Testing Terraform

Nathen Harvey Chef







BREAK RUILD CHANGE



BREAV RUILD CHANGE



What am I talking about

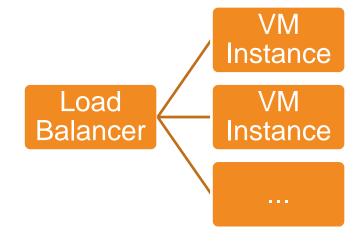
- Suppose you use a tool like Terraform to create your infrastructure
- You're onboard with infrastructure as code
- Code should be tested
- How can we test Terraform?





A Motivational Example

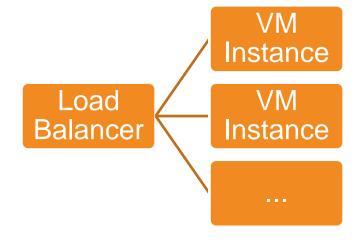
- 1. Deploy n-tier cloud infra
- 2. Deploy some app
- 3. Profit





A Motivational Example

- 1. Deploy n-tier cloud infra
- 2. Deploy some app ???
- 3. Profit



So how do you do that in Terraform?



Terraform on AWS: Define an Instance (VM)

```
resource "aws_instance" "web" {
 count
 instance type = "t2.micro"
        = "${lookup(var.aws amis, var.aws region)}"
 ami
 key_name = "${var.key_name}"
 subnet id = "${aws subnet.default.id}"
 vpc security group ids = [
   "${aws security group.lb to webservers.id}",
   "${aws security group.ssh from office.id}",
```



Terraform on AWS: Define Load Balancer (ELB)

```
resource "aws_elb" "web" {
 name = "testing-terraform-elb"
 subnets = ["${aws_subnet.default.id}"]
 security_groups = [
  "${aws_security_group.world_to_elb.id}",
  "${aws_security_group.lb_to_webservers.id}",
 instances = ["${aws_instance.web.*.id}"]
 listener {
    instance_port
                    = 80
  instance_protocol = "http"
    lb_port
                 = 80
    lb_protocol = "http"
```

@nathenharvey



Terraform on AWS: Define a Firewall Rule

```
resource "aws_security_group" "ssh_from_office" {
name = "testing-terraform-ssh"
vpc_id = "${aws_vpc.testing_terraform.id}"
# SSH access from special office addresses
ingress {
    from_port = 22
    to port = 22
    protocol = "tcp"
  cidr_blocks = "${var.ssh_cidrs}"
# outbound internet access
egress {
    from_port = 0
    to_port = 0
    protocol = "-1"
    cidr blocks = ["0.0.0.0/0"]
```



Terraform on AWS: Define a Firewall Rule

```
resource "aws_security_group" "ssh_from_office" {
name = "testing-terraform-ssh"
vpc_id = "${aws_vpc.testing_terraform.id}"
                                                                           variable "ssh_cidrs" {
# SSH access from special office addresses
                                                                              default = [
ingress {
                                                                                "173.239.212.22/32",
    from_port = 22
                                                                                "12.130.117.75/32"
    to port = 22
    protocol = "tcp"
  cidr_blocks = "${var.ssh_cidrs}"
# outbound internet access
egress {
    from port = 0
    to port = 0
    protocol = "-1"
    cidr blocks = ["0.0.0.0/0"]
```



What's the plan, Phil?



\$ terraform plan -out plan.out

```
Refreshing Terraform state in-memory prior to plan...

The refreshed state will be used to calculate this plan, but will not be persisted to local or remote state storage.

...

Plan: 11 to add, 0 to change, 0 to destroy.
```

This plan was saved to: plan.out

To perform exactly these actions, run the following command to apply: terraform apply "plan.out"



Make it so!



\$ terraform apply "plan.out"

```
aws_vpc.testing_terraform: Creating...
 assign_generated_ipv6_cidr_block: "" => "false"
                                  "" => "10.0.0.0/16"
 cidr block:
                          "" => "<computed>"
 default_network_acl_id:
                           "" => "<computed>"
 default_route_table_id:
                                  "" => "<computed>"
 default security group id:
aws_elb.web: Creation complete after 25s (ID: testing-terraform-elb)
Apply complete! Resources: 11 added, 0 changed, 0 destroyed.
Outputs:
address = testing-terraform-elb-1345186905.us-east-1.elb.amazonaws.com
```



It's alive!

i) testing-terraform-elb-1345186905.us-east-1.elb.amazonaws.com













Welcome to nginx!

