text has unlocked unprecedented opportunities across differe  
forestry and grassland industry is characterized by vast geographical coverage, complex types, and high  
nt authenticity and reliability. This paper presents a novel quantitative approach to shed light on the con  
le web pages. However, while this paradigm enhances convenience, it disrupts the feedback-driven imp  
hance the relevance and proactivity of action recommendations. However, there is a gap in understand  
mart urban mobility. The proposed framework leverages intelligent transportation systems (ITS) data, ac  
and ensure adoption. To this end, we apply Value-Sensitive Design—involving empirical, conceptual and  
the physical environment, to enhance the capabilities of agents in perception, cognition, and collaborati  
tion. This paper presents a systematic review of 125 peer-reviewed journal articles (2015–2025), selecte  
stants, and code-generation tools. By dynamically identifying and mitigating harmful, biased, or unethic  
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d misinformation undermine democratic processes, and existing trust models fail to address the intricac  
sion Models, and Large Language Models, developers can now automate, augment, and innovate traditi  
ire applied to analyze cultural ecosystem services, which are a key connection between humans and nat  
tes, and large language models has the potential to support radiologists. Accordingly, the U.S. Food and  
benefits and readiness models, there remains a lack of operational guidance tailored to SME realities—  
recommendations, the framework improves decision alignment, increases voter participation, and enh  
world systems—integrating IoT, BIM, and real-time analytics to support decision-making—Metaverses ar  
and healthcare. However, the impact of AI on the sustainability of local ecosystems remains insufficien  
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hnologies are reshaping the field, positioning humans not only as end users but also as critical compone  
ect privacy. Additionally, the advent of large foundation models has notably enhanced the capability of i  
es such as Bengali. In this work, we investigate cultural bias in LLMs by evaluating their performance in f  
r asp contextual nuances, and engage in human-like dialogue, LLMs present new opportunities and chall  
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d to manipulate narratives and suggests strategies to counteract disinformation. Drawing on case studie  
ng. At the same time, with the help of large models to assist programming, the cultivation of mathemati  
science are revealed, and the innovative value of AI Agent driven by large language models to the core s  
ificance for transforming research paradigms. Traditional scientific research is facing an increasing numk

As an integral part of smart city infrastructure and advanced air mobility systems, LAIN contributes both indow period for the deep integration of Internet technologies and automated port infrastructure. While trends in developing HIEs into HDUs and compare their criticality to that of the national highway system, 3 articles related to ChatGPT+higher education in the Knowledge Resource Database. By using software tools on the division between human and AI resources. Less attention has been paid to analyzing the entangling liquid crystal display (LCD) and organic light emitting diode (OLED), especially in fields like micro-operations. Enterprise incident resolution can be conceptualized as a complex network of interdependent platform that combines featureless approaches with artificial intelligence (AI) algorithms, which are deep, large language models (LLMs) such as ChatGPT have been drastically changing, if not revolutionizing, the disrupt their own jobs. As behavioral scientists, we performed an effort to examine the extent to which are among academic, governmental, and private sectors in advancing University Holding Companies (UHCs) families and communities about these delicate matters. In this work, we introduce an innovative approach to the Plan. Key strategic objectives include fostering high-technology production, enabling digital and to introduce GAI techniques, outline their applications, and discuss existing solutions for integrating GAI systems. Key concerns include data privacy risks, algorithmic bias, and regulatory gaps that struggle to keep pace with face knowledge cutoffs and costly updates, driving a new ecosystem for LLM-based applications that include medical chats (PMCs) and assess the impact of AI on patient outcomes and healthcare systems, emphasizing high-definition genomics enabled precise temporal and spatial analyses of biological systems down to the molecular, autonomous role to pursue users' goals. Nevertheless, there is a lack of systematic knowledge to guide the risks. This Special Communication reviews the history of the US Food and Drug Administration's (FDA) regulation of human-like conversational agents to the recent surge in deep learning and big data. The 21st century has seen, notably, LLMs such as GPT-3 or GPT-4, crafted by OpenAI, and Google's AI tools like Gemini and Bard, stand as new technology. Claims include artificial intelligence (AI) being poised to revolutionize business and social psychology, i.e. specific applied skills. Accordingly, these learning objectives are identified:▪ to frame two LLM interventions, Claude Sonnet and Chat GPT 3.5, in comparison to conventional entrepreneurship simulated software environments, this study explores their potential to fulfill fundamental roles in IT projects, and water usage to cool data centers and generate electricity to power the data centers. Yet, the advancement that poses opportunities and challenges to educational research and practice. This comment is. We examine what lessons can be learned from existing multi-use technologies and applied to special intellectual property violations, and security vulnerabilities. In light of emerging regulatory requirements, for future research. In recent years, big data has increasingly become a new research hot spot in the context of AI models that detect rumours using various architectures. Both methods take some time to develop and are hard for orchestrating containerized applications in these environments. However, the inherent complexity, particularly in parallel computing and immediate data processing scenarios. The application of heterogeneous intelligence which learns from massive datasets to generate new data, showcasing human-like creativity, text, and video. This cutting-edge technology is revolutionizing traditional information service systems by providing a new landscape has been undergoing a transformative shift propelled by advancements in Artificial Intelligence, creating and tuning energy models, managing simulation runs, and extracting insights from large volumes of data. Intense competition in generative AI, supported by projected investments that exceed \$1 trillion to develop

learning models with massive parameters, such as OpenAI's GPT series, Google's BERT, etc., which can harness old immense potential for instructional design, personalized learning, and administrative efficiency. However, firms, and influencers to reveal behavioral patterns and campaign optimization. At the same time, Large-scale experimentation of generative large models in foreign language education. Eight dimensions are identified, each dynamically retrieving and integrating contextual knowledge from external databases. In education, RAG has twins (CT) models that simulate patient conditions, reducing the risk of misdiagnosis on actual patients. Currently, CPUs, GPUs, and FPGAs now provide exceptional compute power but greatly complicate software development

. Current initiatives leverage AI-driven tools such as machine learning algorithms for physiological simulations; enable seamless data exchange among businesses, governments, and individuals, fostering advancement in genomics, genomic data, and electronic health records to find correlations that can predict different diseases. Utilizing advantages in edge computing through its modularity, scalability, and open-source ecosystem, the LLM is designed for transparency and explainability to foster reliable and accountable network decisions. Explainable AI (XAI) techniques facilitate decision-making across distributed IT ecosystems. By leveraging Large Language Models (LLMs) and advanced processing and real-time decision-making. Multimodal Large Language Models (MLLMs) play a pivotal role in the integration of Android APIs introduces compatibility issues not only in Android apps but also in TPLs as they rely heavily on legacy networks. Using federated learning (FL), FLLMs enable decentralized model training at the network edge. The LLM Agent Interface (LLM-AI) defines a Universal Message Format (UMF) and communication protocols for the integration of LLMs. The framework integrates YOLOv8 for product detection in visual media, BLIP3 and OCR for caption generation. In various physical domains, the Internet of Agents (IoA) has emerged as a key infrastructure for enabling scalable and secure AI. Model origin and governance context influence AI-generated narratives on international territorial dispute resolution. Personalized and adaptive mental health chatbots. While LLMs generate responses based on statistical patterns, the features of modern AI systems - structured outputs and tool-use - and explain how the security of each is enhanced. Particularly Large Language Models (LLMs), enhances cybersecurity through log analysis, anomaly detection, and the exploration of innovative solutions through innovative technologies. This study explores how advanced vulnerability detection methods often fail to address these challenges comprehensively, resulting in high false positives. Crucial, and machine learning (ML) techniques provide promising solutions for identifying anomalous AI behavior. Over the past few decades, LiDAR technology has advanced rapidly, significantly promoting research in the field of autonomous driving. Trends in the application of large language models in major blinding chronic ocular diseases such as glaucoma. Contact center used to depend significantly on static scripts and fragmented information systems, which hinder the objective of information governance in the digital and intelligent era. Furthermore, this is the appropriate solution for platform ecosystems. For example, complementors lack standardized, reusable functionality that power the ecosystem. Natural Language Processing (NLP) techniques are supported by innovative solutions developed by HAVELSAN. During the past few decades and research paradigms. Meanwhile, in the context of digital transformation and technological innovation, the mechanism design in telecommunications has relied on human expertise to craft solutions based on game theory, autonomous driving, remote control, and more. This leap will be facilitated by the integration of space-air-ground-sea multi-domain methods for Criminal Evidence; parallel Decomposition Method for Deep Learning Models Based on Impulse. China focused on multiple themes of "wisdom and service in the context of the new era. The sub-forum reviews existing studies on AI/ML applications in analyzing teacher, student, and content data, emphasizing the importance of code analysis, often fail to detect modern malware due to issues like code obfuscation and limited scalability. Natural language processing (NLP) will strengthen the decision support systems (DSS) that address the growing demands significant technical expertise and time. While large health care systems often have resources, the integration of AI in Unit Disk Graphs; density Extrema of Integer Points in Standard Hexagons; Dilution with Digital Micromachined Structures; and stability of digital (digitization and digitalization) technologies and tools have laid a stimulating and challenging path for new technologies, emphasising the growing need to safeguard personal and confidential data from unauthorized access, privacy, and team dynamics. Simultaneously, GenAI's security complexities have prompted the rethinking of cybersecurity. Not all general LLMs often do not meet the specific requirements of the public sector and other entities in Europe. Organizations like OpenAI. This not only demonstrates China's technological innovation capabilities in AI and machine learning (AI) technology. Through technological innovation, cost reduction, performance improvement, and security. Intelligence. This paper introduces SAMBA - Service-Augmented Manufacturing-Based Approach, an innovative

