

CHEF

Getting Started with Compliance Automation





CHEF

Remediation



InSpec: Turn security and compliance into code

- Translate compliance into Code
- Clearly express statements of policy
- Move risk to build/test from runtime
- Find issues early
- Write code quickly
- Run code anywhere
- Inspect machines, data and APIs

Part of a process of continuous compliance



A simple example of an InSpec CIS rule

```
control 'cis-1.4.1' do
  title '1.4.1 Enable SELinux in /etc/grub.conf'
  desc '
    Do not disable SELinux and enforcing in your GRUB configuration.
    These are important security features that prevent attackers from
    escalating their access to your systems. For reference see ...
  impact 1.0
  expect(grub_conf.param 'selinux').to_not eq '0'
  expect(grub_conf.param 'enforcing').to_not eq '0'
end
```



Objectives

After completing this module, you should be able to:

- > Remediate a compliance issue.
- > Test your remediation locally.
- Test for compliance with InSpec from the CLI
- > Rescan the node and ensure compliance.



Let's Remediate the Issue

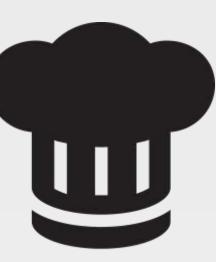


Now that we've identified the ssh version issue, let's write a recipe on the target node to remediate the issue.

Then we'll run the compliance scan again to see if we successfully remediated the issue.

Note: In this course we will write a recipe directly on the node that we're running scans on. Of course in a production environment you will likely write such recipes locally and upload them to Chef Server. Then the nodes would convergence the recipes on their next chef-client run.





GL: Remediating the Issue

Objective:

- ☐ Start writing a remediation recipe on that node.
- ☐ Test the recipe locally.
- ☐ Test for compliance with InSpec from the command line interface (CLI)
- ☐ Converge the recipe.
- ☐ Rescan the node and ensure compliance.



GL: Remediating the Issue

Log in to your **target** node (not your compliance server node) using ssh and ensure you are in the **home directory**.

Note: emacs, nano, and vim/vi are installed on your Linux nodes. Some tips for using them can be found below in your participant guide.

```
chef@ip-172-31-15-1

[chef@ip-172-31-15-141 ~]$ pwd

/home/chef

[chef@ip-172-31-15-141 ~]$

[chef@ip-172-31-15-141 ~]$
```



GL: Create and Change to a 'cookbooks' Directory



```
$ mkdir -p cookbooks
```

\$ cd cookbooks

From the home directory, create a `cookbooks` directory and navigate into it.



GL: Create an SSH Cookbook



\$ chef generate cookbook ssh

Generating cookbook ssh

- Ensuring correct cookbook file content
- Committing cookbook files to git
- Ensuring delivery configuration
- Ensuring correct delivery build cookbook content
- Adding delivery configuration to feature branch
- Adding build cookbook to feature branch
- Merging delivery content feature branch to master

Your cookbook is ready. Type 'cd ssh' to enter it.

•••



GL: Create an SSH Server Recipe



\$ chef generate recipe ssh server

```
Recipe: code generator::recipe
  * directory[./ssh/spec/unit/recipes] action create (up to date)
  * cookbook file[./ssh/spec/spec helper.rb] action create if missing (up to date)
  * template[./ssh/spec/unit/recipes/server spec.rb] action create if missing
    - create new file ./ssh/spec/unit/recipes/server spec.rb
    - update content in file ./ssh/spec/unit/recipes/server spec.rb from none to 301b96
    (diff output suppressed by config)
  * directory[./ssh/test/recipes] action create (up to date)
  * template[./ssh/test/recipes/server.rb] action create if missing
    - create new file ./ssh/test/recipes/server.rb
    - update content in file ./ssh/test/recipes/server.rb from none to e2c349
    (diff output suppressed by config)
  * template[./ssh/recipes/server.rb] action create
    - create new file ./ssh/recipes/server.rb
    - update content in file ./ssh/recipes/server.rb from none to adc474
    (diff output suppressed by config)
```



GL: Create an SSH Config Template



\$ chef generate template ssh sshd_config.erb -s /etc/ssh/sshd_config

```
Recipe: code generator::template
  * directory[./ssh/templates/default] action create
    - create new directory ./ssh/templates/default
  * file[./ssh/templates/sshd config.erb] action create
    - create new file ./ssh/templates/sshd config.erb
    - update content in file ./ssh/templates/sshd config.erb from
none to 1c625d
    (diff output suppressed by config)
```

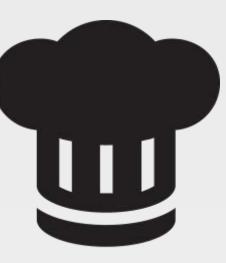


GL: Write the Server Recipe

\$ ~/cookbooks/ssh/recipes/server.rb

```
# Cookbook Name:: ssh
# Recipe:: server
#
# Copyright (c) 2016 The Authors, All Rights Reserved.
template '/etc/ssh/sshd_config' do
  source 'sshd_config.erb'
  owner 'root'
  group 'root'
  mode '0644'
end
```





GL: Testing the Recipe

Objective:

- ✓ Write a remediation recipe on that node.
- ☐ Test the recipe locally.
- ☐ Test for compliance with InSpec from the command line interface (CLI)
- □ Converge the recipe.
- ☐ Rescan the node and ensure compliance.



