



## The history of our city

Tulcea has been an important harbor since ancient times. The oldest traces of habitation in this land date back to about 5000-6000 years ago. In the years 600-500 BC here was located a Getic fortress called Aegyssus, which was conquered by The Roman Empire after the end of Getic king Burebista's reign (around 44 BC). Despite this, the fortress had continuity because the Romans rebuilt it after their plans, their technique and architectural vision. The town was successively under Byzantine (5th - 7th century), Genoese (10th - 13th century) and Ottoman rule before finally being reunited with Romania in 1878.





### When did the city we know today appeard?

Tulcea of our days was founded near a ford on the Danube during the Ottoman rule of the region, which began around 1420. Being mostly in a border area, the city was often destroyed during the Russo-Turkish wars, the last and the most destructive event of the sort being the one from 1829.

### When did it modernize?

After World War II, the city expanded and modernized considerably. Currently, the city reaches an area of 115km² and a population of 70.000 inhabitants (in 2011). Tulcea is an industrial city, a port for passenger ships, as well as for those carrying industrial products, especially raw materials.





### **OUR LOCATION**



# The Tourism Industry

In Tulcea, the tourism industry is a prospect of economic development. Over the past few years, the number of hotels and resorts located in Danube Delta has increased. The development of tourism is also related to the presence of other places of interest such as Christian monasteries, ancient fortresses or important nature reserves.





### The aquarium

The aquarium is equipped with modern installations and it has a stocking capacity of 150 tones of water. It shows a collection composed of 24 indigenous species of fish from the Danube Delta and the Black Sea, 23 reef species of fish, 8 marine species of invertebrates and 12 coral species from Indonesia.

## The Independence Monument

The Independence Monument is the main tourist attraction of the city, due to its location that offers a panoramic view of the city from the Danube. The monument was designed in the form of a 22 m high Ravenna granite obelisk, with a two-step pedestal topped by another one. At the base of the obelisk were two sculptural elements: a soldier with a weapon on his shoulder, a trumpet in his hand, and an eagle with open wings. The monumental staircase was paved with limestone.





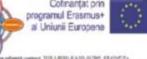


# Colegiul Dobrogean "Spiru Haret"

In November 1883, our school is built under the name "The realistic gymnasium for boys". In 1902 it becomes a high school, after Spiru Haret, the Minister of Public Instruction, leaves his mark on the institution. From this point, it started to modernize and teach lots of high schoolers and it still does even to this day. We are proud to learn in the oldest high school from our city.







-100% - in fiecare an



### COLEGIUL DOBROGEAN "SPIRU HARET" TULCEA

### Oferta educațională pentru gimnaziu anul școlar 2020-2021

**Project Erasmus-Stop bullying** Soverato-Italia

### 2 clase a V-a cu câte 30 locuri

EXTRA-SCHOOL

- -revista si cenaclul "ASPIRATII LITERARE" -revista "ASPIRATII"
- -ansambluri corale
- -cercuri de teatru "Enigma", "Magia scenei" -cercuri de handbal și de baschet
- -cercuri de informatică, matematică
- -cerc de dezbatere și oratorie (începători și avansați)
- echipă de robotică
- -cerc chimie



#### PROJECTE ERASMUS+



-în sesiunea 2019, din primii 9 de elevi în ierarhia

județeană după medie, 4 sunt de la Spiru Haret



PROMOVABILITATE EVALUARE NATIONALA

#### REZULTATE LA OLIMPIADE - ultimii 3 ani

"Stop bullying si cyberbullying. Mai media literat, mai inclusiv Partener: JUMP Gioventù in RiSalto, Soverato, Italia

"Wise and Inventive ScreenAgers"

Parteneri:

Gymnaseio Lykeiakes Taxeis Makrychoriou, Larissa, Grecia

Biskupské gymnázium Brno a ma teřská škola, Brno, Republica Cehá Manavgat IMKB Mesleki ve Teknik Anadolu Lisesi, Manavgat, Turcia "Aquatic Environment and Cultural & Natural Heritage" (Aqua2Heritage)

Parteneri:

Istituto di Istruzione Superiore Niccolò Machiavelli, Italia ItaliaLykeio Gonnon, Grecia

"New Opportunities to our World and Reunity" (No To War)

Parteneri: College Lycee Marie-Joseph, Trouville-sur-Mer, Franta.

N. Serap Ulusov Ve Teknik Anadolu Lisesi, Samsun, Turcia. Ekonomska I Trgovacka Skola Ivana Domca, Vinkovci, Croatia OLIMPIADA DE MATEMATICA - faza natională - Medalie de bronz OLIMPIADA DE LIMBA FRANCEZA - faza internatională - Premiul al II-lea - faza natională - Premiul al II-lea

- faza natională - Mentiune OLIMPIADA NATIONALA A SPORTULUI SCOLAR - CROS - faza nationala - Premiul I

- CROS - faza nationalá - Premiul al II-lea

- CROS 2000 M - faza natională - Mentiunea OLIMPIADA "TINERII DEZBAT" - faza natională - Premiul al II-lea

OLIMPIADA DE LIMBA RUSA MODERNA - faza nationala - Premiul I OLIMPIADA DE RELIGIE DE RIT VECHI - faza natională - Premiul al II-lea OLIMPIADA "LECTURA CA ABILITATE DE VIATA" - faza nationala - Premiul al III-lea OLIMPIADA DE LIMBA ROMÂNĂ - faza natională - Premiul al II-lea

OLIMPIADA DE LIMBA RUSA - faza internațională - Premiul al II-lea -faza natională - Premiul 1

- faza natională - Premiul al II-lea OLIMPIADA DE TIC - faza natională - Medalie de bronz