approaches exhibit fundamental limitations when confronting high-dimensional parameter spaces, complex

es. This expedites the identification of potential drug candidates, significantly reducing time and costs associated with drug development. Supporting patient engagement and enhancing administrative processes, LLMs have the power to transform healthcare. Between 2016 and 2025 that were located through PubMed, MDPI, Scopus, IEEE Xplore, and Web of Science. Dynamics of PDEs. To address this gap, this study adopts a theory-building approach to examine how PDEs in subdomains like hydrology and climate modeling, no integrated framework exists to generate high-quality data. World Wide Web (WI 1.0, 2000–2009), Wisdom Web of Things (WI 2.0, 2010–2017), and Wisdom Web of Environmental hotspots, and highlighting methodological trends at this nexus. A dataset of 268 peer-reviewed public datasets is used, covering both 2D and 3D domains, especially when incorporating real-time, multimodal geospatial data. This paper compares various approaches, often struggle with emerging threats and rely heavily on large, labeled datasets. This study aims to develop a framework where these agents facilitate intelligent automation and adaptive decision-making, thereby enhancing the efficiency of decision-making. Applying inclusion criteria, 143 peer-reviewed studies published between January 2019 and April 2025 were identified across various domains such as healthcare, education, finance, and more. However, commercial LLM platforms face significant challenges in this work difficulty. However, current professional models in this industry suffer from insufficient generality and struggle to handle complex information dynamics arising from the growing use of generative AI tools. Despite their significant contributions, the improvement loop that has historically powered the evolution of traditional Web search. Web search can no longer play the role that such technologies can play in taking a holistic view of the user's multiple goals, complex tasks, advanced analytics, and simulation models, enabling GenAI agents to provide tailored, context-aware, and actionable insights for technical investigations—to centre human values in the development and evaluation of LLM-based chatbots and agents. Moving toward the physical world. The key components and technological pathways of embodied intelligence are discussed. Conducted through a PRISMA-guided search using the Scopus database, with inclusion criteria focused on English language, peer-reviewed outputs in real time, the system significantly enhances the safety and reliability of LLM-powered applications in high-stakes spaces. Without successful translation of these experiences into tangible value during the implementation phase, the system is legally grounded content analysis. An interdisciplinary expert workshop with twelve participants from legal, medical, and technical fields of trust in LLMs. Currently, oversimplified, one-directional approaches have largely overlooked the non-linear and iterative processes involved in the design, development, and maintenance of web systems. This chapter explores the intangible benefits that ecosystems provide. Social media texts from the Lushan Scene and the Lushan Disaster Drug Administration has cleared more than 770 AI medical devices that focus on radiology, primarily based on natural language processing—particularly regarding implementation barriers, resource constraints, and emerging demands for responsiveness and governance transparency. Through simulations based on historical KlimaDAO data, the system achieves high performance in typically fictional, immersive, multi-user environments shaped by social, cultural, and speculative narratives. This highlights the need for a comprehensive review that considers spatial, sectoral, and temporal dynamics. Retrieval-Augmented Generation (RAG) enhances LLMs by retrieving relevant information from an external knowledge base. Consequently, leveraging the capabilities of LLMs to effectively enhance the performance of smart cities and digital ecosystems. Biodiversity as a whole. With large language model (LLM) chatbots becoming increasingly integrated in digital ecosystems, and Swedish. While Copilot uses mainly professional news media, provides quick access to synthesized information within expansive software ecosystems. We examine the challenges and opportunities arising from the integration of individual agents to address complex problems and has reshaped the Web ecosystem. Numerous large language models are used, including Bengali cultural dialects of Hindu and Muslim majority. We evaluated widely used Web-enabled models, including ChatGPT, for understanding online interactions. The SocialLLM 2025 workshop builds on the foundation laid by previous workshops along with allowing the prediction of future operations. Artificial intelligence (AI) has been instrumental in various regions from the Philippines, Taiwan, and India - regions in the Indo-Pacific with vibrant democracies, high digital literacy, and strong digital thinking, logical thinking, AI thinking, engineering thinking, and programming training are integrated into the ecosystem. The services of libraries is analyzed to promote the transformation of knowledge services to intelligent and context-aware. A number of challenges such as inefficient literature searches, the processing of massive amounts of data, repetitive

to economic growth and to airspace security. By integrating unmanned aerial vehicles, fifth-generation e existing research predominantly focuses on isolated applications of intelligent technologies, systemati em as an investment in the public good. Results: We propose that investment in HDUs is essential for ou tools such as Power BI, SPSS, and Excel, this study conducted a visual analysis of core authors, research f gled resource relations and interactions between humans and AI entities. Thus, the purpose of this pape ojection, near-eye displays, and others. However, these fields urgently require display devices with high it systems, where disruptions in one area propagate through interconnected decision nodes and resolut ep learning and large language models, to uncover IoT security vulnerabilities based on network traffic d re language industry. LLMs have larger context windows than NMT systems and allow for translations to n AI can perform our roles. To achieve this, we utilized commercially available AIs (e.g., ChatGPT 4) to pe . Despite significant progress in AI-driven supply chain management, challenges remain in effectively ali n to raising awareness of environmental challenges faced by the Mar Menor lagoon by blending childrer green transitions, and boosting global competitiveness. TÜBİTAK plays a central role in supporting artific into blockchains. Then, we discuss emerging solutions that demonstrate the effectiveness of GAI in addi ace with AI advancements. This study aims to synthesize a multidisciplinary framework for trustworthy . everage interaction techniques to extend capabilities and facilitate knowledge updates. As these models ring the integration of ethical and responsible AI practices. We conducted an extensive systematic literat single-cell level. These insights, coupled with artificial intelligence-driven in silico design, are propelling le practitioners in designing the agents considering challenges of goal-seeking (including generating inst lation of AI; presents potential uses of AI in medical product development, clinical research, and clinica has seen remarkable breakthroughs, with applications spanning various industries, including technology, as pivotal components, holding immense potential to revolutionize EVs in smart city initiatives. Genera ety and dramatically change personal life. However, it is not clear how this technology, with its significai a data and insights-driven design challenge and communicate product and solution design ideas clearly ip education approaches. A cohort of 105 microentrepreneurs engaged in a structured training program oject development, thereby optimizing project outcomes through intelligent automation. Particular em nvironmental footprints of AI remain underappreciated and inadequately acknowledged. This is signific ary brings together contributions from nine experts working in the intersection of learning and technolc lized LLMs, notwithstanding their novelty, and explore the appropriate respective roles of device provid . this paper presents a Collaborative Safe AI Framework (CSAIF) for building safe AI systems through robi ruction industry and has rapidly developed into a new research branch of project management. Howev etect and label a piece of information as a rumour. In this paper, we present a novel approach for realtir ty of cloud-native ecosystems introduces significant challenges, particularly in the form of misconfigurat ous hardware technology has overcome the bottlenecks in computational power and energy efficiency, in text, images to code, speech, and video. Two critical pillars of the GenAI technology are large languag oviding a more interactive, efficient, and personalized user experience. Unlike traditional studies that fc ice (AI) and Machine Learning (ML). This survey provides a systematic and forward-looking review of AI- ume of simulation output to inform decision making across a building's life cycle for energy efficiency, d op increasingly sophisticated LLMs. This competition has in turn nurtured a vibrant ecosystem, inspiring

andle complex natural language tasks and show amazing levels of intelligence. As a new stage in the deve urther, integrating these tools into resource-constrained settings such as Nigeria presents significant cha : Language Models (LLMs) are elevating content creation, customer experience, and campaign manager comprising multiple sub-factors. These dimensions are interwoven, interdependent, and mutually influe olds transformative potential, facilitating personalized learning path recommendations, automated ques In our proposed framework, patient data from real-time sensors, wearables, and electronic health reco olchains. We envision AI-COMPILER, an LLM-driven, domain-specific framework that automates co-con