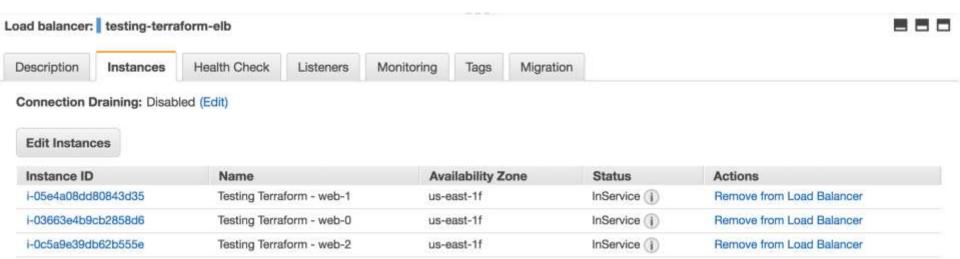
If you see this page, the nginx web server is successfully installed and working. Further configuration is required.

For online documentation and support please refer to nginx.org. Commercial support is available at nginx.com.

Thank you for using nginx.



Part of a balanced diet



@nathenharvey



Verify with Terraform



\$ terraform plan

```
Refreshing Terraform state in-memory prior to plan...
The refreshed state will be used to calculate this plan, but will not be
persisted to local or remote state storage.
aws vpc.testing terraform: Refreshing state... (ID: vpc-091427c0ca8ed3c29)
aws elb.web: Refreshing state... (ID: testing-terraform-elb)
No changes. Infrastructure is up-to-date.
This means that Terraform did not detect any differences between your
configuration and real physical resources that exist. As a result, no
actions need to be performed.
```



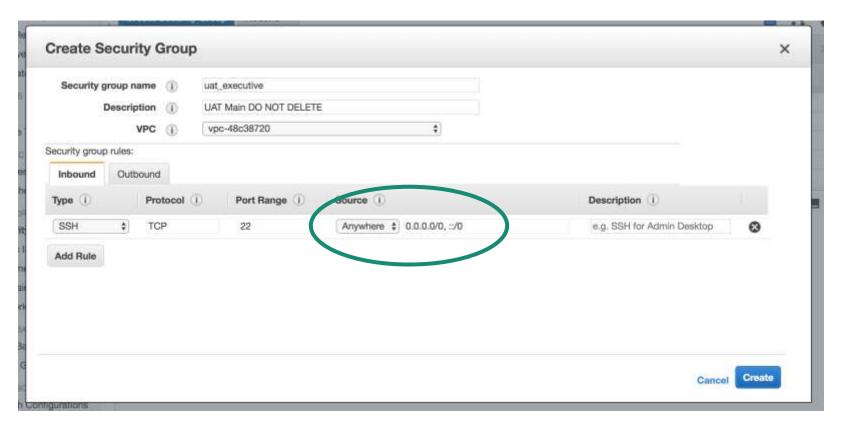
And all is well.



Meanwhile, at Team Shady....



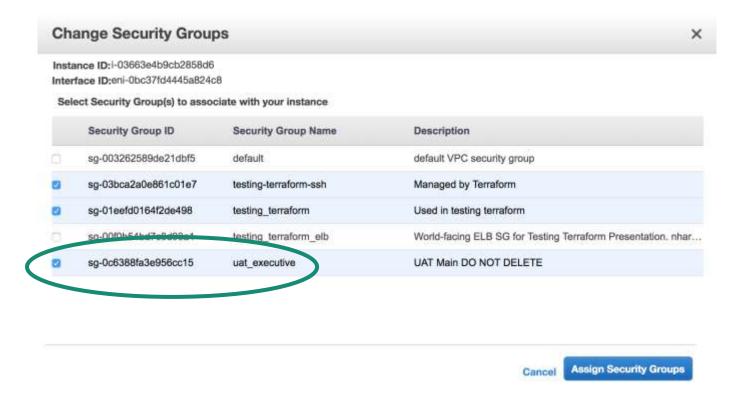
An Innocent-Seeming Change...



@nathenharvey



An Innocent-Seeming Change...



@nathenharvey



Audit with Terraform



\$ terraform plan

```
An execution plan has been generated and is shown below.
Resource actions are indicated with the following symbols:
 ~ update in-place
Terraform will perform the following actions:
 ~ aws instance.web[0]
                                "3" => "2"
     vpc_security_group_ids.#:
     vpc security group ids.1298918294: "sg-01eefd0164f2de498" => "sg-01eefd0164f2de498"
     vpc_security_group_ids.35497876: "sg-0c6388fa3e956cc15" => ""
     vpc_security_group_ids.645334896: "sg-03bca2a0e861c01e7" => "sg-03bca2a0e861c01e7"
Plan: 0 to add, 1 to change, 0 to destroy.
```



Awesome! Terraform found the change!