GL: Navigate to your SSH Cookbook



\$ cd ~/cookbooks/ssh/



GL: Edit your .kitchen.yml -- Part 1

```
~/cookbooks/ssh/.kitchen.yml
  driver:
    name: docker
  provisioner:
     name: chef zero
```

GL: Edit your .kitchen.yml -- Part 2

~/cookbooks/ssh/.kitchen.yml platforms: - name: ubuntu-14.04 - name: centos-7.2 suites: - name: default run list: - recipe[ssh::default] attributes:



GL: Edit your .kitchen.yml -- Part 3

~/cookbooks/ssh/.kitchen.yml platforms: - name: ubuntu-14.04 - name: centos-7.2 suites: - name: server run list: - recipe[ssh::server] attributes:



GL: Run 'kitchen list' from ~/cookbooks/ssh/



```
$ kitchen list
```

```
Driver
                        Provisioner
                                    Verifier Transport
Instance
                                                        Last Action
server-centos-72 Docker
                                                        <Not Created>
                        ChefZero
                                    Inspec
                                              Ssh
```



GL: Run 'delivery local deploy'



\$ delivery local deploy

```
Chef Delivery
Running Deploy Phase
----> Starting Kitchen (v1.11.1)
----> Creating <server-centos-72>...
       Sending build context to Docker daemon 200.2 kB
       Sending build context to Docker daemon
       Step 0 : FROM centos:centos7
        ---> d83a55af4e75
 Running handlers:
       Running handlers complete
       Chef Client finished, 1/1 resources updated in 01 seconds
       Finished converging <server-centos-72> (0m15.50s).
----> Kitchen is finished. (0m18.12s)
```



What We've Done So Far

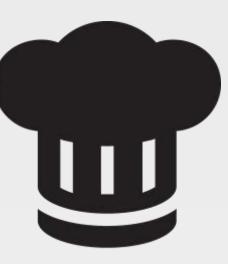


In the preceding exercises, we began writing a remediation recipe on our target node.

We also tested the recipe locally.

But have we even addressed the "Set the SSH protocol version to 2" issue?





GL: Using InSpec for Verification

Objective:

- ✓ Write a remediation recipe on that node.
- ✓ Test the recipe locally.
- □ Test for compliance with InSpec from the command line interface (CLI)
- □ Converge the recipe .
- ☐ Rescan the node and ensure compliance.



InSpec Test

~/cookbooks/ssh/test/recipes/server.rb

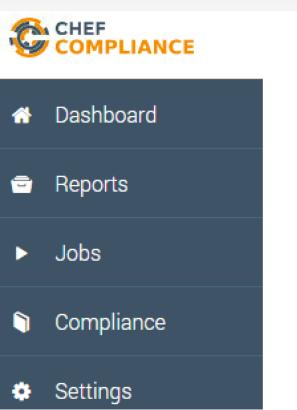
```
control 'sshd-11' do
  impact 1.0
  title 'Server: Set protocol version to SSHv2'
  desc "
    Set the SSH protocol version to 2. Don't use legacy
    insecure SSHv1 connections anymore.
  describe sshd_config do
    its('Protocol') { should eq('2') }
  end
end
```



Example of Creating the 'server.rb' file

One handy way to populate the preceding 'server.rb' is to use the Compliance Web UI and copy the InSpec code found in the relevant Compliance profile:

Compliance > Base SSH > Server: Set protocol version to SSHv2



```
Server: Set protocol version to SSHv2

Set the SSH protocol version to 2. Don't use legacy insecure SSHv1 connections anymore.

control 'sshd-11' do
    impact 1.0
    title 'Server: Set protocol version to SSHv2'
    desc "
        Set the SSH protocol version to 2. Don't use legacy
        insecure SSHv1 connections anymore.

describe sshd_config do
    its('Protocol') { should eq('2') }
    end
end
```



Running InSpec from the Command Line Interface (CLI)

InSpec is an executable application.

InSpec can execute on remote hosts, including docker containers.

You can use 'inspec exec' to run tests at a specified path.



GL: What is your Docker ID?