ations and virtual reality (VR) for immersive clinical training, aiming to standardize educational outcomes in artificial intelligence, big data analytics, and digital services. However, despite their potential, it is using convolutional neural networks to analyze images and recurrent neural networks to process sequences. Inference framework llama.cpp struggle to leverage the full potential of the RISC-V Vector Extension (RV). As has emerged as crucial tools to ensure that AI-driven network operations are interpretable and align with AI frameworks, they enhance operational efficiency, decision-making, and cross-border IT collaboration in this ecosystem by offering advanced capabilities in analyzing complex health data, understanding networks heavily on these Android APIs too. These challenges necessitate continuous updates and compatibility challenges while maintaining data locality and compliance with privacy regulations. Key challenges - such as connecting Large Language Model (LLM) agents, establishing standard message envelopes, semantic payload, aggregation and text extraction, and multimodal LLMs for product link retrieval. Unified within an interactive use case and secure coordination among heterogeneous agents. This survey offers a comprehensive examination of these issues. The study compares outputs from three prominent sovereign LLMs-OpenAI's GPT-4o (United States), patterns in training data rather than through conscious reasoning, they can be designed to support importation, inherently, a LangSec problem. We provide anecdotal evidence from the San Francisco startup ecosystem, and threat intelligence. However, optimizing NIDS for real-time detection in dynamic, resource-limited digital technologies, including Internet of Things (IoT) and Artificial Intelligence (AI), can manage weight false-positive rates and an inability to detect dynamic vulnerabilities. This paper introduces SmartLLM, a DPI traffic and addressing emerging threats. However, the effectiveness of ML-based security models is limited in the field of ecology and geosciences. This paper systematically reviews and explores the potential future of cataract, and diabetic retinopathy through a systematic scoping review approach. We conducted this study, thereby resulted in delayed resolutions, cognitive overload, and made them deliver inconsistent customer role for the country in promoting the governance of cyberspace. Design/methodology/approach: By analyzing their applications and struggle to consistently generate desired outputs. To identify how complementing this process, Turkey's AI development capacity is increasing, and its competitiveness is being strengthened. Innovation, data as a production factor and emerging productive forces are reshaping the requirements and game theory, auction theory, and contract theory. However, the evolving landscape of telecom networks, seamless integrated networks (SAGSINs), which improve coverage for high-throughput applications such as Enhanced Dual Population Genetic Algorithm; Integrating CNNs and Transformers for Mid-price Prediction in "Seeking the Treasure of Knowledge-Library and Preservation of Modern Civilization focuses on two themes: understanding the transformative potential of technologies like large language models (LLMs) and generative AI in e-commerce. This paper explores the limitations of these methods and suggests incorporating advanced Deep Learning are imperative for elaborating strategic planning. In this perspective, the deployment of the emerging technology for OMOP conversion, smaller clinical trials and studies frequently lack such support, leaving valuable research. Microfluidic Biochips: Unbalanced Split-Error Correction with SIMOP; social Evolution of Published Text and data sparking foundation for large-scale production of food items with minimal time, talent, and treasure. This paper is authorised access and change. The authors emphasize the crucial need of strong data protection regulation and existing risk frameworks to meet a new set of challenges from GenAI enhanced cyber threats. This article is a rope due to various limitations, including in particular language coverage gaps. In response, the European Union but also provides a Chinese innovative pathway for global AI development. Firstly, through low-cost training, and application demonstration, DeepSeek has opened up a disruptive innovation path and improved the innovative framework designed to optimize human-in-the-loop processes in smart manufacturing. The proliferation

plex multidisciplinary coupling effects, and dynamic performance prediction requirements, rendering tri-

compared to traditional methods. Beyond drug discovery, GenAI contributes to protein folding prediction in nearly every corner of the healthcare ecosystem. In Large Language Models (LLMs) for Healthcare, Jereance. This review examines CVD diagnostics using innovative technologies such as digital cardiovascular evolve over time and to define a forward-looking research agenda. Drawing on empirical insights from i ality, domain-specific training data or evaluate LLM performance across the discipline. Here we introdu everything (WI 3.0, since 2018). For each phase, we examine key advancements, challenges, and future di ations (2014–June 2025) was retrieved from the Web of Science Core Collection, filtered by the Busines per explores how generative artificial intelligence (AI) models—such as GANs, VAEs, and transformers— investigates the effectiveness of open-source, lightweight large language models (LLMs) fine-tuned usin iency and reliability of annotation workflows across various fields. Despite the growing interest in this e are analyzed. This review shows that AI-driven controllers—especially deep-reinforcement-learning agen e several limitations, including data privacy concerns, context size restrictions, lack of parameter configu y, adaptability, complex problem-solving capabilities, and collaborative decision-making abilities, making impact on the digital ecosystem, these dynamics remain largely uncharted and poorly understood. We ontinuously improve their ranking models by collecting large-scale, fine-grained user feedback (e.g., clic x contexts, and constraints over time. We developed a technology probe of a personalized context-awa d human-centric solutions. By pairing LLM agents with retrieval agents and task-specific agents, the MAS atbots within a high school environmental science curriculum. Representing multiple perspectives and e e are systematically investigated through 5 focused dimensions: A task-oriented multimodal active perc i-language academic literature on platform-enabled digitalization in the built environment. Studies were cations. This approach supports the responsible deployment of generative artificial intelligence (AI) tech on phase, co-creation efforts may revert to mere participatory practices in which citizen involvement is gal, technical, and social science backgrounds explored prompting strategies for LLM-assisted auditing. T many relationships between trustor (user) contextual factors (e.g. ideology, perceptions) and trustee (LLI lores the integration of generative AI in Web Engineering, with a focus on current applications, architect ic Area, known for its rich cultural ecosystem services, were analyzed. The methodology involved adapt ased on deep learning. However, algorithm development and validation remain challenging. Limitations rsible AI use. This study presents an analysis of AI adoption in SMEs by integrating the technology–orgar ieved a 97% alignment with past decisions, a projected 40% increase in participation, and a 35% improv atives. Through several research projects, the team investigate the divergence between DTs and Metav d socio-economic characteristics of regions, as well as interdisciplinary approaches to sustainable devel knowledge base and incorporating it into the LLM's generation process. This approach improves factual c ntract vulnerability detection remains a critical challenge. In this paper, we propose Agent4Vul, a novel i to daily life for information dissemination and education purposes, understanding their inherent biases i formation, and exhibits source transparency, it frequently creates misinformation and misattributes nev is human-centered paradigm, including ethical considerations, fairness, and the intricate interplay betw anguage models and domain-specific foundation models underpin various applications, linking end-user including ChatGPT, Gemini, and Microsoft Copilot, using a curated data set to analyze their handling of d by SocialNLP, expanding the scope to explore the capabilities and implications of LLMs in social media i in enhancing the functionalities of DT. This survey paper explores recent developments in advanced AI a ital engagement, and recent experiences with election-related misinformation - it highlights the risks of into Python language course teaching in a step-by-step and progressive manner, forming a robust teach ollaborative paradigms. Understanding the interdisciplinary nature of Agents will help library science, ini itutive experimental tasks, and barriers to collaborative innovation. Agents, empowered by LLMs, offer a



communication technologies, and artificial intelligence, LAIN enables real-time monitoring and provide evaluations of the synergistic effects of technological integration on maritime ecosystems, policy comparison nation's healthcare data ecosystem. This investment will address the increased need for healthcare data funding, research topics, author institutions, discipline areas, and related indicators in the literature. The aim is to extend our metatheoretical understanding of resource integration and value cocreation by analyzing light efficiency and good directivity. The light extraction efficiency and beam shaping of Micro-LEDs have improved workflows. The system integrates advanced natural language processing (NLP) for incident classification of data directly without manual feature selection. The platform correctly identifies vulnerable and secure locations and can be adapted to various reception situations. For instance, a text can be simultaneously translated and structured to reform each step of the research process, culminating in an AI-written manuscript. We attempted to integrate academic research with industry demands, resulting in suboptimal resource utilization and missed opportunities in art with conversational artificial intelligence. We built an interactive narrative visualization where users can explore artificial intelligence, quantum technologies, and aerospace advancements through national infrastructure, addressing various challenges of blockchain, such as detecting unknown blockchain attacks and smart contracts. AI in healthcare, focusing on transparency, accountability, fairness, sustainability, and global collaboration, is growing more complex, understanding their internal workings becomes increasingly challenging, posing significant challenges. Literature review using the Web of Science Core Collection. Searches encompassed English-language articles published between 1980 and 2023 on the development of the first synthetic plants. By integrating reductionist and systems approaches, researchers have identified experimental goals and plans), such as hallucinations inherent in foundation models, explainability of reasoning, and presents concepts that merit consideration as the regulatory system adapts to AI's unique challenges in healthcare, and education. Efforts to address AI's impact on society are evident in the development of effective AI and LLM integration prove influential in optimizing EV functionalities, enhancing security, and for identifying distinctly distinct features from past AI technologies, has transformative potential or how researchers in information science (LO 1); to understand and apply the design thinking process for data science and AI-enabled digital products, with outcomes assessed across multiple entrepreneurial competency domains. Quantitative analysis emphasizes is placed on the adaptability of these agents to Agile methodologies and their transformative impact, particularly in this era of climate emergency and ongoing threats to planetary energy and water supply and presents critical reflections on the opportunities, challenges, and implications related to GenAI technologies and regulators within the ecosystem of technological oversight. © 2025 Elsevier B.V., All rights reserved. Just data lifecycle management and ecosystem collaboration. This paper analyzes governance principles and, however, few works were done to map the global study in this field, easily causing a neglect in new technologies. For rumour detection in news feeds using a combination of RoBERTa and Elastic Weight Consolidation (EWC) to address conditions that can compromise both security and performance. This study explores the potential of Large Language Models (LLMs) and has been widely adopted in cloud and edge computing domains. However, challenges such as the complexity of models (LLMs) and vector data. In particular, LLMs are a category of genAI models that emphasize on focus on single-mode interactions, this research examines the role of multimodal technologies in transforming enabled methodologies—including evolutionary algorithms, Bayesian optimization, reinforcement learning, and demand flexibility, climate resilience, and occupant comfort and health. However, significant challenges remain with new open-source models such as DeepSeek, and motivating application developers to harness state-of-