Detected the new security group Will detach it Is that enough?





How does terraform plan fall short?

It only audits what is known in the Terraform config

All change is drift (considered bad)
Only express what you want,
not what you don't





We need something else.







InSpec

Turn security and compliance into code

- Translate compliance into Code
- Clearly express statements of policy
- Move risk to build/test from runtime
- Find issues early
- Write code quickly
- Run code anywhere
- **Inspect** machines, data and APIs



PART OF A PROCESS OF CONTINUOUS COMPLIANCE

Scan for Compliance **Build & Test** Locally

Build & Test CI/CD

Remediate

Verify

















A SIMPLE EXAMPLE OF AN INSPEC CIS RULE

```
control 'cis-1.4.1' do
  title '1.4.1 Enable SELinux in /etc/grub.conf'
 desc
    Do not disable SELinux and enforcing in your GRUB
configuration. These are important security features that
prevent attackers from escalating their access to your systems.
For reference see ...
  impact 1.0
  expect(grub conf.param 'selinux').to not eq '0'
  expect(grub_conf.param 'enforcing').to_not eq '0'
end
```



InSpec Shell



\$ inspec shell -t aws://

Welcome to the interactive InSpec Shell
To find out how to use it, type: help

You are currently running on:

Name: aws

Families: cloud, api

Release: aws-sdk-v2.11.50



InSpec Shell



\$ inspec shell -t aws://_

Welcome to the interactive InSpec Shell
To find out how to use it, type: help

Targeting AWS!

You are currently running on:

Name: aws

Families: cloud, api

Release: aws-sdk-v2.11.50



InSpec Shell – Tab Completion



inspec> aws_<TAB>

| aws_cloudtrail_trail | aws_iam_access_keys | aws_iam_users | aws_security_group |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| aws_cloudtrail_trails | aws_iam_group | aws_kms_key | aws_security_groups |
| aws_cloudwatch_alarm | aws_iam_groups | aws_kms_keys | aws_sns_subscription |
| aws_cloudwatch_log_metric_filter | aws_iam_password_policy | aws_rds_instance | aws_sns_topic |
| aws_config_delivery_channel | aws_iam_policies | aws_route_table | aws_sns_topics |
| aws_config_recorder | aws_iam_policy | aws_route_tables | aws_subnet |
| aws_ec2_instance | aws_iam_role | aws_s3_bucket | aws_subnets |
| aws_ec2_instances | aws_iam_root_user | aws_s3_bucket_object | aws_vpc |
| aws_iam_access_key | aws_iam_user | aws_s3_buckets | aws_vpcs |
| | | | |



Find the shady security group



inspec> aws_security_group('sg-0c6388fa3e956cc15').group_name

```
=> "uat_executive"
```



Check the Rules



inspec> aws_security_group('sg-0c6388fa3e956cc15').inbound_rules

```
=> [{:from port=>22,
  :ip protocol=>"tcp",
  :ip ranges=>[{:cidr ip=>"0.0.0.0/0"}],
  :ipv_6_ranges=>[{:cidr_ipv_6=>"::/0"}],
  :prefix list ids=>[],
  :to port=>22,
  :user_id_group_pairs=>[]}]
```



Write a proper test



```
inspec> describe aws_security_group('sg-0c6388fa3e956cc15') do
inspec> it { should_not allow_in ipv4_range: '0.0.0.0/0' }
inspec> end
```



Write a proper test



```
inspec> describe aws security group('sg-0c6388fa3e956cc15') do
inspec> it { should not allow in ipv4 range: '0.0.0.0/0' }
inspec> end
Profile: inspec-shell
Version: (not specified)
  EC2 Security Group sg-0c6388fa3e956cc15
     x should not allow in {}
     expected `EC2 Security Group sg-0c6388fa3e956cc15.allow in?({})` to
  return false, got true
Test Summary: 0 successful, 1 failure, 0 skipped
```



An InSpec Control



security_groups.rb

```
control 'Make sure unrestricted SSH is not permitted' do
 # Loop over each of the security group IDs in the region
  aws security groups.group ids.each do group id
   # Examine a security group in detail
    describe aws security group(group id) do
     # Examine Ingress rules, and complain if
      # there is unrestricted SSH
      it { should not allow in(port: 22, ipv4 range: '0.0.0.0/0') }
   end
  end
end
```