GL: Running InSpec from the CLI



\$ inspec exec ~/cookbooks/ssh/test/recipes/server.rb -t
docker://b5813235642a

```
Target:
docker://b5813235642a3bb61912cf5cda47a02b2297d40c4ec4d62407580f1138acee
5b
     sshd-11: Server: Set protocol version to SSHv2 (
     expected: "2"
          got: nil
     (compared using ==)
Summary: 0 successful, 1 failures, 0 skipped
```



GL: Update the Template

```
~/cookbooks/ssh/templates/sshd_config.erb
# Disable legacy (protocol version 1) support in the server for
new
# installations. In future the default will change to require
explicit
# activation of protocol 1
# Protocol 2
Protocol 2
```



GL: Ensure you are in ~/cookbooks/ssh



\$ cd ~/cookbooks/ssh



GL: Run 'delivery local deploy'



\$ delivery local deploy

```
Recipe: ssh::server
        * template[/etc/ssh/sshd config] action create
          - update content in file /etc/ssh/sshd config from 1c625d to 9a55f5
          --- /etc/ssh/sshd config 2016-08-23 09:36:11.709616840 +0000
          +++ /etc/ssh/.chef-sshd config20160823-542-9zyy0 2016-08-23 09:51:29.745616840
+0000
          00 - 18, 7 + 18, 7 00
           # Disable legacy (protocol version 1) support in the server for new
           # installations. In future the default will change to require explicit
           # activation of protocol 1
          -# Protocol 2,1
          +Protocol 2
           # HostKey for protocol version 1
           #HostKey /etc/ssh/ssh host key
```



GL: Running InSpec from the CLI



\$ inspec exec ~/cookbooks/ssh/test/recipes/server.rb -t docker://CONTAINER ID

```
Target:
```

docker://b5813235642a3bb61912cf5cda47a02b2297d40c4e c4d62407580f1138acee5b

sshd-11: Server: Set protocol version to SSHv2

Summary: 1 successful, 0 failures, 0 skipped



Smoke test with delivery



\$ delivery local smoke

```
Chef Delivery
Running Smoke Phase
----> Starting Kitchen (v1.11.1)
----> Setting up <server-centos-72>...
$$$$$ Running legacy setup for 'Docker' Driver
       Finished setting up <server-centos-72> (0m0.00s).
----> Verifying <server-centos-72>...
       Use `/home/chef/cookbooks/ssh/test/recipes/server` for testing
Target: ssh://kitchen@localhost:32770

✓ sshd-11: Server: Set protocol version to SSHv2
  O User root should exist; User root This is an example test, r... (1 skipped)
     This is an example test, replace with your own test.
  O Port 80 should not be listening; Port 80 This is an example ... (1 skipped)
     This is an example test, replace with your own test.
Summary: 3 successful, 0 failures, 2 skipped
       Finished verifying <server-centos-72> (0m0.35s).
----> Kitchen is finished. (0m0.93s)
```



GL: Apply the New SSH Recipe



\$ sudo chef-client --local-mode -r 'recipe[ssh::server]'

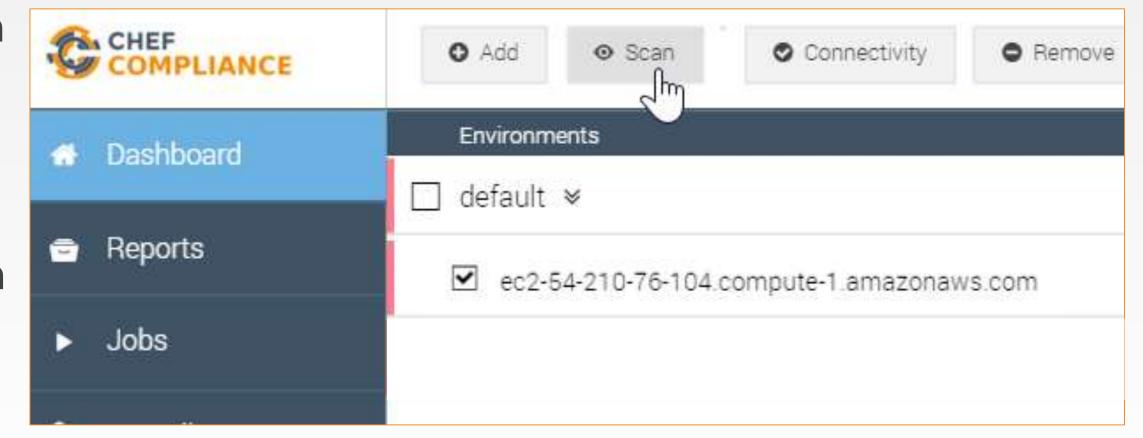
```
+++ /etc/ssh/.ssh config20151209-10413-hlk9ow 2015-12-09
20:37:07.621689137 +0000
    00 - 37,7 + 37,7 00
        IdentityFile ~/.ssh/id rsa
        IdentityFile ~/.ssh/id dsa
        Port 22
    -# Protocol 2,1
   +Protocol 2
        Cipher 3desesources updated in 3.29477735 seconds
```



GL: Re-run the Compliance Scan

Return to the Compliance Web UI and re-run the scan on your target node.