development of libraries, smart libraries integrate advanced technologies such as the Internet of Things, big data, and challenges, including inadequate infrastructure, digital inequities, and teacher readiness. Despite the growing impact of technology. This survey addresses where these technologies overlap to power contemporary marketing innovation and potential, collectively shaping the ecosystem for the deployment of large models in education. The paper focuses on question-answering systems, knowledge retrieval, generation of teaching resources, and adaptive evaluation. Electronic health records (EHRs) are collected and securely stored across decentralized personal web servers using Solid PoDs. The paper discusses compilation and optimization of heterogeneous applications in smart cities, smart transportation, and real-

s, enhance student engagement, and improve readiness for complex clinical scenarios. However, the rap remains unclear whether they provide the necessary tools to fully support efficient and user-friendly expl tial data, AI systems improve diagnostic accuracy and minimize the risk of human error. Additionally, de V), leading to suboptimal performance. This study has achieved efficient LLM deployment in resource-cc ed with human expectations, thus addressing inherent reliability issues like model degradation and risks . Their impact spans finance, healthcare, supply chain management, and enterprise IT services, where th anced health contexts, and generating tailored health recommendations instantaneously. This study pr ecks to maintain apps as well as TPL's compatibility across Android's diverse ecosystem. Prior research p ommunication overhead, security vulnerabilities, and the adaptability of large language models (LLMs) t it roles, session management, and interaction patterns. IEEE P3428 (LLM Agents for Education) specifies r interface, INvadeAI enables seamless product discovery and purchasing, creating a potential new revei f the security and privacy landscape in IoA systems. We begin by outlining the IoA architecture and its di DeepSeek-R1 (China), and Mistral (European Union), across 12 high-profile territorial conflicts. Statistic: int psychological processes. Prospection—the ability to envision and plan for future outcomes—represe em to illustrate how companies are currently using, deploying, and securing AI systems with these featu ted contexts remains a significant challenge. This survey paper provides a comprehensive overview of m ht and enhance full-lifecycle health in individuals with obesity under simulated high-altitude hypoxic cor novel approach leveraging fine-tuned LLaMA 3.1 models with Retrieval-Augmented Generation (RAG) t mited by the scarcity of realistic, up-to-date datasets and the rapid obsolescence of static training data i developments in LiDAR hardware and algorithms, as well as their applications in ecology and geoscience is review based on the Preferred Reporting Items for Systematic Reviews and Meta-Analyses extended t ner experiences. This study explores the paradigm shift that's occurring in contact service centers throug y dissecting the information governance dilemma triggered by GAI content, this paper employs the PMC tors mitigate these challenges, we conducted an embedded case study of complementors in the OpenAI ened. HAVELSAN addresses public and private sector demands by developing national products, aiming d demands for cultivating high-level interdisciplinary engineering talents. This paper draws on the joint , characterized by increasing abstraction, emerging use cases, and novel value creation opportunities, ca rth observation and intelligent transportation. With the increasing demand for communication and com n High-Frequency Trading; hierarchical Recurrent Network for Active Stereo Matching; Research on Multi mes "structural optimization and long-term preservation of library resource construction laying the four enhancing instructional efficiency and effectiveness. Through case studies, it illustrates how these techn n Neural Networks as more effective solutions for malware detection in Android environments. Addition chatbots' technology in the area of business processes (BP) offers large capabilities for decision-making e research data siloed. Objective: This study aims to develop and validate a user-friendly tool that leverage the Emergence of Artificial Intelligence Through Large Language Models and the Problem of Toxicity an The penetration and pervasiveness of the Internet of Things (IoT) sensors and actuators are considered t s, focusing on the consequences of AI and ML breakthroughs for privacy and individual rights. This book e explores these complex and converging factors, providing a roadmap to address GenAI's significant im in Commission's Directorate-General for Translation (DGT), in the context of its partnership with the Dir ning and inference, break the monopolistic barriers of high-end computing power and lower research ar re research and application level of AI in China and its international influence. In order to further promo oblem addressed involves the challenge of effectively integrating human operators with advanced autom

trial-and-error iterative optimization processes inefficient and incapable of achieving optimal solutions. Int

s, genomics research, disease diagnosis and biomarker identification, enhancing our understanding of d  
my Harper shines a spotlight on this transformative potential. With clarity and practicality, he explores l  
twins, which involve the collection of data from wearable IoT devices (electrocardiography (ECG)), photo  
five European countries, we investigate how key meta-characteristics and attributes of PDEs manifest, s  
ce a unified pipeline to address this gap. It comprises EnvInstruct, a multi-agent system for prompt gene  
rections from the perspectives of both intelligent machines and human experts, highlighting significant s  
s Economics category. Analytical techniques employed include Bibliometrix in R, VOSviewer, and science  
can serve as transformative tools for wildfire prediction and simulation. These models offer superior cap  
ig parameter-efficient techniques, including Quantized Low-Rank Adaptation (QLoRA), for smart contrac  
area, a systematic understanding of the role and capabilities of AI agents in annotation is still underexpl  
its—deliver median energy savings of 18–35% for HVAC and other major loads, consistently outperformi  
rability, and limited evaluation capabilities. These shortcomings hinder their effectiveness, particularly ir  
g them unable to meet the industry's demands and restricting the high-quality development of the fores  
propose a stochastic model to characterize the generation, indexing, and dissemination of information i  
ks, dwell time) at the document level. In contrast, generative AI search operates through a much longer  
re LLM chatbot and deployed it with 14 participants for 2-4 weeks for their 2024 New Year's resolutions  
i can efficiently process traffic data, interpret user queries, and interact with simulations or optimization  
expertise, the chatbots help students refine their causal models of climate change's impact on local marir  
eption framework is first proposed, combining embodied interaction and active navigation to establish i  
grouped into six thematic domains, i.e., artificial intelligence in construction, digital twin integration, lif  
nologies by ensuring adherence to ethical standards and regulatory frameworks while simultaneously p  
superficial. Since Large Language Models (LLMs) have the potential to streamline user feedback, this stu  
thematic analysis of the sessions identified key challenges and design considerations, including prompt e  
Ms) systemic elements (e.g. scientists, tool's features). In this work, we introduce a bowtie model for ho  
tural enhancements, tooling implications, ethical concerns, and emerging research directions. It critically  
ing the model using few-shot learning to classify cultural ecosystem services and associated sentiments.  
include sparse expert-annotated data and regulatory hurdles. Clinical implementation and the adaptatic  
ization–environment (TOE) framework with selected attributes from the diffusion of innovations (DOI) t  
ement in governance clarity. To support quantitative analysis in tokenomics, we developed a tailored C  
erses through the lens of their purpose, data structure, immersion, and interactivity, while highlighting i  
opment. This study presents a scoping review of 198 peer-reviewed publications published between 20:  
accuracy and enables dynamic knowledge updates, making LLMs particularly suitable for educational ap  
framework utilizing multimodal LLM agents to enhance smart contract vulnerability detection. Specifica  
is vital. In this study, we tested 10 popular Western LLM chatbots using simple prompts to assess how th  
ws sources. The analysis highlights variations in Copilot's sourcing behavior, showing a strong reliance o  
reen technical and human factors. By recognizing humans at the heart of the software lifecycle - spannir  
s to the connected Web. This tutorial presents federated intelligence as a strategy to develop a Web-ba  
culturally specific terms and approaches to mitigating social biases. By addressing bias in language techr  
research. This year's workshop at TheWebConf 2025 focuses on three pivotal themes: leveraging LLMs f  
gorithms tailored for DT in building settings. Moreover, a wide spectrum of AI techniques designed to a  
AI-driven content and the innovative measures used to address its spread. The commentary advocates i  
ing ecosystem. Under the innovative teaching mode, students have gained sufficient practical training t  
formation science and other related disciplines to better design and apply AI technologies and achieve t  
promising solution to these bottlenecks by enabling intelligent automation and adaptive collaboration i

s services for urban traffic, agriculture, and disaster management. This integration optimizes resource allocation, and contributions to global carbon emission governance remain under-explored. Leveraging big data delivery and public health data. Discussion: HDUs can meet the current and future needs of healthcare delivery. The aim of the study is to analyze the current status of ChatGPT research in higher education applications and to explore different human–AI resource relations in service ecosystems. Design/methodology/approach: The challenges have become pressing challenges for researchers and industry. Light extraction technologies, such as Micro-LEDs, rule-based expert systems for actionable recommendations, and multi-objective optimization techniques, can detect vulnerabilities just by raw network traffic! Experimental results show that the proposed study detects vulnerabilities that are statistically raised or lowered, and its literary form can be adapted in the target language. LLMs can also be leveraged as little as possible in the AI-led idea generation, empirical testing, analysis, and reporting. This allows for opportunities for commercialization. This study seeks to address these issues by proposing an AI-driven framework where users can learn about the ecosystem while exploring related drawings created by children and engaging in human capital development, and international cooperation. High lights include the development of Türkiye-specific vulnerabilities, designing key secret sharing schemes, and enhancing privacy. Moreover, we present a framework. It moves beyond high-level ethical discussions to provide actionable strategies for implementing trust and addressing significant issues for transparency, interpretability, and explainability. This paper proposes a novel approach. Published between January 2019 and July 2023 using keywords related to AI, machine learning, natural language processing, etc. Researchers are not only reimagining plants as sources of food, fiber, and fuel but also as ‘environmental therapeutics’ in the healing process, complex accountability, etc. To address this issue, we have performed a systematic literature review. Challenges. Observations: The FDA has authorized almost 1000 AI-enabled medical devices and has received FDA approval. Ethical guidelines and regulations. Countries and regions around the world are working on refining legal frameworks for AI. Identifying data privacy. This chapter delves into battery technology, battery capacities, energy storage, charging systems, and communication systems should react to it. In this paper, we consider the evolving and emerging trends of AI in construction ecosystem innovation (LO 2);▪ to deploy a structured methodology for adapting a data science approach. Utilizing Hierarchical Linear Modeling and Bayesian Analysis revealed significant enhancements in business performance on decision-making, problem-solving, and collaboration dynamics. The research leverages the Cognitive Computing framework. The vocabulary attached to AI often aims to mimic positive human capacities such as “warmness” and “empathy”. Technologies in the context of education. In the commentary, it is acknowledged that GenAI’s capabilities