InSpec Shell



\$ inspec exec -t aws:// secruity_groups.rb

```
Profile: tests from security_groups.rb (tests from security_groups.rb)
Version: (not specified)
Target: aws://
    Make sure unrestricted SSH is not permitted: EC2 Security Group sg-003262589de21dbf5 (15
failed)
    ✓ EC2 Security Group sg-003262589de21dbf5 should not allow in {}
        EC2 Security Group sg-00f0b54bd7c8d93a1 should not allow in {}
       EC2 Security Group sg-0c6388fa3e956cc15 should not allow in {}
     expected `EC2 Security Group sg-0c6388fa3e956cc15.allow in?({})` to return false, got
true
Profile Summary: 0 successful controls, 1 control failure, 0 controls skipped
Test Summary: 4 successful, 15 failures, 0 skipped
```



Where to next?





What else to validate?

| Concern | Terraform Plan | InSpec |
|---|-------------------|----------|
| Number and type of instances requested | ~ | ~ |
| All instances are part of our app | | ~ |
| Right security groups created and attached | ~ | ~ |
| No security group allows in SSH | | ~ |
| Only security group open to the world should be port 80 for the ELB | | ~ |
| ELB correctly configured | ~ | ~ |
| Should only be one ELB | | ~ |



Check instances



instances.rb

```
control "Should only have instances associated with my app" do

aws_ec2_instances.instance_ids.each do [instance_id]

describe aws_ec2_instance(instance_id) do

its('instance_type') { should cmp 't2.micro' }

its('tags') { should include(key:'X-Application', value:'Testing Terraform') }

end

end

end
```



More Security Groups

security_groups.rb

```
control "The only world-open security groups should be on the ELB" do
 elb sg ids = aws elbs.security group ids
 aws_security_groups.group_ids.each do sg_id
  sg = aws_security_group(sg_id)
  if sg.allow_in? ipv4_range: '0.0.0.0/0'
   describe sq do
    its('group_id') { should be_in elb_sg_ids }
    it { should allow_in_only port: 80 }
       end
    end
  end
end
```

@nathenharvey



Put it all together with a profile



\$ inspec init profile my_app

Create new profile at /Users/nathenharvey/projects/nathenharvey/testing-terraform/inspec/profiles/my_app

- * Create directory libraries
- * Create file README.md
- * Create directory controls
- * Create file controls/example.rb
- * Create file inspec.yml
- * Create file libraries/.gitkeep



Put it all together with a profile



\$ inspec exec -t aws:// my_app

```
Profile: tests from security groups.rb (tests from security groups.rb)
Version: (not specified)
Target: aws://
    Make sure unrestricted SSH is not permitted: EC2 Security Group sg-003262589de21dbf5 (15
failed)
    ✓ EC2 Security Group sg-003262589de21dbf5 should not allow in {}
        EC2 Security Group sg-00f0b54bd7c8d93a1 should not allow in {}
       EC2 Security Group sg-01b504b800f32e1ff should not allow in {}
     expected `EC2 Security Group sg-01b504b800f32e1ff.allow in?({})` to return false, got
true
Profile Summary: 0 successful controls, 3 control failures, 0 controls skipped
Test Summary: 43 successful, 65 failures, 0 skipped
```



Terraform and InSpec?

Terraform: A Power Tool for the Cloud!



InSpec: A Verification tool for OS's and API's





Terraform and InSpec!

Terraform: A Power Tool for the Cloud!

InSpec: A Verification tool for OS's and API's







Bonus Round

Iggy



Install InSpec-Iggy



\$ gem install inspec-iggy

Successfully installed inspec-iggy-0.2.0

1 gem installed



Create a Profile from tfstate file



\$ inspec terraform generate --tfstate terraform.tfstate > my_terra.rb



Run InSpec



\$ inspec exec -t aws:// my_terra.rb

```
inspec exec -t aws:// my terra.rb
Profile: tests from my terra.rb (tests from my terra.rb)
Version: (not specified)
Target: aws://

√ aws_ec2_instance::i-03663e4b9cb2858d6: Iggy terraform.tfstate

  aws ec2 instance::i-03663e4b9cb2858d6
        EC2 Instance i-03663e4b9cb2858d6 should exist
Profile Summary: 8 successful controls, 0 control failures, 0 controls skipped
Test Summary: 32 successful, 0 failures, 0 skipped
```

Join us on Slack!

- http://community-slack.chef.io
- #general (for Chef stuff)
- #inspec



What questions can I answer for you?

https://github.com/nathenharvey/testing-terraform