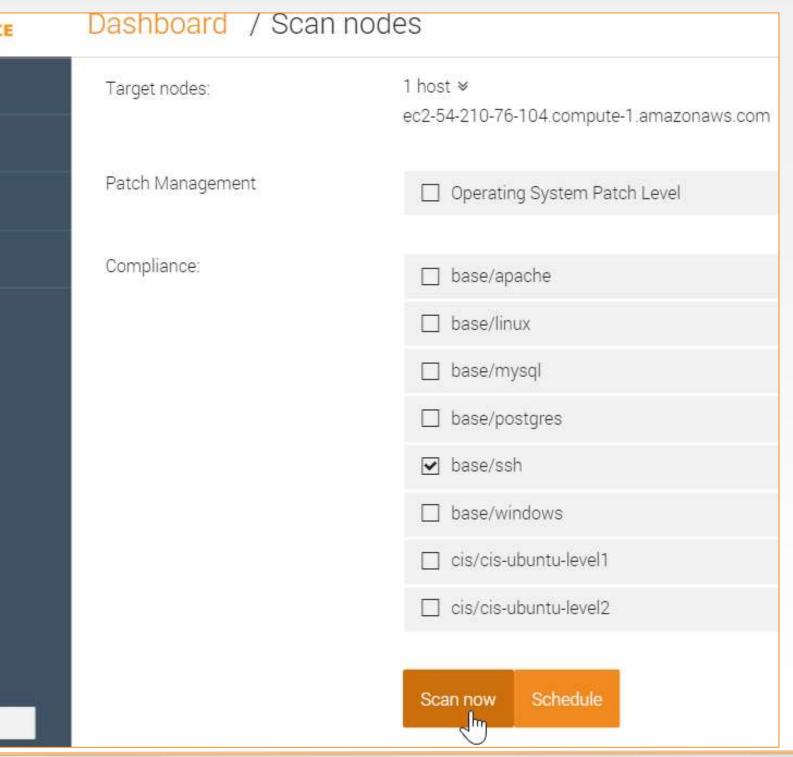
Be sure to run only the base/ssh scan as shown on the next slide.





GL: Re-run the Compliance Scan

Run only the base/ssh scan.





GL: Results of this Exercise

Your scan should show that the ssh protocol issue is now complaint.

| base/ssh: Server: Specify a valid address family | Minor Issues | |
|---|--------------|---|
| base/ssh: /etc/ssh should be a directory | Compliant | |
| base/ssh: /etc/ssh should be owned by root | Compliant | |
| base/ssh: sshd_config should be owned by root | Compliant | |
| base/ssh: sshd_config should not be writable/executable to others | Compliant | |
| base/ssh: Client: Set SSH protocol version to 2 | Compliant | |
| SSH Configuration Protocol should eq "2" | Jm 10.0 | |
| base/ssh: Server: Set protocol version to SSHv2 | Compliant | |
| base/ssh: Server: Do not permit root-based login | Compliant | |
| base/ssh: sshd_config should not be group-writable/executable | Compliant | 3 |
| base/ssh: sshd_config should not be group-writable/executable | Compliant | |
| base/ssh: Server: Disable challenge-response authentication | Compliant | |
| base/ssh: sshd_config should not be accessible to others | Compliant | |



Conclusion

- ✓ Log in to your target node.
- ✓ Write a remediation recipe on that node.
- ✓ Test the recipe locally.
- ✓ Test for compliance with InSpec from the CLI
- ✓ Converge the recipe.
- ✓ Rescan the node and ensure compliance.



Review Questions

- 1. When adding a node to the Compliance server's dashboard, should you use the node's FQDN or just its IP address?
- 2. What can 'inspec exec' be used for?
- 3. How are compliance severities defined?

4. Using the image on the right, what section is the actual test?

```
control 'ssh-4' do
  impact 1.0
  title 'Client: Set SSH protocol version to 2'
  desc "
    Set the SSH protocol version to 2. Don't use legacy
    insecure SSHv1 connections anymore.
"
  describe ssh_config do
    its('Protocol') { should eq('2') }
  end
end
```



Review Questions

5. If a compliance scan tells you that a node is unreachable, what might you use to troubleshoot the connection?

6. What language is used to define controls?