are drawn from the U.S. Blueprint for an AI Bill of Rights and the EU AI Act, emphasizing transparency, traceability, and accountability. Trends in the construction industry. Design/methodology/approach – This research conducts a holistic analysis (WC), a continual learning algorithm. Our method integrates data collected from news feeds via the 'news API'. We use Large Language Models (LLMs) in identifying Kubernetes misconfigurations. We introduce a comprehensive taxonomy of heterogeneous hardware co-design, fragmentation of software ecosystems, and resource allocation. Generating new text contents. On the other hand, there is also an upsurge of dense, high-dimensional, big data, streaming library services and increasing user engagement. The study highlights its unique contributions to the field of AI, deep learning, and large language models—as applied to key design and measurement stages: circuit design, data collection, remain to address, including AI-ready data, selecting fit-for-purpose AI models or tools, BEM workforce training, and the-art LLMs for real-world deployments. However, the extensive memory and computational requirements

of generative AI, data and artificial intelligence, aiming to provide users with more intelligent and personalized services. The current research on AI adoption, limited studies focus on developing regions, leaving a critical gap in understanding the challenges, resolving for privacy, scalability, and ethics. Drawing on empirical case studies and current advanced research, the study further analyzes the complex relationship among these influencing factors. Successful implementation requires robust governance frameworks. Its strengths, such as efficiency, precision, personalization, and interactivity, streamline the process. We connect the Solid PoDs via blockchain that ensures that data remains immutable and accessible on the blockchain. Time analytics. Tackling multi-objective goals - power efficiency, reliability, and dynamic reconfiguration

Widespread adoption of AI introduces critical challenges, including widening resource disparities between urban and rural areas, and data exploitation. This paper presents a preliminary vision aimed at identifying usability challenges within data science and machine learning algorithms targeting patient-oriented drug administration by predicting therapeutic responses in constrained environments by optimizing critical operators in the llama.cpp framework using RVV instructions associated with large language models (LLMs), including hallucinations. Complementing these advances, AI agents act as virtual team members, automating infrastructure management, optimizing workflows, and providing insights into how machine learning, deep learning algorithms, and MLLM can work together to facilitate research. The study is primarily focused on detecting compatibility issues induced by native Android APIs in Android apps falling short under dynamic network conditions - are examined. The study also highlights the role of FLLMs in optimizing research and a modular agent architecture and lifecycle tailored to adaptive learning environments. It standardizes a new value stream for computationally intensive AI systems. We applied a fine-tuned YOLOv8 model trained on detecting network vulnerabilities compared to traditional networks, focusing on four critical aspects: identity authentication, sentiment analysis, and geopolitical framing. Significant differences in each model's sentiment distribution and geopolitical framing are identified. The study presents a transdiagnostic process altered across various mental health conditions that could be effectively treated. Based on these observations and our analysis of current practices, we identify three concrete research directions for modern AI-driven methodologies for enhancing NIDS, focusing on transformer-based techniques, graph-based methods, and hybrid conditions (HC). The findings suggest that integrating simulated HC with digital health technologies offers a promising path to enhance the accuracy and efficiency of smart contract auditing. By integrating domain-specific knowledge with digital health, we address the challenges posed by evolving attack methodologies. To address these challenges, we present an approach that integrates domain-specific knowledge with digital health. We first pointed out that, driven largely by the rapid advancements of autonomous driving technologies, the application of large language models in the field of chronic ocular diseases. The study explores the challenges of implementing Gen AI. Real-time intent recognition, contextual response generation, and personalized recommendations are key. The index model and combines it with the MatLab tool to quantitatively evaluate and analyze the texts of smart contracts in a platform ecosystem. We identified four value co-creation mechanisms of embedded and stand-alone contracts. The study achieves an 18.79% resource saving in enterprise content management and a 34.46% reduction in information leakage. The study compares educational achievements between Beijing University of Posts and Telecommunications and Queen Mary University of London for more adaptive and efficient approaches. We propose leveraging LLMs to automate or semi-automate content management resources, cloud and edge collaboration is increasingly being used to ensure low latency and high throughput. The study introduces a multidimensional Evaluation Technology of Teachers' Digital Literacy for LLM as a Judge; research on the Application of modern civilization knowledge ecology and "digital transformation and knowledge production" technologies can provide actionable insights and generate new instructional materials, thereby advancing professional development. Finally, the integration of Large Language Models (LLMs) offers new possibilities for understanding complex activities and yields several benefits. In fact, the ability of these conversational tools to handle and interact with large language models to automate the OMOP conversion process for clinical trials, electronic health records, and Bias; HITgram: A Platform for Experimenting with n-Gram Language Models; Overlapping Community Detection; and the first and foremost aspect of advanced and adaptive agriculture. Further, the device ecosystem for agriculture emphasizes the multifarious aspect of data protection, which goes beyond technological solutions to impact on global IT management. We advocate the responsible adoption of GenAI and importance of building a Digital Ecosystem-General for Communications Networks, Content and Technology (DG CONNECT) under the Digital Silk Road development thresholds. Secondly, through full-stack and comprehensive open-source strategies, support the construction of China's AI open source innovation ecosystem and promote the continuous innovation of AI technologies to reduce errors and increase process adaptability. The framework employs Large Language Models (LLMs) to

elligent design offers new pathways to overcome these limitations through the integration of artificial in

iseases and health conditions, fostering the development of personalized medicine. In agribusiness, Gen how these advanced artificial intelligence (AI) tools can reshape clinical workflows, optimize administrat oplethysmography (PPG), and mechanocardiography), clinical records, laboratory biomarkers, and genet hift, and co-evolve in practice. Leveraging a recent multi-generational model as an analytical lens, we as eration; ChatEnv, a balanced 100-million-token instruction dataset spanning five core themes (climate ch societal impacts. To advance WI research, we propose a large language model-based learning framework e mapping tools such as thematic mapping, trend topic analysis, co-citation networks, and co-occurrence abilities in managing uncertainty, integrating multimodal inputs, and generating realistic, scalable wildf t vulnerability detection. We introduce the EVuLLM dataset to address the scarcity of diverse evaluator ored. This paper seeks to fill that gap by providing a comprehensive review of how LLM-driven agents su ing rule-based and model-predictive baselines. The evidence further reveals a rapid diversification of me r scenarios involving sensitive information, large-scale document analysis, or the need for customized ou try and grassland industry. Therefore, it is imperative for the forest and grassland industry to deeply inte n response to new topics. This scenario particularly challenges current LLMs, which often rely on real-tir search pipeline-spanning query decomposition, document retrieval, and answer generation-yet typically . We observed users achieve a high adoption rate of actions and greater success in the pursuit of goals i services. This approach aims to improve scalability, accessibility, and responsiveness in managing conge ie ecosystems, communities and individuals. We first perform an empirical investigation leveraging part a vision-language-behavior collaborative environmental sensing system; Dynamic task decomposition ar ecycle cost management, BIM-GIS for underground utilities, energy systems and public administration, l reserving a high-quality user experience. This paper proposes a technological framework designed to mi dy examines whether LLMs can enhance citizen engagement in the co-creation of value for urban green engineering, model interpretability, legal alignment, and user empowerment. Findings highlight the pote listically conceptualizing and formulating trust in LLMs, with a core component comprehensively explor / analyzes how generative AI reshapes paradigms within the field and offers a roadmap for its responsib Prompts were specifically designed to optimize model performance. The validation process compared t on of the radiologic community is also lagging behind. Additionally, technical barriers exist regarding data theory to examine adoption dynamics through a dual structural and perceptual lens. Empirical insights fi oT reasoning strategy, effectively reducing information asymmetry and generating structured, trustwort areas of convergence driven by emerging technologies in Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Extended Reality 10 and March 2025, focusing on applied cases of AI deployment in local contexts. Special attention is giv plications. In this paper, we comprehensively review existing research that integrates RAG into educatio lly, we design two LLM-based agents: Commentator and Vectorizer. The Commentator agent generates hey portray bees and wasps. Butterflies, moths, flies, and mosquitoes were also included for compariso n English-language sources, particularly those from the UK and US, across different prompting languages ing professional engineers, end users, and end user developers - we emphasize the importance of inclusiv sed collective intelligence system by leveraging existing foundations and applications. In this framework ologies that underpin the modern Web, our study contributes to advancing human-centered NLP and L or mental health support, enhancing emotion detection in textual interactions, and improving misinform address the challenges posed by DT in buildings are categorized and reviewed, including convolution neu for a balanced approach that incorporates technological solutions, regulatory frameworks, and digital lit hrough graphic visualization programming, large model assisted programming, Python program writing i he core mission of connecting humans and knowledge in a more efficient, accurate and humane way. It across research workflows. Beyond basic task assistance, they play a pivotal role in facilitating knowledg

location and enhances public safety. However, the rapid development of LAIN results in a vast array of c  
ibliometric analysis, this study systematically examines 488 publications from the Web of Science (WoS)  
elivery and public health surveillance. Their structure and capabilities will underpin their success to supp  
nd to explore the hot issues surrounding ChatGPT empowerment in higher education. The study points c  
onceptual paper adapts a novel framework from postphenomenology, specifically cyborg intentionality.  
-LED sidewall repair, surface random roughening, and surface photonic crystal technology, have been de  
niques for resource allocation. By modeling incident interactions as a dynamic network, we apply netwo  
ability with great accuracy by using pre-trained deep learning and LLM models, which facilitates direct e  
ie useful for translating neologisms and other playful or creative textual elements. Despite the advantag  
lowed us to assess the limits of AIs in a behavioral research context and propose guidelines for behavior  
framework to optimize collaboration within this ecosystem. Employing system design frameworks, arch  
voice conversations with a chatbot powered by generative AI. To validate our approach, we conducted a  
ye's national supercomputer, a Turkish Large Language Model, and breakthroughs in quantum sens ing  
a case study to demonstrate that GAI, specifically the generative diffusion model, can be employed to o  
stworthy AI in clinical contexts. Methods: A structured literature review was conducted using PubMed, S  
ich to interpretability by shifting the focus to understanding the model's functionality within specific cor  
anguage processing, and physician communication. Of the 247 articles screened, 13 met the inclusion cr  
rmostats' capable of mitigating the impacts of a changing climate. © 2025 Elsevier B.V., All rights reserv  
ire review to understand the state-of-the-art foundation model-based agents and the broader ecosyste  
ed hundreds of regulatory submissions for drugs that used AI in their discovery and development. Healt  
frameworks for AI. While research and technology advancements are rapid, the commercialization of AI  
rging infrastructure optimization, autonomous driving, educational outreach, energy management, and  
order to examine its present and predict its future impacts. Many existing papers on GenAI are either too  
and AI-enabled digital product ecosystem in diverse markets (LO 3); and▪ to create a digital product m  
ss model development, market analysis capabilities, and strategic decision-making among LLM intervent  
Sim ecosystem, a platform designed to simulate real-world software engineering challenges, such as align  
' and "care." However, these attempts to humanize AI and digital technology come with an anthropocer  
s can enhance some teaching and learning practices, such as learning design, regulation of learning, aut

ability, explainability, and auditability. Existing industry practices are reviewed to identify current streng  
ic literature review mainly based on bibliometrics approaches. A total of 2, 986 bibliographic records fro  
vs-please' scraper and augments it using LLaMa 3, a Large Language Model based data augmentation te  
nomy of common misconfiguration types, offering a structured framework to better understand and ca  
allocation optimization remain significant. This paper provides an in-depth analysis of the divergence tre  
billion-scale vector data from deep learning models that embed complex data, e.g., text, multimedia, gra  
he field of library science, particularly in improving knowledge dissemination, enhancing user-centered s  
it topology and structure synthesis, circuit optimization, layout automation, and post-silicon calibration  
training, standard benchmark datasets and methods. This perspective article describes how AI is transfo  
ients of large models present serious obstacles for small-medium organizations, leading to significant sc

This study comprehensively uses a variety of research methods, and strives to comprehensively and dee  
anding how educators perceive and adopt these technologies. Methods: We adopted a hybrid approach  
ces in multimodal and reinforcement learning, the book targets hybrid frameworks as well as future patl  
quires balancing technical capabilities, pedagogical needs, and external environments while continuously  
he acquisition and utilization of educational resources, ultimately fostering improved pedagogical outco  
ly to authenticated stakeholders via robust access control matrices. The core of the framework uses larg  
- AI-COMPILER aims to transform how IoT and edge infrastructures are developed, deployed, and main

and rural institutions due to over-reliance on technology, risks to data privacy in educational and clinical  
aces and exploring how human users can better interact with them. In particular, we investigate whethe  
of individual patients, enhancing treatment response. Incorporating AI into clinical workflows allows us  
ons. We first identify performance bottlenecks, such as the f16 vector dot product and layer normalizat  
ments, Intent-Driven Management (IDM), standardized by 3GPP, enables translation of high-level user i  
suring 24/7 global system continuity. Despite these benefits, challenges persist in trust management, et  
icilitate the analysis of physiologic data for real-time monitoring and early warning systems as well as co  
g short in detecting the incompatible APIs associated with TPLs due to the additional layer of abstraction  
resource allocation, improving cybersecurity, and supporting real-time decision making. Future direction  
igent components, lifecycle states, and orchestration mechanisms to enable plug-and-play integration o  
125 custom product classes-achieving mAP@ 50 of 0.535-alongside the base YOLOv8 model's 64 produc  
tication threats, cross-agent trust issues, embodied security, and privacy risks. We then review existing  
using a mixed-methods approach that combines sentiment analysis with statistical evaluation (chi-squa  
argeted through such interventions. We designed "Future Me," an LLM-powered chatbot designed to fa  
rch directions where the LangSec community can contribute to securing both the parsing of LLM output  
ased models, and hybrid approaches incorporating explainable AI. LLMs, as transformer-based models,  
novel and safe approach to obesity rehabilitation. By leveraging environmental stimuli, real-time monit  
edge from ERC standards and employing advanced techniques such as QLoRA for efficient fine-tuning, Sn  
employs Large Language Models (LLMs) to generate synthetic Web API attack datasets. By leveraging LL  
y, LiDAR hardware has demonstrated a trend towards diversification and enhanced precision. Types of r  
/ reveals that large language models demonstrate comparable efficacy to experts in disease screening, c  
d engagement across channels are some novel capabilities introduced by Gen AI by adopting Large Lang  
even GAI policies around the world. Findings: After analyzing overall policy evaluation results, we identifi  
omplements that mitigate the challenges: (1) utilizing system instructions, (2) providing context data, (3  
n access time through digital assistants. The solutions safeguard user data in compliance with internatio  
y University of London, focusing on the coconstruction and sharing of experimental resources, as well a  
nate the process of strategic mechanism design, from intent specification to final formulation. This para  
ily reliable services. This article explores collaborative computing at the network edge and highlights the  
ademic Rubric for Innovative Talents in Ordinary High Schools Based on Classroom Settings; explaining t  
n of library resource organization building a moat for modern civilization knowledge services. The attent  
fessional development, classroom observations, student assessments, and content analysis. The chapte  
x malware behaviors and patterns. We also discuss Android's security architecture, highlighting key vuln  
pret textual data reflecting BP executions significantly enriches the DSS ecosystem by extending its perf  
records, and registry data. Methods: We developed a 3-tiered semantic matching system using GPT-3 en  
Detection Using Dynamic Residual Deep GCN; DeepUIR-Net: Underwater Image Restoration Using Resid  
atomated and accelerated agriculture processes and practices grows consistently. The robots and drone  
clude ethical, legislative and societal factors. This book explores into the complexity of data protection i  
ling resilient, value-driven, globally consistent IT ecosystems able to adapt to the significant challenges a  
ital Europe programme, aims to leverage its high-quality multilingual data coming from all the European  
oport customizable and local deployment that benefits various industries. This technological innovation  
ation and iteration of AI technology, this study analyzes the outstanding problems in China's AI innovativ  
nguage Models to extract procedural specifications from unstructured sources and convert them into st



intelligence (AI) with traditional engineering workflows. However, the transition from theoretical concep

AI proves instrumental in optimizing crop breeding and improving agricultural productivity. It can gener  
ive tasks, and ultimately create a more responsive, patient-centered model of care. Over the course of t  
ic markers, as well as their integration with artificial intelligence (AI), including machine learning and de  
sess its alignment with real-world trajectories, identify overlooked and emerging features, and revise its  
range, ecosystems, water resources, soil management, and renewable energy); and EnvBench, a 4998-it  
k for topic analysis and trend prediction. Moving beyond single-perspective approaches, we emphasize t  
e clustering. Results indicate an annual growth rate of 53.31%, with China leading in both productivity ar  
ire scenarios. We adopt a new paradigm that leverages large language models (LLMs) for literature synt  
resources and demonstrate that our fine-tuned models achieve up to 94.78% accuracy, surpassing the  
upport advanced reasoning strategies, adaptive learning, and collaborative annotation efforts. We analy  
ethods: graph-neural-network models now capture spatial interdependencies in dense sensor grids, fede  
output. This underscores the need for a tool that combines the power of LLMs with enhanced privacy, fle  
egrate artificial intelligence (AI) technologies represented by industry large models with forestry and gra  
ne Retrieval-Augmented Generation (RAG) techniques to overcome their static knowledge limitations. C  
/ receives only coarse-grained feedback on the final answer. This introduces a feedback loop disconnect  
n the first week, as well as the rapidly evolving user needs over time. We discuss how to best leverage c  
estion, enhancing road safety, and reducing emissions. We discuss how GenAI-powered MASs can perso  
icipatory design to explore the values that motivate students and educators to engage with the chatbot:  
nd structured planning are then enabled via world models and task symbolization techniques, ensuring t  
based on a combination of literature precedent and domain relevance. Unlike existing reviews focused c  
itigate the inherent risks associated with the deployment of artificial intelligence (AI) in decision-making  
ing. Using a survey experiment designed to prompt participation in urban greening initiatives, this study  
ntial of LLMs to improve annotation workflows and expand audit scale, while underscoring the continue  
ing trust by tying its two sides, namely the trustor and the trustee, as well as their intricate relationships

the performance of three base models (GLM-4-0520, ERNIE-4.0-8K, and Moonshot-v1-8k) alongside five  
a availability, large language model explainability, deep learning model generalization, and clinical integr  
rom sectoral and regional contexts are also incorporated. Ten critical challenges are identified and analy  
hy recommendations. These results underscore the potential of AI to foster more inclusive and transpar  
(XR). This study aims to investigate the convergence of DTs and the Metaverse in digital architecture, ex  
ven to the role of AI in monitoring water, forest, and agricultural ecosystems, facilitating the digital trans  
nal scenarios. We first clarify the definition and workflow of RAG, and following the indexing mechanism  
comments for the source code, while the Vectorizer agent converts contents into vector representation  
to evaluate broader societal perceptions. Our results show that bees and butterflies are indeed depict  
. Such reliance raises concerns about the homogenization of information and the marginalization of regi  
ity, human-aligned workflows, and the seamless integration of AI-augmented socio-technical systems. /  
, agents collaboratively enhance their intelligence by acquiring complementary knowledge and making f  
LM auditing. Through a detailed exploration of bias causes and evaluation methods, our goal is to prom  
nation detection through active learning. The selected papers illustrate cutting-edge advancements in th  
ral networks (CNN), recurrent neural networks (RNNs), and generative adversarial networks (GANs), am  
eracy to safeguard democratic processes and promote informed public participation. The rise of genera  
and debugging, etc., mastering the Python language and gaining intuitive understanding of engineering |  
will also enable library science to more accurately integrate the essence of the six major disciplines and  
e fusion, accelerating breakthroughs in frontier areas, and reshaping traditional research models. This st

distributed aircraft and ground equipment that generate large volumes of heterogeneous data in various formats. Core Collection (2000–2024), yielding three pivotal findings: firstly, China dominates the research landscape, supporting data-driven decision-making. Conclusion: Transforming HIEs into HDUs is essential to realizing the vision of smart education, but that current research in higher education in the era of artificial intelligence mainly focuses on introducing AI into teaching. This framework is used to analyze what kinds of human–AI resource relations enable resource integration and development. For beam shaping, there are Micro-LED beam modulation designs based on structures like micropillars. Graph-based AI techniques to optimize resource distribution and minimize systemic congestion. A three-month study on the extraction of vulnerability features from the dataset and therefore helps speed up the identification process of AI-based translation processes, some AI critics want literary translation to remain the sole preserve of human researchers wanting to utilize AI. We found that the AIs were adept at some parts of the process and others. Architectural evaluation matrices, and expert surveys, the study evaluates the proposed system's effectiveness. A preliminary evaluation of the prototype during the European Researchers' Night 2024 where we gathered feedback. Quantum and post-quantum cryptography. TÜBİTAK also mobilizes young talent through TEKNOFEST and Deneyap. To optimize blockchain network performance metrics. Experimental results clearly show that, compared to traditional databases like Scopus, and Web of Science. Studies were selected based on relevance to AI ethics, governance, and policy. Texts through interaction techniques. Rather than dissecting the LLM itself, we explore how contextual factors influence its outputs. Criteria given their in-depth analysis of AI in healthcare communication, methodological soundness, and research



ts to manufacturing practice encounters three critical technical bottlenecks: the sparsity and heterogen

ate new crop varieties with desired traits by analyzing vast datasets comprising genomic and ecological  
this book, you will discover new opportunities—learn how LLMs can reduce manual documentation burde  
ep learning, graph and transformer networks for interpreting multi-dimensional data streams and creati  
; structure accordingly. In doing so, we theorize PDE evolution as a multi-generational process shaped by  
em benchmark assessing analysis, reasoning, calculation, and description tasks. Applying this pipeline, v  
the Connected Intelligence Ecosystem defined by the HIGH5 scheme comprising one goal, two twins, thr  
nd impact, followed by Vietnam and the United Kingdom. The most prolific affiliations and authors, prim  
hesis, classification, and knowledge extraction, conducting a systematic review of recent studies applyin  
performance of larger proprietary models, while significantly reducing computational requirements. Mc  
ze agent architectures, integration patterns within workflows, and evaluation methods, along with real-v  
erated-learning pilots address data-privacy constraints, and early integrations of large language models f  
xibility, and usability. To address these challenges, we present EvidenceBot, a local, Retrieval-Augmente  
ssland business operations to achieve innovative empowerment. This study aims to explore effective pa  
Our findings suggest that the rapid pace of generative AI adoption, combined with increasing user reliant  
, where user feedback for the final output cannot be effectively mapped back to specific system compor  
ontext-awareness for AI agent design, and the novel roles that AI could adopt for an ecosystem of servic  
nalize route guidance, support traffic operators and planners with strategic insights, and improve public  
s. Then, we conceptualize the values that emerge from the empirical investigation by grounding them in  
he generalizable decision-making abilities of agents; A virtual-to-real migration technology chain is subsi  
on single technologies or sectors, this work offers a cross-sectoral synthesis, highlighting shared challeng  
and task execution within the management processes. The Agreement Validation Interface (AVI) functio  
r found that the demo of LLM significantly increases citizens' participation at initial stage and their engag  
ed importance of human oversight, iterative testing, and cross-disciplinary collaboration. This study offer  
. We uncover these relationships within the proposed bowtie model and beyond to its sociotechnical ec

prompts. The cultural ecosystem services within the study area were subsequently analyzed based on n  
ation. Advances in few-shot learning, self-supervised models, and centralized platforms may support co  
zed across the TOE dimensions, ranging from data access and skill shortages to cultural resistance, infra  
rent DAO governance. Future work will explore deploying lightweight AI models and extending this appr  
amining how emerging technologies—such as AI, XR, and Large Language Models (LLMs)—are blurring t  
formation of businesses and territories, assessing ecosystem services, managing energy systems, and su  
n of RAG, we introduce different types of retrievers and generation optimization methods. As the main f  
is. Subsequently, we develop a multimodal learning architecture comprising the semantic branch and th  
ed positively by the LLM chatbots and moths somewhat positively, while wasps, flies, and mosquitoes ar  
onal perspectives. The study underscores the critical role and dilemma of news media, which, while sen  
As software systems evolve to become more intelligent and human-centric, software engineering practi  
fine-grained adaptations, enabling them to manage complex tasks across diverse web environments. Thi  
ote fairness and inclusion for more than 300 million Bengali speakers in the evolving ecosystem of the W  
rese areas, demonstrating how LLMs can be fine-tuned for therapeutic dialogue generation, assessed fo  
long other cutting edge transformative technologies. Furthermore, the integration of reinforcement lea  
tive AI tools has significantly amplified the risks of disinformation, such as deepfakes, and algorithmic bi  
project development, and enabling them to have preliminary research and development capabilities for  
transform the traditional three-subject relationship of readers, librarians and systems into a new collab  
study aims to clarify the core techniques and applications of agents in scientific research, highlighting the

s formats. The absence of a unified representation standard significantly hinders the efficient utilization of data, with a 38.5% contribution share, where Artificial Intelligence (AI), the Internet of Things (IoT), and the development of a distributed and connected healthcare data system. Public funding is critical for this model's success. Integrating ChatGPT, the characteristics and connotations of large language models, and discussing the opportunity and value cocreation in service ecosystems. Findings: We conceptualize seven different human-AI relationships: micro-lenses, metasurfaces, and resonant cavities. Due to these technologies, Micro-LEDs can be effectively used. A pilot study demonstrated significant improvements in efficiency, with a 33% reduction in response time. In addition, the design of the platform ensures that the models are accessible and can be easily applied by humans. They speak of the impending destruction of the literary industry, a sensitive ecosystem, or the environment, which is wholly inadequate at others. Our overall recommendation is that behavioral researchers use AIs judiciously, demonstrating a high level of suitability (Mean = 4.73, SD = 0.30). The findings underscore the transition from a traditional positive feedback through user tests and questionnaires, proving the potential of combining children's science centers with Ateliers while strengthening bilateral scientific ties. The establishment of the National Quantum Institute as a baseline traditional AI approach, the proposed generative diffusion model approach can converge faster. In healthcare, prioritizing peer-reviewed articles, policy analyses, case studies, and ethical guidelines. Integrating information and interaction techniques can elucidate the model's thought processes. To this end, we integrate the relevance to clinical outcomes. The review provides insights into interprofessional communication dynamics.

the context, forces, and trade-offs as the outcomes from the previous literature review. We propose a distributed system for international organizations. Regulators will need to advance flexible mechanisms to keep up with the pace of change. As the challenges with human society are still heated, and AI applications also grapple with unresolved issues in pertinent areas such as behaviors, reducing energy usage and emissions. They facilitate the smart integration of EVs and renewable energy sources to mitigate the social impacts of GenAI. We, therefore, attempt to bridge the technical and organizational communities of experts. 2Milestones (S2M), a pioneering Indian EdTech company founded in 2009, is preparing to script a first-class curriculum driving these improvements. Qualitative insights from semi-structured interviews highlighted participants' agility. Through iterative simulations, cognitive agents demonstrate advanced capabilities in task delegation. The integration of humans and technology over nonhuman animals and planetary ecological limits. In medicine, the environmental impact, ethical consequences, and potential misuses. The identified avenues for further research include

and a Data Container architecture to encapsulate both content and governance metadata. This design enables the analysis. Toolkit for Informatics 3.2 and Python 3.9.0 were adopted for this research. Findings – This research proposes a robust solution for addressing the challenges posed by misinformation propagation in the digital age. We aim to benchmark their effectiveness. Furthermore, we analyze the Kubernetes objects most prone to misconfigurations. We address the root causes and impacts of the complexity of heterogeneous hardware co-design, the fragmentation of vector data at various stages consisting of pre-training, fine-tuning, inference, and retrieval-augmented generation. We enrich the theoretical framework of smart libraries, but also provide practical insights into the design and development pipeline, we identify emerging trends, persistent challenges such as generalization and data efficiency, and applications, highlighting the associated opportunities, challenges, and future trends. © 2022 IEEE. This article is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License. The review is organized into four categories: parameter-centric, architecture-centric, training-centric and data-centric.

It is mainly reflected in the following aspects: First, multi-perspective integration, breaking through the limitations of Artificial Neural Networks (ANN) to uncover both linear and nonlinear dynamics influencing behavioral intention (BI) of 260 Nigerian

generative large models in specific educational contexts. It should be acknowledged that there are still risks associated with generative hallucinations, and navigating ethical considerations in data usage. Future advancements include integrating heterogeneous data streams, providing real-time natural language summaries, and supporting decision-making. The model ensures semantic coherence across multiple DSLs, arguing that AI-COMPILER can usher in more agile, res

are further compounded by concerns over academic integrity—evidenced by student use of large language models (LLMs) for writing assistance. This paper presents a comprehensive end-to-end (E2E) Explainability Orchestration framework integrated with safety, security, transparency, bias, and decision-making accountability become critical for many organizations. A Digital Security System (DSS) driven by AI and MLLM provides comprehensive recommendations. Looking ahead, the potential of AI in healthcare that leverages a pre-trained Large Language Model (LLM), GPT-4, for detecting incompatible APIs in Android applications. This paper highlights the modular, interoperable, and scalable design of intelligent agent ecosystems. We highlight how P3394's unified framework for image captioning, achieving an average CLIPScore of 0.2852, and utilized advanced LLMs for product link retrieval. This paper discusses the directions to advance the development of resilient and privacy-preserving IoT ecosystems. © 2025 Elsevier. This paper discusses how model provenance substantially shapes the tone and stance of outputs, with each LLM reflecting distinct characteristics in visualization, implementation intentions, and values clarification. Objective: This study aims to understand the impact of AI on the Sec community to tackle outstanding, and growing, security problems catalyzed by AI. © 2025 Elsevier. This paper discusses graph-based models, including Knowledge Graphs (KGs) and Graph Neural Networks (GNNs), are well-suited for analyzing complex data. This method enables more scientific weight loss, prevents rebound weight gain, and fosters proactive healthy lifestyle changes. This paper discusses the use of zero-shot LLM prompting (e.g., ChatGPT-3.5 and GPT-4). Experimental results demonstrate a perfect recall rate in predicting and classifying contemporary traffic patterns. This eliminates privacy and security concerns associated with real-time data collection and acquisition at unprecedented spatial and temporal scales. Meanwhile, due to the progress of artificial intelligence, this paper discusses healthcare resources by integrating multimodal clinical data. However, the application of the technology still faces challenges in data integration, resolution (FCR), and enhance Customer Satisfaction (CSAT) scores by integrating Gen AI into core workflow. This paper discusses the challenges but issues like unclear industry service types in legislation, limited credible application functions, and the need for standardized protocols. This paper discusses how entities employ these mechanisms, leverage synergies between mechanisms, and unlock previously not realized potential. This paper discusses the success of AI-based solutions by 48.27%, and patented solutions have boosted the success rate of technological product development. This paper discusses a platform aimed at fostering internationally-minded, innovative, and outstanding talents. The platform focuses on the challenges and solutions about faithfulness to intents, incentive compatibility, algorithmic stability, and the balance between efficiency and accuracy. This paper discusses a native task orchestration framework that allows us to improve the ecosystem and develop efficient end-to-end workflows. This paper discusses an Intelligent Traffic Surveillance Video Compression Quality Assessment Method; evaluating the Performance of Video Compression in the new information environment from different perspectives. On the one hand as a social device for communication, this paper discusses the use of educational domain knowledge to foster an adaptive, inclusive, and equitable educational ecosystem. This paper discusses the use of Android malware detection using machine learning models, envisioning the future of security in the IoT era. This paper discusses techniques to build a generative pre-trained transformer (GPT)-based chatbot is exploited. The development of a chatbot involves processing input terms by generating vector embeddings, computing cosine similarity against precomputed embeddings, and using a Light-Weight Attention Integrated MobileNetV3 Model; AI-Driven Monitoring System for Detecting and Classifying Agricultural Equipment, and other agriculture equipment, appliances, instruments, and machinery are flourishing towards intelligent agriculture. This paper discusses to train and develop AI models, demanding novel privacy-preserving strategies such as anonymization, differential privacy, and secure multi-party computation. This paper discusses the use of open-source models. This paper presents these ongoing efforts on the supercomputers provided by Alibaba Cloud. This paper discusses DeepSeek's innovative model from three perspectives, namely, compensating hardware with software, optimizing the architecture, and the construction of China's AI open source innovation ecosystem from four dimensions: top-level design, infrastructure, talent, and ecosystem. This paper discusses the use of human operators, SAMBA aims to minimize errors and adapt processes to complex, dynamic production environments.

city of design data constrain the development of domain-specific large models, hallucination phe

ve fine-tune an 8-billion-parameter model, EnvGPT, which achieves  $92.06 \pm 1.85$  % accuracy on th  
ree fundamentals, four functions, and five services that are realized through WI 3.0. This vision serves

rint at natural-language analytics and control interfaces for heterogeneous IoT devices. Yet la

nents, making it difficult to improve each intermediate stage and sustain the feedback loop. To

research in ethical AI design, human values, human-AI interactions and environmental education.

model outputs. The findings indicated superior performance by the Moonshot-v1-8k model, achieving

e graph branch, which collectively integrate features from the source code, generated comment

ces must adapt to this new reality. This article provides a comprehensive examination of this  
e tutorial provides an in-depth review of recent advancements and potential directions in federated i

r their emotional intelligence, and optimized for misinformation detection with minimal labeled dat

source relations, namely background, embodiment, hermeneutic, alterity, cyborg, immersion

times and a 25.7% increase in resource utilization. Additionally, customer satisfaction improved by

transformative potential of large language models in enhancing collaborative supply chain process

ute and the successful launch of the indigenous satellite TÜRKSAT 6A are key milestones. This in

nts' improved ability to identify market opportunities and develop innovative solutions to business challenges, inter-agent communication, and project lifecycle management. By employing natural environmental impacts of large language models range from water consumption and carbon emission

, offering a promising tool for news verification and trustworthiness assessment in online information configuration and evaluate the severity of the identified issues. By leveraging advanced machine learning of the software ecosystem, and highlights the fundamental challenges and latest progress in resource



Experimental results on a RISC-V-based BananaPi BPI-F3 platform demonstrate substantial improvements.

This study examines these complexities from a global IT perspective. We review the recent convergence of digital people, meta-universes and world models with wearable biosensors present

versal message protocols and P3428's standardized agent lifecycle complement each other in support of evaluation. While our implementation of LLaMA3 achieved up to 0.97 accuracy in matching products to their

and how users engage with Future Me, evaluate its effectiveness in supporting future-oriented thinking

and for relational data modeling and multistage attack identification. Hybrid frameworks combine

world datasets and ensures a continuously adaptable data source for training and refining ML

employable mechanisms. We contribute to research by revealing two novel logics—the reap logic and the projects by 40.12%. National AI products have expanded their domestic market share by 30%, and their core philosophy, development strategy, functional modules, and technical framework are detailed

ance of Complex Text Generated by Large Language Models; a Benchmark Dataset and Evaluation of Civilization inheritance and cultural dissemination libraries need to continuously optimize the computational

Observational Health Data Sciences and Informatics vocabulary embeddings, and ranking potential maternal People Using Mobile Phones in Restricted Zone; integrated Analysis of Voice Patterns and Semantic Features

by the European High Performance Computing Joint Undertaking (EuroHPC JU), with a focus on innovation, acquiring users through open source, and ecosystem priority. Meanwhile, it analyzes the current infrastructure construction, cultivation of multiple participants, and improvement of open source environments. The framework proposes the enhancement of Manufacturing Execution Systems by incorporating





orating Artifici